

# **Prospectus** BlackRock Global Funds

# BlackRock.

Registered Office: 2-4, rue Eugène Ruppert L-2453 Luxembourg Grand Duchy of Luxembourg

### THIS DOCUMENT IS IMPORTANT AND REQUIRES YOUR IMMEDIATE ATTENTION.

If you are in any doubt about the action to be taken you should consult your stockbroker, bank manager, solicitor, accountant, relationship manager or other professional adviser immediately.

# BLACKROCK GLOBAL FUNDS

Registered office: 2-4, rue Eugène Ruppert, L-2453 Luxembourg, Grand Duchy of Luxembourg R.C.S. Luxembourg B 6317

19 November 2019

#### Dear Shareholder

We, BlackRock Asset Management North Asia Limited, as Hong Kong Representative of BlackRock Global Funds (the "**Company**") are writing to advise you of changes that the board of directors (the "**Directors**") of the Company proposes to make to the Company and certain of its sub-funds (the "**Funds**").

The changes set out in this letter will take effect from 31 December 2019 (the "Effective Date"), unless otherwise stated herein and this letter forms notice to shareholders of the facts set out below.

Terms not defined herein shall have the same meaning as set out in the prospectus currently in force (available at www.blackrock.com/hk) (the "**Prospectus**"). Investors should note that the website has not been authorised or reviewed by the Securities and Futures Commission ("**SFC**").

#### 1. Investment in the People's Republic of China ("PRC")

The investment policy of certain Funds will be changed to enable these Funds to increase their ability to invest in the PRC (a) via RQFII quota and/or via the Stock Connects; and/or (b) in the CIBM via the Foreign Access Regime and/or Bond Connect, thus enabling greater focus on the PRC. Please refer to the table in the Appendix (Part One) for details of the relevant Funds and the changes.

Stock Connects means each of the Shanghai-Hong Kong Stock Connect and the Shenzhen-Hong Kong Stock Connect (collectively the "**Stock Connects**") and allows international and Mainland Chinese investors to trade securities in each other's markets through the trading and clearing facilities of their home exchange. RQFII means a Renminbi Qualified Foreign Institutional Investor.

Bond Connect means the initiative launched in July 2017 for mutual bond market access between Hong Kong and Mainland China as described in the section entitled "China Interbank Bond Market" in the "Investment Objectives and Policies" section of the Prospectus. CIBM means the Mainland China interbank bond markets of the PRC.

#### 2. Investment in distressed securities and Asset-backed Securities ("ABS")/Mortgage-backed Securities ("MBS")

The investment strategy of certain Funds will be changed to enable these Funds to invest in, or increase the ability to invest in, distressed securities and/or ABS/MBS. In light of the risks involved in these investments (described below), and in order to provide shareholders with greater transparency regarding their use, appropriate disclosure will be added to the investment policy of each relevant Fund, as follows:

# (a) Fixed Income Global Opportunities Fund and US Dollar Bond Fund (each a "**Relevant Fund**", and collectively, the "**Relevant Funds**"):

The investment policies of the Relevant Funds currently state that each of them may invest up to 50% of its total assets in ABS and MBS. For greater investment flexibility, it is proposed that from the Effective Date onwards, the Relevant Funds will be able to gain significant exposures to ABS and MBS by disclosing an amended threshold of the Relevant Funds' investments in ABS and MBS. In particular, each of the Fixed Income Global Opportunities Fund and the US Dollar Bond Fund may invest up to 100% of its total assets in ABS and MBS. There will be no change to the investment objectives of the Relevant Funds.

The change may result in an increase in the overall risk profiles of the Relevant Funds through significant exposures to ABS and MBS. However, apart from the increased level of risks associated with investment in ABS and MBS, there will be no other change in other risk factors or addition of new risk factors applicable to the Relevant Funds. There will be no change to the expected level of leverage of each of the Relevant Funds. Please refer to the risks associated with investment in ABS and MBS and MBS and MBS and MBS as described below and also detailed in the Prospectus. The change will not materially prejudice the rights or interests

of the existing shareholders of the Relevant Funds.

(b) The investment policy of each of the Emerging Markets Bond Fund, Emerging Markets Corporate Bond Fund, European High Yield Bond Fund, Global High Yield Bond Fund and US Dollar High Yield Bond Fund will be changed to enable each of these Funds to invest up to 10% of its total assets in distressed securities.

Please refer to the table in the Appendix (Part Two) for details of the relevant Funds and the changes.

The investment thresholds will be added or revised as discussed in paragraphs (a) to (c) above so that the investment policy of each relevant Fund will more clearly and accurately represent how the Investment Adviser wishes to manage the Fund in order to achieve its investment objective. The changes are intended to ensure that the investment characteristics and positioning of these Funds remain both relevant to and consistent with the current investment environment and expectations of shareholders. The Directors believe these changes will be in the best interests of shareholders as they will help create a wider investible universe and maximise the performance of the Funds.

Save as described above in respect of the Relevant Funds, there will be no material changes to the investment objectives, policies, overall risk profiles or to the way in which the relevant Funds are managed.

#### Distressed securities

In simple terms, distressed securities are securities issued by a company that is either in default or in high risk of default, and investment in distressed securities therefore involves significant risk.

Please refer to "Distressed Securities" in the "Risk Considerations" section of the Prospectus for further information regarding the risks associated with investment in distressed securities.

#### ABS / MBS

In simple terms, ABS and MBS are debt securities backed or collateralised by the income stream from an underlying pool of assets or mortgage loans respectively. The obligations associated with these securities may be subject to greater credit, liquidity and interest rate risk compared to other fixed income securities such as government issued bonds. Please refer to "Asset-backed Securities ("ABS") and Mortgage-backed Securities ("MBS")" in the "Risk Considerations" section of the Prospectus for further information regarding the risks associated with investment in ABS and MBS.

#### 3. Clarification of investment policies and change to Fund names

The investment policy of certain Funds will be changed to give better clarity regarding the investment strategy of the Fund and to better distinguish the relevant Fund from other Funds in the Company, and for better consistency, as follows:

- (a) It is currently disclosed in the Information for Residents of Hong Kong ("**IRHK**") that the Global Long-Horizon Equity Fund invests in equity securities that, in the opinion of the Investment Adviser, have a sustainable competitive advantage and will typically be held over a long-term horizon. The relevant disclosure will be moved to the Prospectus, while the same will remain in the Product Key Facts Statement ("**KFS**") of the Global Long-Horizon Equity Fund, with a minor clarificatory amendment.
- (b) The investment policy of each of the China A-Share Opportunities Fund, Global Enhanced Equity Yield Fund and Global SmallCap Fund will be enhanced to reflect that Funds will use quantitative (i.e. mathematical or statistical) models in order to achieve a systematic (i.e. rule based) approach to stock selection. The names of the China A-Share Opportunities Fund, Global Enhanced Equity Yield Fund and Global SmallCap Fund will be amended to include the word "Systematic", in order to reflect the investment approach followed by the Funds. The new Fund names will be as follows: "Systematic China A-Share Opportunities Fund", "Systematic Global Equity High Income Fund" and "Systematic Global SmallCap Fund".

Please refer to the table in the Appendix (Part Three) for details of the relevant Funds and the changes.

These changes to the investment policies and names of the relevant Funds will have no impact on the investment strategy of the relevant Funds and are being made purely for clarification purposes.

Please note also for the Global Enhanced Equity Yield Fund that the management fee on Class D Shares will be reduced from 0.75% to 0.60% on 2 December 2019.

# 4. Change to the names of the risk management benchmarks for the ESG Multi-Asset Fund and US Government Mortgage Fund

The Prospectus will be updated to reflect the changes to the names of the risk management benchmarks for the ESG Multi-Asset Fund and US Government Mortgage Fund.

The risk management benchmark for the ESG Multi-Asset Fund will be renamed from "50% MSCI World Index / 50% <u>**Citigroup**</u> World Government Bond Euro Hedged Index" to "50% MSCI World Index / 50% <u>**FTSE**</u> World Government Bond Euro Hedged Index". The risk management benchmark for the US Government Mortgage Fund will be renamed from "<u>**Citigroup**</u> Mortgage Index" to "<u>**FTSE**</u> Mortgage Index".

There is no change to the benchmarks themselves.

#### 5. Clarification of the dividend policy of the Funds

New disclosure will be added under the section entitled "**Dividend Policy**" of the Prospectus to clarify the dividend policy of the Funds as it relates to the distribution of income gross of expenses. The following Funds distribute income gross of expenses across all distributing share classes: Asia Pacific Equity Income Fund, Asian Multi-Asset Growth Fund (to be renamed Asian Multi-Asset Income Fund), Emerging Markets Equity Income Fund, Dynamic High Income Fund, European Equity Income Fund, Global Equity Income Fund, Natural Resources Growth & Income Fund, North American Equity Income Fund and Global Enhanced Equity Yield Fund (to be renamed Systematic Global Equity High Income Fund).

There is no change being made to the dividend policy of the Funds as a result of the inclusion of the additional disclosure.

#### 6. Changes to the glossary definition of Business Day

Outside of the European Union, there are days where the relevant local exchange is open whilst the relevant currency exchange vendor, which allows valuation of the Funds to be done in an automated fashion ("**Automated FX Vendor**"), is closed. On such days, with respect to that relevant market, it is not possible to get the most up to date FX price from the Automated FX Vendor but other non-Automated FX Vendors. These non-Automated FX Vendors require manual tracking of FX prices which may pose operational and valuation risks to the Funds. Therefore, it is preferred to obtain the most up to date FX price from the Automated FX Vendor ("**Automated FX Price**").

In the absence of the most up to date Automated FX Price, the Net Asset Value of a Fund so calculated may not fully reflect the most up to date value of the relevant Fund's investments expressed in its Base Currency. To take into account such circumstance, the definition of what constitutes a "Business Day" in the glossary of the Prospectus will be changed to add reference to the closure of currency exchange vendors, as follows, such that there will not be any valuation of, or dealings in, the Shares of the relevant Funds on such days:

"Business Day means any day normally treated by the banks in Luxembourg as a business day (except for Christmas Eve) and such other days as the Directors may decide. For Funds that invest a substantial amount of assets outside the European Union, t<u>T</u>he Management Company may also take into account whether relevant local exchanges are open <u>for Funds that invest a substantial</u> <u>amount in assets outside the European, and/or whether relevant currency exchange vendors are open for Funds that have</u> <u>substantial exposure to a currency other than their respective Base Currency</u>, and may elect to treat such closures as nonbusiness days. <u>Information regarding closures of local exchanges or currency exchange vendors treated by the Management</u> <u>Company as non-business days will be available before such a non-business day and can be obtained from the registered</u> <u>office of the Company and from the local Investor Servicing team</u>."

While the change applies to all Funds of the Company as a whole, it may only result in a small number of additional non-Business Days for certain Funds that have substantial exposure to currency other than their respective Base Currency, depending on which Automated FX Vendor is closed and the amount of assets of the Fund for which the most up to date Automated FX Price cannot be obtained. Consequentially, there may also be a small number of additional non-Dealing Days (and hence no Share prices are calculated on those non-Dealing Days) for certain Funds that have substantial exposure to currency other than their respective Base Currency.

The change would not result in any changes to the investment objectives, policies, overall risk profiles or to the way in which the Funds are managed.

#### 7. Distributing Shares

On 1 August 2019, the letter "G" (referencing payment of income gross of expenses) was added or removed to the names of some Distributing Shares in accordance with the Prospectus (see section entitled "Classes and Form of Shares"). This was an administrative clarification in the name of the share classes and no changes were made to the manner in which the share classes are operated.

#### 8. US Dollar Reserve Fund

The Fund may invest in eligible repurchase agreements and reverse repurchase agreements ("**repo transactions**") for both liquidity management purposes and for permitted investment purposes. The maximum proportion of the Fund's Net Asset Value that can be subject to repo transactions is 40%. The expected proportion of the Fund's Net Asset Value that will be subject to repo transactions will be increased from 0% to 40%.

#### Action to be taken by you

Shareholders are not required to take any action in relation to the changes described in this letter. If, however, you do not agree with the changes described in this letter you may redeem your Shares free of any redemption charges at any time prior to the Effective Date, in accordance with the provisions of the Prospectus. If you have any questions regarding the redemption process, please contact your local representative or the Hong Kong Representative (see details below).

Redemption proceeds will be paid to shareholders within three Business Days of the relevant Dealing Day, provided that the relevant documents (as described in the Prospectus) have been received.

#### **General Information**

The changes described in this letter will not result in any change in the fees and expenses borne by the Funds and/or its shareholders. The fee and expenses associated with these changes will be paid by the Management Company out of the Administration Fee charged to the Funds. The changes will not materially prejudice the rights or interests of the shareholders of the Funds. Save for the changes described in this letter, the operation of the Funds will remain unchanged.

Updated versions of the Prospectus, IRHK and KFS of the Funds will be available to shareholders free of charge in due course upon request from your local representative on +852 3903-2688 or at the office of the Hong Kong Representative at the address stated below. Copies of the Company's Articles of Incorporation, annual and semi-annual reports are also available free of charge upon request from your local representative or the Hong Kong Representative.

The Directors accept responsibility for the contents of this letter. To the best of the knowledge and belief of the Directors (who have taken all reasonable care to ensure that this is the case) the information contained in this letter is in accordance with the facts and does not omit anything likely to affect the impact of such information.

If you would like any further information or have any questions regarding this letter, please contact the Company's Hong Kong Representative, BlackRock Asset Management North Asia Limited, at 16/F Champion Tower, 3 Garden Road, Central, Hong Kong or by telephone on +852 3903-2688.

Yours faithfully

BlackRock Asset Management North Asia Limited Hong Kong Representative

#### Appendix

#### Part One: Investment in the PRC

For the below listed Funds the ability to invest in the PRC via RQFII quota and/or the Stock Connects and/or the Foreign Access Regime and/or Bond Connect (as appropriate) has been extended from 10% to 20% of total assets. Where a Fund invests in the PRC via both the RQFII quota and/or the Stock Connects and/or the Foreign Access Regime and/or Bond Connect there is an aggregate limit of 20% of total assets.

Fund	New Limit
ASEAN Leaders Fund, Asia Pacific Equity Income Fund, Asian Dragon Fund, China Fund and Pacific Equity Fund	The Fund may invest directly up to 20% in aggregate of its total assets in the PRC by investing via RQFII Quota and/or the Stock Connects. (10% currently).
Emerging Markets Equity Income Fund, Emerging Markets Fund, FinTech Fund, Future Of Transport Fund, Global Dynamic Equity Fund, Global Enhanced Equity Yield Fund (to be renamed Systematic Global Equity High Income Fund), Global Equity Income Fund, Global Long-Horizon Equity Fund, Global SmallCap Fund (to be renamed Systematic Global SmallCap Fund), Natural Resources Growth & Income Fund, Next Generation Technology Fund, Sustainable Energy Fund, Nutrition Fund, World Energy Fund, World Financials Fund, World Gold Fund, World Healthscience Fund, World Mining Fund, World Real Estate Securities Fund and World Technology Fund	The Fund may invest directly up to 20% of its total assets in the PRC by investing via the Stock Connects. (10% currently).
Asian High Yield Bond Fund, Emerging Markets Bond Fund, Emerging Markets Corporate Bond Fund, Fixed Income Global Opportunities Fund, Global Bond Income Fund, Global Corporate Bond Fund, Global Government Bond Fund, US Dollar Bond Fund, US Dollar Short Duration Bond Fund and World Bond Fund	The Fund may gain exposure for no more than 20% of its total assets to onshore bonds distributed in Mainland China in the CIBM via the Foreign Access Regime and/or Bond Connect and/or other means as may be permitted by the relevant regulations from time to time. (10% currently).
Asian Tiger Bond Fund	The Fund may invest up to 20% in aggregate of its total assets in the PRC via RQFII Quota, the Foreign Access Regime and/or Bond Connect. (Currently, the Fund may invest directly up to 10% of its total assets in the PRC by investing via RQFII Quota, and may gain exposure for no more than 10% of its total assets to onshore bonds distributed in Mainland China in the CIBM via the Foreign Access Regime and/or Bond Connect and/or other means as may be permitted by the relevant regulations from time to time.)
Emerging Markets Local Currency Bond Fund	The Fund may invest up to 20% in aggregate of its total assets in the PRC via RQFII Quota, the Foreign Access Regime and/or Bond Connect. (Currently, the Fund may invest directly up to 10% of its total assets in the PRC by investing via RQFII Quota, and may gain exposure for no more than 20% of its total assets to onshore bonds distributed in Mainland China in the CIBM via the Foreign Access Regime and/or Bond Connect and/or other means as may be permitted by the relevant regulations from time to time.)
Dynamic High Income Fund, ESG Multi-Asset Fund, Global Allocation Fund and Global Multi-Asset Income Fund	<ul> <li>The Fund may invest up to 20% in aggregate of its total assets in the PRC via the Stock Connects, the Foreign Access Regime and/or Bond Connect.</li> <li>(Currently, the Fund may invest directly up to 10% of its total assets in the PRC by investing via the Stock Connects, and may gain direct exposure for no more than 10% of its total assets to onshore bonds distributed in Mainland China in the CIBM via the Foreign Access Regime and/or Bond Connect and/or other means as may be permitted by the relevant regulations from time to time.)</li> </ul>

#### Part Two: Investment in distressed securities and ABS/MBS

For the below listed Funds the ability to invest in distressed securities or ABS/MBS is being extended.

Fund	New Disclosures
Emerging Markets Bond Fund	The Fund's exposure to Distressed Securities is limited to 10% of total assets. (No reference currently.)
Emerging Markets Corporate Bond Fund	The Fund's exposure to Distressed Securities is limited to 10% of total assets. (No reference currently).
European High Yield Bond Fund	The Fund's exposure to Distressed Securities is limited to 10% of total assets. (No reference currently).
Fixed Income Global Opportunities Fund	As part of its investment objective the Fund may invest up to 100% of its total assets in ABS and MBS whether investment grade or not. (50% currently).
	Additional language regarding ABS/MBS and leverage will be added to the investment policy of the Fund to provide better clarity – full statement of investment objective and policy as follows:
	"The Fixed Income Global Opportunities Fund seeks to maximise total return. The Fund invests at least 70% of its total assets in fixed income transferable securities denominated in various currencies issued by governments, agencies and companies worldwide. The full spectrum of available securities, including non-investment grade, may be utilised. Currency exposure is flexibly managed.
	The Fund is a CIBM Fund and may gain direct exposure for no more than 20% of its total assets to onshore bonds distributed in Mainland China in the CIBM via the Foreign Access Regime and/or Bond Connect and/or other means as may be permitted by the relevant regulations from time to time.
	As part of its investment objective the Fund may invest up to 100% of its total assets in ABS and MBS. ABS and MBS are debt securities backed or collateralised by the income stream from an underlying pool of assets or mortgage loans respectively. It is anticipated that a large portion of the ABS and MBS held by the Fund will have an investment grade rating, but the Fund will be able to use the full spectrum of available ABS and MBS, including non-investment grade instruments. ABS and MBS held by the Fund may include asset-backed commercial paper, collateralised debt obligations, collateralised mortgage obligations, commercial mortgage investment conduits, residential mortgage-backed securities and synthetic collateralised debt obligations. The issuers of the ABS and MBS may be companies, governments or municipalities and, more particularly, the Fund may hold MBS issued by government-sponsored enterprises ("agency MBS"). The underlying assets of the ABS and MBS and MBS may include loans, leases or receivables (such as credit card debt, automobile loans and student loans in the case of ABS and commercial and residential mortgages originating from a regulated and authorised financial institution in the case of MBS). Although this will not typically be the case, the ABS and MBS in which the Fund invests may use leverage to increase return to investors.
	The Fund's exposure to contingent convertible bonds is limited to 20% of total assets. The Fund's exposure to Distressed Securities is limited to 10% of its total assets.
	The Fund may use derivatives for investment purposes and for the purposes of efficient portfolio management. Where the Fund uses derivatives, this may generate varying amounts of market leverage (i.e. where the Fund gains market exposure in excess

Fund	New Disclosures
	of the value of its assets) and at times these levels of market leverage may be high. The use of derivatives will inevitably create leverage, because of the required calculation method i.e. leverage is the sum or gross notional exposure created by the derivatives used. A high leverage number is not necessarily an indication of high risk."
Global High Yield Bond Fund	The Fund's exposure to Distressed Securities is limited to 10% of total assets. (No reference currently).
US Dollar Bond Fund	As part of its investment objective the Fund may invest up to 100% of its total assets in ABS and MBS whether investment grade or not. (50% currently).
	Additional language regarding ABS/MBS and leverage will be added to the investment policy of the Fund to provide better clarity – full statement of investment objective and policy as follows:
	"The US Dollar Bond Fund seeks to maximise total return. The Fund invests at least 80% of its total assets in investment grade fixed income transferable securities. At least 70% of the Fund's total assets are invested in fixed income transferable securities denominated in US dollars. Currency exposure is flexibly managed.
	The Fund is a CIBM Fund and may gain direct exposure for no more than 20% of its total assets to onshore bonds distributed in Mainland China in the CIBM via the Foreign Access Regime and/or Bond Connect and/or other means as may be permitted by the relevant regulations from time to time.
	As part of its investment objective the Fund may invest up to 100% of its total assets in ABS and MBS. ABS and MBS are debt securities backed or collateralised by the income stream from an underlying pool of assets or mortgage loans respectively. It is anticipated that a large portion of the ABS and MBS held by the Fund will have an investment grade rating but the Fund will be able to utilise the full spectrum of available ABS and MBS, including non-investment grade or not instruments. ABS and MBS held by the Fund may include asset-backed commercial paper, collateralised debt obligations, collateralised mortgage obligations, commercial mortgage-backed securities, credit-linked notes, real estate mortgage investment conduits, residential mortgage-backed securities and synthetic collateralised debt obligations. The issuers of the ABS and MBS may be companies, governments or municipalities and, more particularly, the Fund may hold MBS issued by government- sponsored enterprises ("agency MBS"). The underlying assets of the ABS and MBS may include loans, leases or receivables (such as credit card debt, automobile loans and student loans in the case of ABS and commercial and residential mortgages originating from a regulated and authorised financial institution in the case of MBS). Although this will not typically be the case, the ABS and MBS in which the Fund invests may use leverage to increase return to investors.
	The Fund's exposure to Distressed Securities is limited to 10% of its total assets and its exposure to contingent convertible bonds is limited to 10% of its total assets.
	The Fund may use derivatives for investment purposes and for the purposes of efficient portfolio management. Where the Fund uses derivatives, this may generate varying amounts of market leverage (i.e. where the Fund gains market exposure in excess of the value of its assets) and at times these levels of market leverage may be high. The use of derivatives will inevitably create leverage, because of the required calculation method i.e. leverage is the sum or gross notional exposure created by the

Fund	New Disclosures
	derivatives used. A high leverage number is not necessarily an indication of high risk."
US Dollar High Yield Bond Fund	The Fund's exposure to Distressed Securities is limited to 10% of total assets. (No reference currently).

#### Part Three: Clarification of investment policies

Fund	New Disclosures
Global Long-Horizon Equity Fund	Additional language will be added to the investment policy of the Fund in the Prospectus. Below is an extract of the investment policy with the added language underlined:
	"The Global Long-Horizon Equity Fund seeks to maximise total return. The Fund invests globally, with no prescribed country, regional or capitalisation limits, at least 70% of its total assets in equity securities. The Fund may invest in equity securities that, in the opinion of the Investment Adviser, have a sustained competitive advantage and will typically be held over a long- term horizon. Currency exposure is flexibly managed."
	(Currently, it is disclosed in the IRHK and the KFS that the Fund may invest in equity securities that, in the opinion of the Investment Adviser, have a <u>sustainable</u> competitive advantage and will typically be held over a long-term horizon.)
China A-Share Opportunities Fund (to be renamed Systematic China A-Share Opportunities Fund), Global Enhanced Equity Yield Fund (to be renamed Systematic Global Equity High	The following paragraph will be added to the existing investment policies of the Funds:
Income Fund) and Global SmallCap Fund (to be renamed Systematic Global SmallCap Fund)	"In order to achieve its investment objective and policy, the Fund will invest in a variety of investment strategies and instruments. In particular, the Fund will use quantitative (i.e. mathematical or statistical) models in order to achieve a systematic (i.e. rule based) approach to stock selection. The quantitative models are designed and built by the Investment Adviser. This means that stocks will be selected based on their expected contribution to portfolio returns when risk and transaction cost forecasts are taken into account. The Investment Adviser retains the discretion to disregard certain stocks selected to manage portfolio risk in response to rare unexpected company events."
Asia Pacific Equity Income Fund, Emerging Markets Equity Income Fund, European Equity Income Fund, Global Enhanced Equity Yield Fund (to be renamed Systematic Global Equity High Income Fund), Global Equity Income Fund, Global Multi- Asset Income Fund, Natural Resources Growth & Income Fund	The following statement regarding the dividend policy of the Funds will be removed from the investment policies of the Funds and set out in the section of the Prospectus entitled "Dividend Policy":
and North American Equity Income Fund	"This Fund distributes income gross of expenses".

# BlackRock.

Registered Office: 2-4, rue Eugène Ruppert L-2453 Luxembourg Grand Duchy of Luxembourg

### THIS DOCUMENT IS IMPORTANT AND REQUIRES YOUR IMMEDIATE ATTENTION.

If you are in any doubt about the action to be taken you should consult your stockbroker, bank manager, solicitor, accountant, relationship manager or other professional adviser immediately.

# BLACKROCK GLOBAL FUNDS

Registered office: 2-4, rue Eugène Ruppert, L-2453 Luxembourg, Grand Duchy of Luxembourg R.C.S. Luxembourg B 6317

19 November 2019

Dear Shareholder

We, BlackRock Asset Management North Asia Limited, as Hong Kong Representative of BlackRock Global Funds (the "**Company**") are writing to advise you of changes that the board of directors (the "**Directors**") of the Company proposes to make to the Asian Multi-Asset Growth Fund (ISINs: LU1323998911\*, LU1323999059, LU1323999133) (the "**Fund**").

The changes set out in this letter will take effect from 31 December 2019 (the "Effective Date"), unless otherwise stated herein and this letter forms notice to shareholders of the facts set out below.

Terms not defined herein shall have the same meaning as set out in the prospectus currently in force (available at <u>www.blackrock.com/hk</u>) (the "**Prospectus**"). Investors should note that the website has not been authorised or reviewed by the Securities and Futures Commission ("**SFC**").

#### Changes to the investment strategy, objective and policy of the Fund

The Fund was launched in 2016 and since then has not generated the investment flows expected. The investment strategy, objective and policy of the Fund will therefore be changed with the intention to ensure that the investment characteristics and positioning of the Fund remains both relevant to and consistent with the current investment environment and expectations of shareholders.

In particular, the generation of income is considered to be an objective with broad appeal among investors. While the Fund's current investment objective is to seek to maximise total return, from the Effective Date, the Fund will put a stronger focus on the generation of income and so its investment objective will be widened to include the generation of income as well as capital growth. In connection with the change to its investment objective, the Fund's investment strategy in selecting its investments will also change to reflect a bias towards income-generating securities (including fixed income transferable securities and dividend-paying equities). The Fund will seek to achieve its objective through a diversified, flexible investment process.

The Fund will increase its minimum exposure (from 70% to 80% of its total assets) to fixed income transferable securities and equity securities of issuers and companies domiciled in, or exercising the predominant part of their economic activity in, Asia, excluding Japan, and increase its ability to invest in the PRC (i) via RQFII Quota and/or via the Stock Connects and (ii) in the CIBM via the Foreign Access Regime and/or Bond Connect (from 10% respectively to 20% of its total assets in aggregate), to ensure a greater focus on the region.

The Fund will also reduce its maximum exposure to contingent convertible bonds (from 10% to 5% of its total assets), consistent with the expectations of investors who are seeking exposure to Asian-focused assets.

It is not expected that the above changes will materially affect the overall risk profile of the Fund.

Separately, the level of leverage in the Fund is expected to be reduced from 300% to 100% of Net Asset Value of the Fund.

The Directors believe these changes will be in the best interests of shareholders as the changes will provide a wider range of approaches to maximising the performance of the Fund, while better managing the attendant risks. Additionally, the Directors believe that the changes will make the Fund more attractive to a broader investor base which in turn is expected to result in the growth of the Fund which can bring economies of scale for shareholders.

Separately, in common with other sub-funds of the Company, we are taking the opportunity to give better clarity to the Fund's potential holdings of distressed securities. While, currently, the investment objective and policy of the Fund refers to a minimal exposure to

<sup>\*</sup> Note: Only the share class marked with \* may be offered to the public in Hong Kong.

distressed securities, this will be clarified to indicate a maximum exposure of 10% to distressed securities. In simple terms, distressed securities are securities issued by a company that is either in default or in high risk of default, and investment in distressed securities therefore involves significant risk. Please refer to "Distressed Securities" in the "Risk Considerations" section of the Prospectus for further information regarding the risks associated with investment in distressed securities.

The changes described in this letter will not result in any change in the fees and expenses borne by the Fund and/or its shareholders. The fee and expenses associated with these changes will be paid by the Management Company out of the Administration Fee charged to the Fund. The changes will not materially prejudice the rights or interests of the shareholders of the Fund. Apart from the changes described above, the operation of the Fund will remain unchanged.

Please refer to the Appendix for full details of the changes to the investment objective and policy of the Fund.

#### Change to the name of the Fund

To reflect the changes to the investment strategy, objective and policy of the Fund, the name of the Fund will be changed to "Asian Multi-Asset Income Fund" on the Effective Date.

#### Action to be taken by you

Shareholders are not required to take any action in relation to the changes described in this letter. If, however, you do not agree with the changes described in this letter you may redeem your Shares free of any redemption charges at any time prior to the Effective Date, in accordance with the provisions of the Prospectus. If you have any questions regarding the redemption process, please contact your local representative or the Hong Kong Representative (see details below).

Redemption proceeds will be paid to shareholders within three Business Days of the relevant Dealing Day, provided that the relevant documents (as described in the Prospectus) have been received.

#### **General Information**

Updated versions of the Prospectus, Information for Residents of Hong Kong and Product Key Facts Statement of the Fund will be available to shareholders free of charge from the Effective Date. Copies of the Company's Articles of Incorporation, annual and semiannual reports are also available free of charge upon request from your local representative on +852 3903-2688 or at the office of the Hong Kong Representative at the address stated below.

The Directors accept responsibility for the contents of this letter. To the best of the knowledge and belief of the Directors (who have taken all reasonable care to ensure that this is the case) the information contained in this letter is in accordance with the facts and does not omit anything likely to affect the impact of such information.

If you would like any further information or have any questions regarding this letter, please contact the Company's Hong Kong Representative, BlackRock Asset Management North Asia Limited, at 16/F Champion Tower, 3 Garden Road, Central, Hong Kong or by telephone on +852 3903-2688.

Yours faithfully

BlackRock Asset Management North Asia Limited Hong Kong Representative

## Name, investment objective and policy of the Fund

## Current

From the Effective Date

return. The Fund invests at least 70% of its total assets in fixed income transferable securities and equity securities of issuers and companies domiciled in, or exercising the predominant part of their economic activity in, Asia, excluding Japan. The Fund invests in the full spectrum of permitted investments including equities (which may include minimal exposure to Distressed Securities), equity-related securities, fixed income transferable securities (including non-investment grade), units of undertakings for collective investment, cash, deposits and money market instruments. The Fund has a flexible approach to asset allocation. Currency exposure is flexibly managed. The Fund is a RQFII Access Fund and a Stock Connect Fund and moviny act directly up to 10% in aggregate of its total papets	Asian Multi-Asset Income Growth Fund The Asian Multi-Asset Income Growth Fund seeks to provide income and long-term capital growth from its investments maximise total return. The Fund invests at least <u>8</u> 70% of its total assets in fixed income transferable securities and equity securities of issuers and companies domiciled in, or exercising the predominant part of their economic activity in, Asia, excluding Japan. The Fund invests in the full spectrum of permitted investments including equities (which may include minimal exposure to Distressed Securities), equity-related securities, fixed income transferable securities (including non- investment grade), units of undertakings for collective investment, cash, deposits and money market instruments. The Fund has a flexible approach to asset allocation with a bias towards income transferable securities (including fived income
return. The Fund invests at least 70% of its total assets in fixed income transferable securities and equity securities of issuers and companies domiciled in, or exercising the predominant part of their economic activity in, Asia, excluding Japan. The Fund invests in the full spectrum of permitted investments including equities (which may include minimal exposure to Distressed Securities), equity-related securities, fixed income transferable securities (including non-investment grade), units of undertakings for collective investment, cash, deposits and money market instruments. The Fund has a flexible approach to asset allocation. Currency exposure is flexibly managed.	income and long-term capital growth from its investments maximise total return. The Fund invests at least <u>8</u> 70% of its total assets in fixed income transferable securities and equity securities of issuers and companies domiciled in, or exercising the predominant part of their economic activity in, Asia, excluding Japan. The Fund invests in the full spectrum of permitted investments including equities (which may include minimal exposure to Distressed Securities), equity-related securities, fixed income transferable securities (including non- investment grade), units of undertakings for collective investment, cash, deposits and money market instruments. The Fund has a flexible approach to asset allocation with a bias
<ul> <li>in the PRC by investing via RQFII Quota and/or via the Stock Connects. The Fund is a CIBM Fund and may gain direct exposure for no more than 10% of its total assets to onshore bonds distributed in Mainland China in the CIBM via the Foreign Access Regime and/or Bond Connect and/or other means as may be permitted by the relevant regulations from time to time. As part of its investment objective the Fund may invest up to 10% of its total assets in ABS and MBS whether investment grade or not. These may include asset-backed commercial paper, collateralised debt obligations, collateralised mortgage-backed securities, credit-linked notes, real estate mortgage investment conduits, residential mortgage-backed securities and synthetic collateralised debt obligations. The underlying assets of the ABS and MBS may include loans, leases or receivables (such as credit card debt, automobile loans and student loans in the case of ABS). The ABS and MBS in which the Fund invests may use leverage to increase return to investors. Certain ABS may be structured by using a derivative such as a credit default swap or a basket of such derivatives to gain exposure to the performance of securities directly.</li> <li>The Fund may use derivatives for investment purposes and for the purposes of efficient portfolio management.</li> <li>This Fund may have a material exposure to ABS, MBS and non-investment grade debt, and investors are encouraged to read the relevant risk disclosures contained in the section "Specific Risk Considerations".</li> <li>Risk management measure used: Relative VAR using 50% MSCI Asia ex Japan Index / 25% JP Morgan Asia Credit Index / 25% Markit iBoxx ALBI Index as the appropriate benchmark.</li> </ul>	towards income-generating securities (including fixed income transferable securities and dividend-paying equities). Currency exposure is flexibly managed. The Fund is a RQFII Access Fund and a Stock Connect Fund and may invest directly up to 10% in aggregate of its total assets in the PRC by investing via RQFII Quota and/or via the Stock Connects. The Fund is a CIBM Fund and may gain direct exposure for no more than 10% of its total assets to onshore bonds distributed in Mainland China in the CIBM via the Foreign Access Regime and/or Bond Connect and/or other means as may be permitted by the relevant regulations from time to time. The Fund may invest up to 20% in aggregate of its total assets in the PRC via RQFII Quota, the Stock Connects, the Foreign Access Regime and/or Bond Connect. As part of its investment objective the Fund may invest up to 10% of its total assets in ABS and MBS whether investment grade or not. These may include asset-backed commercial paper, collateralised debt obligations, collateralised mortgage investment conduits, residential mortgage-backed securities and synthetic collateralised debt obligations. The underlying assets of the ABS and MBS may include loans, leases or receivables (such as credit card debt, automobile loans and student loans in the case of ABS and commercial and residential mortgages originating from a regulated and authorised financial institution in the case of MBS). The ABS and MBS in which the Fund invests may use leverage to increase return to investors. Certain ABS may be structured by using a derivative such as a credit default swap or a basket of such derivatives to gain exposure to the performance of securities is limited to 10% of its total assets and its exposure to ABS, MBS and non-investment grade debt, and investors are encouraged to read the relevant risk disclosures contained in the section "Specific Risk Considerations".

Value.	Expected level of leverage of the Fund: <u>1</u> <del>3</del> 00% of Net Asset
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# BlackRock.

Registered Office: 2-4, rue Eugène Ruppert L-2453 Luxembourg Grand Duchy of Luxembourg

### THIS DOCUMENT IS IMPORTANT AND REQUIRES YOUR IMMEDIATE ATTENTION.

If you are in any doubt about the action to be taken you should consult your stockbroker, bank manager, solicitor, accountant, relationship manager or other professional adviser immediately.

## BLACKROCK GLOBAL FUNDS

Registered office: 2-4, rue Eugène Ruppert, L-2453 Luxembourg, Grand Duchy of Luxembourg R.C.S. Luxembourg B 6317

8 November 2019

Dear Shareholder

We, BlackRock Asset Management North Asia Limited, as Hong Kong Representative of BlackRock Global Funds (the "**Company**") are writing to advise you of certain amendments to the Hong Kong offering documents of the Company and its sub-funds (the "**Funds**").

The changes set out in this letter will take effect from 20 December 2019 (the "Effective Date"), unless otherwise stated herein and this letter forms notice to shareholders of the facts set out below.

Terms not defined herein shall have the same meaning as set out in the prospectus currently in force (available at <u>www.blackrock.com/hk</u>) (the "**Prospectus**"). Investors should note that the website has not been authorised or reviewed by the Securities and Futures Commission (the "**SFC**").

#### 1. Derivative usage under the revised Code on Unit Trusts and Mutual Funds (the "Code")

The Company and the Funds are subject to the applicable requirements under the Code issued by the SFC, which has been revised. Among other requirements, the revised Code requires a Fund to disclose its expected maximum net derivative exposure arising from derivative investments, which should be calculated in accordance with the requirements and guidance issued by the SFC, as may be updated from time to time (the "**NDE Regime**"). In light of the latest regulatory requirements in Hong Kong, the Management Company has assessed the use of financial derivative instruments by the Funds under the NDE Regime.

In respect of the Emerging Markets Local Currency Bond Fund, Global Corporate Bond Fund, Global Government Bond Fund and World Bond Fund (each an "Affected Fund" and collectively, the "Affected Funds"), it is currently disclosed in the Information for Residents of Hong Kong (the "IRHK") and their Product Key Facts Statements (the "KFS") that derivatives will not be extensively or primarily used by these Affected Funds for investment purposes.

Based on the Management Company's assessment under the NDE Regime, it is decided that, with effect from the Effective Date, each Affected Fund's net derivative exposure may be more than 100% of its net asset value (the "**Updated NDE Level**").

The Updated NDE Level may allow for a more extensive and flexible use of derivatives by the Affected Funds.

Investors should take note of the increased risks associated with derivatives that the Affected Funds would be subject to. The risks associated with derivatives include counterparty/credit risk, liquidity risk, valuation risk, volatility risk and market risk. As a result of the Updated NDE Level, the leverage effect of derivatives of the Affected Funds may be perceived as magnified and may result in a loss significantly greater than the amount invested by the Affected Funds. In addition, the possible extensive exposure to derivatives may negatively impact the value of underlying assets on an Affected Fund and may also increase the volatility of an Affected Fund's price and may lead to significant losses.

The investment objectives and the operation of the Affected Funds will remain unchanged and the above change will not materially prejudice the rights or interests of the shareholders of the Affected Funds.

The fees and expenses associated with the above change will be paid by the Management Company out of the Administration Fee charged to the Affected Funds. The above change will not result in any change in the fees and expenses borne by the Affected Funds and/or the shareholders.

#### 2. Amendments to reflect requirements under the revised Code

In addition to the change to the Affected Funds mentioned above, the following key changes will be made to the Hong Kong offering documents of the Company and the Funds generally to reflect applicable requirements under the revised Code:

(a) Enhancement of disclosures on net derivative exposure

The IRHK and the KFS of the Funds will be updated to include disclosures on the expected maximum net derivative exposure arising from derivative investments under the NDE Regime as follows:

- In respect of ESG Multi-Asset Fund, Euro Bond Fund, Euro Corporate Bond Fund, Euro Short Duration Bond Fund, Fixed Income Global Opportunities Fund, Global Inflation Linked Bond Fund, US Dollar Bond Fund, US Dollar Short Duration Bond Fund and US Government Mortgage Fund, it is currently disclosed in the IRHK and their KFS that derivatives may be used extensively for investment purposes. The disclosures will be updated to reflect these Funds' net derivative exposure may be more than 100% of its net asset value.
- In respect of the other funds (apart from the Affected Funds) with current disclosures that derivatives will not be extensively or primarily used for investment purposes. The disclosures will be updated to reflect these Funds' net derivative exposure may be up to 50% of its net asset value.

Please refer to the Appendix to this letter for information on the net derivative exposure of each Fund.

- (b) <u>Other amendments</u> other amendments and enhancement of disclosures to reflect the requirements of the revised Code including the following:
  - (i) enhanced disclosures on arrangements in handling unclaimed proceeds of Shareholders where a Fund is terminated; and
  - (ii) enhanced disclosure on investment in other funds in the Company, UCITS and/or other undertakings for collective investment.

#### 3. Action to be taken by you

Shareholders are not required to take any action in relation to the changes described in this letter. If, however, you do not agree with the changes described in this letter you may redeem your Shares free of any redemption charges at any time prior to the Effective Date, in accordance with the provisions of the Prospectus. If you have any questions regarding the redemption process, please contact your local representative or the Hong Kong Representative (see details below).

#### 4. General Information

Updated versions of the Hong Kong offering documents of the Funds will be available to shareholders free of charge from the Effective Date. Copies of the Company's Articles of Incorporation, annual and semi-annual reports are also available free of charge upon request at the office of the Hong Kong Representative at the address stated below.

The Directors accept responsibility for the contents of this letter. To the best of the knowledge and belief of the Directors (who have taken all reasonable care to ensure that this is the case) the information contained in this letter is in accordance with the facts and does not omit anything likely to affect the impact of such information.

If you would like any further information or have any questions regarding this letter, please contact the Company's Hong Kong Representative, BlackRock Asset Management North Asia Limited, at 16/F Champion Tower, 3 Garden Road, Central, Hong Kong or by telephone on +852 3903-2688.

Yours faithfully

BlackRock Asset Management North Asia Limited Hong Kong Representative

## Appendix

#### Information on Net Derivative Exposure

The net derivative exposure of the following Funds under the NDE Regime is set out below:

Funds	Net derivative exposure (% of net asset value)	
ASEAN Leaders Fund	up to 50%	
Asia Pacific Equity Income Fund	up to 50%	
Asian Dragon Fund	up to 50%	
Asian Growth Leaders Fund	up to 50%	
Asian High Yield Bond Fund	up to 50%	
Asian Multi-Asset Growth Fund	up to 50%	
Asian Tiger Bond Fund	up to 50%	
China A-Share Opportunities Fund	up to 50%	
China Flexible Equity Fund	up to 50%	
China Fund up to 50%		
Continental European Flexible Fund	up to 50%	
Dynamic High Income Fund	up to 50%	
Emerging Europe Fund	up to 50%	
Emerging Markets Bond Fund	up to 50%	
Emerging Markets Corporate Bond Fund	up to 50%	
Emerging Markets Equity Income Fund	up to 50%	
Emerging Markets Fund	up to 50%	
Emerging Markets Local Currency Bond Fund	may be more than 100%	
ESG Multi-Asset Fund	may be more than 100%	
Euro Bond Fund	may be more than 100%	
Euro Corporate Bond Fund	may be more than 100%	
Euro-Markets Fund	up to 50%	
Euro Reserve Fund	up to 50%	
Euro Short Duration Bond Fund	may be more than 100%	
European Equity Income Fund	up to 50%	
European Fund	up to 50%	
European High Yield Bond Fund	up to 50%	
European Special Situations Fund	up to 50%	
European Value Fund	up to 50%	
FinTech Fund up to 50%		
Fixed Income Global Opportunities Fund may be more than 100%		
Future Of Transport Fund up to 50%		
Global Allocation Fund	up to 50%	
Global Bond Income Fund	up to 50%	
Global Corporate Bond Fund	may be more than 100%	
Global Dynamic Equity Fund	up to 50%	
Global Enhanced Equity Yield Fund	up to 50%	
Global Equity Income Fund	up to 50%	
Global Government Bond Fund	may be more than 100%	
Global High Yield Bond Fund	up to 50%	
Global Inflation Linked Bond Fund	may be more than 100%	
Global Long-Horizon Equity Fund	up to 50%	
Global Multi-Asset Income Fund	up to 50%	
Global SmallCap Fund	up to 50%	
India Fund	up to 50%	
Japan Flexible Equity Fund	up to 50%	
Japan Small & MidCap Opportunities Fund	up to 50%	
Latin American Fund	up to 50%	
Natural Resources Growth & Income Fund	up to 50%	
Next Generation Technology Fund	up to 50%	
North American Equity Income Fund	up to 50%	
Nutrition Fund	up to 50%	
Pacific Equity Fund up to 50%		
Sustainable Energy Fund	up to 50%	
Swiss Small & MidCap Opportunities Fund	up to 50%	
United Kingdom Fund	up to 50%	
US Basic Value Fund	up to 50%	
US Dollar Bond Fund	may be more than 100%	
US Dollar High Yield Bond Fund	up to 50%	
US Dollar Reserve Fund	up to 50%	

#### Funds

## Net derivative exposure

	(% of net asset value)
US Dollar Short Duration Bond Fund	may be more than 100%
US Flexible Equity Fund	up to 50%
US Government Mortgage Fund	may be more than 100%
US Growth Fund	up to 50%
US Small & MidCap Opportunities Fund	up to 50%
World Bond Fund	may be more than 100%
World Energy Fund	up to 50%
World Financials Fund	up to 50%
World Gold Fund	up to 50%
World Healthscience Fund	up to 50%
World Mining Fund	up to 50%
World Real Estate Securities Fund	up to 50%
World Technology Fund	up to 50%



Registered Office: 2-4, rue Eugène Ruppert L-2453 Luxembourg Grand Duchy of Luxembourg

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# BLACKROCK GLOBAL FUNDS

Registered office: 2-4, rue Eugène Ruppert, L-2453 Luxembourg, Grand Duchy of Luxembourg R.C.S. Luxembourg B6317

4 October 2019

To the shareholders of: BlackRock Global Funds – North American Equity Income Fund ISINs: LU0743604323\*, LU0743604596\*, LU0743605213\*, LU0743605130\*, LU0743604919, LU0743605056, LU0743604679\*, LU1733225699, LU0803753796, LU0871639380\*, LU0842062969\*, LU1222732452 (the "**Fund**")

Note: Only the share classes marked with \* may be offered to the public in Hong Kong.

#### Dear Shareholder

The board of directors (the "**Directors**") of BlackRock Global Funds (the "**Company**") is writing to notify you that it has decided to terminate the North American Equity Income Fund (the "**Fund**") for the reasons set out below. The assets held in the underlying investment portfolio of the Fund will be liquidated, and it is intended to automatically redeem your shares on 3 December 2019 (the "**Effective Date**").

Terms not defined in this letter have the same meaning given to them in the Company's prospectus (available at <u>www.blackrock.com/hk</u>) (the **"Prospectus**"). Investors should note that the website has not been authorised or reviewed by the Securities and Futures Commission ("**SFC**").

#### 1. Background and decision

The Fund was launched in 2012 and its Net Asset Value, which has always remained below the level expected, stands at US\$94,929,143 (as at 27 September 2019). At this size, the Directors believe that it is not commercially viable for the Fund to continue to operate.

In accordance with the Prospectus and Article 28 of the Articles of the Company, the Directors may determine to terminate a subfund of the Company in circumstances where they deem it in the interests of the shareholders.

In recent years, income returns on US equities have generally been lower when compared to non-US equities and consequently the Fund has proved less attractive to investors outside the US who have sought income returns from global equity products. Additionally the performance of the Fund has been below expectations and it is therefore unlikely that we will see further subscription into the Fund. These facts coupled with the Fund's relatively small size make it commercially non-viable and therefore not in the best interests of shareholders to remain invested in the Fund.

Please note that from the date of this letter, the Fund is no longer allowed to be marketed to the public in Hong Kong and shall not accept subscription from new investors.

We will apply to the SFC for the withdrawal of authorisation of the Fund immediately following the closure of the Fund.

#### 2. Ongoing charges

As of 31 July 2019, the ongoing charges figures for the classes of the Fund are as follows:

Class A2	USD	1.79%
Class A5(G)	USD	1.79%
Class C2	USD	3.04%
Class C5(G)	USD	3.04%
Class D2	USD	1.04%
Class D5(G)	GBP	1.05%
Class D5(G)	GBP Hedged	1.04%

The ongoing charges figure for a class is based on the costs and expenses of the relevant class expressed as a percentage of its average Net Asset Value for a 12-month period ended 31 July 2019.

#### 3. Your options

From the date of this letter, no subscriptions to the Fund will be accepted from new investors. From 11 October 2019, no further subscriptions to the Fund will be permitted from existing shareholders. Shareholders have 3 options available to them. If option 1 or 2 is chosen we must receive an instruction no later than the Cut-Off Point at least one Business Day in advance of the Effective Date. If option 3 is chosen shareholders do not need to take any action.

#### Option 1: Switch

Up until the Effective Date and in accordance with the terms of the Prospectus, shareholders may request a switch of their shareholding, free of any charges, into the same or another class of any other sub-fund of the Company that are authorised for sale to the public in Hong Kong<sup>1</sup>, provided that the shareholder satisfies the conditions applicable to an investment in the applicable share class. Shareholders should refer to the Prospectus for details of the fees and expenses associated with each share class. Shareholders are reminded that they should seek their own advice as to the suitability of any alternative investment option. Shareholders wanting to switch should do so in accordance with the Prospectus and in advance of the Effective Date. If you require further assistance please contact your local Investor Servicing Team.

#### Option 2: Redeem in advance of the Effective Date

Alternatively, as of the date of this letter and up until the Effective Date, shareholders may request the redemption of their shares free of any redemption charges levied by BlackRock.

#### Option 3: Automatic redemption

If you do not request a redemption or switch of your shares before the Effective Date, on the Effective Date, shares will be automatically redeemed in accordance with the Articles (available from your local Investor Servicing team or at the office of the Hong Kong Representative at the address stated below).

#### 4. Redemption proceeds

A contract note and confirmation of any redemption of shares will be sent following the redemption. Redemption proceeds will normally be paid to shareholders within three Business Days following the relevant Dealing Day, provided that all necessary payment instructions have been received in writing and that all necessary identification documentation have been provided. Details of these requirements are available from your local Investor Servicing Team.

#### 5. Costs

All costs associated with the termination including custody transaction costs for executing transactions in the underlying assets in the portfolio starting from the date of this notice and all legal and mailing costs, will be paid by BlackRock.

BlackRock Global Funds, a société d'investissement à capital variable (SICAV) Registered in Luxembourg No. R.C.S B-6.317

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The SFC' s authorisation is not a recommendation or endorsement of the Company or its sub-funds nor does it guarantee the commercial merits of the Company or its sub-funds or their performance. It does not mean the Company or its sub-funds are suitable for all investors nor is it an endorsement of their suitability for any particular investor or class of investors.

The Fund does not have any unamortised preliminary expenses as at the date of this letter.

#### 6. Preparing the Fund for closure

Please note that if your shareholding in the Fund constitutes a significant holding of the Fund's sassets, we may be required to structure the redemption of your shares in a manner which ensures the fair treatment of remaining shareholders (for example, the Company will not be bound to redeem or convert on any one Dealing Day more than 10% of the value of shares of all share classes of the Fund then in issue or deemed to be in issue; such redemption or conversion orders may be deferred by the Company in accordance with the provisions of the Prospectus).

#### 7. Tax consequences

Shareholders should note that under current law and practice in Hong Kong, the Company and the Fund are not expected to be subject to Hong Kong tax in respect of any of the authorised activities.

No tax will be payable by shareholders in Hong Kong in respect of dividends or other income distributions of the Company or the Fund or in respect of any capital gains arising on a sale, redemption or other disposal of shares, except that Hong Kong profits tax may arise where such transactions form part of a trade, profession or business carried on in Hong Kong.

However, shareholders should note that the redemption or switching of their shareholding into another sub-fund of the Company may represent a disposal of shares for tax purposes in certain jurisdictions. Shareholders may be subject to taxation in their tax domicile and/or in any other jurisdictions in which they are subject to taxation. As tax laws differ widely from country to country, shareholders may wish to consult their personal tax advisers as to the tax implications of the redemption or conversion of their shareholding.

#### 8. General information

The Prospectus, Information for Residents of Hong Kong, Product Key Facts Statements of the sub-funds of the Company and the Company's Articles are available free of charge upon request from your local representative on +852 3903-2688 or at the office of the Hong Kong Representative at the address stated below.

The Directors accept responsibility for the contents of this letter. To the best of the knowledge and belief of the Directors (who have taken all reasonable care to ensure that this is the case) the information contained in this letter is in accordance with the facts and does not omit anything likely to affect the impact of such information.

If you would like any further information or have any questions regarding this notice, please contact the Company's Hong Kong Representative, BlackRock Asset Management North Asia Limited, at 16/F Champion Tower, 3 Garden Road, Central, Hong Kong or by telephone on +852 3903-2688.

Yours faithfully

Paul Freeman Chairman

BlackRock Global Funds, a société d'investissement à capital variable (SICAV) Registered in Luxembourg No. R.C.S B-6.317



Registered Office: 2-4, rue Eugène Ruppert L-2453 Luxembourg Grand Duchy of Luxembourg

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If you are in any doubt about the action to be taken you should consult your stockbroker, bank manager, solicitor, accountant, relationship manager or other professional adviser immediately.

## BLACKROCK GLOBAL FUNDS

Registered office: 2-4, rue Eugène Ruppert, L-2453 Luxembourg, Grand Duchy of Luxembourg R.C.S. Luxembourg B 6317

9 April 2019

Dear Shareholder

We, BlackRock Asset Management North Asia Limited, as Hong Kong Representative of BlackRock Global Funds (the "**Company**"), are writing to advise you of changes that the board of directors (the "**Directors**") proposes to make to the Company and its sub-funds, the Euro Reserve Fund and the US Dollar Reserve Fund (each a "**Fund**" and collectively, the "**Funds**"). The upcoming changes to the Funds are to ensure compliance with the European Regulation (EU) 2017/1131 on money market funds (the "**MMF Regulation**"). The ISINs of the affected share classes are set out in Appendix A to this letter.

Unless otherwise indicated, the changes set out in this letter will take effect from 20 May 2019 (the "**Effective Date**") and this letter forms notice to shareholders of the facts set out below. Terms not defined herein shall have the same meaning as set out in the prospectus currently in force (available at www.blackrock.com/hk) (the "**Prospectus**"). Investors should note that the website has not been authorised or reviewed by the Securities and Futures Commission ("**SFC**").

#### Background

The MMF Regulation introduces certain changes relevant to money market funds and is designed to create standardised European rules intended to make money market funds more resilient, especially in times of market stress.

Amongst other things, the MMF Regulation introduces four fund types: the low volatility net asset value money market fund, the public debt constant net asset value money market fund, the short-term variable net asset value ("**ST VNAV**") money market fund and the standard variable net asset value money market fund.

#### Changes to the Funds

This letter is notice that the Funds will both be categorised as ST VNAV money market funds and will comply with the relevant rules of the MMF Regulation from the Effective Date.

#### How will this impact the Funds?

An overview of the MMF Regulation and how it applies to the Funds, as ST VNAV money market funds, is set out in Appendix B to this letter.

In order for the Funds to comply with the MMF Regulation, the Prospectus will be updated to set out the investment objectives, policies, restrictions and powers, internal credit quality assessment procedures, valuation methodology and other rules applicable to the Funds as ST VNAV money market funds under the MMF Regulation. In particular, the investment policies of the Funds will be adjusted to reflect that the Funds will invest their assets exclusively in short-term assets and cash in accordance with the requirements of the MMF Regulation, as will be summarised in Appendix A of the Prospectus, which will be updated to reflect the applicable limits and restrictions under the MMF Regulation. Also, the Funds are no longer permitted to borrow from the Effective Date.

In addition, the assets of the Funds will be valued in accordance with the valuation rules to be set out in a new paragraph under Appendix B of the Prospectus which applies to funds categorised as ST VNAV money market funds under the MMF Regulation only.

These regulatory changes will not have a material impact on the way in which the Funds are managed. There will be no material changes to the overall risk profiles of the Funds.

#### What other changes are being implemented by the MMF Regulation?

Additional detail regarding the implementation of the MMF Regulation is available from the Hong Kong Representative upon request.

#### Action to be taken by you

Shareholders are not required to take any action in relation to the changes described in this letter. If, however, you do not agree with the changes described in this letter you may redeem your Shares of the Funds free of any redemption charges at any time prior to the Effective Date, in accordance with the provisions of the Prospectus. If you have any questions regarding the redemption process, please contact your local representative or the Hong Kong Representative (see details below).

#### Costs

All costs relating to the implementation of the MMF Regulation will be paid by BlackRock. There is no change in the level of fees payable by the Funds or the shareholders following these regulatory changes.

#### **General Information**

Updated versions of the Prospectus, Information for Residents of Hong Kong and Product Key Facts Statements of the Funds will be available in due course free of charge upon request from your local representative on +852 3903-2688 or at the office of the Hong Kong Representative at the address stated below.

The Directors accept responsibility for the contents of this letter. To the best of the knowledge and belief of the Directors (who have taken all reasonable care to ensure that this is the case) the information contained in this letter is in accordance with the facts and does not omit anything likely to affect the impact of such information.

If you would like any further information or have any questions regarding this letter, please contact the Company's Hong Kong Representative, BlackRock Asset Management North Asia Limited, at 16/F Champion Tower, 3 Garden Road, Central, Hong Kong or by telephone on +852 3903-2688.

Yours faithfully

BlackRock Asset Management North Asia Limited Hong Kong Representative

#### Appendix A – ISINs of Affected Share Classes

#### Euro Reserve Fund

LU1456581872 LU0432365988\* LU0432366366\* LU0432366952 LU0432366796\*

#### **US Dollar Reserve Fund**

LU0462857789 LU0006061419\* LU0331287036\* LU0090845503 LU0297947409 LU0297945965\* LU0329591720\*

Note: Only the share classes marked with \* may be offered to the public in Hong Kong.

#### Appendix B – Overview of MMF Regulation Rules Applicable to Each of the Funds

Investment Objective and Policy	The investment objective of the Fund is not changing as the Fund already complies with the MMF Regulation requirement that the objective be to preserve capital through investment in short term assets. The language used in the Prospectus will however be adjusted on the Effective Date to reflect the new requirements of the MMF Regulation:
	The <b>Euro Reserve Fund</b> seeks to offer returns in line with money market rates consistent with preservation of capital and liquidity. The Fund invests its assets exclusively in Euro denominated short term assets and cash in accordance with the requirements of the MMF Regulation, as summarised in Appendix A of the prospectus. The Fund is a short-term money market fund.
	The Fund may invest up to 15% of its total assets in securitisations and asset backed commercial pape (" <b>ABCP</b> ") that are sufficiently liquid and have received a favourable assessment pursuant to the Interna Credit Quality Assessment Procedure (as defined in the prospectus).
	The Fund may invest in eligible repurchase agreements and reverse repurchase agreements for both liquidity management purposes and for permitted investment purposes.
	The Fund may only use derivatives for the purpose of hedging the interest rate or exchange rate risks inherent in its investments. The underlying of the derivative instruments must consist of interest rates foreign exchange rates, currencies or indices representing one of those categories.
	The Fund does not rely on external support for guaranteeing the liquidity of the Fund or stabilising the Net Asset Value per Share.
	This Fund may have a material exposure to permitted securitisations and ABCPs and investors are encouraged to read the relevant risk disclosures contained in the section "Specific Risk Considerations of the Prospectus.
	The <b>US Dollar Reserve Fund</b> seeks to offer returns in line with money market rates consistent with preservation of capital and liquidity. The Fund invests its assets exclusively in US dollar denominated short-term assets and cash in accordance with the requirements of the MMF Regulation, as summarised in Appendix A of the prospectus. The Fund is a short-term money market fund.
	The Fund may invest up to 15% of its total assets in securitisations and ABCP that are sufficiently liquid and have received a favourable assessment pursuant to the Internal Credit Quality Assessment Procedure (as defined in the prospectus).
	The Fund may invest in eligible repurchase agreements and reverse repurchase agreements for both liquidity management purposes and for permitted investment purposes.
	The Fund may only use derivatives for the purpose of hedging the interest rate or exchange rate risks inherent in its investments. The underlying of the derivative instruments must consist of interest rates foreign exchange rates, currencies or indices representing one of those categories.
	The Fund does not rely on external support for guaranteeing the liquidity of the Fund or stabilising the Net Asset Value per Share.
	This Fund may have a material exposure to permitted securitisations and ABCPs and investors are encouraged to read the relevant risk disclosures contained in the section "Specific Risk Considerations of the prospectus.
Valuation & Pricing	The Net Asset Value will be valued using mark-to-market prices;
	• The Net Asset Value will be calculated to four decimal places. This means that pricing for the Fund (and any pricing files you receive for the Fund) will reflect pricing to four decimal places.
Borrowing	Under MMF Regulation the Fund is no longer permitted to borrow.
Quality Assessment	Each asset is subject to a credit quality assessment and the Fund may only invest in assets which are assessed to be high quality. The assessment will take account of (a) the quantification of the credit risl of the issuer and of the relative risk of default of the issuer and of the instrument; (b) qualitative indicators on the issuer of the instrument, including in the light of the macroeconomic and financial market situation (c) the short-term nature of money market instruments; (d) the asset class of the instrument; (e) the type of issuer distinguishing at least the following types of issuers: national, regional or local administrations financial corporations, and non-financial corporations; (f) for structured financial instruments, the operational and counterparty risk inherent within the structure of the securitisation and the credit risk of the issuer, the structure of the securitisation and the credit risk of the underlying assets; (g) the liquidity profile of the instrument.
Asset Classes	In accordance with the MMF Regulation, the Fund may only invest in: (a) money-market instruments; (b securitisations and ABCP; (c) deposits with credit institutions; (d) financial derivative instruments (fo hedging purposes only); (e) repurchase agreements (for liquidity management only); (f) reverse repurchase agreements; and (g) units or shares in other money market funds.

Diversification and Concentration Limits	• Up to 5% in money market instruments, eligible securitisations and ABCPs issued by the same body, except that the Fund may invest up to 10% of its assets in money market instruments, eligible securitisations and ABCPs issued by the same body provided that the total value of such money market instruments, eligible securitisations and ABCPs held by the Fund in each issuing body in which it invests more than 5% of its assets does not exceed 40% of the value of its assets;	
	Up to 10% in deposits with the same institution;	
	• Up to 5% exposure to a single over-the-counter financial derivative instrument counterparty;	
	Up to 15% exposure to a single reverse repurchase agreement counterparty;	
	• Up to 15% in fully supported ABCP, pending the finalisation of the proposed European Union Regulation for simple, transparent and standardised securitisations (" <b>STS</b> "), at which point up to 20% in ABCP, of which up to 15% is not required to be STS;	
	• Up to 10% of a money market instrument or ABCP issued by a single institution (other than governments).	
Portfolio Rules	Weighted average maturity limit of 60 days	
	Weighted average life limit of 120 days	
	"Weighted average maturity" of a fund is a measure of the average length of time to legal maturity (the date at which fixed income securities become due for repayment) or, if shorter, to the next interest rate reset to a money market rate of all the underlying assets of the fund reflecting the relative holdings in each asset.	
	"Weighted average life" of a fund, is a measure of the average length of time to legal maturity of all the underlying assets in the Fund reflecting the relative holdings of each asset.	
Liquidity Limits	At least 7.5% daily maturing assets and 15% weekly maturing assets, where 7.5% daily liquidity consists of cash and daily maturing assets and, of the remaining 7.5% weekly liquidity, 7.5% can consist of units or shares of other money market funds, provided they can be redeemed and settled within five working days.	
Redemption Gates & Fees	No formal prescriptions – no changes are being made to the existing Fund terms.	
Sponsor Support	Sponsor support is prohibited – the Fund may not rely on external support for guaranteeing the liquidity of the Fund or stabilising the Net Asset Value per Share.	
Miscellaneous	Mandatory stress testing, enhanced Know Your Customer (KYC), regulatory reporting and public disclosure rules. Additional detail regarding the implementation of the MMF Regulation is available from the Hong Kong Representative upon request.	

#### BLACKROCK GLOBAL FUNDS (the "Company") INFORMATION FOR RESIDENTS OF HONG KONG

This Document contains additional information of particular relevance to residents of Hong Kong. All decisions to subscribe for Shares should be made on the basis of the information in the Prospectus, as modified and supplemented by this Document, and the most recent annual and (if later) half yearly accounts of the Company.

Terms not defined herein shall have the same meaning as set out in the Prospectus.

# IMPORTANT – IF YOU ARE IN ANY DOUBT ABOUT THE CONTENTS OF THIS DOCUMENT, YOU SHOULD SEEK INDEPENDENT PROFESSIONAL FINANCIAL ADVICE.

#### AUTHORISATION IN HONG KONG

The Company and the Funds set out in the "Funds available in Hong Kong" section below are authorised by the Securities and Futures Commission in Hong Kong (the "SFC") as a collective investment scheme. The SFC's authorisation is not a recommendation or endorsement of the Company/the Funds nor does it guarantee the commercial merits of the Company/the Funds or their performance. It does not mean the Company/the Funds are suitable for all investors nor is it an endorsement of their suitabilities for any particular investor or class of investors. No money should be paid to any intermediary in Hong Kong who is not licensed or registered to carry out type 1 regulated activity under part V of the Securities and Futures Ordinance.

Notwithstanding the incorporation into the offering documents of the Company of the availability of investment powers under the UCITS Directive 2001/108/EC (as amended), for so long as the Funds set out in the "Funds available in Hong Kong" section below remain authorised by the SFC, and unless otherwise approved by the SFC, these Funds (except for the ESG Multi-Asset Fund, Euro Bond Fund, Euro Corporate Bond Fund, Euro Short Duration Bond Fund, Fixed Income Global Opportunities Fund, Global Inflation Linked Bond Fund, US Dollar Bond Fund, US Dollar Short Duration Bond Fund and US Government Mortgage Fund ("Relevant Funds")) will not use financial derivative investments ("FDI") extensively or primarily for investment purposes.

For the purpose of Hong Kong-specific disclosure requirements, investors should note that the Relevant Funds may use FDI extensively for investment purposes. Please refer to the section headed "**Use of Derivatives**" below for further details.

Prior written notification of not less than 1 month will be given to investors and the Company's Hong Kong offering document will be updated should there be any change in the investment objectives, policy and/or restrictions applicable to the Company.

Notwithstanding anything said in the Prospectus, both the English and Chinese versions of the Prospectus shall contain same information and shall be treated as having the same equal standing in Hong Kong.

#### Funds available in Hong Kong

**Warning:** In relation to the Funds as set out in the Prospectus, only the following Funds are authorised by the SFC as of the date of this Document pursuant to section 104 of the Securities and Futures Ordinance and hence may be offered to the public of Hong Kong:

- 1. ASEAN Leaders Fund
- 2. Asia Pacific Equity Income Fund
- 3. Asian Dragon Fund
- 4. Asian Growth Leaders Fund
- 5. Asian High Yield Bond Fund
- 6. Asian Multi-Asset Growth Fund
- 7. Asian Tiger Bond Fund
- 8. China Fund
- 9. China A-Share Opportunities Fund
- 10. China Flexible Equity Fund
- 11. Continental European Flexible Fund
- 12. Dynamic High Income Fund
- 13. Emerging Europe Fund
- 14. Emerging Markets Bond Fund
- 15. Emerging Markets Corporate Bond Fund
- 16. Emerging Markets Equity Income Fund
- 17. Emerging Markets Fund
- 18. Emerging Markets Local Currency Bond Fund
- 19. ESG Multi-Asset Fund
- 20. Euro Bond Fund
- 21. Euro Corporate Bond Fund
- 22. Euro Reserve Fund
- 23. Euro Short Duration Bond Fund
- 24. Euro-Markets Fund
- 25. European Equity Income Fund
- 26. European Fund
- 27. European High Yield Bond Fund
- 28. European Special Situations Fund
- 29. European Value Fund
- 30. FinTech Fund

- 40. Global High Yield Bond Fund
- 41. Global Inflation Linked Bond Fund
- 42. Global Long-Horizon Equity Fund
- 43. Global Multi-Asset Income Fund
- 44. Global SmallCap Fund
- 45. India Fund
- 46. Japan Flexible Equity Fund
- 47. Japan Small & MidCap Opportunities Fund
- 48. Latin American Fund
- 49. Natural Resources Growth & Income Fund
- 50. Next Generation Technology Fund
- 51. North American Equity Income Fund
- 52. Nutrition Fund
- 53. Pacific Equity Fund
- 54. Sustainable Energy Fund
- 55. Swiss Small & MidCap Opportunities Fund
- 56. United Kingdom Fund
- 57. US Basic Value Fund
- 58. US Dollar Bond Fund
- 59. US Dollar High Yield Bond Fund
- 60. US Dollar Reserve Fund
- 61. US Dollar Short Duration Bond Fund
- 62. US Flexible Equity Fund
- 63. US Government Mortgage Fund
- 64. US Growth Fund
- 65. US Small & MidCap Opportunities Fund
- 66. World Bond Fund
- 67. World Energy Fund
- 68. World Financials Fund
- 69. World Gold Fund

- 31. Fixed Income Global Opportunities Fund
- Future Of Transport Fund 32.
- Global Allocation Fund 33.
- 34. **Global Bond Income Fund**
- 35. Global Corporate Bond Fund 36. Global Dynamic Equity Fund
- 37. Global Enhanced Equity Yield Fund
- 38. Global Equity Income Fund
- 39. **Global Government Bond Fund**

- 70. World Healthscience Fund
- World Minina Fund 71.
- World Real Estate Securities Fund 72.
- World Technology Fund 73.
- Please note that the Prospectus is a global offering document and therefore also contains information of the following Funds which are not authorised by the SFC as of the date of this Document:
  - China Bond Fund 1.
  - 2. 3. European Focus Fund
  - ESG Emerging Markets Blended Bond Fund
  - 4. ESG Emerging Markets Bond Fund
  - 5. ESG Emerging Markets Corporate Bond Fund
- 6. ESG Emerging Markets Local Currency Bond Fund
- Global Conservative Income Fund 7.
- 8. Market Navigator Fund
- 9. Strategic Global Bond Fund

No offer shall be made to the public of Hong Kong in respect of the above unauthorised Funds. The issue of the Prospectus was authorised by the SFC only in relation to the offer of the above SFC-authorised Funds to the public of Hong Kong.

Intermediaries should take note of this restriction.

#### The Investment Advisers and Sub-Advisers

The list of Investment Advisers and Sub-Advisers to which the Management Company may delegate its investment management functions is set out in the section headed "Administrative Organisation - The Investment Advisers and Sub-Advisers" of the Prospectus. Investors may refer to the following list of Investment Adviser(s) and Sub-Adviser(s) who are eligible to exercise investment discretion on the above SFC-authorised Funds as of the date of this Document:

- 1. BlackRock Financial Management, Inc.
- 2. BlackRock Investment Management, LLC
- 3. BlackRock Investment Management (UK) Limited
- 4. BlackRock Investment Management (Australia) Limited
- 5. BlackRock Asset Management North Asia Limited
- 6. BlackRock Japan Co., Ltd.
- 7. BlackRock (Singapore) Limited

The Investment Adviser(s) and Sub-Adviser(s) managing an SFC-authorised Fund may be changed from time to time, without prior notice to the relevant Hong Kong shareholders, provided that such Investment Adviser(s) and Sub-Adviser(s) are from the current list of Investment Advisers and Sub-Advisers who are eligible to exercise investment discretion on the SFC-authorised Funds ("List of IA"). Prior approval will be sought from the SFC and at least one month's notice will be given to Hong Kong shareholders should there be any addition of Investment Adviser or Sub-Adviser to the List of IA. For any removal of Investment Adviser or Sub-Adviser from the List of IA, prior approval from the SFC will be sought and notice will be given to Hong Kong shareholders as soon as reasonably practicable.

The Management Company shall continue to have ongoing supervision and regular monitoring of the competence of its delegates to ensure that its accountability to investors is not diminished. Although the investment management function of the Management Company may be delegated to the Investment Advisers and Sub-Advisers, its responsibilities and obligations may not be delegated.

Details of the relevant Investment Adviser(s) and Sub-Adviser(s) responsible for a particular SFC-authorised Fund will be listed in the interim report and annual report of the Company and will be available from the Hong Kong Representative upon request.

#### **USE OF DERIVATIVES**

Each of the Funds may use derivatives for hedging, efficient portfolio management and investment purposes. These include swap contracts to adjust interest rate risk, currency derivatives to buy or sell currency risk, covered call options, credit default swaps to buy or sell credit risk and volatility derivatives to adjust volatility risk.

Under Article 11 of UCITS Directive 2007/16/EC, derivatives for efficient portfolio management shall be entered into for one or more of the following aims: (i) reduction of risk, (ii) reduction of cost, or (iii) generation of additional capital or income.

Except for the Relevant Funds, the Funds will not use FDI extensively or primarily for investment purposes. In an adverse situation, if the use of derivatives for hedging and efficient portfolio management becomes ineffective, the Funds may suffer significant losses.

For the purpose of Hong Kong-specific disclosure requirements, the Relevant Funds may use FDI for hedging and extensively for investment purposes.

FDI such as government bond futures and interest rate swaps may be used for hedging and mitigating interest rate risk. Foreign exchange forwards and futures may be used to minimise currency exposure. The Relevant Funds may also use FDI such as futures, foreign exchange derivatives, swaps and options extensively for investment purposes but is not limited to a particular strategy regarding the FDI usage.

Please refer to the Prospectus for the risk management measure used by each of the Relevant Funds to monitor and manage its global exposure and its expected level of leverage under the sum of notional approach. The expected maximum levels of leverage of the Relevant Funds in normal market conditions using the commitment approach are set out in the table below:

	Expected maximum level
	of leverage using the
	commitment approach
	(as a % of its Net Asset Value)
ESG Multi-Asset Fund	220%
Euro Bond Fund	75%
Euro Corporate Bond Fund	75%
Euro Short Duration Bond Fund	125%
Fixed Income Global Opportunities Fund	300%
Global Inflation Linked Bond Fund	99%
US Dollar Bond Fund	180%
US Dollar Short Duration Bond Fund	80%
US Government Mortgage Fund	160%

The expected level of leverage may be higher or lower in exceptional circumstances, for example when there are sudden movements in investment prices. The expected level of leverage is indicative and not a regulatory limit.

The level of leverage using the sum of notional approach is expressed as a ratio between the aggregate of the notional values of all FDI entered into by each of the Relevant Funds (including FDI that are used for hedging, efficient portfolio management and/or for investment purposes) and its Net Asset Value. The level of leverage using the commitment approach is expressed as a ratio between the market value of the equivalent position in the underlying assets of the FDI (taking into account the possible netting and hedging arrangements) and its Net Asset Value.

Certain FDI used by the Relevant Funds may be in respect of asset classes not correlated with the underlying securities positions held by the Relevant Funds such as FDI on currencies, inflation and indices.

Please refer to the sub-section headed "FDI Risks applicable to the Relevant Funds" under the section headed "Additional Risk Considerations" below for the risks associated with the use of FDI extensively for investment purposes.

#### ADDITIONAL INFORMATION ON SPECIFIC FUNDS

#### Funds with Asset Allocation Strategy

The performance of these Funds with asset allocation strategy is partially dependent on the success of the asset allocation strategy employed by these Funds. There is no assurance that the strategy employed by these Funds will be successful and therefore the investment objectives of these Funds may not be achieved. Please refer to the "Investment Objectives and Policies" section of the Prospectus for more information.

#### **ASEAN Leaders Fund**

The ASEAN Leaders Fund invests at least 70% of its total assets in stocks of companies based in, or with the majority of their business in, member countries of the ASEAN economic organisation at the time of investment. The Fund places particular emphasis on "leading" companies that, in the opinion of the Investment Adviser, have attained or exhibited potential to attain above average market share in the geography they operate, or in one or more products or services within its principal sector, or profitability or sales growth or superior returns.

#### Asian Growth Leaders Fund

The Asian Growth Leaders Fund places emphasis on sectors and "leading" companies that, in the opinion of the Investment Adviser, exhibit growth investment characteristics, such as above-average growth rates in earnings or sales and high or improving returns on capital. Such companies may also have attained or exhibited potential to attain above average market share in the geography they operate, or in one or more products or services within its principal sector. The Asian Growth Leaders Fund may invest up to 30% of its total assets in the PRC via the RQFII Quota and the Shanghai-Hong Kong Stock Connect and Shenzhen-Hong Kong Stock Connect ("Stock Connect") (as applicable). For the avoidance of doubt, it is expected that the Asian Growth Leaders Fund's investments in the PRC via the RQFII Quota and Stock Connect shall be **less than** 30% of the Fund's total assets.

#### Asian High Yield Bond Fund

The Asian High Yield Bond Fund seeks to maximise total return by investing at least 70% of its total assets in high yield (i.e. non-investment grade or unrated) fixed income securities denominated in various currencies and issued by governments and agencies of, and companies domiciled in, or exercising the predominant part of their economic activity in Asia. These may include the full range of fixed income securities such as bonds, bills and notes of all maturities, money market instruments, certificates of deposit, commercial paper and contingent convertible bonds.

The Fund has no particular industry/sector, currency of denomination or market capitalization focus regarding the underlying bonds. It is not anticipated that the Fund will invest more than 10% of its Net Asset Value in debt securities issued and/or guaranteed by any single sovereign currently rated non-investment grade or unrated.

Subject to applicable regulatory restrictions and internal guidelines and consistency with the Fund's objective, the remainder of the Fund's total assets may be invested in financial instruments of companies or issuers of any size in any sector of the economy globally such as equities and investment grade debt securities, provided that the Fund's investment in equities will be less than 30% of its Net Asset Value.

The proportion of the Fund's Net Asset Value that is expected to be subject to securities lending transactions from time to time ranges from 0% to 40% and will be consistent with the overall investment policy of the Fund.

#### Asian Multi-Asset Growth Fund

The Fund invests in the full spectrum of permitted investments including equities, equity-related securities, fixed income securities (including non-investment grade or unrated), collective investment schemes, cash, deposits and money market instruments.

The Asian Multi-Asset Growth Fund may invest up to 80% of its Net Asset Value in equities. In respect of the investment in equities, the Fund has no particular focus in terms of industry/sector or market capitalization.

The Fund may also invest up to 80% in fixed income securities. These may include the full range of fixed income securities such as bonds, bills and notes of all maturities, money market instruments, certificates of deposit and commercial paper, issued by companies, governments, government agencies or multi-national/supra-national organisations, as well as contingent convertible bonds.

The Fund adopts a flexible approach to asset allocation and provides a diversified multi-asset portfolio. The Fund takes into account macro-economic, country and sector views in determining its equity allocations and macro-economic, credit and interest rate views in determining its fixed income allocation.

#### **China A-Share Opportunities Fund**

The China A-Share Opportunities Fund may invest up to 100% of its Net Asset Value in the PRC via the Stock Connect and the RQFII guota allocated to the Fund.

Subject to applicable regulatory restrictions and internal guidelines, the remaining 30% may be invested in financial instruments of companies or issuers of any size in any sector of the economy globally such as equity securities and cash. As the Fund is an equity fund, it does not anticipate investing more than 10% of its Net Asset Value in debt securities.

#### China Flexible Equity Fund

The China Flexible Equity Fund will have a flexible allocation between onshore and offshore Chinese equity markets (including but not limited to H-shares, P-chips, Red-chips and American Depositary Receipts).

The Fund adopts a flexible management approach and focuses on fundamental analysis. The Fund may allocate 0% to 100% of its Net Asset Value in onshore Chinese equities and 0% to 100% of its Net Asset Value in offshore Chinese equities. In deciding between onshore and offshore Chinese equities, the Fund looks at a number of factors, such as market conditions, unique exposure, relative opportunity, valuation, and liquidity.

The Fund may invest up to 100% of its Net Asset Value in the PRC via the Stock Connect and the RQFII quota allocated to the Fund.

Subject to applicable regulatory restrictions and internal guidelines, the remaining 30% may be invested in financial instruments of companies or issuers of any size in any sector of the economy globally such as equity securities and cash. As the Fund is an equity fund, it does not anticipate investing more than 10% of its Net Asset Value in debt securities.

#### Dynamic High Income Fund

The Dynamic High Income Fund follows a flexible asset allocation policy that seeks to provide a high level of income. In order to generate high levels of income the Dynamic High Income Fund will seek diversified income sources across a variety of asset classes, investing at least 70% of the Fund's assets in income producing assets such as fixed income securities (which may from time to time comprise up to 100% of the Fund's Net Asset Value and include the full range of fixed income securities, which may be fixed and floating and may be investment grade, non-investment grade or unrated, such as bonds, bills and notes of all maturities, money market instruments, certificates of deposit and commercial paper, issued by companies, governments, government agencies or multi-national/supra-national organisations, as well as asset-backed securities, mortgage-backed securities and contingent convertible bonds), equities (which may from time to time comprise up to 100% of the Fund's Net Asset Value and include the full range of equity securities, such as preference shares and equity-related securities), units of collective investment schemes, covered call options and cash deposits.

The Fund will use a variety of investment strategies and may invest globally in the full spectrum of permitted investments. The Fund adopts a flexible approach to asset allocation and provides a diversified multi-asset portfolio. The Fund takes into account macro-economic, country and sector views in determining its equity allocations and macro-economic, credit and interest rate views in determining its fixed income allocation. The Fund has no particular focus in terms of industry/sector, geographical region or market capitalisation in the selection of any of its investments.

It is not anticipated that the Fund will invest more than 10% of its Net Asset Value in debt securities issued and/or guaranteed by any single sovereign currently rated non-investment grade or unrated.

#### ESG Multi-Asset Fund

The ESG Multi-Asset Fund may invest up to 80% of its assets in equities; up to 80% in fixed income; up to 20% in cash and cash equivalents; and up to 20% in alternative investments (including hedge funds and/or commodities). The Fund adopts a flexible approach to asset allocation, driven by proprietary macroeconomic research on equity, bond, currency markets and alternative investments. The Investment Adviser compares current valuations to its own analysis of the economic cycle to determine whether its estimated returns are more or less optimistic than the consensus. In order to generate returns in a risk-controlled manner, the Investment Adviser monitors factors outside its basic cycle-valuation framework, including investor sentiment and positioning.

#### **European High Yield Bond Fund**

The European High Yield Bond Fund invests at least 70% of its total assets in high yield (i.e. non-investment grade or unrated) fixed income securities denominated in various currencies and issued by governments and government agencies of, and companies and supranationals domiciled in, or the main business of which is in, Europe. These may include the full range of fixed income securities such as bonds, bills and notes of all maturities, money market instruments, certificates of deposit, commercial paper and contingent convertible bonds.

The Fund has no particular industry/sector, currency of denomination or market capitalization focus regarding the underlying bonds. It is not anticipated that the Fund will invest more than 10% of its Net Asset Value in debt securities issued and/or guaranteed by any single sovereign currently rated non-investment grade or unrated.

Subject to applicable regulatory restrictions and internal guidelines and consistency with the Fund's objective, the remainder of the Fund's total assets may be invested in financial instruments of companies or issuers of any size in any sector of the economy globally such as equities and investment grade debt securities, provided that no more than 10% of the Fund's assets will be invested in equities.

The proportion of the Fund's Net Asset Value that is expected to be subject to securities lending transactions from time to time ranges from 0% to 40% and will be consistent with the overall investment policy of the Fund.

#### FinTech Fund

The FinTech Fund will not invest directly in cryptocurrency. However, it may invest in companies that are involved in providing cryptocurrency-related products or services such as trading platforms or exchanges.

Subject to applicable regulatory restrictions and internal guidelines, the remaining 30% may be invested in financial instruments of companies or issuers of any size in any sector of the economy globally such as equity securities consistent with the Fund's objective and cash.

#### Future Of Transport Fund

Subject to applicable regulatory restrictions and internal guidelines, the remaining 30% may be invested in financial instruments of companies or issuers of any size in any sector of the economy globally such as equity securities consistent with the Fund's objective and cash.

#### **Global Allocation Fund**

The Global Allocation Fund may invest up to 100% of its assets in equities; and up to 100% in fixed income and money market instruments. The Fund adopts a fully managed investment policy, varying from time to time the combination of United States and non-US equity securities, debt and money market securities, both with respect to types of securities and markets, in response to changing market conditions and economic trends. In deciding between equity and debt investments, the Fund looks at a number of factors, such as the relative opportunity for capital appreciation, capital recovery risk, dividend yields and the level of interest rates paid on debt securities of different maturities.

#### Global Bond Income Fund

Subject to applicable regulatory restrictions and internal guidelines, the remaining 30% may be invested in financial instruments of companies or issuers of any size in any sector of the economy globally such as debt and other securities consistent with the Fund's objective, provided that no more than 10% of the Fund's total assets will be invested in equities.

#### Global Long-Horizon Equity Fund

The Global Long-Horizon Equity Fund may invest in equity securities that, in the opinion of the Investment Adviser, have a sustainable competitive advantage and will typically be held over a long-term horizon.

#### Global Multi-Asset Income Fund

The Global Multi-Asset Income Fund may invest up to 80% in equities; up to 80% in fixed income; up to 20% in alternative investments (including other collective investment schemes); up to 20% in cash and cash equivalents; and up to 15% in commodities. The Fund uses fundamental analysis within flexible asset allocation approach. Economic/earnings cycles and valuations are the main drivers behind asset class returns over the medium-term, although other factors, including investor sentiment, influence investment decisions particularly over short periods. The Fund compares income opportunities and expected returns across asset classes in order to target a consistent level of income and to balance this with the potential for capital appreciation over the long-term.

#### Next Generation Technology Fund

Subject to applicable regulatory restrictions and internal guidelines, the remaining 30% may be invested in financial instruments of companies or issuers of any size in any sector of the economy globally such as equity securities consistent with the Fund's objective and cash.

#### North American Equity Income Fund

The North American Equity Income Fund invests at least 70% of its total assets in stocks of companies based in, or with the majority of their business in, the US and Canada.

Subject to applicable regulatory restrictions and internal guidelines, the remaining 30% may be invested in financial instruments of companies or issuers of any size in any sector of the economy globally such as equity securities and cash. As the Fund is an equity fund, it does not anticipate investing more than 10% of its Net Asset Value in debt securities.

#### US Dollar Reserve Fund and Euro Reserve Fund

The US Dollar Reserve Fund and Euro Reserve Fund (collectively, the "**Reserve Funds**") seek to maximise current income consistent with preservation of capital and liquidity. However, investors should note that these Funds do not provide any guarantees of return and negative returns may be generated under certain circumstances. The purchase of Shares in the Reserve Funds is not the same as placing funds on deposit with a bank or deposit-taking company, the Reserve Funds have no obligation to redeem the Shares at the subscription value and they are not subject to the supervision of the Hong Kong Monetary Authority.

The Reserve Funds (i) may invest in financial derivative instruments for hedging purposes only; (ii) may enter into repurchase/reverse repurchase transactions for efficient portfolio management purposes only; (iii) may engage in securities lending transactions and (iv) do not invest in any synthetic asset backed securities (which are securities whose income is derived from financial derivative instruments on a pool of reference assets).

#### World Real Estate Securities Fund

The World Real Estate Securities Fund invests globally at least 70% of its total assets in stocks of companies whose predominant economic activity is in the real estate sector. This may include residential and/or commercial real estate focused companies as well as real estate operating companies and real estate holding companies (for example, listed real estate investment trusts). The Fund's investments will be unrestricted in terms of market capitalisation or geographical region and the Fund may invest more than 30% of its Net Asset Value in stocks of companies listed in the United States.

Subject to applicable regulatory restrictions and internal guidelines, the remaining 30% may be invested in financial instruments of companies or issuers of any size in any sector of the economy globally such as equity securities and cash. As the Fund is an equity fund, it does not anticipate investing more than 10% of its Net Asset Value in debt securities.

The Fund is not authorised by the SFC under the SFC's Code on Real Estate Investment Trusts but is authorised under the Code on Unit Trusts and Mutual Funds. SFC authorisation is not a recommendation or endorsement of a product nor does it guarantee the commercial merits of a product or its performance. It does not mean the product is suitable for all investors nor is it an endorsement of its suitability for any particular investor or class of investors.

#### **RQFII** Investments

As of the date of this Document, the RQFII Quota has been allocated to the RQFII Access Funds and accordingly, the Management Company has obtained the PRC Legal Opinion referred to in the "**RQFII Investments**" section of the Prospectus.

In respect of the RQFII Access Funds, the Depositary has put in place proper arrangements to ensure that:

- i. the Depositary takes into its custody or under its control the assets of the RQFII Access Funds, including onshore PRC assets which will be maintained by the RQFII Custodian via the securities account(s) with the relevant depositories and any assets deposited in the cash account(s) with the RQFII Custodian, and holds the same in trust for the shareholders;
- ii. cash and registrable assets of the RQFII Access Funds, including assets deposited in the securities account(s) with the relevant depositories and cash of the RQFII Access Funds deposited in the cash account(s) with or otherwise held by the RQFII Custodian, are registered in the name of or held to the order of the Depositary; and
- iii. the RQFII Custodian will look to the Depositary (directly or indirectly) for instructions and solely act in accordance with the Depositary's instructions, save as otherwise required under applicable regulations.

#### **RISK MANAGEMENT PROCESS**

The Management Company performs the risk management function and leverages the resources of the Risk and Quantitative Analysis team of BlackRock Group. This is described in the Risk Management Process document that covers market risk, liquidity risk, counterparty risk and operational risk. This function is independent from other business areas, reporting into the Chief Risk Officer of the BlackRock Group. Policies and procedures are in place to ensure that all applicable risks pertaining to the Management Company and to the Relevant Funds can be identified, measured, monitored, controlled and reported at all times. It includes, but is not limited to, the following activities:

- Implementing the risk management policy and procedures;
- Ensuring compliance with risk limits, including regulatory limits monitored using the Value at Risk model;
- Providing regular reports on the current levels of risk in each fund, compliance with relevant risk limits, and the effectiveness of the risk management process;
- Confirming that remedial measures required to address any deficiencies were taken; and
- Reviewing the valuation of OTC derivatives.

Investors may contact the Hong Kong Representative for further information about the risk management process.

#### LIQUIDITY RISK MANAGEMENT

Liquidity risk is the risk that a particular position cannot be easily unwound or offset due to insufficient market depth or market disruption; or that a Fund's financial obligations (such as investor redemptions) cannot be met. An inability to sell a particular investment or portion of a Fund's assets may have a negative impact to the value of the relevant Fund and to the Fund's ability to meet its investment objectives. Additionally, an inability to sell Fund assets may have negative implications for investors being able to redeem in a timely fashion, and also to investors who remain invested in the Fund.

The Management Company has established a Liquidity Risk Management Policy which enables it to identify, monitor and manage the liquidity risks of the Funds. Such policy, combined with the liquidity management tools available, seeks to achieve fair treatment

of shareholders and safeguard the interests of remaining shareholders against the redemption behaviour of other investors and mitigate against systemic risk.

The Management Company's Liquidity Risk Management Policy is appropriate for each Fund's specific characteristics and takes into account the relevant Fund's liquidity terms, asset class liquidity, liquidity tools and regulatory requirements.

#### Tools to Manage Liquidity Risk

Under the Liquidity Risk Management Policy, tools available to manage liquidity risk include the following:

- The Management Company may adjust the Net Asset Value per Share for a Fund in order to reduce the effect of "dilution" and apply the dealing costs to transacting investors.
- A Fund may borrow up to 10% of its total net assets on a temporary basis.
- The Company will not be bound to redeem or convert on any one Dealing Day more than 10% of the value of Shares of all Share Classes of a Fund then in issue or deemed to be in issue.
- Payment of an amount to a single shareholder in excess of USD500,000 may be deferred for up to seven Business Days beyond the normal settlement date.
- The Management Company may, subject to the prior consent of a shareholder, effect a payment of redemption proceeds in specie by allocating to the shareholder investments from the portfolio of the relevant Fund equal in value to the price of the relevant Shares to be redeemed.
- The Company may compulsorily redeem all Shares of the Company or the Shares of any Share Class if the Net Asset Value of the Company or the relevant Fund falls below certain thresholds.
- Where the value of certain assets is not ascertainable by normal valuation methods or if the Directors consider that some other method of valuation more accurately reflects the fair value of such assets, the method of valuation will be such as the Directors in their absolute discretion decide.
- The Management Company may suspend the valuation of any Share Class of a Fund in certain circumstances.

Further details of the above tools can be found in Appendix A and Appendix B of the Prospectus.

#### Liquidity Risk Management Policy and Framework

The Management Company relies on the relevant Investment Adviser to the Funds and the independent risk management team to implement the Liquidity Risk Management Policy. The risk management team uses a liquidity risk management framework to monitor and manage liquidity risk of each Fund. Under this framework the Investment Adviser and risk management team consider liquidity of holdings; market liquidity and cost to transact in various market conditions; and ability to meet redemptions and respond to outsized flows. Portfolio liquidity and redemption risk are regularly assessed using different qualitative and quantitative indicators. Key metrics that may be used to measure and monitor liquidity risk include liquidity tiers, projected fund flows and redemption forecasting models. The need for and availability of potential backup liquidity sources are evaluated and operational feasibility of processes to execute extraordinary measures to meet redemptions is considered. Any significantly adverse results are reported to senior management and to the Directors.

This framework enables the risk management team to assess, review and decide, in conjunction with the Investment Adviser and Management Company, any necessary course of action at short notice to deal with large redemptions or structurally stressed market conditions, via employing one or more of the tools outlined above. Investors should note that there is a risk that the tools may be ineffective to manage liquidity and redemption risk.

#### HONG KONG REPRESENTATIVE

The representative of the Company in Hong Kong (the "Hong Kong Representative") is BlackRock Asset Management North Asia Limited 貝萊德資產管理北亞有限公司, 16<sup>th</sup> Floor Champion Tower, 3 Garden Road, Central, Hong Kong. Copies in English of the Company's Articles of Association and material contracts entered into between the Company and its functionaries (as varied or substituted from time to time) are available for inspection free of charge during usual business hours on any weekday (Saturdays and Public Holidays excepted) at the Hong Kong Representative's office. English and Chinese copies of the Prospectus and English copies of the annual report and interim report are available, without charge, from the Hong Kong Representative.

Shareholders may contact the Hong Kong Representative at the above address or at +852 3903-2688 if they have any queries or complaints in respect of the Company. Depending on the nature of an enquiry/complaint, it will be dealt with either by the Hong Kong Representative directly, or referred to the Management Company for further handling as soon as practicable.

#### AVAILABILITY

Class A Distributing and Non-Distributing Shares are available in Hong Kong through third party distributors. Unless otherwise requested, all Class A Shares will be issued as registered shares.

Class C Shares are available as Distributing and Non-Distributing Shares through certain third party distributors at the discretion of the Management Company. Class C Shares are available as registered shares only.

Class D Shares are available as Distributing and Non-Distributing Shares through certain third party distributors at the discretion of the Management Company. Unless otherwise requested, all Class D Shares will be issued as registered shares.

Classes AI, DD, E, I, J, S, SI, X and Z shares are not available to the public in Hong Kong.

To the extent permitted by the Prospectus, the Investment Advisers may employ techniques and instruments from time to time intended to provide protection against movements of one currency versus other currencies. Further, hedged versions of Classes A, C and D Shares

are available to Hong Kong resident holders of Shares denominated in the additional Dealing Currency of the Funds as listed in Appendix A.

Additional Hedged Share Classes may, at the Directors' discretion, be made available in other Funds and in other currencies. Please note that BRL Hedged Share Classes are not currently available for purchase by the Hong Kong public.

Distributing (S) Shares and Distributing (R) Shares distribute income gross of expenses and may pay dividends out of capital (including net realised and net unrealised capital gains) of that Share Class at the Directors' discretion. For the avoidance of doubt, Distributing (Y) Shares are not available to the public in Hong Kong and the launch of this Share Class does not have any impact on existing shareholders in Hong Kong.

More information about the Dealing Currencies, Hedged Share Classes, Distributing and Non-Distributing Share Classes available in Hong Kong as of the date of this Document is set out in Appendix A. The Directors may, at their discretion, offer new share classes in any of the SFC-authorised Funds, investors may obtain up-to-date information from the registered office of the Company and from the Investor Servicing team.

#### **RISK CONSIDERATIONS**

To the best knowledge of the Directors, the Prospectus sets out the risks that they are aware of pertaining to the Funds and the risks that an investor should be aware of in assessing the Funds. Investors should note that the Funds are exposed to various risks depending on their respective investment policies. Potential investors should consider the risks involved prior to investing in the Company to determine whether an investment in the Company is suitable to them.

#### ADDITIONAL RISK CONSIDERATIONS

#### **Risk of Termination**

The circumstances where a particular Fund may be terminated are summarised under paragraph 9 of Appendix B of the Prospectus. In the event of the termination of a Fund, such Fund would have to distribute to the shareholders their pro rata interest in the assets of the Fund. It is possible that at the time of such sale or distribution, certain investments held by the relevant Fund might be worth less than the initial cost of such investments, resulting in a loss to the shareholders. Moreover, any organisational expenses with regard to the relevant Fund which have not been fully amortised would be debited against the Fund's capital at the time of termination.

#### **Transfer of Collateral**

Referring to the risks set out under the heading "**Transfer of Collateral**" in the sub-section headed "**Derivatives**" under the "**Risk Considerations**" section in the Prospectus, investors should note that in the event of insolvency, bankruptcy or default of the counterparty under a collateral arrangement, the Fund may become an unsecured creditor and may not be able to recover the collateral. Consequently, the Fund may incur a loss or expenses in recovering its assets.

#### **Risks associated with Fixed Income Securities**

In addition to the risks set out in the sub-section headed "Fixed Income Transferable Securities" under the "Specific Risk Considerations" section in the Prospectus, investors should note that a Fund investing in fixed income securities may be subject to the following risks:

Interest rate risk

A Fund investing in fixed income securities may be subject to interest rate risk. In general, the prices of fixed income securities rise when interest rates fall, whilst their prices fall when interest rates rise.

• Volatility and liquidity risk

The debt securities in certain countries or regions may be subject to higher volatility and lower liquidity compared to more developed markets. The prices of securities traded in such markets may be subject to fluctuations. The bid and offer spreads of the price of such securities may be large and the Fund may incur significant trading costs.

Valuation risk

Valuation of a Fund's investments may involve uncertainties and judgmental determinations. If such valuation turns out to be incorrect, this may affect the Net Asset Value calculation of the Fund.

• Credit rating risk

Credit ratings assigned by rating agencies are subject to limitations and do not guarantee the creditworthiness of the security and/or issuer at all times.

#### **Risks associated with Preference Shares**

Certain Funds may invest in preference shares. Preference shareholders do not have the same ownership rights in the company as common shareholders. The lack of voting rights means the company is not beholden to preferred shareholders the way it is to equity shareholders. Although preference shares have a fixed dividend that must be paid before any dividends can be paid to common shareholders, such fixed dividend may become less of a bargain to the relevant Fund when interest rates rise. Also, even when the earnings of the relevant company are high, a Fund's investment in preference shares may not give the relevant Fund additional return due to the fixed dividend. The value of a Fund investing in preference shares may therefore be adversely affected.

#### **Risk associated with Call Options**

Certain Funds may invest in covered call options. A covered call option is an agreement that gives the buyer the right (but not the obligation) to exercise the option at strike price within a specific timeframe. For the writer (seller) of a call option that is cash settled, it represents an obligation to meet a payment (based on the difference between the current market price of the security or index and the strike price of the option) if the option is exercised by the buyer. There are risks associated with selling covered call options. The relevant

Fund as the seller of a covered call option gives up the opportunity for gain on the underlying instrument in respect of the option above the exercise price of the option. The value of a Fund may be adversely affected as a result.

#### Sovereign Debt Risk

Investment in bonds issued or guaranteed by governments or authorities may involve political, economic, default, or other risks, which may in turn have an adverse impact on the Funds. Due to these factors, the sovereign issuers may not be able or willing to repay the principal and/or interest when due.

Holders of defaulting sovereign debt may be requested to participate in the restructuring of such debt. In addition, there may be limited legal recourses available against the sovereign issuer in case of failure of or delay in repayment.

The Fund may have exposure to Eurozone sovereign debts. In light of the fiscal conditions of certain European countries, the Fund may be subject to a number of increased risks arising from a potential crisis in the Eurozone (such as volatility, liquidity, price and currency risks). The performance of the Fund could deteriorate should there be any adverse events in the Eurozone (e.g. downgrade of sovereign credit ratings, default of one or more European countries, or even break-up of the Eurozone).

#### Non-Investment Grade Risks

In addition to the risks set out in the sub-section headed "Fixed Income Transferable Securities" under the "Specific Risk Considerations" section in the Prospectus, investors should note that investing in non-investment grade bonds, including sovereign debts, may subject the Funds to higher credit/default risks. If the issuer of the bond defaults, or if the non-investment grade bonds fall in value, investors may suffer significant losses. Non-investment grade bonds tend to be more volatile, and the market for these bonds is generally less liquid, than investment grade bonds and adverse events or market conditions may have a larger negative impact on the prices of non-investment grade bonds.

#### **Currency Risks**

If a Fund's investment objectives states that "currency exposure is flexibly managed", then pursuant to the risks set out under the heading "Currency Overlay Strategies" in the sub-section headed "Derivatives" under the "Risk Considerations" section in the Prospectus, investors should note that these Funds may utilise techniques and instruments (e.g. currency overlays) in relation to currencies other than the base currency with the aim of generating positive returns. Any active currency management techniques implemented by the Fund may not be correlated with the underlying securities held by the Fund. As a result, the relevant Fund may suffer significant losses even if there is no loss to the value of the underlying securities held by the Fund.

#### FDI Risks applicable to the Relevant Funds

Risks associated with FDI include counterparty/credit risk, liquidity risk, valuation risk, volatility risk and market risk. The leverage effect of FDI can result in a loss significantly greater than the amount invested and extensive exposure to FDI may lead to a significant loss by the Relevant Funds.

Certain Relevant Funds may have commitment leverage of more than 100% of its Net Asset Value. This may magnify the potential impact of any negative change in the value of underlying assets on those Relevant Funds and may also increase the volatility of their price and may lead to significant losses.

Certain FDI such as FDI on currencies, inflation and indices may be uncorrelated with the underlying securities held by the Relevant Funds. In this regard the Relevant Funds may suffer significant losses notwithstanding that there may be no loss in respect of the underlying securities positions held by the Relevant Funds.

#### **Geographical Concentration Risks**

The following Funds' investments are concentrated in specific geographical locations. This may result in greater volatility than more broad-based investments. The value of these Funds may be more susceptible to adverse economic, political, policy, foreign exchange, liquidity, tax, legal or regulatory event affecting the relevant geographical locations:

ASEAN Leaders Fund, Asia Pacific Equity Income Fund, Asian Dragon Fund, Asian Growth Leaders Fund, Asian High Yield Bond Fund, Asian Multi-Asset Growth Fund, Asian Tiger Bond Fund, China Flexible Equity Fund, China A-Share Opportunities Fund, China Fund, Continental European Flexible Fund, Emerging Europe Fund, Euro Bond Fund, Euro Corporate Bond Fund, Euro Reserve Fund, Euro Short Duration Bond Fund, Euro-Markets Fund, European Equity Income Fund, European High Yield Bond Fund, European Fund, European Special Situations Fund, European Value Fund, India Fund, Japan Flexible Equity Fund, Japan Small & MidCap Opportunities Fund, Usingdom Fund, US Basic Value Fund, US Dollar Bond Fund, US Dollar High Yield Bond Fund, US Dollar Reserve Fund, US Dollar Short Duration Bond Fund, US Flexible Equity Fund, US Government Mortgage Fund, US Growth Fund and US Small & MidCap Opportunities Fund.

#### Risk relating to a Dynamic Asset Allocation Strategy

A Fund may adopt a dynamic asset allocation strategy and its investments may be periodically rebalanced and therefore such Fund may incur greater transaction costs than a fund with static allocation strategy.

#### Currency Conversion Risks for Investments in RMB and RMB Denominated Share Classes

A Fund will need to convert cash (at the applicable exchange rate and subject to the applicable spread) into or out of RMB in the following circumstances:

- Conversion of RMB settled subscriptions into another currency for investment.
- Conversion of cash in a Fund into RMB for the purposes of settling RMB settled redemptions.
- Conversion of available RMB into another currency in the course of investing.

• Conversion of available cash into RMB in the course of investing.

Such transactions could incur considerable currency conversion costs. Further, as RMB is not freely convertible and is subject to exchange controls and restrictions, currency conversion is subject to availability of RMB at the relevant time. A Fund may not be able to invest according to its intended strategy in the event that there is insufficient RMB available to it.

Non-RMB based investors are exposed to foreign exchange risk and there is no guarantee that the value of RMB against the investors' home currency will not depreciate. Any depreciation of RMB could adversely affect the value of investors' investment in the RMB denominated Share Classes.

Under exceptional circumstances, payment of realisation proceeds and/or dividend payment (if any) in RMB may be delayed due to the exchange controls and restrictions applicable to RMB.

For non-hedged RMB Share Classes, depending on the exchange rate movements of RMB relative to the Base Currency of a Fund and/or other currency(ies) of the non-RMB-denominated underlying investments of the Fund, investors may suffer losses even if there are gains or no losses in the value of the non-RMB-denominated underlying investment or may suffer additional losses if the non-RMB-denominated underlying investment or may suffer additional losses if the non-RMB-denominated underlying investment or may suffer additional losses if the non-RMB-denominated underlying investment or may suffer additional losses if the non-RMB-denominated underlying investment or may suffer additional losses if the non-RMB-denominated underlying investments of the Fund fall in value.

For hedged RMB Share Classes, the costs of the hedging transactions will be reflected in the Net Asset Value of the Hedged Share Classes and therefore, investors will have to bear the associated hedging costs, which may be significant depending on prevailing market conditions. If the counterparties of the instruments used for hedging purpose default, investors of the Hedged Share Classes may be exposed to RMB currency exchange risk on an unhedged basis and may therefore suffer further losses. Furthermore, there is no guarantee that the hedging strategy will be effective and investors may still be subject to the RMB currency exchange risk for non-hedged RMB Share Classes. Investors of the Hedged Share Classes will also not benefit from any potential gain in value if the Fund's Base Currency and/or other currency(ies) of non-RMB-denominated underlying investments of the Fund rise(s) against RMB.

RMB is traded in both the onshore and offshore markets. While both CNY and CNH represent the same currency, they are traded in different and separate markets which operate independently. Therefore CNY and CNH do not necessarily have the same exchange rate and their movement may not be in the same direction. When converting the Base Currency of a Fund to RMB for the purposes of calculating the Net Asset Value of a Share Class with a RMB reference currency, the Management Company will apply the CNH rate. Any divergence between CNH and CNY may adversely impact investors.

Investors should refer to the sub-section headed "Renminbi Currency and Conversion Risks" under the "Specific Risk Considerations" section and the sub-section headed "Hedged Share Classes" under the "Classes and Forms of Shares" section in the Prospectus for further details.

#### Risks associated with the Technology Sector

A Fund's investments in companies in the technology sector are likely to be affected by world-wide rapid technological developments. Such investments are also likely to be affected by government policies and regulations, environmental concerns, taxes, price and supply changes. The products or services of technology companies may rapidly fall into obsolescence (or may be dependent on technologies which rapidly fall into obsolescence) and so the value of the securities of these companies be negatively impacted as a result.

Companies that generate revenues from technology companies are heavily dependent on patent and intellectual property rights and/or licences, the loss or impairment of which may adversely affect profitability. Companies in these sectors may face dramatic and often unpredictable changes in growth rates and competition among the companies themselves and for the services of qualified personnel). These factors are likely to have a greater impact on the companies focusing on new and emerging technology. Also, such companies are subject to cyber security risks which may cause issues like system breakdown, suspension of offering of products or services, loss or misuse of corporate or personal data, etc., and result in undesirable legal, financial, operational and reputational consequences. All of these may have an adverse impact on the value of the Fund's investments.

Technologies are also used and applied to transport. The growing concern of environmental impacts of transportation, for example, the level of carbon emission, may cause an increase in costs in and tighter regulatory scrutiny over the transport technology sector. A Fund investing in companies involved in transport technologies may therefore be adversely affected.

#### SPECIFIC RISK CONSIDERATIONS

For the purpose of Hong Kong-specific disclosure requirements, investors should note that the following additional specific risk warnings are applicable to each of the Funds in addition to those set out in the tables under the "**Specific Risk Considerations**" section in the Prospectus:

#### Risk to Capital Growth

- Asian Tiger Bond Fund, Emerging Markets Bond Fund, Emerging Markets Local Currency Bond Fund, Fixed Income Global Opportunities Fund, Global Bond Income Fund, Global Corporate Bond Fund, Global High Yield Bond Fund, US Dollar Bond Fund, US Government Mortgage Fund and World Bond Fund.

#### **Emerging Markets**

- Continental European Flexible Fund, European Equity Income Fund, European Fund, European Special Situations Fund, European Value Fund and Global Inflation Linked Bond Fund.

#### Sovereign Debt

Euro Corporate Bond Fund.

#### Liquidity Risk

Asian Tiger Bond Fund, Emerging Markets Bond Fund and Emerging Markets Corporate Bond Fund.

### Investment in High Yield Debt Securities

 Asian High Yield Bond Fund, Asian Tiger Bond Fund, Dynamic High Income Fund, Emerging Markets Bond Fund, Emerging Markets Corporate Bond Fund, Emerging Markets Local Currency Bond Fund, Fixed Income Global Opportunities Fund, ESG Multi-Asset Fund, Global Allocation Fund, Global High Yield Bond Fund, Global Multi-Asset Income Fund and US Dollar High Yield Bond Fund.

#### **Portfolio Concentration Risks**

- Next Generation Technology Fund

### UNDERWRITING OFFERINGS

In accordance with Chapter 10.9 of the SFC's Code on Unit Trusts and Mutual Funds (and notwithstanding that no such requirement exists under the applicable Luxembourg regulation(s)), the Funds may only underwrite or sub-underwrite certain offerings from time to time through the Investment Advisers with the prior consent of the Depositary.

#### SECURITIES LENDING

Any net income (net of any remuneration to which the Company's securities lending agent is entitled) deriving from securities lending to which the Company is entitled will be reinvested in the Company.

The remuneration paid to the Company's securities lending agent will be a maximum of 37.5% of net revenue deriving from securities lending.

#### **REPO TRANSACTIONS**

The Company may enter into repo transactions directly or indirectly through agents. These agents may include affiliates (for instance, the Investment Advisers) of the Company. There are currently no income sharing arrangements with these agents in respect of the repo transactions. All incremental incomes generated from such transactions will be accrued to the relevant Fund.

#### **CROSS-TRADES**

Cross-trades between Funds and/or other funds managed by the Management Company or its affiliates may be undertaken where the Management Company considers that, as part of its portfolio management, cross-trades between such Funds or funds would be in the best interests of the shareholders to achieve the investment objective and policy of the relevant Fund. By conducting cross-trades, the Management Company may achieve trading efficiencies and savings for the benefit of the shareholders.

In conducting transactions, such cross-trades will be executed on arm's length terms at current market value and the reason for such trades shall be documented prior to execution, in accordance with the SFC's Fund Manager Code of Conduct.

## INVESTMENT IN OTHER FUNDS IN THE COMPANY, UCITS AND/OR OTHER UCIS

When a Fund invests in any underlying Funds, UCITs or other UCIs, the Management Company, the Investment Adviser and the Sub-Adviser may not obtain a rebate on any fees or charges levied by such underlying Funds, UCITs or UCIs or their management companies.

## FEES AND EXPENSES

Subject to the approval of the Board of Directors, the combined management fee and Administration Fee for any Fund may be increased up to a maximum of 2.25% by giving shareholders at least three months prior notice. Any increase to the combined management fee and Administration Fee above this level would require approval of shareholders at a general meeting. At least one month's notice will be given to shareholders of any increase in the rates of other fees and charges specified in the Prospectus, unless prior shareholder consent is required under the Company's Articles when at least one month's notice will be given from the date of such consent.

The Company will pay the fees and out-of-pocket expenses of the Hong Kong Representative for ensuring compliance with the relevant laws and regulations in Hong Kong and for acting as the Hong Kong Representative. The Management Company may pay the Hong Kong Representative a proportion of the initial charge in respect of applications from residents of Hong Kong.

Advertising and promotion expenses in connection with the Company will not be paid by its assets.

References to "distribution fee" under the section headed "Fees, Charges and Expenses – Distribution Fees" of the Prospectus refer to a shareholders services fee paid to distributor for providing services such as maintaining records of clients accounts, issuing and delivering periodic account statements to clients.

#### Launch Expenses for New Funds

The expenses incurred in the establishment of each new Fund is estimated to amount to USD10,000 per Fund. The expenses relating to the establishment of these Funds will be amortised over three years. These expenses will be split according to the number of shares in issue at the time of amortisation.

If a Fund is closed at a time when any expenses previously allocated to that Fund have not been amortised in full, the Directors shall determine how the outstanding expenses should be treated and may, where appropriate, decide that the outstanding expenses should be met by the Fund as a liquidation expense.

## **PUBLICATION OF PRICES**

Prices of Classes A, C and D Shares for all Funds are normally published daily on Bloomberg, on Reuters page BLRKIA and on www.blackrock.com/hk.

In the section headed "**Dealing in Fund Shares**" of the Prospectus, it is disclosed that the applicable Net Asset Value per Share may be rounded to up to four decimal places. Investors should note that this is only a flexibility and currently the Net Asset Value per Share is rounded to two decimal places for most currencies. Shareholders will be notified before any change is to be implemented.

## HOW TO INVEST

Application, conversion and redemption instructions must be received by the Company's Hong Kong Representative before 6.00 p.m. (Hong Kong time) on any business day in Hong Kong, unless specifically agreed otherwise with the Hong Kong Representative, in order to be accepted by the Transfer Agent or the Investor Servicing team for that day's dealing (provided that it is also a bank business day in Luxembourg).

The Transfer Agent or the Investor Servicing team will promptly confirm transactions by dispatching a confirmation note to the applicant.

#### **APPLICATIONS**

For your initial investment, carefully read the contents of the Prospectus and this Document, complete an Application Form and return the Form, with a copy of your telegraphic transfer instructions and a photocopy of your identification card or passport, to the Hong Kong Representative at 16<sup>th</sup> Floor Champion Tower, 3 Garden Road, Central, Hong Kong, Telephone: +852 3903-2688. Payment may only be made by telegraphic transfer; payment by cheque, banker's draft or cash will not be accepted.

The Hong Kong Representative has no authority to agree on behalf of the Company that applications will be accepted or to bind the Company to issue Shares at any particular price. You may make your subsequent applications in writing, or by fax followed in each case by written confirmation. Details of minimum subscriptions are set out in the section headed "**Application for Shares – Minimum Subscription**" of the Prospectus and details of the current minima are also available from the Hong Kong Representative. Further details on the application process are set out in the section headed "**Application for Shares – Minimum Subscription**" of the Prospectus and details of the current minima are also available from the Hong Kong Representative. Further details on the application process are set out in the section headed "**Application for Shares – Settlement** in cleared funds net of bank charges must be made within the time periods set out in the section headed "**Application for Shares – Settlement**" of the Prospectus unless otherwise specified in the contract note in cases where the standard settlement date is a public holiday for the currency of settlement. Telegraphic transfers should be made to the relevant accounts set out in the section headed "**Summary of Subscription Procedure and Payment Instructions**" of the Prospectus.

## FOREIGN EXCHANGE TRANSACTIONS

An investor may by prior arrangement with the Transfer Agent or the Investor Servicing team, provide the Transfer Agent with any major freely convertible currency and the Transfer Agent will arrange the necessary currency exchange transactions. The cost of foreign exchange transactions will be borne by the Investor.

#### ANTI-DILUTION ADJUSTMENT

As disclosed in under the section headed "**Net Asset Value and Price Determination**" in Appendix B of the Prospectus, the Directors may adjust the Net Asset Value of a Fund in order to reduce the effect of "dilution" on that Fund.

Investors should note that the magnitude of the adjustment will vary depending on which threshold is triggered. Specifically, each threshold set by the Directors for a Fund will have its own "swing factor", which is the magnitude of adjustment as triggered by the related threshold. Where multiple thresholds are set for a Fund, only the swing factor related to the highest threshold triggered on any Dealing Day will be applied. In any event, the swing factor will be subject to the maximum rate set out in the Prospectus.

The magnitude of such adjustment reflects the estimated costs of trading of a Fund, which vary with the size of net inflows/outflows of such Fund. Therefore, it is in the interests of shareholders if different swing factors are applied depending on the level of net inflows/outflows of a Fund on any Dealing Day.

Equity Funds, particularly sector Funds and country/area specific Funds, tend to require more thresholds as the costs of trading generally increase with the size of the net inflows/outflows. In contrast, for fixed income Funds, the costs of trading frequently do not significantly change with the size of net inflows/outflows and therefore the number of thresholds required in respect of a fixed income Fund is expected to be fewer.

#### **REDEMPTIONS AND CONVERSIONS**

The appropriate forms for redeeming or converting Shares and details of the current limits on redemption and conversion are available from the Hong Kong Representative. The limits on the redemption and conversion of Shares are set out in paragraph 29 of Appendix B of the Prospectus. Selected distributors may impose a charge on each conversion of those Shares acquired through it, as agreed upon between investor and the selected distributor, which will be deducted at the time of conversion and paid to the relevant distributor. While other conversions between the same Share Classes of two Funds are normally free of charge, the Management Company may, at its discretion (and without prior notice), make an additional conversion charge which would increase the amount paid to up to a maximum of 2% if excessively frequent conversions are made. Any such charges will be deducted at the time of conversion and paid to the relevant distributor (as applicable).

Payment of redemption proceeds will normally be dispatched within three business days after the relevant dealing day (or, if the banks are not open for business on such third business day, on the next day on which they are open) and in any event within four weeks of the relevant Dealing Day, provided that the written confirmation has been received and all identification requirements have been met. On written request to the Transfer Agent, the Investor Servicing team or the Hong Kong Representative, redemption proceeds may be made in HK dollars or any other freely convertible currency, at the investor's cost. In certain circumstances, payment of redemption proceeds may be delayed, further details are set out in the "**Redemption of Shares**" section, and paragraph 23 of Appendix B, of the Prospectus.

The Directors are entitled to levy a discretionary redemption charge of up to a maximum of 2% on shareholders of all Share Classes of Shares where they believe that excessive trading is being practised.

Further details on the redemption process, in specie applications and redemptions and conversion of Shares are set out in the "Redemption of Shares" section, paragraphs 24-25 of Appendix B and "Conversion of Shares" section of the Prospectus respectively.

As tax laws differ widely from country to country, shareholders should consult their tax advisers as to the tax implications of such a conversion in their individual circumstances.

## INSTRUCTIONS GIVEN TO THE HONG KONG REPRESENTATIVE

Application, conversion and redemption instructions given to the Hong Kong Representative for transmission to the Transfer Agent or the Investor Servicing team are irrevocable once given (except in the case of suspension or deferral – see paragraphs 30 to 33 of Appendix B of the Prospectus). The Hong Kong Representative, the Transfer Agent and the Investor Servicing team cannot, in the absence of negligence, accept responsibility for any failure by the Hong Kong Representative to forward any application, conversion or redemption instruction to the Transfer Agent or the Investor Servicing team or for any delay in doing so.

## EXCHANGE PRIVILEGE

Hong Kong residents who have acquired their Shares through certain distributors will only be able to take advantage of the exchange privilege set out in the section headed "**Conversion of Shares – Exchange Privilege**" of the Prospectus if the fund in which they wish to invest is authorised by the SFC in Hong Kong. If the fund is not authorised by the SFC, it is not available to the public in Hong Kong. Further information of this exchange privilege is available from your financial advisor.

## **NON-DEALING DAYS**

A list of the Business Days which will be treated as non-Dealing Days for certain Funds from time to time can be obtained from the Management Company upon request and is also available in the Library section at <a href="http://www.blackrock.co.uk/individual/library/index">http://www.blackrock.co.uk/individual/library/index</a>. This list is subject to change. Investors should note that the website has not been authorised or reviewed by the SFC and may contain information of funds not authorised by the SFC.

#### SUSPENSION OF VALUATIONS

The circumstances in which the valuations of any Shares Class of a Fund may be suspended are set out in paragraph 30 of Appendix B of the Prospectus. Any suspension of valuations will be published as soon as may be practicable after the decision to suspend is made, and at least once a month during the period of such suspension, on the website <u>www.blackrock.com/hk</u> unless otherwise agreed with the SFC.

## DIVIDENDS

Dividends may be declared on Distributing Shares of Funds at the Directors' discretion. All declared dividends result in an immediate decrease in the Fund's net asset value per share on ex-date, whether paid in cash or reinvested. Confirmation of the Funds, Share Classes and Currencies on which dividends may be declared is available from the registered office of the Company and the Investor Servicing team. Details of the dividends policy and the calculation of dividends are contained in the sections headed "**Dividends**" and "**Calculation of Dividends**" of the Prospectus.

Any distributions involving the payment of dividends out of capital, payment of dividends out of gross income or implied interest rate differentials arising from share class currency hedging amounts to a return or withdrawal of part of an investor's original investment or from any capital gains attributable to that original investment. Whilst all dividends paid result in an immediate reduction of the net asset value per share, these share classes may pay larger dividends (i.e. by paying dividends out of capital, gross income or interest rate differentials arising from share class currency hedging gains (if any)) which may therefore result in a larger reduction in the net asset value per share.

Distributing (G), (S) and (R) Shares may pay dividends out of gross income while charging all or part of their fees and expenses to capital (i.e. payment of fees and expenses out of capital). This will result in an increase in distributable income available for payment as dividends, and therefore these share classes may effectively pay dividends out of capital.

In addition, Distributing (S) Shares and Distributing (R) Shares may also pay dividends out of capital (including net realised and net unrealised capital gains) of the relevant share class at the Directors' discretion.

For Distributing (R) Shares, dividends may be calculated on the basis of expected gross income and interest rate differential arising from share class currency hedging gains/losses which may increase/decrease dividends paid. Inclusion of any interest rate differential arising from share class currency hedging in the dividend calculation will be considered a distribution from capital or capital gains (i.e. shareholders will forego capital gains as any currency hedging gains are distributed rather than added to capital, and currency hedging losses may decrease the dividends paid and in extreme cases may deduct from capital). Distributing (R) Shares employ the same currency hedging strategy as the other currency hedged shares in the relevant Fund and therefore the associated currency hedging risks also apply to the Distributing (R) Shares. For the avoidance of doubt, Distributing (R) Shares operate in the same way as other currency hedged shares of the relevant Fund and the only difference is that Distributing (R) Shares may distribute interest rate differentials arising from share class currency hedging while other currency hedged shares will not.

The composition of the latest dividends (i.e. relative amounts paid from (i) net distributable income and (ii) capital) for the last 12 months are available from the Hong Kong Representative on request and on <u>www.blackrock.com/hk</u>. Investors should note that the website has not been authorised or reviewed by the SFC.

All other Distributing Shares pay dividends net of expenses, meaning fees are deducted from income.

The Directors may amend the dividend policy subject to the prior approval of the SFC and by giving not less than one month's written notice.

## TAXATION

Investors should inform themselves of, and when appropriate consult their professional advisers on, the possible tax consequences of subscribing for, buying, holding, redeeming, converting or selling shares under the laws of their country of citizenship, residence or domicile. Investors should note that the levels and bases of, and relief from, taxation can change.

Hong Kong profits tax is charged on the Hong Kong sourced profits of an offshore fund that carries on a trade, business or profession in Hong Kong. The Fund believes that, as an offshore fund, it will be entitled to exemptions from this tax with respect to profits derived from (i) "specified transactions" (as defined in Revenue Ordinance 2006 (the "**Ordinance**")) arranged by BlackRock Asset Management North Asia Limited, a "specified person" (as defined in the Ordinance), and (ii) transactions "incidental" to carrying out specified transactions. However certain other types of transactions in which the Fund may engage may be subject to this tax, and if the Fund's "incidental" transactions exceed 5% of the total transactions effected, the incidental transactions will be subject to the profits tax.

The Fund will be subject to Hong Kong stamp duty when it buys or sells Hong Kong stocks, either listed or unlisted securities of Hong Kong companies. Stamp duty is also chargeable on any contract note for the transfer of Hong Kong stock by way of sale and purchase.

The foregoing statements on taxation are given on the basis of the Company's understanding of present legislation and practice in Hong Kong.

## Foreign Account Tax Compliance Act ("FATCA")

On 28 March 2014 a Model 1 Intergovernmental Agreement ("**IGA**") was signed between the Government of the United States of America and the Government of the Grand Duchy of Luxembourg to implement FATCA. Accordingly, reporting to the IRS will be made indirectly through the Luxembourg tax authorities rather than by the individual financial institutions in scope, such as the Company.

As a Reporting Financial Institution under FATCA the Company is subject to the applicable penalties if there is "significant non-compliance" with its obligations under the IGA. If enforcement actions do not resolve the non-compliance within a period of 18 months the IRS may take further action and the Company could be declared a Non-participating Financial Institution.

FATCA potentially imposes a 30% withholding tax on certain payments of US source income (including interest and dividends) and not before 1 January 2019 on the gross proceeds of sale of certain US assets that can produce US source income. Although the Company expects to satisfy any obligations imposed on it to avoid the imposition of any FATCA withholding tax, no assurance can be given that the Company will be able to satisfy these obligations. If the Company becomes subject to a withholding tax as a result of the FATCA regime, the Net Asset Value may be adversely affected and shareholders may suffer material loss.

Shareholders and prospective investors should consult their own tax advisers regarding the potential tax consequences/implications of FATCA in respect of an investment in the Company.

## **REPORTS AND ACCOUNTS**

The financial year of the Company ends on 31<sup>st</sup> August in each year. The annual report (available in English only) containing the audited financial accounts of the Company and of each of the Funds in respect of the preceding financial period is available within four months of the relevant year-end. An unaudited interim report (available in English only) is available within two months of the end of the relevant half-year. Notice will be given to the shareholders as and when the aforementioned reports are available. Electronic versions of these reports will be available on the Company's website at <u>www.blackrock.com/hk</u>. Investors should note that the website has not been authorised or reviewed by the SFC.

#### BlackRock Asset Management North Asia Limited

貝萊德資產管理北亞有限公司 16<sup>th</sup> Floor Champion Tower 3 Garden Road Central Hong Kong Telephone: +852 3903-2688

April 2019

# Appendix A

## **Available Share Class Information**

Investors should check with the Hong Kong Representative or distributors for the different currency share classes available for each of the sub-fund.

## Share classes and Features:

Share Class	Distribution Type	Distribution Frequency	Gross/Net Distribution
A1/C1	Distributing (D)	Monthly <sup>^</sup>	Net
A2/C2/D2	Non-Distributing	_	_
A3(G) A3/C3/D3	Distributing (M)	Monthly	Gross (limited sub-funds) Net (all others)
A4(G)/C4(G)/D4(G) A4/C4/D4	Distributing (A)	Annual	Gross (limited sub-funds) Net (all others)
A5(G)/C5(G)/D5(G) A5/C5/D5	Distributing (Q)	Quarterly	Gross (limited sub-funds) Net (all others)
A6/C6/D6	Distributing (S)	Monthly	Gross
A8/C8	Distributing (R)	Monthly	Gross

^ Distributions are calculated daily

Fund Name	Available Share Classes	Base Currency	Additional Dealing Currencies (Unhedged)	Additional Dealing Currencies (Hedged)
ASEAN Leaders Fund	A2, D2	USD	EUR	AUD*, CAD*, EUR*, GBP*, HKD*, NZD*, SGD*, ZAR*
Asia Pacific Equity Income Fund	A2, A4(G), A5(G), A6, A8, C5(G), D2, D4(G), D5(G)	USD	GBP, HKD	AUD, CAD*, EUR, GBP*, HKD, NZD*, RMB, SGD, ZAR
Asian Dragon Fund	A2, A4, C2, D2, D4	USD	EUR, GBP	AUD, CAD*, CHF, EUR, GBP*, HKD*, NZD*, PLN, SGD, ZAR*
Asian Growth Leaders Fund	A2, D2, D3	USD	EUR,GBP	AUD, CAD*, CHF, EUR, GBP*, NZD*, SGD, ZAR*
Asian High Yield Bond Fund	A2, A6, A8, D2	USD		RMB
Asian Multi-Asset Growth Fund	A2	USD		
Asian Tiger Bond Fund	A1, A2, A3, A6, A8, C1, C2, D2, D3, D4, D6	USD		AUD, CAD, EUR, GBP, HKD, NZD, RMB, SGD, ZAR
China Fund	A2, A4, C2, D2, D4	USD	HKD, EUR	AUD, CAD*, EUR, GBP, HKD*, NZD*, RMB, SGD, ZAR*
China A-Share Opportunities Fund	A2, D2	USD	RMB	SGD
China Flexible Equity Fund	A2, D2	USD		EUR
Continental European Flexible Fund	A2, A4, C2, D2, D4	EUR	GBP, USD	AUD*, CAD*, GBP, HKD*, NZD*, SGD*, USD, ZAR*
Dynamic High Income Fund	A2, A6, A8, D2, D5(G), D6	USD	EUR	AUD, CAD, CHF, EUR, GBP, HKD, NZD, RMB, SGD
Emerging Europe Fund	A2, A4, C2, D2, D4	EUR	GBP, USD	AUD*, CAD*, CHF*, GBP, HKD*, NZD*, SGD, USD*, ZAR*
Emerging Markets Bond Fund	A1, A2, A3, A4, A6, A8, C1, C2, D2, D3	USD	CZK, EUR	AUD, CAD, EUR, GBP, HKD, NZD, RMB, SGD*, ZAR
Emerging Markets Corporate Bond Fund	A2, A3*, A6*, A8*, D2, D3	USD		AUD*, CAD*, EUR, GBP, HKD*, NZD*, SGD*, ZAR*
Emerging Markets Equity Income Fund	A2, A5(G), A6, A8, D2	USD		AUD, CAD, EUR, GBP, HKD, NZD, RMB, SGD, ZAR*
Emerging Markets Fund	A2, C2, D2	USD	CZK, EUR	AUD*, CAD*, EUR*, GBP*, HKD*, NZD*, SGD*, ZAR*
Emerging Markets Local Currency Bond Fund	A1, A2, A3, A4, A6, A8, C1, C2, D2, D3, D4, D5	USD	CHF, CZK, EUR, GBP, HKD	AUD, CAD, CHF, EUR, GBP, HKD, NZD, PLN, SEK, SGD
ESG Multi-Asset Fund	A2, C2, D2	EUR		AUD*, CAD*, GBP*, HKD*, NZD*, SGD*, USD, ZAR*
Euro Bond Fund	A1, A2, A3, A4, A6*, A8*, C2, D2, D3, D4	EUR	CZK, GBP, USD	AUD*, CAD*, CHF, GBP, HKD*, JPY, NZD*, PLN, SGD*, USD, ZAR*
Euro Corporate Bond Fund	A1, A2, A3, A6*, A8*, C2, D2, D3	EUR	CZK	AUD*, CAD*, CHF, GBP, HKD*, NZD*, SEK, SGD*, USD, ZAR*
Euro Reserve Fund	A2, C2, D2	EUR		

Fund Name	Available Share Classes	Base Currency	Additional Dealing Currencies (Unhedged)	Additional Dealing Currencies (Hedged)
Euro Short Duration Bond Fund	A1, A2, A3, A4, C2, D2, D3, D4	EUR		AUD*, CAD*, CHF, GBP, HKD*, NZD*, SGD*, USD, ZAR*
Euro-Markets Fund	A2, A4, C2, D2, D4	EUR	GBP, USD	AUD*, CAD*, CHF, GBP, HKD, NZD*, SGD, USD, ZAR*
European Equity Income Fund	A2, A4(G), A5(G), A6, A8, D2, D4(G), D5(G), D6	EUR	USD	AUD, CAD, CHF*, GBP, HKD, NZD, RMB, SGD, USD, ZAR*
European Fund	A2, A4, C2, D2, D4	EUR	GBP, USD	AUD, CAD, GBP, HKD, NZD, RMB, SGD, USD, ZAR*
European High Yield Bond Fund	A2, D2, D4	EUR		CHF, GBP, SEK
European Special Situations Fund	A2, C2, D2	EUR	USD	AUD, CAD, GBP, HKD, NZD*, RMB, SGD*, USD, ZAR*
European Value Fund	A2, A4, C2, D2, D4	EUR	GBP, USD	AUD, CAD*, GBP*, HKD, NZD*, RMB, SGD*, USD, ZAR*
FinTech Fund	A2, D2	USD	EUR, SEK	EUR, GBP, SGD
Fixed Income Global Opportunities Fund	A1, A2, A3, A4, A5, A6, A8, C1, C2, C5, D2, D4, D5	USD	EUR	AUD, CAD, CHF, EUR, GBP, HKD, JPY, NZD*, PLN, RMB, SEK, SGD, ZAR*
Future Of Transport Fund	A2, D2	USD	EUR, SEK	EUR, GBP, SGD
Global Allocation Fund	A2, A4, C2, D2, D4	USD	EUR, GBP, HUF	AUD, CAD*, CHF, EUR, GBP, HKD, NZD*, PLN, RMB, SGD, ZAR*
Global Bond Income Fund	A2, A6, A8, D2	USD	EUR	AUD, CAD, CHF, EUR, GBP,HKD, NZD, RMB, SGD
Global Corporate Bond Fund	A2, A3, A4, A5, A6, A8, C6*, D2, D5	USD		AUD, CAD, EUR, GBP, HKD, NZD, RMB, SEK, SGD, ZAR*
Global Dynamic Equity Fund	A2, A4, C2, D2, D4	USD	EUR	AUD*, CAD*, EUR, GBP*, HKD*, NZD*, RMB, SGD*, ZAR*
Global Enhanced Equity Yield Fund	A2, A5(G), A6, A8, C2, C5(G), D2, D5(G)	USD		AUD, CAD, EUR, GBP, HKD, NZD, RMB, SGD, ZAR*
Global Equity Income Fund	A2, A4(G), A5(G), A6, A8, C2, C5(G), D2, D4(G), D5(G)	USD	EUR, GBP	AUD, CAD*, CHF, EUR, GBP, HKD, NZD*, PLN, RMB, SGD, ZAR
Global Government Bond Fund	A1, A2, A3, A6*, A8*, C1, C2, C3, D2, D3	USD		AUD*, CAD*, EUR, GBP, HKD, NZD*, SGD*, ZAR*
Global High Yield Bond Fund	A1, A2, A3, A5, A6, A8, C1, C2, C3*, D2, D3, D5	USD	EUR	AUD, CAD*, EUR, GBP, HKD, NZD*, PLN, RMB, SEK, SGD, ZAR
Global Inflation Linked Bond Fund	A2, A3, A6*, A8*, C2, C3, D2, D3	USD		AUD*, CAD*, EUR, GBP*, HKD*, NZD*, SGD*, ZAR*
Global Long-Horizon Equity Fund	A2, A4, C2, D2, D4	USD	EUR, GBP	AUD*, CAD*, EUR*, GBP*, HKD*, NZD*, SGD, ZAR*
Global Multi-Asset Income Fund	A2, A3(G), A4(G), A5(G), A6, A8, C2, C6, D2, D4(G), D6	USD	EUR	AUD, CAD, CHF, EUR, GBP, HKD, NZD, RMB, SGD, ZAR*
Global SmallCap Fund	A2, C2, D2	USD	EUR	AUD, CAD*, EUR*, GBP*, HKD*, NZD*, SGD*, ZAR*
India Fund	A2, A4, C2, D2, D4	USD	EUR, GBP	AUD*, CAD*, EUR*, GBP*, HKD*, NZD*, SGD*, ZAR*
Japan Flexible Equity Fund	A2, A4, C2, D2, D4	JPY	EUR, GBP, USD	AUD*, CAD*, EUR, GBP*, HKD*, NZD*, SGD*, USD, ZAR*
Japan Small & MidCap Opportunities Fund	A2, A4, C2, D2, D4	JPY	EUR, GBP, USD	AUD*, CAD*, EUR, GBP*, HKD*, NZD*, SGD*, USD, ZAR*
Latin American Fund	A2, A4, C2, D2, D4	USD	EUR, GBP	AUD, CAD*, CHF, EUR, GBP, HKD, NZD*, PLN, SGD, ZAR*
Natural Resources Growth & Income Fund	A2, A3(G), A4(G), A5(G), A6*, A8*, D2	USD	EUR	AUD*, CAD*, EUR, GBP*, HKD*, NZD*, SGD*, ZAR*
Next Generation Technology Fund	A2, D2	USD	EUR, SEK	EUR, GBP, SGD
North American Equity Income Fund	A2, A5(G), C2, C5(G), D2, D5(G)	USD	GBP	GBP
Nutrition Fund	A2, A4, C2, D2, D4	USD	EUR, HKD	AUD*, CAD*, EUR, GBP, HKD*, NZD*, PLN, SGD, ZAR*
Pacific Equity Fund	A2, C2, D2	USD	EUR, GBP	AUD*, CAD*, EUR*, GBP*, HKD*, NZD*, SGD*, ZAR*
Sustainable Energy Fund	A2, A4, C2, D2, D4	USD	EUR, GBP	AUD*, CAD*, EUR, GBP*, HKD*, NZD*, SGD*, ZAR*
Swiss Small & MidCap Opportunities Fund	A2, D2, D3	CHF		AUD*, CAD*, EUR*, GBP*, HKD*, NZD*, SGD*, USD*, ZAR*
United Kingdom Fund	A2, A4, C2, D2, D4	GBP	EUR, USD	AUD*, CAD*, EUR*, HKD*, NZD*, SGD*, USD*, ZAR*
US Basic Value Fund	A2, A4, C2, D2, D4	USD	EUR, GBP	AUD*, CAD*, EUR, GBP*, HKD*, NZD*, RMB, SGD, ZAR*
US Dollar Bond Fund	A1, A2, A3, A6, A8*, C1, C2, D2, D3	USD	CZK	AUD*, CAD*, EUR*, GBP, HKD, NZD*, SGD*,

Fund Name	Available Share Classes	Base Currency	Additional Dealing Currencies (Unhedged)	Additional Dealing Currencies (Hedged)
US Dollar High Yield Bond Fund	A1, A2, A3, A4, A6, A8, C1, C2, D2, D3, D4	USD		AUD, CAD, CHF, EUR, GBP, HKD, NZD, RMB, SGD, ZAR
US Dollar Reserve Fund	A2, C2, D2	USD		GBP
US Dollar Short Duration Bond Fund	A1, A2, A3, C1, C2, D2, D3	USD	EUR	AUD*, CAD*, EUR, GBP*, HKD*, NZD*, SGD, ZAR*
US Flexible Equity Fund	A2, A4, C2, D2, D4	USD	EUR, GBP	AUD*, CAD*, EUR, GBP*, HKD*, JPY, NZD*, RMB, SGD*, ZAR*
US Government Mortgage Fund	A1, A2, A3, A6*, A8*, C1, C2, C3*, D2, D3	USD		AUD*, CAD*, EUR*, GBP*, HKD*, NZD*, SGD*, ZAR*
US Growth Fund	A2, A4, C2, D2, D4	USD	EUR	AUD*, CAD*, EUR, GBP*, HKD*, NZD*, SGD*, ZAR*
US Small & MidCap Opportunities Fund	A2, C2, D2	USD	EUR	AUD, CAD*, EUR*, GBP*, HKD*, NZD*, SGD*, ZAR*
World Bond Fund	A1, A2, A3, A6, A8, C1, D2, D3	USD		AUD*, CAD*, CHF, EUR, GBP, HKD, NZD*, RMB, SGD, ZAR*
World Energy Fund	A2, A4, C2, D2, D4	USD	EUR, GBP	AUD, CAD*, CHF, EUR, GBP*, HKD, NZD*, SGD, ZAR*
World Financials Fund	A2, C2, D2	USD	EUR	AUD*, CAD*, EUR*, GBP*, HKD, NZD*, SGD, ZAR*
World Gold Fund	A2, A4, C2, D2, D4	USD	EUR	AUD, CAD*, CHF, EUR, GBP, HKD, NZD*, PLN, SGD, ZAR*
World Healthscience Fund	A2, A5*, C2, D2, D4	USD	EUR	AUD, CAD*, EUR, GBP*, HKD, JPY, NZD*, RMB, SGD, ZAR*
World Mining Fund	A2, A4, C2, D2, D4	USD	EUR, GBP	AUD, CAD*, CHF, EUR, GBP, HKD, NZD*, PLN, SGD, ZAR*
World Real Estate Securities Fund	A2, A6, A8, D2	USD		CHF, RMB
World Technology Fund	A2, C2, D2	USD	EUR, GBP	AUD*, CAD*, EUR, GBP*, HKD*, JPY, NZD*, SGD, ZAR*

\* May not be available as of the date of this Document, however it may be offered upon request (at the discretion of the Management Company).



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# Introduction to BlackRock Global Funds Structure

BlackRock Global Funds (the "Company") is a public limited company (société anonyme) established under the laws of the Grand Duchy of Luxembourg as an open ended variable capital investment company (société d'investissement à capital variable). The Company has been established on 14 June 1962 and its registration number in the Registry of the Luxembourg Trade and Companies Register is B 6317. The Company has been authorised by the Commission de Surveillance du Secteur Financier (the "CSSF") as an undertaking for collective investments in transferable securities pursuant to the provisions of Part I of the law of 17 December 2010, as amended from time to time and is regulated pursuant to such law. Authorisation by the CSSF is not an endorsement or guarantee of the Company by the CSSF nor is the CSSF responsible for the contents of this Prospectus. The authorisation of the Company shall not constitute a warranty as to performance of the Company and the CSSF shall not be liable for the performance or default of the Company.

The articles of association governing the Company (the "Articles") have been deposited with the Luxembourg Trade and Companies Register. The Articles have been amended and restated several times, most recently on 27 May 2011, effective 31 May 2011 and published in the Mémorial C, Recueil des Sociétés et Associations, on 24 June 2011.

The Company is an umbrella structure comprising separate compartments with segregated liability. Each compartment shall have segregated liability from the other compartments and the Company shall not be liable as a whole to third parties for the liabilities of each compartment. Each compartment shall be made up of a separate portfolio of investments maintained and invested in accordance with the investment objectives applicable to such compartment, as specified herein. The Directors are offering separate classes of Shares, each representing interests in a compartment, on the basis of the information contained in this Prospectus and in the documents referred to herein which are deemed to be an integral part of this Prospectus.

### Management

The Company is managed by BlackRock (Luxembourg) S.A., a public limited company (société anonyme) established in 1988 under registration number B 27689. The Management Company has been authorised by the CSSF to manage the business and affairs of the Company pursuant to chapter 15 of the 2010 Law.

#### **Choice of Funds**

As of the date of this Prospectus, investors are able to choose from the following Funds of BlackRock Global Funds:

Fur	d	Base Currency	Bond/Equity or Mixed Fund
1.	ASEAN Leaders Fund	USD	E
2.	Asia Pacific Equity Income Fund	USD	E
3.	Asian Dragon Fund	USD	E
4.	Asian Growth Leaders Fund	USD	E
5.	Asian High Yield Bond Fund	USD	В
6.	Asian Multi-Asset Growth Fund	USD	М
7.	Asian Tiger Bond Fund	USD	В
8.	China A-Share Opportunities Fund	USD	E
9.	China Bond Fund	RMB	В
10.	China Flexible Equity Fund	USD	E
11.	China Fund	USD	E
12.	Continental European Flexible Fund	EUR	E
13.	Dynamic High Income Fund	USD	М
14.	Emerging Europe Fund	EUR	E
15.	Emerging Markets Bond Fund	USD	В
16.	Emerging Markets Corporate Bond Fund	USD	В
17.	Emerging Markets Equity Income Fund	USD	E
18.	Emerging Markets Fund	USD	E
19.	Emerging Markets Local Currency Bond Fund	USD	В
20.	ESG Emerging Markets Blended Bond Fund*	USD	В
21.	ESG Emerging Markets Bond Fund*	USD	В
22.	ESG Emerging Markets Corporate Bond Fund*	USD	В
23.	ESG Emerging Markets Local Currency Bond Fund*	USD	В
24.	Euro Bond Fund	EUR	В
25.	Euro Corporate Bond Fund	EUR	В
26.	Euro Reserve Fund	EUR	В
27.	Euro Short Duration Bond Fund	EUR	В
28.	Euro-Markets Fund	EUR	E
29.	European Equity Income Fund	EUR	E

Fun	d	Base Currency	Bond/Equity or Mixed Fund
30.	European Focus Fund	EUR	E
31.	European Fund	EUR	E
32.	European High Yield Bond Fund	EUR	В
33.	European Special Situations Fund	EUR	E
34.	European Value Fund	EUR	E
35.	FinTech Fund	USD	E
36.	Fixed Income Global Opportunities Fund	USD	В
37.	Flexible Multi-Asset Fund (Fund name will change to ESG Multi-Asset Fund from 25 March 2019 and changes will be made as set out in the section headed "Investment Objectives and Policies")	EUR	М
38.	Future Of Transport Fund	USD	E
39.	Global Allocation Fund	USD	М
40.	Global Bond Income Fund*	USD	В
41.	Global Conservative Income Fund*	EUR	М
42.	Global Corporate Bond Fund	USD	В
43.	Global Dynamic Equity Fund	USD	E
44.	Global Enhanced Equity Yield Fund	USD	E
45.	Global Equity Income Fund	USD	E
46.	Global Government Bond Fund	USD	В
47.	Global High Yield Bond Fund	USD	В
48.	Global Inflation Linked Bond Fund	USD	В
49.	Global Multi-Asset Income Fund	USD	М
50.	Global Opportunities Fund (Fund name will change to Global Long-Horizon Equity Fund from 25 March 2019)	USD	E
51.	Global SmallCap Fund	USD	E
52.	India Fund	USD	E
53.	Japan Small & MidCap Opportunities Fund	Yen	E
54.	Japan Flexible Equity Fund	Yen	E
55.	Latin American Fund	USD	E
56.	Market Navigator Fund	EUR	М
57.	Natural Resources Growth & Income Fund	USD	E
58.	New Energy Fund (Fund name will change to Sustainable Energy Fund from 25 March 2019 and changes will be made as set out in the section headed "Investment Objectives and Policies")	USD	E
59.	Next Generation Technology Fund	USD	E
60.	North American Equity Income Fund	USD	E
61.	Pacific Equity Fund	USD	E
62.	Strategic Global Bond Fund	USD	В
63.	Swiss Small & MidCap Opportunities Fund	CHF	E
64.	United Kingdom Fund	GBP	E
65.	US Basic Value Fund	USD	E
66.	US Dollar Bond Fund	USD	В
67.	US Dollar High Yield Bond Fund	USD	В
68.	US Dollar Reserve Fund	USD	В
69.	US Dollar Short Duration Bond Fund	USD	В
70.	US Flexible Equity Fund	USD	E
71.	US Government Mortgage Fund	USD	В
72.	US Growth Fund	USD	E
73.	US Small & MidCap Opportunities Fund	USD	E
74.	World Agriculture Fund (Fund name will change to Nutrition Fund from 25 March 2019 and changes will be made as set out in the section headed "Investment Objectives and Policies")	USD	E
75.	World Bond Fund	USD	В

Fund	Base Currency	Bond/Equity or Mixed Fund
76. World Energy Fund	USD	E
77. World Financials Fund	USD	E
78. World Gold Fund	USD	E
79. World Healthscience Fund	USD	E
80. World Mining Fund	USD	E
81. World Real Estate Securities Fund	USD	E
82. World Technology Fund	USD	E

\* Fund not available for subscription at the date of this Prospectus. Such Funds may be launched at the Directors' discretion. Confirmation of the launch date of these Funds will then be made available from the local Investor Servicing team. Any provisions in this Prospectus relating to any one of these Funds shall only take effect from the launch date of the relevant Fund.

B Bond Fund

E Equity Fund

M Mixed Fund

A list of Dealing Currencies, Hedged Share Classes, Distributing and Non-Distributing Share Classes and UK Reporting Fund status Classes is available from the Company's registered office and the local Investor Servicing team.

## IMPORTANT NOTICE

If you are in any doubt about the contents of this Prospectus or whether an investment in the Company is suitable for you, you should consult your stockbroker, solicitor, accountant, relationship manager or other professional adviser.

The Directors of the Company, whose names appear in the section "Board of Directors", and the directors of the Management Company are the persons responsible for the information contained in this document. To the best knowledge and belief of the Directors and the directors of the Management Company (who have taken all reasonable care to ensure that such is the case), the information contained herein is accurate in all material respects and does not omit anything likely to affect the accuracy of such information. The Directors and the directors of the Management Company accept responsibility accordingly.

This Prospectus has been prepared solely for, and is being furnished to investors for the purpose of evaluating an investment in Shares in the Funds. Investment in the Funds is only suitable for investors seeking long-term capital appreciation (save for the Reserve Funds which may not be appropriate for investors who seek long-term capital appreciation) who understand the risks involved in investing in the Company, including the risk of loss of all capital invested.

In considering an investment in the Company, investors should also take account of the following:

- certain information contained in this Prospectus, the ▶ documents referred to herein and any brochures issued by the Company as substitute offering documents constitutes forward-looking statements, which can be identified by the use of forward-looking terminology such as "seek", "may", "should", "expect", "anticipate", "estimate", "intend", "continue", "target" or "believe" or the negatives thereof or other variations thereof or comparable terminology and includes projected or targeted returns on investments to be made by the Company. Such forward-looking statements are inherently subject to significant economic, market and other risks and uncertainties and accordingly actual events or results or the actual performance of the Company may differ materially from those reflected or contemplated in such forward-looking statements; and
- nothing in this Prospectus should be taken as legal, tax, regulatory, financial, accounting or investment advice.

An application / decision to subscribe for Shares should be made on the basis of the information contained in this Prospectus which is issued by the Company and in the most recent annual and (if later) interim report and accounts of the Company which are available at the registered office of the Company. Information updating this Prospectus may, if appropriate, appear in the report and accounts.

This Prospectus, and the KIID for the relevant Share Class, should each be read in their entirety before making an application for Shares. KIIDs for each available Share Class can be found at: http://kiid.blackrock.com

Statements made in this Prospectus are based on laws and practices in force at the date hereof and are subject to changes therein. Neither the delivery of this Prospectus nor the issue of Shares will, in any circumstances, imply that there has been no change in the circumstances affecting any of the matters contained in this Prospectus since the date hereof.

This Prospectus may be translated into other languages provided that any such translation shall be a direct translation of the English text. In the event of any inconsistency or ambiguity in relation to the meaning of any word or phrase in any translation, the English text shall prevail, except to the extent (and only to the extent) that the laws of a jurisdiction require that the legal relationship between the Company and investors in such jurisdiction shall be governed by the local language version of this Prospectus.

Any shareholder in the Company will only be able to fully exercise its shareholder rights directly against the Company, and in particular the right to participate in general meetings of shareholders, where such shareholder is registered in its own name in the register of shareholders for the Company. In cases where a shareholder invests into the Company through an intermediary investing in its own name but on behalf of the shareholder, it may not always be possible for such shareholder to exercise certain of its shareholder rights in the Company. Investors are therefore advised to take legal advice in respect of the exercise of their shareholder rights in the Company.

## Distribution

This Prospectus does not constitute an offer or solicitation by anyone in any jurisdiction in which such offer or solicitation is not lawful or in which the person making such offer or solicitation is not qualified to do so or to anyone to whom it is unlawful to make such offer or solicitation. Details of certain countries in which the Company is currently authorised to offer Shares are contained in Appendix D. Prospective subscribers for Shares should inform themselves as to the legal requirements of applying for Shares and of applicable exchange control regulations and taxes in the countries of their respective citizenship, residence or domicile. US Persons are not permitted to subscribe for Shares. The Funds are not registered for distribution in India. In some countries investors may be able to subscribe for Shares through regular savings plans. Under Luxembourg law, the fees and commissions relating to regular savings plans during the first year must not exceed one third of the amount contributed by the investor. These fees and commissions do not include premiums to be paid by the investor where the regular savings plan is offered as part of a life insurance or whole life insurance product. Please contact the local Investor Servicing team for more details.

## DIRECTORY

Management and Administration Management Company BlackRock (Luxembourg) S.A. 35 A, avenue J.F. Kennedy, L-1855 Luxembourg, Grand Duchy of Luxembourg

### **Investment Advisers**

BlackRock Financial Management, Inc. Park Avenue Plaza, 55 East 52<sup>nd</sup> Street, New York, NY 10055, USA

BlackRock Investment Management, LLC 100 Bellevue Parkway, Wilmington, Delaware 19809, USA

BlackRock Investment Management (UK) Limited 12 Throgmorton Avenue, London EC2N 2DL, UK

BlackRock (Singapore) Limited #18-01 Twenty Anson, 20 Anson Road, Singapore, 079912

## **Principal Distributor**

BlackRock Investment Management (UK) Limited 12 Throgmorton Avenue, London EC2N 2DL, UK

## Depositary

The Bank of New York Mellon SA / NV, Luxembourg Branch 2-4, rue Eugène Ruppert, L-2453 Luxembourg, Grand Duchy of Luxembourg

## **RQFII** Custodian

HSBC Bank (China) Company Limited 33rd Floor, HSBC Building Shanghai ifc, 8 Century Avenue Pudong, Shanghai China 200120

## **Fund Accountant**

The Bank of New York Mellon SA / NV, Luxembourg Branch 2-4, rue Eugène Ruppert, L-2453 Luxembourg, Grand Duchy of Luxembourg

## **Transfer Agent and Registrar**

J.P. Morgan Bank Luxembourg S.A. 6C, route de Trèves, L-2633 Senningerberg, Grand Duchy of Luxembourg

## Auditor

PricewaterhouseCoopers 2, rue Gerhard Mercator L-2182 Luxembourg, Grand Duchy of Luxembourg

#### Legal Advisers

Linklaters LLP 35 avenue John F. Kennedy, L-1855 Luxembourg, Grand Duchy of Luxembourg

### **Listing Agent**

J.P. Morgan Bank Luxembourg S.A. 6C, route de Trèves, L-2633 Senningerberg, Grand Duchy of Luxembourg

#### **Paying Agents**

A list of Paying Agents is to be found in paragraph 15. of Appendix C.

## **Registered Office**

2-4, rue Eugène Ruppert, L-2453 Luxembourg. Grand Duchy of Luxembourg

## Enquiries

In the absence of other arrangements, enquiries regarding the Company should be addressed as follows: Written enquiries: BlackRock Investment Management (UK) Limited c/o BlackRock (Luxembourg) S.A. P.O. Box 1058, L-1010 Luxembourg, Grand Duchy of Luxembourg All other enquiries: Telephone: + 44 207 743 3300, Fax: + 44 207 743 1143. Email: investor.services@blackrock.com Board of Directors **Chairman** Paul Freeman

Directors Martha Boeckenfeld Michael Gruener Robert Hayes Francine Keiser Barry O'Dwyer Geoffrey Radcliffe

Michael Gruener, Robert Hayes, Barry O'Dwyer and Geoffrey Radcliffe are employees of the BlackRock Group (of which the Management Company, Investment Advisers and Principal Distributor are part), and Paul Freeman is a former employee of the BlackRock Group. Martha Boeckenfeld and Francine Keiser are independent Directors.

# Glossary

## 2010 Law

means the Luxembourg law of 17 December 2010 on undertakings for collective investment, as amended, modified or supplemented from time to time.

## **Base Currency**

means in relation to Shares of any Fund, the currency indicated in the section "Choice of Funds".

## BlackRock Group

means the BlackRock group of companies, the ultimate holding company of which is BlackRock, Inc.

## **Bond Connect**

means the initiative launched in July 2017 for mutual bond market access between Hong Kong and Mainland China as described in the section entitled "China Interbank Bond Market" in the "Investment Objectives and Policies" section of this Prospectus.

## BRL

means Brazilian Real, the lawful currency of Brazil.

## **Business Day**

means any day normally treated by the banks in Luxembourg as a business day (except for Christmas Eve) and such other days as the Directors may decide. For Funds that invest a substantial amount of assets outside the European Union, the Management Company may also take into account whether relevant local exchanges are open, and may elect to treat such closures as nonbusiness days.

## CDSC

means a contingent deferred sales charge as set out in the section "Contingent Deferred Sales Charge".

## China A-Shares

means securities of companies that are incorporated in the PRC and denominated and traded in Renminbi on the SSE and SZSE.

## China Interbank Bond Market

means the Mainland China interbank bond markets of the PRC.

## ChinaClear

means China Securities Depositary and Clearing Corporation Limited which is the PRC's central securities depository in respect of China A-Shares.

## **CIBM** Funds

Asian High Yield Bond Fund, Asian Multi-Asset Growth Fund, Asian Tiger Bond Fund, Dynamic High Income Fund (with effect from 25 March 2019), Emerging Markets Local Currency Bond Fund, Flexible Multi-Asset Fund (Fund name will change to "ESG Multi-Asset Fund" on 25 March 2019), Fixed Income Global Opportunities Fund, China Bond Fund, Emerging Markets Bond Fund, Emerging Markets Corporate Bond Fund, Global Allocation Fund (with effect from 25 March 2019), Global Bond Income Fund, Global Conservative Income Fund, Global Multi-Asset Income Fund, Strategic Global Bond Fund, US Dollar Bond Fund, US Dollar Short Duration Bond Fund, Global Corporate Bond Fund, Global Government Bond Fund, ESG Emerging Markets Blended Bond Fund, ESG Emerging Markets Bond Fund, ESG Emerging Markets Corporate Bond Fund, ESG Emerging Markets Local Currency Bond Fund, Market Navigator Fund (with effect from 25 March 2019) and World Bond Fund.

## CSRC

means the China Securities Regulatory Commission of the PRC or its successors which is the regulator of the securities and futures market of the PRC.

## **Dealing Currency**

means the currency or currencies in which applicants may currently subscribe for the Shares of any Fund. Dealing Currencies may be introduced at the Directors' discretion. Confirmation of the Dealing Currencies and the date of their availability can be obtained from the registered office of the Company and from the local Investor Servicing team.

## **Dealing Day**

means any Business Day other than any day declared as a nondealing day by the Directors as further described in the section "Non-Dealing Days" and any day falling within a period of suspension of subscriptions, redemptions and conversions and/or such other day determined by the Directors to be a day when a Fund is open for dealing.

## Directors

means the members of the board of directors of the Company for the time being and any successors to such members as may be appointed from time to time.

## **Distributing Funds and Distributing Shares**

means a Fund or a Share Class for which dividends may be declared, at the Directors' discretion. Distributing Shares may also be treated as UK Reporting Fund status Shares. Confirmation of the Funds, Share Classes and Currencies on which dividends may be declared and Share Classes which are UK Reporting Fund status Shares (please see below for more details) is available from the registered office of the Company and from the local Investor Servicing team.

## **Dividend Threshold Amount**

means such minimum dividend yield set on an annual basis for the period 1 January each year to 31 December each year and which will be paid to investors as determined by the Directors in respect of the Distributing (Y) Shares. The current Dividend Threshold Amount is available from www.blackrock.com. In certain circumstances, as determined by the Directors', the Dividend Threshold Amount may need to be reduced during the year. Shareholders will be notified of this, where possible, in advance.

## **Equity Income Funds**

means the Asia Pacific Equity Income Fund, Emerging Markets Equity Income Fund, European Equity Income Fund, Global Equity Income Fund and the North American Equity Income Fund.

## ESG

Refers to "environmental, social and governance" criteria, which are three central factors used in measuring the sustainability and ethical impact of an investment in securities of an issuer. By way of example, "environmental" may cover themes such as climate risks and natural resources scarcity, "social" may include labour issues and product liability risks such as data security and "governance" may encompass items such as business ethics and executive pay. These are only examples and do not necessarily determine the policy of any specific ESG Fund. Investors should refer to the investment policy of an ESG Fund, including any website referred to in such investment policy, for more detailed information.

## ESG Fund

means a Fund which uses ESG criteria as part of its investment strategy.

## **ESG Provider**

means a provider of ESG research, reports, screening, ratings and/or analysis including, without limitation, third party index providers, ESG consultancies or members of the BlackRock Group.

## EURIBOR

means the Euro Interbank Offered Rate published by the European Money Markets Institute.

## Euro

means the single European currency unit (referred to in Council Regulation (EC) No. 974/98 of 3 May 1998 on the introduction of the Euro) and, at the Investment Adviser's discretion, the currencies of any countries that have previously formed part of the Eurozone. As at the date of this Prospectus the countries that make up the Eurozone are: Austria, Belgium, Cyprus, Estonia, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Ireland, Italy, Latvia, Luxembourg, Malta, Netherlands, Portugal, Slovakia, Slovenia and Spain.

## Europe or European

means all European countries including the UK, Eastern Europe and former Soviet Union countries.

### **Foreign Access Regime**

means the regime for foreign institutional investors to invest in the China Interbank Bond Market as described in the section entitled "China Interbank Bond Market" in the "Investment Objectives and Policies" section of this Prospectus.

## Fund

means a segregated compartment established and maintained by the Company in respect of one or more Share Classes to which assets, liabilities, income and expenditure attributable to each such Class or Share Classes will be applied or charged, as further described in this Prospectus.

## **Global Industry Classification Standard**

means an industry taxonomy developed by MSCI and Standard & Poor's for use by the global financial community.

## **Hedged Share Classes**

means those Share Classes to which a currency hedging strategy is applied. Hedged Share Classes may be made available in Funds and currencies at the Directors' discretion. Confirmation of the Funds and currencies in which the Hedged Share Classes are available can be obtained from the registered office of the Company and from the local Investor Servicing team.

## HKEX

means Hong Kong Exchanges and Clearing Limited.

## HKSCC

means Hong Kong Securities Clearing Company Limited which operates a securities market and a derivatives market in Hong Kong and the clearing houses for those markets.

#### Institutional Investor

means an institutional investor within the meaning of the 2010 Law which satisfies the eligibility and suitability requirements of institutional investors. Please see the section headed "Restrictions on Holding of Shares".

#### **Interest Rate Differential**

means the difference in interest rates between two similar interestbearing assets.

#### Investment Adviser(s)

means the investment adviser(s) appointed by the Management Company from time to time in respect of the management of the assets of the Funds as described under "Investment Management of the Funds".

#### **Investor Servicing**

means the dealing provisions and other investor servicing functions by local BlackRock Group companies or branches or their administrators.

#### KIID

means the key investor information document issued in respect of each Share Class pursuant to the 2010 Law.

#### **Management Company**

means BlackRock (Luxembourg) S.A., a Luxembourg société anonyme authorised as a management company under the 2010 Law.

#### **Net Asset Value**

means in relation to a Fund or a Share Class, the amount determined in accordance with the provisions described in paragraphs 12 to 18 of Appendix B. The Net Asset Value of a Fund may be adjusted in accordance with paragraph 18.3 of Appendix B.

#### **Non-Distributing Shares**

means Non-Distributing Shares / Non-Distributing Share Classes are Share Classes that do not pay dividends.

#### OTC derivatives

means over-the-counter derivative instruments.

## PBOC

means the People's Bank of China in the PRC.

## **PNC Group**

means the PNC group of companies, of which the PNC Financial Services Group, Inc. is the ultimate holding company.

#### **PRC or Mainland China**

means the People's Republic of China.

#### **Principal Distributor**

means BlackRock Investment Management (UK) Limited acting in its capacity as Principal Distributor. References to distributors may include BlackRock Investment Management (UK) Limited in its capacity as Principal Distributor.

#### Prospectus

means this offering memorandum, as amended, modified or supplemented from time to time.

## QFII

means Qualified Foreign Institutional Investor.

## **Reserve Funds**

means the Euro Reserve Fund and the US Dollar Reserve Fund. The Euro Reserve Fund and the US Dollar Reserve Fund are "Short Term Money-Market Funds" in accordance with the European Securities and Markets Authority's ("ESMA") "Guidelines on a common definition of European money market funds". The investment objectives of the Euro Reserve Fund and the US Dollar Reserve Fund are intended to comply with this classification.

## **Remuneration Policy**

means the policy as described in the section entitled "Management" including, but not limited to, a description as to how remuneration and benefits are calculated and identification of those individuals responsible for awarding remuneration and benefits.

## **RMB or Renminbi**

means Renminbi, the lawful currency of the PRC.

## RQFII

means Renminbi Qualified Foreign Institutional Investor.

## **RQFII Access Funds**

Asian Dragon Fund, Asian Growth Leaders Fund, ASEAN Leaders Fund, Asia Pacific Equity Income Fund, Asian Tiger Bond Fund, Asian Multi-Asset Growth Fund, China Fund, China A-Share Opportunities Fund, China Flexible Equity Fund, Emerging Markets Local Currency Bond Fund, Pacific Equity Fund and China Bond Fund.

## **RQFII** Custodian

means HSBC Bank (China) Company Limited or such other person appointed as a sub-custodian of the relevant Fund for China A-Shares and/or China onshore bonds acquired through the RQFII Quota.

## **RQFII Licence**

means the licence awarded by the CSRC to entities based in certain jurisdictions outside of the PRC, enabling such entities to acquire RQFII Quota.

## **RQFII Licence Holder**

means the holder of a RQFII Licence.

## **RQFII Quota**

means Renminbi denominated investment quota issued by SAFE to holders of a RQFII Licence in respect of certain onshore PRC securities.

## SAFE

means the State Administration of Foreign Exchange of the PRC.

## SEHK

means the Stock Exchange of Hong Kong.

## Share

means a share of any Class representing a participation in the capital of the Company, and carrying rights attributable to a relevant Share Class, as further described in this Prospectus.

## Share Class

means any class of Shares attributable to a particular Fund, and carrying rights to participate in the assets and liabilities of such Fund as further described in section "Classes and Form of Shares".

## SFC

means the Securities and Futures Commission in Hong Kong.

## SICAV

means an investment company with variable capital (*société* d'investissement à capital variable).

## Stock Connect

means each of the Shanghai-Hong Kong Stock Connect and the Shenzhen-Hong Kong Stock Connect, and collectively the "**Stock Connects**".

## Stock Connect Funds

ASEAN Leaders Fund, Asia Pacific Equity Income Fund, Asian Dragon Fund, Asian Growth Leaders Fund, Asian Multi-Asset Growth Fund, China A-Share Opportunities Fund, China Flexible Equity Fund, China Fund, Dynamic High Income Fund (with effect from 25 March 2019), Emerging Markets Fund, Emerging Markets Equity Income Fund, FinTech Fund, Flexible Multi-Asset Fund (Fund name will change to "ESG Multi-Asset Fund" on 25 March 2019), Future Of Transport Fund, Global Allocation Fund, Global Conservative Income Fund, Global Dynamic Equity Fund, Global Enhanced Equity Yield Fund, Global Equity Income Fund, Global Multi-Asset Income Fund, Global Opportunities Fund (Fund name will change to "Global Long-Horizon Equity Fund" from 25 March 2019), Global SmallCap Fund, Market Navigator Fund, Natural Resources Growth & Income Fund, New Energy Fund (Fund name will change to "Sustainable Energy Fund" on 25 March 2019), Next Generation Technology Fund, World Agriculture Fund (Fund name will change to "Nutrition Fund" on 25 March 2019), Pacific Equity Fund, World Energy Fund, World Financials Fund, World Gold Fund, World Healthscience Fund World Mining Fund, World Real Estate Securities Fund and World Technology Fund.

## SSE

means the Shanghai Stock Exchange.

## Subsidiary

means BlackRock India Equities (Mauritius) Limited, a whollyowned subsidiary of the Company, incorporated as a private company limited by shares through which the India Fund may invest into securities.

## SZSE

means the Shenzhen Stock Exchange.

## UCITS

means an undertaking for collective investment in transferable securities.

## **UCITS Directive**

means Directive 2009/65/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 13 July 2009 on the coordination of laws, regulations and administrative provisions relating to undertakings for collective investment in transferable securities (UCITS), as amended.

## **UK Reporting Funds**

means the Statutory Instrument 2009 / 3001 that the UK Government enacted in November 2009 (The Offshore Funds (Tax) Regulations 2009) which provides for a framework for the taxation of investments in offshore funds which operates by reference to whether a Fund opts into a reporting regime ("UK Reporting Funds") or not ("Non-UK Reporting Funds"). Under the UK Reporting Funds regime, investors in UK Reporting Funds are subject to tax on the share of the UK Reporting Fund's income attributable to their holding in the Fund, whether or not distributed, but any gains on disposal of their holding are subject to capital gains tax. The UK Reporting Funds regime has applied to the Company since 1 September 2010.

A list of the Funds which currently have UK Reporting Fund status is available at <u>https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/</u> offshore-funds-list-of-reporting-fund.

# Investment Management of the Funds Management

The Directors are responsible for the overall investment policy of the Company.

BlackRock (Luxembourg) S.A. has been appointed by the Company to act as its management company. The Management Company is authorised to act as a fund management company in accordance with Chapter 15 of the 2010 Law.

The Company has signed a management company agreement with the Management Company. Under this agreement, the Management Company is entrusted with the day-to-day management of the Company, with responsibility for performing directly or by way of delegation all operational functions relating to the Company's investment management, administration and the marketing of the Funds.

In agreement with the Company, the Management Company has decided to delegate several of its functions as is further described in this Prospectus.

The directors of the Management Company are:

#### Chairman

Francine Keiser

#### Directors

Graham Bamping Joanne Fitzgerald Adrian Lawrence Geoffrey Radcliffe Leon Schwab

Joanne Fitzgerald, Adrian Lawrence, Geoffrey Radcliffe and Leon Schwab are employees of the BlackRock Group (of which the Management Company, Investment Advisers and Principal Distributor are part).

Graham Bamping is a former employee of the BlackRock Group.

Francine Keiser is an independent non-executive Chairman.

BlackRock (Luxembourg) S.A. is a wholly owned subsidiary within the BlackRock Group. It is regulated by the CSSF.

The Remuneration Policy of the Management Company sets out the policies and practices that are consistent with and promote sound and effective risk management. It does not encourage risktaking which is inconsistent with the risk profiles, rules or instruments of incorporation of the Company and does not impair compliance with the Management Company's duty to act in the best interest of shareholders. The remuneration policy is in line with the business strategy, objectives, values and interests of the Management Company and the UCITS funds that it manages and of the investors in such UCITS funds, and includes measures to avoid conflicts of interest. It includes a description as to how remuneration and benefits are calculated and identifies those individuals responsible for awarding remuneration and benefits. With regard to the internal organisation of the Management Company, the assessment of performance is set in a multi-year framework appropriate to the holding period recommended to the investors of the UCITS funds managed by the Management Company in order to ensure that the assessment process is based on longer-term performance of the Company and its investment risks and that the actual payment of performance-based components of remuneration is spread over the same period. The Remuneration Policy includes fixed and variable components of salaries and discretionary pension benefits that are appropriately balanced and the fixed component represents a sufficiently high proportion of the total remuneration to allow the operation of a fully flexible policy on variable remuneration components, including the possibility to pay no variable remuneration component. The Remuneration Policy applies to those categories of staff, including senior management, risk takers, control functions and any employee receiving total remuneration that falls within the remuneration bracket of senior management and risk takers whose professional activities have a material impact on the risk profile of the Management Company. The details of the up-to-date Remuneration Policy, including but not limited to, a description of how remuneration and benefits are calculated, the identity of persons responsible for awarding the remuneration and benefits, including the composition of the remuneration committee where such a committee exists, are available on the individual Fund pages at www.blackrock.com (select the relevant Fund in the "Product" section and then select "All Documents") and www.blackrock.com/Remunerationpolicy and a paper copy will be made available free of charge upon request from the registered office of the Management Company.

#### **Investment Advisers and Sub-Advisers**

The Management Company has delegated its investment management functions to the Investment Advisers. The Investment Advisers provide advice and management in the areas of stock and sector selection and strategic allocation. Notwithstanding the appointment of the Investment Advisers, the Management Company accepts full responsibility to the Company for all investment transactions.

BlackRock Investment Management (UK) Limited is a principal operating subsidiary of the BlackRock Group outside the US. It is regulated by the Financial Conduct Authority ("FCA") but the Company will not be a customer of BlackRock Investment Management (UK) Limited for the purposes of the FCA rules and will accordingly not directly benefit from the protection of those rules.

BlackRock Investment Management (UK) Limited also acts as the investment manager to the Subsidiary.

BlackRock Investment Management (UK) Limited has subdelegated some of its functions to BlackRock Japan Co., Ltd., BlackRock Asset Management North Asia Limited ("BAMNA") and to BlackRock Investment Management (Australia) Limited.

BlackRock (Singapore) Limited is regulated by the Monetary Authority of Singapore.

BAMNA is regulated by the SFC.

BlackRock Financial Management, Inc. and BlackRock Investment Management, LLC are regulated by the Securities and Exchange Commission. BlackRock Financial Management, Inc. has subdelegated some of these functions to BlackRock Investment Management (Australia) Limited and BlackRock Investment Management (UK) Limited. The investment sub-advisers are also licensed and/or regulated (as applicable). BlackRock Japan Co., Ltd is regulated by the Japanese Financial Services Agency. BlackRock Investment Management (Australia) Limited is licensed by the Australian Securities and Investments Commission as an Australian Financial Services Licence holder.

The Investment Advisers and their sub-advisers are indirect operating subsidiaries of BlackRock, Inc., the ultimate holding company of the BlackRock Group. The principal shareholder of BlackRock, Inc., is the PNC Financial Services Group, Inc., which is a US public company. The Investment Advisers and their subadvisers form part of the BlackRock Group.

#### **Risk Considerations**

All investments risk the loss of capital. An investment in the Shares involves considerations and risk factors which investors should consider before subscribing. In addition, there will be occasions when the BlackRock Group may encounter potential conflicts of interest in connection with the Company. See section "Conflicts of interest from relationships within the BlackRock Group and with the PNC Group".

Investors should review this Prospectus carefully and in its entirety and are invited to consult with their professional advisers before making an application for Shares. An investment in the Shares should form only a part of a complete investment programme and an investor must be able to bear the loss of its entire investment. Investors should carefully consider whether an investment in the Shares is suitable for them in light of their circumstances and financial resources. In addition, investors should consult their own tax advisers regarding the potential tax consequences of the activities and investments of the Company and/or each Fund. Below is a summary of risk factors that apply to all Funds which in particular, in addition to the matters set out elsewhere in this Prospectus, should be carefully evaluated before making an investment in the Shares. Not all risks apply to all Funds. The risks that, in the opinion of the Directors and the Management Company, could have significant impact on the overall risk of the relevant Fund are detailed in the table in the section "Specific Risk Considerations".

Only those risks which are believed to be material and are currently known to the Directors have been disclosed. Additional risks and uncertainties not currently known to the Directors, or that the Directors deem to be immaterial, may also have an adverse effect on the business of the Company and/or the Funds.

## **General Risks**

The performance of each Fund will depend on the performance of the underlying investments. No guarantee or representation is made that any Fund or any investment will achieve its respective investment objectives. Past results are not necessarily indicative of future results. The value of the Shares may fall due to any of the risk factors below as well as rise and an investor may not recoup its investment. Income from the Shares may fluctuate in money terms. Changes in exchange rates may, among other factors, cause the value of Shares to increase or decrease. The levels and bases of, and reliefs from, taxation may change. There can be no assurance that the collective performance of a Fund's underlying investments will be profitable. Also, there is no guarantee of the repayment of principal. On establishment, a Fund will normally have no operating history upon which investors may base an evaluation of performance.

#### **Financial Markets, Counterparties and Service Providers**

The Funds may be exposed to finance sector companies that act as a service provider or as a counterparty for financial contracts. In times of extreme market volatility, such companies may be adversely affected, with a consequent adverse effect on the return of the Funds.

Regulators and self-regulatory organisations and exchanges are authorised to take extraordinary actions in the event of market

emergencies. The effect of any future regulatory action on the Company could be substantial and adverse.

#### **Tax Considerations**

The Company may be subject to withholding or other taxes on income and/or gains arising from its investment portfolio. Where the Company invests in securities that are not subject to withholding or other taxes at the time of acquisition, there can be no assurance that tax may not be imposed in the future as a result of any change in applicable laws, treaties, rules or regulations or the interpretation thereof. The Company may not be able to recover such tax and so any such change could have an adverse effect on the Net Asset Value of the Shares.

The tax information provided in the "Taxation" section is based, to the best knowledge of the Directors, upon tax law and practice as at the date of this Prospectus. Tax legislation, the tax status of the Company, the taxation of shareholders and any tax reliefs, and the consequences of such tax status and tax reliefs, may change from time to time. Any change in the taxation legislation in any jurisdiction where a Fund is registered, marketed or invested could affect the tax status of the Fund, affect the value of the Fund's investments in the affected jurisdiction and affect the Fund's ability to achieve its investment objective and/or alter the post-tax returns to shareholders. Where a Fund invests in derivatives, the preceding sentence may also extend to the jurisdiction of the governing law of the derivative contract and/or the derivative counterparty and/or to the market(s) comprising the underlying exposure(s) of the derivative.

The availability and value of any tax reliefs available to shareholders depend on the individual circumstances of shareholders. The information in the "Taxation" section is not exhaustive and does not constitute legal or tax advice. Investors are urged to consult their tax advisors with respect to their particular tax situations and the tax effects of an investment in the Company.

Where a Fund invests in a jurisdiction where the tax regime is not fully developed or is not sufficiently certain, for example India and jurisdictions in the Middle East, the relevant Fund, the Management Company, the Investment Advisers and the Depositary shall not be liable to account to any shareholder for any payment made or suffered by the Company in good faith to a fiscal authority for taxes or other charges of the Company or the relevant Fund notwithstanding that it is later found that such payments need not or ought not have been made or suffered. Conversely, where through fundamental uncertainty as to the tax liability, adherence to best or common market practice (to the extent that there is no established best practice) that is subsequently challenged or the lack of a developed mechanism for practical and timely payment of taxes, the relevant Fund pays taxes relating to previous years, any related interest or late filing penalties will likewise be chargeable to the Fund. Such late paid taxes will normally be debited to the Fund at the point the decision to accrue the liability in the Fund accounts is made.

Shareholders should note that certain Share Classes may pay dividends gross of expenses. This may result in shareholders receiving a higher dividend that they would have otherwise received and therefore shareholders may suffer a higher income tax liability as a result. In addition, in some circumstances, paying dividends gross of expenses may mean that the Fund pays dividends from capital property as opposed to income property. This is also the case where dividends may include Interest Rate Differentials arising from Share Class currency hedging. Such dividends may still be considered income distributions in the hands of shareholders, depending on the local tax legislation in place, and therefore shareholders may be subject to tax on the dividend at their marginal income tax rate. Shareholders should seek their own professional tax advice in this regard.

The tax laws and regulations in the PRC may be expected to change and develop as the PRC's economy changes and develops. Consequently, there may be less authoritative guidance to assist in planning and less uniform application of the tax laws and regulations in comparison to more developed markets. In addition, any new tax laws and regulations and any new interpretations may be applied retroactively. The application and enforcement of PRC tax rules could have a significant adverse effect on the Company and its investors, particularly in relation to capital gains withholding tax imposed upon non-residents. The Company does not currently intend to make any accounting provisions for these tax uncertainties.

Similarly, the tax regime in India has been subject to development and uncertainty. Investors' attention is particularly drawn to the section headed "**Taxation of the Subsidiary and the India Fund**" in Appendix C of this Prospectus.

Shareholders should also read the information set out in the section headed "FATCA and other cross-border reporting systems", particularly in relation to the consequences of the Company being unable to comply with the terms of such reporting systems.

#### **Share Class Contagion**

It is the Directors' intention that all gains/losses or expenses arising in respect of a particular Share Class are borne separately by that Share Class. Given that there is no segregation of liabilities between Share Classes, there is a risk that, under certain circumstances, transactions in relation to one Share Class could result in liabilities which might affect the Net Asset Value of the other Share Classes of the same Fund.

#### Currency Risk – Base Currency

The Funds may invest in assets denominated in a currency other than the Base Currency of the Funds. Changes in exchange rates between the Base Currency and the currency in which the assets are denominated and changes in exchange rate controls will cause the value of the asset expressed in the Base Currency to fall or rise. The Funds may utilise techniques and instruments including derivatives for hedging purposes to control currency risk. However it may not be possible or practical to completely mitigate currency risk in respect of a Fund's portfolio or specific assets within the portfolio. Furthermore, unless otherwise stated in the investment policies of the relevant fund, the Investment Adviser is not obliged to seek to reduce currency risk within the Funds.

## Currency Risk – Share Class Currency

Certain Share Classes of certain Funds may be denominated in a currency other than the Base Currency of the relevant Fund. In addition, the Funds may invest in assets denominated in currencies other than the Base Currency. Therefore changes in exchange rates and changes in exchange rate controls may affect the value of an investment in the Funds.

#### Currency Risk – Investor's Own Currency

An investor may choose to invest in a Share Class which is denominated in a currency that is different from the currency in which the majority of the investor's assets and liabilities are denominated (the "Investor's Currency"). In this scenario, the investor is subject to currency risk in the form of potential capital losses resulting from movements of the exchange rate between the Investor's Currency and the currency of the Share Class in which such investor invests, in addition to the other currency risks described herein and the other risks associated with an investment in the relevant Fund.

#### **Hedged Share Classes**

While a Fund or its authorised agent may attempt to hedge currency risks, there can be no guarantee that it will be successful in doing so and it may result in mismatches between the currency position of that Fund and the Hedged Share Class.

The hedging strategies may be entered into whether the Base Currency is declining or increasing in value relative to the relevant currency of the Hedged Share Class and so, where such hedging is undertaken it may substantially protect shareholders in the relevant Class against a decrease in the value of the Base Currency relative to the Hedged Share Class currency, but it may also preclude shareholders from benefiting from an increase in the value of the Base Currency.

Hedged Share Classes in non-major currencies may be affected by the fact that capacity of the relevant currency market may be limited, which could further affect the volatility of the Hedged Share Class.

Funds may also use hedging strategies which seek to provide exposure to certain currencies (i.e. where a currency is subject to currency trading restrictions). These hedging strategies involve converting the Net Asset Value of the relevant Share Class into the relevant currency using financial derivative instruments (including currency forwards).

All gains/losses or expenses arising from hedging transactions are borne separately by the shareholders of the respective Hedged Share Classes. Given that there is no segregation of liabilities between Share Classes, there is a risk that, under certain circumstances, currency hedging transactions in relation to one Share Class could result in liabilities which might affect the Net Asset Value of the other Share Classes of the same Fund.

## Global Financial Market Crisis and Governmental Intervention

Since 2007, global financial markets have undergone pervasive and fundamental disruption and suffered significant instability which has led to governmental intervention. Regulators in many jurisdictions have implemented or proposed a number of emergency regulatory measures. Government and regulatory interventions have sometimes been unclear in scope and application, resulting in confusion and uncertainty which in itself has been detrimental to the efficient functioning of financial markets. It is impossible to predict what additional interim or permanent governmental restrictions may be imposed on the markets and/or the effect of such restrictions on the Investment Adviser's ability to implement a Fund's investment objective.

Whether current undertakings by governing bodies of various jurisdictions or any future undertakings will help stabilise the financial markets is unknown. The Investment Advisers cannot

predict how long the financial markets will continue to be affected by these events and cannot predict the effects of these – or similar events in the future – on a Fund, the European or global economy and the global securities markets. The Investment Advisers are monitoring the situation. Instability in the global financial markets or government intervention may increase the volatility of the Funds and hence the risk of loss to the value of your investment.

### Derivatives

#### (a) General

In accordance with the investment limits and restrictions set out in Appendix A and in the section headed "Investment Objectives and Policies", each of the Funds may use derivatives for investment purposes and for the purposes of efficient portfolio management and to hedge market, interest rate and currency risk.

The use of derivatives may expose Funds to a higher degree of risk. These risks may include credit risk with regard to counterparties with whom the Funds trade, the risk of settlement default, volatility risk, over-the-counter transaction risk, lack of liquidity of the derivatives, imperfect tracking between the change in value of the derivative, and the change in value of the underlying asset that the relevant Fund is seeking to track and greater transaction costs than investing in the underlying assets directly. Some derivatives are leveraged and therefore may magnify or otherwise increase investment losses to the Funds.

In accordance with standard industry practice when purchasing derivatives, a Fund may be required to secure its obligations to its counterparty. For non-fully funded derivatives, this may involve the placing of initial and/or variation margin assets with the counterparty. For derivatives which require a Fund to place initial margin assets with a counterparty, such assets may not be segregated from the counterparty's own assets and, being freely exchangeable and replaceable, the Fund may have a right to the return of equivalent assets rather than the original margin assets deposited with the counterparty. These deposits or assets may exceed the value of the relevant Fund's obligations to the counterparty in the event that the counterparty requires excess margin or collateral. In addition, as the terms of a derivative may provide for one counterparty to provide collateral to the other counterparty to cover the variation margin exposure arising under the derivative only if a minimum transfer amount is triggered, the Fund may have an uncollateralised risk exposure to a counterparty under a derivative up to such minimum transfer amount.

Derivative contracts can be highly volatile, and the amount of initial margin is generally small relative to the size of the contract so that transactions may be leveraged in terms of market exposure. A relatively small market movement may have a potentially larger impact on derivatives than on standard bonds or equities. Leveraged derivative positions can therefore increase Fund volatility. Whilst the Funds will not borrow money to leverage they may for example take synthetic short positions through derivatives to adjust their exposure, always within the restrictions provided for in Appendix A of this Prospectus. Certain Funds may enter into long positions executed using derivatives (synthetic long positions) such as futures positions including currency forwards.

Additional risks associated with investing in derivatives may include a counterparty breaching its obligations to provide collateral, or due to operational issues (such as time gaps between the calculation of risk exposure to a counterparty's provision of additional collateral or substitutions of collateral or the sale of collateral in the event of a default by a counterparty), there may be instances where a Fund's credit exposure to its counterparty under a derivative contract is not fully collateralised but each Fund will continue to observe the limits set out in Appendix A. The use of derivatives may also expose a Fund to legal risk, which is the risk of loss resulting from changing laws or from the unexpected application of a law or regulation, or because a court declares a contract not legally enforceable. Where derivative instruments are used in this manner the overall risk profile of the Fund may be increased. Accordingly the Company will employ a riskmanagement process which enables the Management Company to monitor and measure at any time the risk of the positions and their contribution to the overall risk profile of the Fund. The Management Company uses one of two methodologies to calculate each Fund's global exposure, the "Commitment Approach" or the "Value at Risk" or "VaR" approach, in both cases ensuring each Fund complies with the investment restrictions set out in Appendix A. The methodology used for each Fund will be determined by the Management Company based on the investment strategy of the relevant Fund. Details about the methodologies used for each Fund are set out in the section entitled "Investment Objectives and Policies".

For more detail regarding the derivative strategies applied by individual Funds please refer to the individual Fund investment objectives in the section headed "Investment Objectives and Policies" below and the latest risk management programme which is available on request from the local Investor Servicing team.

#### (b) Specific

The Funds may use derivatives for investment purposes or for the purpose of efficient portfolio management in accordance with their respective investment objective and policies. In particular this may involve (on a non-exhaustive basis):

- using swap contracts to adjust interest rate risk;
- using currency derivatives to buy or sell currency risk;
- writing covered call options;
- using credit default swaps to buy or sell credit risk;
- using volatility derivatives to adjust volatility risk;
- buying and selling options;
- using swap contracts to gain exposure to one or more indices;
- using synthetic short positions to take advantage of any negative investment views; and
- using synthetic long positions to gain market exposure.

Investors should note the associated risks with the following types of derivative instruments and strategies as described below:

## Credit Default Swaps, Interest Rate Swaps, Currency Swaps, Total Return Swaps, Swaptions and Contracts for Difference

The use of credit default swaps may carry a higher risk than investing in bonds directly. A credit default swap allows the transfer

of default risk. This allows investors to effectively buy insurance on a bond they hold (hedging the investment) or buy protection on a bond they do not physically own where the investment view is that the stream of coupon payments required will be less than the payments received due to the decline in credit quality. Conversely, where the investment view is that the payments due to decline in credit quality will be less than the coupon payments, protection will be sold by means of entering into a credit default swap. Accordingly, one party, the protection buyer, makes a stream of payments to the seller of protection, and a payment is due to the buyer in the event that there is a "credit event" (a decline in credit quality, which will be pre-defined in the agreement). If the credit event does not occur the buyer pays all the required premiums and the swap terminates on maturity with no further payments. The risk of the buyer is therefore limited to the value of the premiums paid.

The market for credit default swaps may sometimes be more illiquid than bond markets. A Fund entering into credit default swaps must at all times be able to meet the redemption requests. Credit default swaps are valued on a regular basis according to verifiable and transparent valuation methods reviewed by the Company's auditor.

Interest rate swaps involve an exchange with another party of respective commitments to pay or receive interest, such as an exchange of fixed rate payments for floating rate payments. Currency swaps may involve the exchange of rights to make or receive payments in specified currencies. Total return swaps involve the exchange of the right to receive the total return, coupons plus capital gains or losses, of a specified reference asset, index or basket of assets against the right to make fixed or floating payments. The Funds may enter into swaps as either the payer or receiver of payments under such swaps.

Where a Fund enters into interest rate or total return swaps on a net basis, the two payment streams are netted out, with each party receiving or paying, as the case may be, only the net amount of the two payments. Interest rate or total return swaps entered into on a net basis do not involve the physical delivery of investments, other underlying assets or principal. Accordingly, it is intended that the risk of loss with respect to interest rate swaps is limited to the net amount of interest payments that a Fund is contractually obliged to make (or in the case of total return swaps, the net amount of the difference between the total rate of return of a reference investment, index or basket of investments and the fixed or floating payments). If the other party to an interest rate or total return swap defaults, in normal circumstances each Fund's risk of loss consists of the net amount of interest or total return payments that each party is contractually entitled to receive. In contrast, currency swaps usually involve the delivery of the entire principal value of one designated currency in exchange for the other designated currency. Therefore, the entire principal value of a currency swap is subject to the risk that the other party to the swap will default on its contractual delivery obligations.

Certain Funds may also buy or sell interest rate swaption contracts. These give the purchaser the right, but not the obligation to enter into an interest rate swap at a pre-set interest rate within a specified period of time. The interest rate swaption buyer pays a premium to the seller for this right. A receiver interest rate swaption gives the purchaser the right to receive fixed payments in return for paying a floating rate of interest. A payer interest rate swaption would give the purchaser the right to pay a fixed rate of interest in return for receiving a floating rate payment stream. Contracts for difference are similar to swaps and may also be used by certain Funds. A contract for difference (CFD) is an agreement between a buyer and a seller stipulating that the seller will pay the buyer the difference between the current value of a security and its value when the contract is made. If the difference turns out to be negative, the buyer pays the seller.

The use of credit default swaps, interest rate swaps, currency swaps, total return swaps, interest rate swaptions and contracts for difference is a specialised activity which involves investment techniques and risks different from those associated with ordinary portfolio securities transactions. If the Investment Adviser is incorrect in its forecasts of market values, interest rates and currency exchange rates, the investment performance of the Fund would be less favourable than it would have been if these investment techniques were not used.

#### Volatility Derivatives

"Historic Volatility" of a security is a statistical measure of the speed and magnitude of changes in the price of that security over defined periods of time. "Implied Volatility" is the market's expectation of future realised volatility. Volatility derivatives are derivatives whose price depends on Historic Volatility or Implied Volatility or both. Volatility derivatives are based on an underlying security, and Funds may use volatility derivatives to increase or reduce volatility risk, in order to express an investment view on the change in volatility, based on an assessment of expected developments in underlying securities markets. For example, if a significant change in the market background is expected, it is likely that the volatility of the price of a security will increase as prices adapt to the new circumstances.

The Funds may only buy or sell volatility derivatives which are based on an index where:

- the composition of the index is sufficiently diversified;
- the index represents an adequate benchmark for the market to which it refers; and
- it is published in an appropriate manner.

The price of volatility derivatives may be highly volatile, and may move in a different way to the other assets of the Fund, which could have a significant effect on the Net Asset Value of a Fund's Shares.

## **Currency Overlay Strategies**

In addition to the use of techniques and instruments to control currency risk (see 'Currency Risk'), certain Funds may invest in currencies or utilise techniques and instruments in relation to currencies other than the Base Currency with the aim of generating positive returns. The Investment Adviser utilises specialist currency overlay strategies which involves the creation of long positions and synthetic pair trades in currencies to implement tactical views through the use of currency futures, options, swaps and other instruments providing exposure to changes in exchange rates. The movement in currency exchange rates can be volatile and where funds engage substantially in such strategies, there will be a significant impact on the overall performance of the funds. These

Funds have the flexibility to invest in any currency in the world including emerging market currencies which may be less liquid and currencies that may be affected by the actions of governments and central banks including intervention, capital controls, currency peg mechanisms or other measures.

## **Option Strategies**

An option is the right (but not the obligation) to buy or sell a particular asset or index at a stated price at some date in the future. In exchange for the rights conferred by the option, the option buyer has to pay the option seller a premium for carrying on the risk that comes with the obligation. The option premium depends on the strike price, volatility of the underlying asset, as well as the time remaining to expiration. Options may be listed or dealt in OTC.

A Fund may enter into option transactions as either the buyer or seller of this right and may combine them to form a particular trading strategy as well as use options for reducing an existing risk.

If the Investment Adviser or its delegate is incorrect in its expectation of changes in the market prices or determination of the correlation between the particular assets or indices on which the options are written or purchased and the assets in a Fund's investment portfolio, that Fund may incur losses that it would not otherwise incur.

## Transfer of Collateral

In order to use derivatives the Funds will enter into arrangements with counterparties which may require the payment of collateral or margin out of a Fund's assets to act as cover to any exposure by the counterparty to the Fund. If the title of any such collateral or margin is transferred to the counterparty, it becomes an asset of such counterparty and may be used by the counterparty as part of its business. Collateral so transferred will not be held in custody by the Depositary for safekeeping, but collateral positions will be overseen and reconciled by the Depositary. Where the collateral is pledged by the Fund to the benefit of the relevant counterparty, then such counterparty may not rehypothecate the assets pledged to it as collateral without the Fund's consent.

## **Securities Lending**

The Funds may engage in securities lending. The Funds engaging in securities lending will have a credit risk exposure to the counterparties to any securities lending contract. Fund investments can be lent to counterparties over a period of time. A default by the counterparty combined with a fall in the value of the collateral below that of the value of the securities lent may result in a reduction in the value of the Fund. The Company intends to ensure that all securities lending is fully collateralised but, to the extent that any securities lending is not fully collateralised (for example due to timing issues arising from payment lags), the Funds will have a credit risk exposure to the counterparties to the securities lending contracts.

## **Risks Relating to Repurchase Agreements**

In the event of the failure of the counterparty with which collateral has been placed, the Funds may suffer loss as there may be delays in recovering collateral placed out or the cash originally received may be less than the collateral placed with the

counterparty due to inaccurate pricing of the collateral or market movements.

## **Risks Relating to Reverse Repurchase Agreements**

In the event of the failure of the counterparty with which cash has been placed, the Funds may suffer loss as there may be delay in recovering cash placed out or difficulty in realising collateral or proceeds from the sale of the collateral may be less than the cash placed with the counterparty due to inaccurate pricing of the collateral or market movements.

#### **Counterparty Risk**

A Fund will be exposed to the credit risk of the parties with which it transacts and may also bear the risk of settlement default. Credit risk is the risk that the counterparty to a financial instrument will fail to discharge an obligation or commitment that it has entered into with the relevant Fund. This would include the counterparties to any derivatives, repurchase / reverse repurchase agreement or securities lending agreement that it enters into. Trading in derivatives which have not been collateralised gives rise to direct counterparty exposure. The relevant Fund mitigates much of its credit risk to its derivative counterparties by receiving collateral with a value at least equal to the exposure to each counterparty but, to the extent that any derivative is not fully collateralised, a default by the counterparty may result in a reduction in the value of the Fund. A formal review of each new counterparty is completed and all approved counterparties are monitored and reviewed on an ongoing basis. The Fund maintains an active oversight of counterparty exposure and the collateral management process.

## Counterparty Risk to the Depositary

The assets of the Company are entrusted to the Depositary for safekeeping, as set out in further detail in paragraph 11 of Appendix C. In accordance with the UCITS Directive, in safekeeping the assets of the Company, the Depositary shall: (a) hold in custody all financial instruments that may be registered in a financial instruments account opened in the Depositary's books and all financial instruments that can be physically delivered to the Depositary; and (b) for other assets, verify the ownership of such assets and maintain a record accordingly. The assets of the Company should be identified in the Depositary's books as belonging to the Company.

Securities held by the Depositary should be segregated from other securities / assets of the Depositary in accordance with applicable law and regulation which mitigates but does not exclude the risk of non-restitution in the case of bankruptcy of the Depositary. The investors are therefore exposed to the risk of the Depositary not being able to fully meet its obligation to restitute all of the assets of the Company in the case of bankruptcy of the Depositary. In addition, a Fund's cash held with the Depositary may not be segregated from the Depositary's own cash / cash under custody for other clients of the Depositary, and a Fund may therefore rank as an unsecured creditor in relation thereto in the case of bankruptcy of the Depositary.

The Depositary may not keep all the assets of the Company itself but may use a network of sub-custodians which are not always part of the same group of companies as the Depositary. Investors may be exposed to the risk of bankruptcy of the sub-custodians in circumstances where the Depositary may have no liability.

A Fund may invest in markets where custodial and/or settlement systems are not fully developed. The assets of the Fund that are

traded in such markets and which have been entrusted to such sub-custodians may be exposed to risk in circumstances where the Depositary may have no liability.

## Fund Liability Risk

The Company is structured as an umbrella fund with segregated liability between its Funds. As a matter of Luxembourg law, the assets of one Fund will not be available to meet the liabilities of another. However, the Company is a single legal entity that may operate or have assets held on its behalf or be subject to claims in other jurisdictions that may not necessarily recognise such segregation of liability. As at the date of this Prospectus, the Directors are not aware of any such existing or contingent liability.

#### Market Leverage

The Funds will not use borrowing to purchase additional investments but may be expected, via derivative positions, to obtain market leverage (gross market exposure, aggregating both long and synthetic short positions, in excess of net asset value). The Investment Adviser will seek to make absolute returns from relative value decisions between markets ("this market will do better than that market"), as well as from directional views on the absolute return of markets ("this market is going to go up or down"). The extent of market leverage is likely to depend on the degree of correlation between positions. The higher the degree of correlation, the greater is the likelihood and probable extent of market leverage.

#### **Repurchase and Reverse Repurchase Agreements**

Under a repurchase agreement a Fund sells a security to a counterparty and simultaneously agrees to repurchase the security back from the counterparty at an agreed price and date. The difference between the sale price and the repurchase price establishes the cost of the transaction. The resale price generally exceeds the purchase price by an amount which reflects an agreed-upon market interest rate for the term of the agreement. In a reverse repurchase agreement a Fund purchases an investment from a counterparty which undertakes to repurchase the security at an agreed resale price on an agreed future date. The Fund therefore bears the risk that if the seller defaults the Fund might suffer a loss to the extent that proceeds from the sale of the underlying securities together with any other collateral held by the Fund in connection with the relevant agreement may be less than the repurchase price because of market movements. A Fund cannot sell the securities which are the subject of a reverse repurchase agreement until the term of the agreement has expired or the counterparty has exercised its right to repurchase the securities.

#### MiFID II

Laws and regulations introduced by Member States of the EU to implement the EU's second Markets in Financial Instruments

Directive ("**MiFID II**") and the EU's Markets in Financial Instruments Regulation ("**MiFIR**"), which came into force on 3 January 2018 and will impose new regulatory obligations and costs on the Management Company and the Investment Advisers. The impact of MiFID II on the EU financial markets and on EU investment firms which offer financial services to clients is expected to be significant. The exact impact of MiFID II on the Funds, the Management Company and Investment Advisers remains unclear and will take time to quantify.

In particular, MiFID II and MiFIR will require certain standardised OTC derivatives to be executed on regulated trading venues. It is unclear how the OTC derivatives markets will adapt to these new regulatory regimes and how this will impact on the Funds.

In addition, MiFID II introduces wider transparency regimes in respect of trading on EU trading venues and with EU counterparties. Under MiFID II, pre- and post-trade transparency regimes are extended from equities traded on a regulated market to also cover equity-like instruments (such as Depositary Receipts, Exchange-Traded Funds and certificates that are traded on regulated trading venues) and non-equities such as bonds, structured finance products, emission allowances and derivatives. The increased transparency regime under MiFID II, together with the restrictions on the use of "dark pools" and other trading venues, may mean greater disclosure of information relating to price discovery becoming available and may have an adverse impact on trading costs.

#### **Other Risks**

The Funds may be exposed to risks that are outside of their control – for example legal risks from investments in countries with unclear and changing laws or the lack of established or effective avenues for legal redress; the risk of terrorist actions; the risk that economic and diplomatic sanctions may be in place or imposed on certain states and military action may be commenced. The impact of such events is unclear, but could have a material effect on general economic conditions and market liquidity.

Regulators and self-regulatory organisations and exchanges are authorised to take extraordinary actions in the event of market emergencies. The effect of any future regulatory action on the Company could be substantial and adverse.

## Specific Risk Considerations

In addition to the general risks, as set out above, that should be considered for all Funds, there are other risks that investors should also bear in mind when considering investment into specific Funds. The tables below show which specific risk warnings apply to each of the Funds.

No.	FUND	Risk to Capi- tal Grow- th	Fixed In- come	Distres- sed Securi- ties	Delayed Delivery Trans- actions	Small Cap	Equity risk	ABS/ MBS	Port- folio Concen- tration Risk	Contin- gent Convert- ible Bonds	ESG Invest- ment Policy Risk
1.	ASEAN Leaders Fund					х	х				
2.	Asia Pacific Equity Income Fund	Х				х	х				
3.	Asian Dragon Fund					х	х				
4.	Asian Growth Leaders Fund					х	х				
5.	Asian High Yield Bond Fund		Х	Х						х	
6.	Asian Multi-Asset Growth Fund		Х			х	х	Х		х	
7.	Asian Tiger Bond Fund		Х	х						х	
8.	China A-Share Opportunities Fund					х	х				
9.	China Bond Fund		Х	х					Х	х	
10.	China Flexible Equity Fund					х	х				
11.	China Fund					х	х				
12.	Continental European Flexible Fund					х	х			х	
13.	Dynamic High Income Fund	Х	Х	х			х	х		х	
14.	Emerging Europe Fund					х	х				
15.	Emerging Markets Bond Fund		Х	х						х	
16.	Emerging Markets Corporate Bond Fund		Х	х						х	
17.	Emerging Markets Equity Income Fund	Х				х	х				
18.	Emerging Markets Fund					х	х				
19.	Emerging Markets Local Currency Bond Fund		х	х						х	
20.	ESG Emerging Markets Blended Bond Fund		Х	Х						Х	х
21.	ESG Emerging Markets Bond Fund		Х	х						х	х
22.	ESG Emerging Markets Corporate Bond Fund		Х	Х						х	х
23.	ESG Emerging Markets Local Currency Bond Fund		Х	Х						X	Х
24.	Euro Bond Fund		Х					Х		Х	ļ
25.	Euro Corporate Bond Fund		Х					Х		Х	ļ
26.	Euro Reserve Fund		Х					Х			<u> </u>
27.	Euro Short Duration Bond Fund		Х					Х		Х	ļ
28.	Euro-Markets Fund					Х	Х			Х	<u> </u>
29.	European Equity Income Fund	Х				Х	Х			Х	<u> </u>
30.	European Focus Fund					Х	Х			Х	<u> </u>
31.	European Fund					Х	Х			Х	
32.	European High Yield Bond Fund		Х	Х	Х			Х		Х	
33.	European Special Situations Fund					Х	Х			Х	
34.	European Value Fund					Х	Х			Х	
35.	FinTech Fund					Х	Х		Х		
36.	Fixed Income Global Opportunities Fund		Х	Х	Х			Х		Х	
37.	Flexible Multi-Asset Fund (Fund name will change to ESG Multi-Asset Fund from 25 March 2019 and changes will be made as set out in the section headed "Investment Objectives and Policies")		X				X	X		X	X
38.	Future Of Transport Fund					х	Х		Х	Х	
39.	Global Allocation Fund		Х	Х		х	Х	х		х	

No.	FUND	Risk to Capi- tal Grow- th	Fixed In- come	Distres- sed Securi- ties	Delayed Delivery Trans- actions	Small Cap	Equity risk	ABS/ MBS	Port- folio Concen- tration Risk	Contin- gent Convert- ible Bonds	ESG Invest- ment Policy Risk
40.	Global Bond Income Fund		Х	х				х		х	
41.	Global Conservative Income Fund	Х	Х	Х			х	х		Х	
42.	Global Corporate Bond Fund		Х	х				х		х	
43.	Global Dynamic Equity Fund					Х	х			х	
44.	Global Enhanced Equity Yield Fund	Х				Х	х				
45.	Global Equity Income Fund	Х				Х	х				
46.	Global Government Bond Fund		Х	х	Х			х		Х	
47.	Global High Yield Bond Fund		Х		х			х		х	
48.	Global Inflation Linked Bond Fund		Х		Х			х			
49.	Global Multi-Asset Income Fund	Х	Х	х			х	х		Х	
50.	Global Opportunities Fund (Fund name will change to Global Long-Horizon Equity Fund from 25 March 2019)					Х	х		Х		
51.	Global SmallCap Fund					Х	х				
52.	India Fund					Х	х				
53.	Japan Small & MidCap Opportunities Fund					Х	х				
54.	Japan Flexible Equity Fund					Х	х				
55.	Latin American Fund					х	х				
56.	Market Navigator Fund		Х	х		Х	х	х			
57.	Natural Resources Growth & Income Fund	Х				Х	х			х	
58.	New Energy Fund (Fund name will change to the Sustainable Energy Fund from 25 March 2019 and changes will be made as set out in the section headed "Investment Objectives and Policies")					Х	Х			X	
59.	Next Generation Technology Fund					Х	х				
60.	North American Equity Income Fund	Х					х				
61.	Pacific Equity Fund					Х	х				
62.	Strategic Global Bond Fund		Х	Х	Х		х	х		Х	
63.	Swiss Small & MidCap Opportunities Fund					Х	х			Х	
64.	United Kingdom Fund					Х	Х			Х	
65.	US Basic Value Fund						Х				
66.	US Dollar Bond Fund		Х	Х	Х			Х		Х	
67.	US Dollar High Yield Bond Fund		Х		Х			Х		Х	
68.	US Dollar Reserve Fund		Х					Х			
69.	US Dollar Short Duration Bond Fund		Х		Х			Х		Х	
70.	US Flexible Equity Fund						Х				
71.	US Government Mortgage Fund		Х		Х			х			
72.	US Growth Fund						Х				
73.	US Small & MidCap Opportunities Fund					Х	Х				
74.	World Agriculture Fund (Fund name will change to Nutrition Fund from 25 March 2019 and changes will be made as set out in the section headed "Investment Objectives and Policies")					X	X			X	
75.	World Bond Fund		Х	Х	х			Х		х	
76.	World Energy Fund					Х	х			Х	
77.	World Financials Fund					Х	Х				

No.	FUND	Risk to Capi- tal Grow- th	Fixed In- come	Distres- sed Securi- ties	Delayed Delivery Trans- actions	Small Cap	Equity risk	ABS/ MBS	Port- folio Concen- tration Risk	Contin- gent Convert- ible Bonds	ESG Invest- ment Policy Risk
78.	World Gold Fund					х	х			х	
79.	World Healthscience Fund					х	х				
80.	World Mining Fund					х	х			х	
81.	World Real Estate Securities Fund					Х	х				
82.	World Technology Fund					х	Х				

		Specific Risks - Continued										
No.	FUND	Emer- ging Market	Sove- reign Debt	Bond Down- grade Risk	Restric- tions on foreign Invest- ments	Speci- fic Sec- tors	Commodi- ties accessed via ETFs	Bank Cor- porate Bonds	Turn- over	Liquid- ity Risk		
1.	ASEAN Leaders Fund	Х			Х					х		
2.	Asia Pacific Equity Income Fund	х			х					х		
3.	Asian Dragon Fund	х			х					х		
4.	Asian Growth Leaders Fund	Х			Х	Х				х		
5.	Asian High Yield Bond Fund	Х	Х	Х	Х			Х		Х		
6.	Asian Multi-Asset Growth Fund	Х	Х	Х	Х			Х		х		
7.	Asian Tiger Bond Fund	Х	Х	Х	Х							
8.	China A-Share Opportunities Fund	Х			Х					Х		
9.	China Bond Fund	Х	Х	Х	Х					Х		
10.	China Flexible Equity Fund	Х			Х					Х		
11.	China Fund	Х			Х					Х		
12.	Continental European Flexible Fund				Х					Х		
13.	Dynamic High Income Fund	Х	Х	Х	Х			Х				
14.	Emerging Europe Fund	Х			Х					Х		
15.	Emerging Markets Bond Fund	Х	Х	Х	Х			Х				
16.	Emerging Markets Corporate Bond Fund	Х		Х	Х			Х				
17.	Emerging Markets Equity Income Fund	Х			Х					Х		
18.	Emerging Markets Fund	Х			Х					Х		
19.	Emerging Markets Local Currency Bond Fund	Х	х	Х	Х			Х		Х		
20.	ESG Emerging Markets Blended Bond Fund	Х	Х	Х	Х			Х		Х		
21.	ESG Emerging Markets Bond Fund	Х	Х	Х	Х			Х		Х		
22.	ESG Emerging Markets Corporate Bond Fund	Х	Х	Х	Х			Х		Х		
23.	ESG Emerging Markets Local Currency Bond Fund	Х	х	Х	Х			Х		Х		
24.	Euro Bond Fund		х	Х								
25.	Euro Corporate Bond Fund			Х	х							
26.	Euro Reserve Fund		х	Х								
27.	Euro Short Duration Bond Fund		х	Х								
28.	Euro-Markets Fund											
29.	European Equity Income Fund				Х							
30.	European Focus Fund				Х					Х		
31.	European Fund				Х					Х		
32.	European High Yield Bond Fund		Х	Х				Х				
33.	European Special Situations Fund				х					Х		
34.	European Value Fund				х							
35.	FinTech Fund	Х				Х						
36.	Fixed Income Global Opportunities Fund	Х	Х	Х	Х		Х	Х		Х		
37.	Flexible Multi-Asset Fund (Fund name will change to ESG Multi-Asset Fund from 25 March 2019 and changes will be made as set out in the section headed "Investment Objectives and Policies")	×	х	X				X		Х		
38.	Future Of Transport Fund	Х				Х						
39.	Global Allocation Fund	Х	Х	Х	х		Х	Х		Х		
40.	Global Bond Income Fund	Х	Х	Х	Х			Х				

		Specific Risks - Continued									
No.	FUND	Emer- ging Market	Sove- reign Debt	Bond Down- grade Risk	Restric- tions on foreign Invest- ments	Speci- fic Sec- tors	Commodi- ties accessed via ETFs	Bank Cor- porate Bonds	Turn- over	Liquid- ity Risk	
41.	Global Conservative Income Fund	Х	Х	Х	Х			Х			
42.	Global Corporate Bond Fund	Х	х	х	Х			х		х	
43.	Global Dynamic Equity Fund	х			х					х	
44.	Global Enhanced Equity Yield Fund	х			Х					х	
45.	Global Equity Income Fund	х			Х					х	
46.	Global Government Bond Fund		х	х							
47.	Global High Yield Bond Fund		х	х						х	
48.	Global Inflation Linked Bond Fund		х	х	Х					х	
49.	Global Multi-Asset Income Fund	Х	х	х	Х			Х		х	
50.	Global Opportunities Fund (Fund name will change to Global Long-Horizon Equity Fund from 25 March 2019)	х			Х					×	
51.	Global SmallCap Fund	Х			Х					х	
52.	India Fund	х			х					х	
53.	Japan Small & MidCap Opportunities Fund									х	
54.	Japan Flexible Equity Fund										
55.	Latin American Fund	х			х					х	
56.	Market Navigator Fund	х	х	х	х		Х	х		х	
57.	Natural Resources Growth & Income Fund	Х			Х	Х	Х			х	
58.	New Energy Fund (Fund name will change to the Sustainable Energy Fund from 25 March 2019 and changes will be made as set out in the section headed "Investment Objectives and Policies")	х			х	х				X	
59.	Next Generation Technology Fund	Х				Х					
60.	North American Equity Income Fund										
61.	Pacific Equity Fund	х			х					х	
62.	Strategic Global Bond Fund	х	х	х	х		Х	х		х	
63.	Swiss Small & MidCap Opportunities Fund									х	
64.	United Kingdom Fund									-	
65.	US Basic Value Fund										
66.	US Dollar Bond Fund		х	х				Х	х		
67.	US Dollar High Yield Bond Fund		х	х				Х		х	
68.	US Dollar Reserve Fund		х	х				Х			
69.	US Dollar Short Duration Bond Fund		Х	х				Х		Х	
70.	US Flexible Equity Fund									+	
71.	US Government Mortgage Fund		Х	х						1	
72.	US Growth Fund	<u> </u>									
73.	US Small & MidCap Opportunities Fund									х	
74.	World Agriculture Fund (Fund name will change to Nutrition Fund from 25 March 2019 and changes will be made as set out in the section headed "Investment Objectives and Policies")	Х			X	X	Х			X	
75.	World Bond Fund	х	х	х				х		х	
76.	World Energy Fund	Х			Х	х	Х			х	

		Specific Risks - Continued								
No.	FUND	Emer- ging Market	Sove- reign Debt	Bond Down- grade Risk	Restric- tions on foreign Invest- ments	Speci- fic Sec- tors	Commodi- ties accessed via ETFs	Bank Cor- porate Bonds	Turn- over	Liquid- ity Risk
77.	World Financials Fund	х			Х	Х				х
78.	World Gold Fund	х			Х	Х	Х			х
79.	World Healthscience Fund	х			х	Х				Х
80.	World Mining Fund	х			Х	Х	Х			Х
81.	World Real Estate Securities Fund					Х				
82.	World Technology Fund	Х			Х	Х				Х

## Specific Risks Liquidity Risk

Trading volumes in the underlying investments of the Funds may fluctuate significantly depending on market sentiment. There is a risk that investments made by the Funds may become less liquid in response to market developments, adverse investor perceptions or regulatory and government intervention (including the possibility of widespread trading suspensions implemented by domestic regulators). In extreme market conditions, there may be no willing buyer for an investment and so that investment cannot be readily sold at the desired time or price, and consequently the relevant Fund may have to accept a lower price to sell the relevant investment or may not be able to sell the investment at all. An inability to sell a particular investment or portion of a Fund's assets can have a negative impact of the value of the relevant Fund or prevent the relevant Fund from being able to take advantage of other investment opportunities.

The liquidity of fixed income securities issued by small and midcapitalisation companies and emerging country issuers is particularly likely to be reduced during adverse economic, market or political events or adverse market sentiment. The credit rating downgrade of fixed income securities and changes in prevailing interest rate environments may also affect their liquidity. See also the Specific Risk Considerations section in relation to different subcategories of fixed income securities.

Similarly, investment in equity securities issued by unlisted companies, small and mid-capitalisation companies and companies based in emerging countries are particularly subject to the risk that during certain market conditions, the liquidity of particular issuers or industries, or all securities within a particular investment category, will reduce or disappear suddenly and without warning as a result of adverse economic, market or political events, or adverse market sentiment.

Liquidity risk also includes the risk that relevant Funds may be forced to defer redemptions, issue in specie redemptions or suspend dealing because of stressed market conditions, an unusually high volume of redemption requests, or other factors beyond the control of the investment manager. See paragraphs 25. and 30. to 33. of Appendix B for further detail. To meet redemption requests, the relevant Funds may be forced to sell investments at an unfavourable time and/or conditions, which may have a negative impact on the value of your investment. Investors in an impacted Fund may also experience increased dealing costs as a result of anti- dilution measures taken by the Directors (see Appendix B, paragraph 18.3).

## **Risk to Capital Growth**

Certain Funds may be exposed to capital growth risks as a result of the dividend policies they adopt and/or the investment strategies they pursue:

## **Dividend Policies**

Certain Funds and/or certain Share Classes (e.g. Distributing (S) Shares, Distributing (Y) Shares and Distributing (R) Shares) may make distributions from capital as well as from income and net realised and net unrealised capital gains. This may occur for example:

 if the securities markets in which the Fund invests had declined to such an extent that the Fund has incurred net capital losses;

- if dividends are paid gross of fees and expenses this will mean fees and expenses are paid out of net realised and net unrealised capital gains or initially subscribed capital. As a result payment of dividends on this basis may reduce capital growth or reduce the capital of the Fund and/or relevant Share Class. See also "Tax Considerations" below; or
- if dividends include Interest Rate Differential arising from Share • Class currency hedging, this will mean that the dividend may be higher but capital of the relevant Share Class will not benefit from the Interest Rate Differential. Where net Share Class currency hedging returns do not fully cover the Interest Rate Differential portion of a dividend, such shortfall will have the effect of reducing capital. This risk to capital growth is particularly relevant for Distributing (R) Shares as, for this Share Class, a material portion of any dividend payment may be made out of capital since the dividend is calculated on the basis of expected gross income plus Interest Rate Differential. Therefore the capital that is returned via the dividend is not available for future capital growth. Interest rates are subject to change which means that the Interest Rate Differential may reduce dividends.
- if dividends calculated on an annual basis in respect of Distributing (Y) Shares are lower than the Dividend Threshold Amount, this will mean that there may be a shortfall which may need to be paid out of capital and therefore may have the effect of reducing capital. For this Share Class, the risk to capital growth is particularly relevant, since any dividend distributions on an annual basis must be at least equal to the Dividend Threshold Amount, and in the event of a shortfall, a material portion of any dividend payment may be made out of capital. Therefore the capital that is returned via the dividend will not be available for future capital growth.

## **Options Strategies**

In addition certain Funds may pursue investment strategies, such as options strategies, in order to generate income. Whilst this might allow more income to be distributed, it may also have the effect of reducing capital and the potential for long-term capital growth as well as increasing any capital losses. Any such distributions may result in an immediate reduction of the Net Asset Value per Share. If a Fund adopts options strategies to generate income and as part of an options strategy, the Investment Adviser or its delegate is incorrect in its expectation of changes in the market prices or determination of the correlation between the instruments or indices on which the options are written or purchased and the instruments in a Fund's investment portfolio, that Fund may incur losses that it would not otherwise incur.

## **Fixed Income Transferable Securities**

Debt securities are subject to both actual and perceived measures of creditworthiness. The "downgrading" of a rated debt security or its issuer or adverse publicity and investor perception, which may not be based on fundamental analysis, could decrease the value and liquidity of the security, particularly in a thinly traded market. In certain market environments this may lead to investments in such securities becoming less liquid, making it difficult to dispose of them.

A Fund may be affected by changes in prevailing interest rates and by credit quality considerations. Changes in market rates of interest will generally affect a Fund's asset values as the prices of fixed rate securities generally increase when interest rates decline and decrease when interest rates rise. Prices of shorter-term securities generally fluctuate less in response to interest rate changes than do longer-term securities.

An economic recession may adversely affect an issuer's financial condition and the market value of high yield debt securities issued by such entity. The issuer's ability to service its debt obligations may be adversely affected by specific issuer developments, or the issuer's inability to meet specific projected business forecasts, or the unavailability of additional financing. In the event of bankruptcy of an issuer, a Fund may experience losses and incur costs.

Issuers of non-investment grade or unrated debt may be highly leveraged and carry a greater risk of default. In addition, noninvestment grade or unrated securities tend to be less liquid and more volatile than higher rated fixed-income securities, so that adverse economic events may have a greater impact on the prices of non-investment grade debt securities than on higher rated fixedincome securities. Such securities are also subject to greater risk of loss of principal and interest than higher rated fixed-income securities.

#### **Investment in High Yield Debt Securities**

Non-investment grade debt securities, also known as "high-yield" debt securities may carry a greater risk of default than higher rated debt securities. In addition, non-investment grade securities tend to be more volatile than higher rated debt securities, so that adverse economic events may have a greater impact on the prices of non-investment grade debt securities than on higher rated debt securities. Further, an issuer's ability to service its debt obligations may be adversely affected by specific issuer developments, for example, an economic recession may adversely affect an issuer's financial condition and the market value of high yield debt securities issued by such entity.

## Asset-backed Securities ("ABS")

An asset-backed security is a generic term for a debt security issued by corporations or other entities (including public or local authorities) backed or collateralised by the income stream from an underlying pool of assets. The underlying assets typically include loans, leases or receivables (such as credit card debt, automobile loans and student loans). An asset-backed security is usually issued in a number of different classes with varying characteristics depending on the riskiness of the underlying assets assessed by reference to their credit quality and term and can be issued at a fixed or a floating rate. The higher the risk contained in the class, the more the asset-backed security pays by way of income.

The obligations associated with these securities may be subject to greater credit, liquidity and interest rate risk compared to other fixed income securities such as government issued bonds. ABS and MBS are often exposed to extension risk (where obligations on the underlying assets are not paid on time) and prepayment risks (where obligations on the underlying assets are paid earlier than expected), these risks may have a substantial impact on the timing and size of the cashflows paid by the securities and may negatively impact the returns of the securities. The average life of each individual security may be affected by a large number of factors such as the existence and frequency of exercise of any optional redemption and mandatory prepayment, the prevailing level of interest rates, the actual default rate of the underlying assets, the timing of recoveries and the level of rotation in the underlying assets.

Specific types of ABS in which the Funds may invest are set out below:

## Generic risks related to ABS

With regard to Funds that invest in ABS, while the value of ABS typically increases when interest rates fall and decreases when interest rates rise, and are expected to move in the same direction of the underlying related asset, there may not be a perfect correlation between these events.

The ABS in which the Fund may invest may bear interest or pay preferred dividends at below market rates and, in some instances, may not bear interest or pay preferred dividends at all.

Certain ABS may be payable at maturity in cash at the stated principal amount or, at the option of the holder, directly in a stated amount of the asset to which it is related. In such instance, a Fund may sell the ABS in the secondary market prior to maturity if the value of the stated amount of the asset exceeds the stated principal amount and thereby realise the appreciation in the underlying asset.

ABS may also be subject to extension risk, which is, the risk that, in a period of rising interest rates, prepayments may occur at a slower rate than expected. As a result, the average duration of the Fund's portfolio may increase. The value of longer-term securities generally changes more in response to changes in interest rates than that of shorter-term securities.

As with other debt securities, ABS are subject to both actual and perceived measures of creditworthiness. Liquidity in ABS may be affected by the performance or perceived performance of the underlying assets. In some circumstances investments in ABS may become less liquid, making it difficult to dispose of them. Accordingly the Fund's ability to respond to market events may be impaired and the Fund may experience adverse price movements upon liquidation of such investments. In addition, the market price for an ABS may be volatile and may not be readily ascertainable. As a result, the Fund may not be able to sell them when it desires to do so, or to realise what it perceives to be their fair value in the event of a sale. The sale of less liquid securities often requires more time and can result in higher brokerage charges or dealer discounts and other selling expenses.

ABS may be leveraged which may contribute to volatility in the value of the security.

Considerations relating to specific types of ABS in which a Fund may invest

Asset-Backed Commercial Paper – ("ABCP").

An ABCP is a short-term investment vehicle with a maturity that is typically between 90 and 180 days. The security itself is typically issued by a bank or other financial institution. The notes are backed by physical assets such as trade receivables, and are generally used for short-term financing needs.

A company or group of companies looking to enhance liquidity may sell receivables to a bank or other conduit, which, in turn, will issue them to the Fund as commercial paper. The commercial paper is backed by the expected cash inflows from the receivables. As the receivables are collected, the originators are expected to pass on the funds.

## Collateralised Debt Obligation ("CDO")

A CDO is generally an investment grade security backed by a pool of non-mortgage bonds, loans and other assets. CDOs do not usually specialise in one type of debt but are often loans or bonds. CDOs are packaged in different classes representing different types of debt and credit risk. Each class has a different maturity and risk associated with it.

## Credit Linked Note - ("CLN")

A CLN is a security with an embedded credit default swap allowing the issuer to transfer a specific credit risk to the Fund.

CLNs are created through a special purpose company or trust, which is collateralised with securities rated in the top tier as determined by an accredited credit rating agency. The Fund buys securities from a trust that pays a fixed or floating coupon during the life of the note. At maturity, the Fund will receive the par value unless the referenced entity credit defaults or declares bankruptcy, in which case it receives an amount equal to the recovery rate. The trust enters into a default swap with a deal arranger. In case of default, the trust pays the dealer par minus the recovery rate in exchange for an annual fee which is passed on to the Fund in the form of a higher yield on the notes.

Under this structure, the coupon or price of the note is linked to the performance of a reference asset. It offers borrowers a hedge against credit risk, and offers the Fund a higher yield on the note for accepting exposure to a specified credit event.

## Synthetic Collateralised Debt Obligation

A synthetic CDO is a form of collateralised debt obligation (CDO) that invests in credit default swaps (CDSs – see below) or other non-cash assets to gain exposure to a portfolio of fixed income assets. Synthetic CDOs are typically divided into credit classes based on the level of credit risk assumed. Initial investments into the CDO are made by the lower classes, while the senior classes may not have to make an initial investment.

All classes will receive periodic payments based on the cash flows from the credit default swaps. If a credit event occurs in the fixed income portfolio, the synthetic CDO and its investors including the Fund become responsible for the losses, starting from the lowest rated classes and working its way up.

While synthetic CDOs can offer extremely high yields to investors such as the Fund, there is potential for a loss equal to that of the initial investments if several credit events occur in the reference portfolio.

A CDS is a swap designed to transfer the credit exposure of fixed income products between parties. The buyer of a CDS receives credit protection (buys protection), whereas the seller of the swap guarantees the credit worthiness of the product. By doing this, the risk of default is transferred from the holder of the fixed income security to the seller of the CDS. CDS are treated as a form of OTC derivative.

## Whole Business Securitisation ("WBS"):

Whole-business securitisation is defined as a form of asset-backed financing in which operating assets (which are long-term assets acquired for use in the business rather than for resale and includes property, plant, and equipment and intangible assets) are financed through the issues of notes via a special purpose vehicle (a structure whose operations are limited to the acquisition and financing of specific assets, usually a subsidiary company with an asset/liability structure and legal status that makes its obligations secure even if the parent company goes bankrupt) in the bond market and in which the operating company keeps complete control over the assets securitised. In case of default, control is handed over to the security trustee for the benefit of the note holders for the remaining term of financing.

## Mortgage-backed Securities ("MBS")

A mortgage-backed security is a generic term for a debt security backed or collateralised by the income stream from an underlying pool of commercial and/or residential mortgages. This type of security is commonly used to redirect the interest and principal payments from the pool of mortgages to investors. A mortgagebacked security is normally issued in a number of different classes with varying characteristics depending on the riskiness of the underlying mortgages assessed by reference to their credit quality and term and can be issued at a fixed or a floating rate of securities. The higher the risk contained in the class, the more the mortgage-backed security pays by way of income.

Specific types of MBS in which a Fund may invest are set out below.

## Generic risks related to MBS

MBS may be subject to prepayment risk which is the risk that, in a period of falling interest rates, borrowers may refinance or otherwise repay principal on their mortgages earlier than scheduled. When this happens, certain types of MBS will be paid off more quickly than originally anticipated and the Fund will have to invest the proceeds in securities with lower yields. MBS may also be subject to extension risk, which is, the risk that, in a period of rising interest rates, certain types of MBS will be paid off more slowly than originally anticipated and the value of these securities will fall. As a result, the average duration of the Fund's portfolio may increase. The value of longer-term securities generally changes more in response to changes in interest rates than that of shorter-term securities.

Because of prepayment risk and extension risk, MBS react differently to changes in interest rates than other fixed income securities. Small movements in interest rates (both increases and decreases) may quickly and significantly reduce the value of certain MBS. Certain MBS in which the Fund may invest may also provide a degree of investment leverage, which could cause the Fund to lose all or a substantial amount of its investment.

In some circumstances investments in MBS may become less liquid, making it difficult to dispose of them. Accordingly, the Fund's ability to respond to market events may be impaired and the Fund may experience adverse price movements upon liquidation of such investments. In addition, the market price for MBS may be volatile and may not be readily ascertainable. As a result, the Fund may not be able to sell them when it desires to do so, or to realise what it perceives to be their fair value in the event of a sale. The sale of less liquid securities often requires more time and can result in higher brokerage charges or dealer discounts and other selling expenses.

Considerations relating to specific types of MBS in which a Fund may invest

## Commercial Mortgage Backed Security ("CMBS")

A CMBS is a type of mortgage backed security that is secured by the loan on a commercial property; CMBS can provide liquidity to real estate investors and to commercial lenders. Typically a CMBS provides a lower degree of prepayment risk because commercial mortgages are most often set for a fixed term and not for a floating term as is generally the case with a residential mortgage. CMBS are not always in a standard form so can present increased valuation risk.

## Collateralised Mortgage Obligation ("CMO")

A CMO is a security backed by the revenue from mortgage loans, pools of mortgages, or even existing CMOs, separated into different maturity classes. In structuring a CMO, an issuer distributes cash flow from the underlying collateral over a series of classes, which constitute a multiclass securities issue. The total revenue from a given pool of mortgages is shared between a collection of CMOs with differing cashflow and other characteristics. In most CMOs, coupon payments are not made on the final class until the other classes have been redeemed. Interest is added to increase the principal value.

CMOs aim to eliminate the risks associated with prepayment because each security is divided into maturity classes that are paid off in order. As a result, they yield less than other mortgage-backed securities. Any given class may receive interest, principal, or a combination of the two, and may include more complex stipulations. CMOs generally receive lower interest rates that compensate for the reduction in prepayment risk and increased predictability of payments. In addition, CMOs can exhibit relatively low liquidity, which can increase the cost of buying and selling them.

## Real Estate Mortgage Investment Conduits ("REMIC")

A REMIC is an investment-grade mortgage bond that separates mortgage pools into different maturity and risk classes to the bank or conduit, which then passes the proceeds on to the note holders including the Fund. The REMIC is structured as a synthetic investment vehicle consisting of a fixed pool of mortgages broken apart and marketed to investors as individual securities and created for the purpose of acquiring collateral. This base is then divided into varying classes of securities backed by mortgages with different maturities and coupons.

## Residential mortgage-backed security ("RMBS")

An RMBS is a type of security whose cash flows come from residential debt such as mortgages, home-equity loans and subprime mortgages. This is a type of MBS which focuses on residential instead of commercial debt. Holders of an RMBS receive interest and principal payments that come from the holders of the residential debt. The RMBS comprises a large amount of pooled residential mortgages.

## **Distressed Securities**

Investment in a security of an issuer that is either in default or in high risk of default ("Distressed Securities") involves significant risk. Such investments will only be made when the Investment Adviser believes either that the security trades at a materially different level from the Investment Adviser's perception of fair value or that it is reasonably likely that the issuer of the securities will make an exchange offer or will be the subject of a plan of reorganisation; however, there can be no assurance that such an exchange offer will be made or that such a plan of reorganisation will be adopted or that any securities or other assets received in connection with such an exchange offer or plan of reorganisation will not have a lower value or income potential than anticipated when the investment was made. In addition, a significant period of time may pass between the time at which the investment in Distressed Securities is made and the time that any such exchange, offer or plan of reorganisation is completed. During this period, it is unlikely that any interest payments on the Distressed Securities will be received, there will be significant uncertainty as to whether fair value will be achieved or not and the exchange offer or plan of reorganisation will be completed, and there may be a requirement to bear certain expenses to protect the investing Fund's interest in the course of negotiations surrounding any potential exchange or plan of reorganisation. Furthermore, constraints on investment decisions and actions with respect to Distressed Securities due to tax considerations may affect the return realised on the Distressed Securities.

Some Funds may invest in securities of issuers that are encountering a variety of financial or earnings problems and represent distinct types of risks. A Fund's investments in equity or fixed income transferable securities of issuers in a weak financial condition may include issuers with substantial capital needs or negative net worth or issuers that are, have been or may become, involved in bankruptcy or reorganisation proceedings.

## **Contingent Convertible Bonds**

A contingent convertible bond is a type of complex debt security which may be converted into the issuer's equity or be partly or wholly written off if a pre-specified trigger event occurs. Trigger events may be outside of the issuer's control. Common trigger events include the share price of the issuer falling to a particular level for a certain period of time or the issuer's capital ratio falling to a pre-determined level. Coupon payments on certain contingent convertible bonds may be entirely discretionary and may be cancelled by the issuer at any point, for any reason, and for any length of time.

Events that trigger the conversion from debt into equity are designed so that conversion occurs when the issuer of the contingent convertible bonds is in financial difficulty, as determined either by regulatory assessment or objective losses (e.g. if the capital ratio of the issuer company falls below a pre-determined level).

Investment in contingent convertible bonds may entail the following (non-exhaustive) risks:

Contingent convertible bonds' investors may suffer a loss of capital when equity holders do not.

Trigger levels differ and determine exposure to conversion risk depending on the distance of the capital ratio to the trigger level. It might be difficult for the Fund to anticipate the trigger events that would require the debt to convert into equity. Furthermore, it might be difficult for the Fund to assess how the securities will behave upon conversion.

In case of conversion into equity, the relevant Fund might be forced to sell these new equity shares because the investment policy of the relevant Fund may not allow equity in its portfolio. Such a forced sale, and the increased availability of these shares might have an effect on market liquidity in so far as there may not be sufficient demand for these shares. Investment in contingent convertible bonds may also lead to an increased industry concentration risk and thus counterparty risk as such securities are issued by a limited number of banks. Contingent convertible bonds are usually subordinated to comparable non-convertible securities, and thus are subject to higher risks than other debt securities.

In the event that a contingent convertible bond is written off (a "write-down") as the result of a pre-specified trigger event, the Fund may suffer a full, partial or staggered loss of the value of its investment. A write-down may be either temporary or permanent.

In addition, most contingent convertible bonds are issued as perpetual instruments which are callable at pre-determined dates. Perpetual contingent convertible bonds may not be called on the pre-defined call date and investors may not receive return of principal on the call date or at any date.

## **Delayed Delivery Transactions**

Funds that invest in fixed income transferable securities may purchase "To Be Announced" securities contracts ("TBAs"). This refers to the common trading practice in the mortgage-backed securities market whereby a contract is purchased which entitles the buyer to buy a security from a mortgage pool (including but not limited to Ginnie Mae, Fannie Mae or Freddie Mac) for a fixed price at a future date. At the time of purchase the exact security is not known, but the main characteristics of it are specified. Although the price has been established at the time of purchase, the principal value has not been finalised. As a TBA is not settled at the time of purchase, this may lead to leveraged positions within a Fund. Purchasing a TBA involves a risk of loss if the value of the security to be purchased declines prior to the settlement date. Risks may also arise upon entering into these contracts from the potential inability of counterparties to meet the terms of their contracts. In certain jurisdictions, TBAs may be classed as financial derivative instruments.

The Funds may dispose of a commitment prior to settlement if it is deemed appropriate to do so. Proceeds of TBA sales are not received until the contractual settlement date. During the time a TBA sale commitment is outstanding, equivalent deliverable securities, or an offsetting TBA purchase commitment (deliverable on or before the sale commitment date), are held as cover for the transaction.

If the TBA sale commitment is closed through the acquisition of an offsetting purchase commitment, the Fund realises a gain or loss on the commitment without regard to any unrealised gain or loss on the underlying security. If the Fund delivers securities under the commitment, the Fund realises a gain or loss from the sale of the securities upon the unit price established at the date the commitment was entered into.

## **Smaller Capitalisation Companies**

The securities of smaller companies may be subject to more abrupt or erratic market movements than larger, more established companies or the market average in general. These companies may have limited product lines, markets or financial resources, or they may be dependent on a limited management group. Full development of those companies takes time. In addition, many small company stocks trade less frequently and in smaller volume, and may be subject to more abrupt or erratic price movements than stocks of large companies. The securities of small companies may also be more sensitive to market changes than the securities of large companies. These factors may result in above-average fluctuations in the Net Asset Value of a Fund's Shares.

## **Equity Risks**

The values of equities fluctuate daily and a Fund investing in equities could incur significant losses. The price of equities can be influenced by many factors at the individual company level, as well as by broader economic and political developments, including changes in investment sentiment, trends in economic growth, inflation and interest rates, issuer-specific factors, corporate earnings reports, demographic trends and catastrophic events.

## **Money-Market Instruments**

The Euro Reserve Fund and the US Dollar Reserve Fund invest a significant amount of their Net Asset Value in approved moneymarket instruments and in this regard investors might compare the funds to regular deposit accounts. Investors should however note that holdings in these Funds are subject to the risks associated with investing in a collective investment scheme, in particular the fact that the principal sum invested is capable of fluctuation as the Net Asset Value of the Funds fluctuates.

Money-market instruments are subject to both actual and perceived measures of creditworthiness. The "downgrading" of a rated money-market instrument or adverse publicity and investor perception, which may not be based on fundamental analysis, could decrease the value and liquidity of these instruments, particularly in an illiquid market.

## **Emerging Markets**

Emerging markets are typically those of poorer or less developed countries which exhibit lower levels of economic and/or capital market development, and higher levels of share price and currency volatility. Amongst these, those which exhibit the lowest levels of economic and/or capital market development may be referred to as frontier markets, and the below mentioned risks may be amplified for these markets.

Some emerging markets governments exercise substantial influence over the private economic sector and the political and social uncertainties that exist for many developing countries are particularly significant. Another risk common to most such countries is that the economy is heavily export oriented and, accordingly, is dependent upon international trade. The existence of overburdened infrastructures and inadequate financial systems also presents risks in certain countries, as do environmental problems.

In adverse social and political circumstances, governments have been involved in policies of expropriation, confiscatory taxation, nationalisation, intervention in the securities market and trade settlement, and imposition of foreign investment restrictions and exchange controls, and these could be repeated in the future. In addition to withholding taxes on investment income, some emerging markets may impose capital gains taxes on foreign investors.

Generally accepted accounting, auditing and financial reporting practices in emerging markets may be significantly different from those in developed markets. Compared to mature markets, some emerging markets may have a low level of regulation, enforcement of regulations and monitoring of investors' activities. Those activities may include practices such as trading on material nonpublic information by certain categories of investor.

The securities markets of developing countries are not as large as the more established securities markets and have substantially less trading volume, resulting in a lack of liquidity and high price volatility. There may be a high concentration of market capitalisation and trading volume in a small number of issuers representing a limited number of industries as well as a high concentration of investors and financial intermediaries. These factors may adversely affect the timing and pricing of a Fund's acquisition or disposal of securities.

Practices in relation to the settlement of securities transactions in emerging markets involve higher risks than those in developed markets, in part because the Company will need to use brokers and counterparties which are less well capitalised, and custody and registration of assets in some countries may be unreliable. Delays in settlement could result in investment opportunities being missed if a Fund is unable to acquire or dispose of a security. The Depositary is responsible for the proper selection and supervision of its correspondent banks in all relevant markets in accordance with Luxembourg law and regulation.

In certain emerging markets, registrars are not subject to effective government supervision nor are they always independent from issuers. Investors should therefore be aware that the Funds concerned could suffer loss arising from these registration problems.

## Sovereign Debt

Sovereign debt refers to debt obligations issued or guaranteed by governments or their agencies and instrumentalities (each a "governmental entity"). Investments in sovereign debt may involve a degree of risk. The governmental entity that controls the repayment of sovereign debt may not be able or willing to repay the principal and/or interest when due in accordance with the terms of such debt. A governmental entity's willingness or ability to repay principal and interest due in a timely manner may be affected by, among other factors, its cash flow situation, the extent of its foreign reserves, the availability of sufficient foreign exchange on the date a payment is due, the relative size of the debt service burden to the economy as a whole, the governmental entity's policy towards the international monetary bodies, any constraints placed on it by inclusion in a common monetary policy, or any other constraints to which a governmental entity might be subject. Governmental entities may also be dependent on expected disbursements from foreign governments, multilateral agencies and other foreign entities to reduce principal and interest arrears on their debt. The commitment on the part of these governments, agencies and others to make such disbursements may be conditioned on a governmental entity's implementation of economic reforms and/or economic performance and the timely service of such debtor's obligations. Failure to implement such reforms, achieve such levels of economic performance or repay principal or interest when due

may result in the cancellation of such third parties' commitments to lend funds to the governmental entity, which may further impair such debtor's ability or willingness to service its debt on a timely basis. Consequently, governmental entities may default on their sovereign debt. Holders of sovereign debt, including a Fund, may be requested to participate in the rescheduling of such debt and to extend further loans to governmental entities.

Sovereign debt holders may also be affected by additional constraints relating to sovereign issuers which may include (i) the restructuring of such debt (including the reduction of outstanding principal and interest and or rescheduling of repayment terms) without the consent of the impacted Fund(s) (e.g. pursuant to legislative actions unilaterally taken by the sovereign issuer and/or decisions made by a qualified majority of the lenders); and (ii) the limited legal recourses available against the sovereign issuer in case of failure of or delay in repayment (for example there may be no bankruptcy proceedings available by which sovereign debt on which a government entity has defaulted may be recovered).

As set out in their investment policies, some of the Funds may invest in debt securities, issued by governments and agencies worldwide and may invest, from time to time, more than 10% of their Net Asset Value in non-investment grade debt securities issued by governments and agencies of any single country.

Non-investment grade, also known as "high-yield", sovereign debt may carry a greater risk of default than higher rated debt securities. In addition, non-investment grade securities tend to be more volatile than higher rated debt securities, so that adverse economic events may have a greater impact on the prices of non-investment grade debt securities than on higher rated debt securities. Further, an issuer's ability to service its debt obligations may be adversely affected by specific issuer developments, for example, an economic recession may adversely affect an issuer's financial condition and the market value of high yield debt securities issued by such entity.

Where Funds invest more than 10% of their Net Asset Value in debt securities issued by governments or agencies of any single country, they may be more adversely affected by the performance of those securities and will be more susceptible to any single economic, market, political or regulatory occurrence affecting that particular country or region.

## Bond Downgrade Risk

A Fund may invest in highly rated / investment grade bonds, however, where a bond is subsequently downgraded it may continue to be held in order to avoid a distressed sale. To the extent that a Fund does hold such downgraded bonds, there will be an increased risk of default on repayment, which in turn translates into a risk that the capital value of the Fund will be affected. Investors should be aware that the yield or the capital value of the Fund (or both) could fluctuate.

## Bank Corporate Bonds "Bail-in" Risk

Corporate bonds issued by a financial institution in the European Union may be subject to the risk of a write down or conversion (i.e. "bail-in") by an EU authority in circumstances where the financial institution is unable to meet its financial obligations. This may result in bonds issued by such financial institution being written down (to zero), converted into equity or alternative instrument of ownership, or the terms of the bond may be varied. 'Bail-in' risk refers to the risk of EU member state authorities exercising powers to rescue troubled banks by writing down or converting rights of their bondholders in order to absorb losses of, or recapitalise, such banks. Investors should be alerted to the fact that EU member state authorities are more likely to use a "bail-in" tool to rescue troubled banks, instead of relying on public financially support as they have in the past as EU member state authorities now consider that public financial support should only be used as a last resort after having assessed and exploited, to the maximum extent practicable, other resolution tools, including the "bail-in" tool. A bailin of a financial institution is likely to result in a reduction in value of some or all of its bonds (and possibly other securities) and a Fund holding such securities when a bail-in occurs will also be similarly impacted.

## **Restrictions on Foreign Investment**

Some countries prohibit or impose substantial restrictions on investments by foreign entities such as a Fund. As illustrations, certain countries require governmental approval prior to investments by foreign persons, or limit the amount of investment by foreign persons in a particular company, or limit the investment by foreign persons in a company to only a specific class of securities which may have less advantageous terms than securities of the company available for purchase by nationals. Certain countries may restrict investment opportunities in issuers or industries deemed important to national interests. The manner in which foreign investors may invest in companies in certain countries, as well as limitations on such investments, may have an adverse impact on the operations of a Fund. For example, a Fund may be required in certain of such countries to invest initially through a local broker or other entity and then have the share purchases re-registered in the name of the Fund. Re-registration may in some instances not be able to occur on a timely basis, resulting in a delay during which a Fund may be denied certain of its rights as an investor, including rights as to dividends or to be made aware of certain corporate actions. There also may be instances where a Fund places a purchase order but is subsequently informed, at the time of re-registration, that the permissible allocation to foreign investors has been filled, depriving the Fund of the ability to make its desired investment at the time. Substantial limitations may exist in certain countries with respect to a Fund's ability to repatriate investment income, capital or the proceeds of sales of securities by foreign investors. A Fund could be adversely affected by delays in, or a refusal to grant any required governmental approval for repatriation of capital, as well as by the application to the Fund of any restriction on investments. A number of countries have authorised the formation of closed-end investment companies to facilitate indirect foreign investment in their capital markets. Shares of certain closed-end investment companies may at times be acquired only at market prices representing premiums to their net asset values. If a Fund acquires shares in closed-end investment companies, shareholders would bear both their proportionate share of expenses in the Fund (including management fees) and, indirectly, the expenses of such closed end investment companies. In addition, certain countries such as India and the PRC implement quota restrictions on foreign ownership of certain onshore investments. These investments may at times be acquired only at market prices representing premiums to their net asset values and such premiums may ultimately be borne by the relevant Fund. A Fund may also seek, at its own cost, to create its own investment entities under the laws of certain countries.

## Investments in the PRC

Investments in the PRC are currently subject to certain additional risks, particularly regarding the ability to deal in securities in the PRC. Dealing in certain PRC securities is restricted to licensed investors and the ability of the investor to repatriate its capital invested in those securities may be limited at times. Due to issues relating to liquidity and repatriation of capital, the Company may determine from time to time that making direct investments in certain securities may not be appropriate for a UCITS. As a result, the Company may choose to gain exposure to PRC securities indirectly and may be unable to gain full exposure to the PRC markets.

## **PRC Economic Risks**

The PRC is one of the world's largest global emerging markets. The economy in the PRC, which has been in a state of transition from a planned economy to a more market orientated economy, differs from the economies of most developed countries and investing in the PRC may be subject to greater risk of loss than investments in developed markets. This is due to, among other things, greater market volatility, lower trading volume, political and economic instability, greater risk of market shut down, greater control of foreign exchange and more limitations on foreign investment policy than those typically found in a developed market. There may be substantial government intervention in the PRC economy, including restrictions on investment in companies or industries deemed sensitive to relevant national interests. The PRC government and regulators may also intervene in the financial markets, such as by the imposition of trading restrictions, which may affect the trading of PRC securities. The companies in which the relevant Fund invests may be held to lower disclosure, corporate governance, accounting and reporting standards than companies in more developed markets. In addition, some of the securities held by the relevant Fund may be subject to higher transaction and other costs, foreign ownership limits, the imposition of withholding or other taxes, or may have liquidity issues which make such securities more difficult to sell at reasonable prices. These factors may have an unpredictable impact on the relevant Fund's investments and increase the volatility and hence the risk of a loss to the value of an investment in the relevant Fund.

As with any fund investing in an emerging market country, the relevant Fund investing in the PRC may be subject to greater risk of loss than a fund investing in a developed market country. The PRC economy has experienced significant and rapid growth in the past 20 years. However, such growth may or may not continue, and may not apply evenly across different geographic locations and sectors of the PRC economy. Economic growth has also been accompanied by periods of high inflation. The PRC government has implemented various measures from time to time to control inflation and restrain the rate of economic growth of the PRC economy. Furthermore, the PRC government has carried out economic reforms to achieve decentralisation and utilisation of market forces to develop the economy of the PRC. These reforms have resulted in significant economic growth and social progress. There can, however, be no assurance that the PRC government will continue to pursue such economic policies or, if it does, that those policies will continue to be successful. Any such adjustment and modification of those economic policies may have an adverse impact on the securities markets in PRC and therefore on the performance of the relevant Fund.

These factors may increase the volatility of any such Fund (depending on its degree of investment in the PRC) and hence the risk of loss to the value of your investment.

## **PRC Political Risks**

Any political changes, social instability and adverse diplomatic developments which may take place in, or in relation to, the PRC could result in significant fluctuation in the price of China A-Shares and/or China onshore bonds.

## Legal System of the PRC

The PRC legal system is based on written statutes and their interpretation by the Supreme People's Court. Prior court decisions may be cited for reference but have no precedent value. Since 1979, the PRC government has been developing a comprehensive system of commercial laws and considerable progress has been made in introducing laws and regulations dealing with economic matters such as foreign investment, corporate organisation and governance, commerce, taxation and trade. However, because of the limited volume of published cases and judicial interpretation and their non-binding nature, the interpretation and enforcement of these regulations involves significant uncertainties. Given the short history of the PRC system of commercial laws, the PRC regulatory and legal framework may not be as well developed as those of developed countries. Such regulations also empower the CSRC and SAFE to exercise discretion in their respective interpretation of the regulations, which may result in increased uncertainties in their application. In addition, as the PRC legal system develops, no assurance can be given that changes in such laws and regulations, their interpretation or their enforcement will not have a material adverse effect on the relevant Fund's onshore business operations or the ability of the relevant Fund to acquire China A-Shares and/or China onshore bonds.

## **Renminbi Currency and Conversion Risks**

The Renminbi, the lawful currency of the PRC, is not currently a freely convertible currency and is subject to exchange control imposed by the PRC government. Such control of currency conversion and movements in the Renminbi exchange rates may adversely affect the operations and financial results of companies in the PRC. Insofar as the relevant Fund may invest in the PRC, it will be subject to the risk of the PRC government's imposition of restrictions on the repatriation of funds or other assets out of the country, limiting the ability of the relevant Fund to satisfy payments to investors.

Non-Renminbi based investors are exposed to foreign exchange risk and there is no guarantee that the value of Renminbi against the investors' base currencies (for example USD) will not depreciate. Any depreciation of Renminbi could adversely affect the value of investor's investment in the Funds.

The exchange rate used for all relevant Fund transactions in Renminbi is in relation to the offshore Renminbi ("CNH"), not the onshore Renminbi ("CNY"), save for those made via the RQFII Quota. The value of CNH could differ, perhaps significantly, from that of CNY due to a number of factors including without limitation those foreign exchange control policies and repatriation restrictions applied by the PRC government from time-to-time as well as other external market forces. Any divergence between CNH and CNY may adversely impact investors.

## Investments in Russia

For Funds that invest in or are exposed to investment in Russia, potential investors should also consider the following risk warnings which are specific to investing in or exposure to Russia:

- As a result of Russia's action in Crimea, as at the date of this Prospectus, the United States, European Union and other countries have imposed sanctions on Russia. The scope and level of the sanctions may increase and there is a risk that this may adversely affect the Russian economy and result in a decline in the value and liquidity of Russian securities, a devaluation of the Russian currency and/or a downgrade in Russia's credit rating. These sanctions could also lead to Russia taking counter-measures more broadly against Western and other countries. Depending on the form of action which may be taken by Russia and other countries, it could become more difficult for the Funds with exposure to Russia to continue investing in Russia and/or to liquidate Russian investments and expatriate funds out of Russia. Measures taken by the Russian government could include freezing or seizure of Russian assets of European residents which would reduce the value and liquidity of any Russian assets held by the Funds. If any of these events were to occur, the Directors may (at their discretion) take such action as they consider to be in the interests of investors in Funds which have investment exposure to Russia, including (if necessary) suspending trading in the Funds (see section 30 entitled "Suspensions and Deferrals" in Appendix B for more details).
- The laws relating to securities investments and regulations have been created on an ad-hoc basis and do not tend to keep pace with market developments leading to ambiguities in interpretation and inconsistent and arbitrary application. Monitoring and enforcement of applicable regulations is rudimentary.
- Rules regulating corporate governance either do not exist or are underdeveloped and offer little protection to minority shareholders.

These factors may increase the volatility of any such Fund (depending on its degree of investment in Russia) and hence the risk of loss to the value of your investment.

Any Fund investing directly in local Russian stock will limit its exposure to no more than 10% of its Net Asset Value, except for investment in securities listed on MICEX-RTS, which has been recognised as being a regulated market.

## Potential implications of Brexit

In a referendum held on 23 June 2016, the electorate of the United Kingdom resolved to leave the European Union. The result has led to political and economic instability, volatility in the financial markets of the United Kingdom and more broadly across Europe. It may also lead to weakening in consumer, corporate and financial confidence in such markets as the UK negotiates its exit from the EU. The longer term process to implement the political, economic and legal framework between the UK and the EU is likely to lead to continuing uncertainty and periods of exacerbated volatility in both the UK and in wider European markets. In particular, the decision made in the British referendum may lead to a call for similar referendums in other European jurisdictions which may also cause increased economic volatility in wider European and global markets.

Currency volatility resulting from this uncertainty may mean that the returns of the Fund and its investments are adversely affected by market movements, potential decline in the value of the British Pound and/or Euro, and any downgrading of UK sovereign credit rating. This may also make it more difficult, or more expensive, for the Fund to execute prudent currency hedging policies.

This mid to long term uncertainty may have an adverse effect on the economy generally and on the ability of relevant Funds and their investments to execute their respective strategies and to receive attractive returns, and may also result in increased costs to the relevant Funds.

## Euro and Euro Zone Risk

The deterioration of the sovereign debt of several countries, together with the risk of contagion to other, more stable, countries, has exacerbated the global economic crisis. Concerns persist regarding the risk that other Euro zone countries could be subject to an increase in borrowing costs and could face an economic crisis similar to that of Cyprus, Greece, Italy, Ireland, Spain and Portugal. This situation as well as the United Kingdom's referendum have raised a number of uncertainties regarding the stability and overall standing of the European Economic and Monetary Union and may result in changes to the composition of the Euro zone. The departure or risk of departure from the Euro by one or more Euro zone countries could lead to the reintroduction of national currencies in one or more Euro zone countries or. in more extreme circumstances, the possible dissolution of the Euro entirely. These potential developments, or market perceptions concerning these and related issues, could adversely affect the value of the Fund's investments. It is difficult to predict the final outcome of the Euro zone crisis. Unitholders should carefully consider how changes to the Euro zone and European Union may affect their investment in the Fund.

## **Funds Investing in Specific Sectors**

Where investment is made in one or in a limited number of market sectors, Funds may be more volatile than other more diversified Funds. The companies within these sectors may have limited product lines, markets, or financial resources, or may depend on a limited management group.

Such Funds may also be subject to rapid cyclical changes in investor activity and / or the supply of and demand for specific products and services. As a result, a stock market or economic downturn in the relevant specific sector or sectors would have a larger impact on a Fund that concentrates its investments in that sector or sectors than on a more diversified Fund.

There may also be special risk factors associated with individual sectors. For example, the stock prices of companies operating in natural resource related sectors, such as precious and other metals may be expected to follow the market price of the related natural resource, although there is unlikely to be perfect correlation between these two factors. Precious and other metal prices historically have been very volatile, which may adversely affect the financial condition of companies involved with precious and other metals. Also, the sale of precious and other metals by governments or central banks or other larger holders can be affected by various economic, financial, social and political factors, which may be unpredictable and may have a significant impact on the prices of precious and other metals. Other factors that may affect the prices of precious and other metals and securities related to them include changes in inflation, the outlook for inflation and

changes in industrial and commercial supply and demand for such metals.

Real estate securities are subject to some of the same risks associated with the direct ownership of real estate including, but not limited to: adverse changes in the conditions of the real estate markets, changes in the general and local economies, obsolescence of properties, changes in availability of real estate stock, vacancy rates, tenant bankruptcies, costs and terms of mortgage financing, costs of operating and improving real estate and the impact of laws affecting real estate (including environmental and planning laws).

However, investing in real estate securities is not equivalent to investing directly in real estate and the performance of real estate securities may be more heavily dependent on the general performance of stock markets than the general performance of the real estate sector. Historically there had been an inverse relationship between interest rates and property values. Rising interest rates can decrease the value of the properties in which a real estate company invests and can also increase related borrowing costs. Either of these events can decrease the value of an investment in real estate companies.

The current taxation regimes for property-invested entities are potentially complex and may change in the future. This may impact either directly or indirectly the returns to investors in a real estate fund and the taxation treatment thereof.

## Portfolio Concentration Risk

Certain Funds may invest in a limited number of securities compared to other more diversified Funds holding a larger number of securities. Where a Fund holds a limited number of securities and is considered concentrated, the value of the Fund may fluctuate more than that of a diversified Fund holding a greater number of securities. The selection of securities in a concentrated portfolio may also result in sectoral and geographical concentration.

For Funds with geographical concentration, the value of the Funds may be more susceptible to adverse economic, political, policy, foreign exchange, liquidity, tax, legal or regulatory event affecting the relevant market.

## **Turnover Risk**

The US Dollar Bond Fund may have a large exposure to US Treasury bonds. The Investment Adviser supports the liquidity of the Fund by ensuring that it invests in "on the run" Treasury bonds which are those that have recently been issued and are hence most liquid. The Investment Adviser has therefore a policy of rotating the bonds to offer greater liquidity for a lower cost of trading. However, this policy may result in additional transaction costs which will be borne by the Fund and may adversely affect the Fund's Net Asset Value and the interest of relevant shareholders.

## Exposure to Commodities within Exchange Traded Funds

An Exchange Traded Fund investing in commodities may do so by replicating the performance of a commodities index. The underlying index may concentrate investment on selected commodity futures on multinational markets. This makes the underlying exchange traded fund extremely dependent on the performance of the commodity markets concerned.

## **Excessive Trading Policy**

The Funds do not knowingly allow investments that are associated with excessive trading practices, as such practices may adversely affect the interests of all shareholders. Excessive trading includes individuals or groups of individuals whose securities transactions seem to follow a timing pattern or are characterised by excessively frequent or large trades.

Investors should, however, be aware that the Funds may be utilised by certain investors for asset allocation purposes or by structured product providers, which may require the periodic reallocation of assets between Funds. This activity will not normally be classed as excessive trading unless the activity becomes, in the opinion of the Directors, too frequent or appears to follow a timing pattern.

As well as the general power of Directors to refuse subscriptions or conversions at their discretion, powers exist in other sections of this Prospectus to ensure that shareholder interests are protected against excessive trading. These include:

- fair value pricing Appendix B paragraph 17.;
- price swinging Appendix B paragraph 18.3;
- in specie redemptions Appendix B paragraphs 24.-25.; and
- conversion charges Appendix B paragraphs 20.-22.

In addition, where excessive trading is suspected, the Funds may:

- combine Shares that are under common ownership or control for the purposes of ascertaining whether an individual or a group of individuals can be deemed to be involved in excessive trading practices. Accordingly, the Directors reserve the right to reject any application for switching and/or subscription of Shares from investors whom they consider to be excessive traders;
- adjust the Net Asset Value per Share to reflect more accurately the fair value of the Funds' investments at the point of valuation. This will only take place if the Directors believe that movements in the market price of underlying securities mean that in their opinion, the interests of all shareholders will be met by a fair price valuation; and
- levy a redemption charge of up to a maximum of 2% on the redemption proceeds to shareholders whom the Directors, in their reasonable opinion, suspect of excessive trading. This charge will be made for the benefit of the Funds, and affected shareholders will be notified in their contract notes if such a fee has been charged.

## ESG Investment Policy Risk

The ESG Funds will use certain ESG criteria in their investment strategies, as determined by their respective ESG Providers and as set out in their respective investment policies. Different ESG Funds may use one or more different ESG Providers, and the way in which different ESG Funds will apply ESG criteria may vary.

The use of ESG criteria may affect a fund's investment performance and, as such, ESG Funds may perform differently compared to similar funds that do not use such criteria. ESG-

based exclusionary criteria used in an ESG Fund's investment policy may result in the ESG Fund foregoing opportunities to buy certain securities when it might otherwise be advantageous to do so, and/or selling securities due to their ESG characteristics when it might be disadvantageous to do so.

In the event the ESG characteristics of a security held by an ESG Fund change, resulting in the Investment Adviser having to sell the security, neither the ESG Fund, the Company nor the Investment Advisers accept liability in relation to such change.

No investment will be made in contravention of Luxembourg law. Please also see the note on the United Nations Convention on Cluster Munitions, under the heading "Investment Objectives and Policies", on page 38.

Any website indicated in the investment policy of an ESG Fund includes information on the index methodology published by the relevant ESG Provider and explains which types of issuer or security are excluded, for example by reference to the sector from which they derive their revenue. Such sectors might include Tobacco, Weapons or Thermal Coal. The relevant exclusions might not correspond directly with investors own subjective ethical views.

ESG Funds will vote proxies in a manner that is consistent with the relevant ESG exclusionary criteria, which may not always be consistent with maximising the short-term performance of the relevant issuer.

In evaluating a security or issuer based on ESG criteria, the Investment Adviser is dependent upon information and data from third party ESG Providers, which may be incomplete, inaccurate or unavailable. As a result, there is a risk that the Investment Adviser may incorrectly assess a security or issuer. There is also a risk that the Investment Adviser may not apply the relevant ESG criteria correctly or that an ESG Fund could have indirect exposure to issuers who do not meet the relevant ESG criteria used by such ESG Fund. Neither the ESG Funds, the Company nor the Investment Advisers make any representation or warranty, express or implied, with respect to the fairness, correctness, accuracy, reasonableness or completeness of such ESG assessment.

## MSCI ESG Screening Criteria

Certain ESG Funds, including the ESG Multi-Asset Fund (with effect from 25 March 2019), will apply ESG criteria as defined by MSCI, an ESG Provider.

The MSCI methodology positively screens and ranks potential constituents according to their ESG credentials relative to their industry peers. No exclusion is made by MSCI on the basis of how ethical a particular industry/sector is perceived to be. Investors should make a personal ethical assessment of MSCI's ESG rating and/or controversies score and how they will be utilised as part of the relevant Fund's investment policy prior to investing in such Fund. Such ESG screening may affect, adversely or otherwise, the value and/or quality of the Fund's investments compared to a fund without such screening.

## Specific Risks Applicable to RQFII Investing

Please refer to the section entitled "RQFII Investments" in the "Investment Objectives and Policies" section for an overview of the RQFII Scheme. The RQFII Access Funds may invest directly in the PRC by investing in China A-Shares and/or China onshore bonds (as relevant) via RQFII Quota, which may be allocated to BAMNA as RQFII or an affiliate in the BlackRock Group who is a RQFII and has been allocated RQFII Quota.

In addition to the risks set out under "Investments in the PRC" and other risks applicable to the RQFII Access Funds the following additional risks apply:

## **RQFII** Risk

The RQFII system was introduced in 2011 and as such, the regulations which regulate investments through RQFIIs in the PRC and associated processes, such as the repatriation of capital from RQFII investments, are relatively new. Repatriations of Renminbi by RQFIIs are currently permitted once a day and are not subject to repatriation restrictions or prior regulatory approval. The application and interpretation of the relevant investment regulations are relatively untested and there is no certainty as to how they will be applied as the PRC authorities and regulators have been given wide discretion in such investment regulations and there is no precedent or certainty as to how such discretion may be exercised now or in the future. It is not possible to predict the future development of the RQFII system. Any restrictions on repatriation imposed in respect of the relevant RQFII Access Fund's RQFII investments may have an adverse effect on the RQFII Access Fund's ability to meet redemption requests. Any change in the RQFII system generally, including the possibility of the RQFII losing its RQFII status, may affect the relevant RQFII Access Fund's ability to invest in eligible securities in the PRC directly through the relevant RQFII. In addition, should the RQFII status be suspended or revoked, the relevant RQFII Access Fund's performance may be adversely affected as the relevant RQFII Access Fund may be required to dispose of its RQFII eligible securities holdings. The applicable laws, rules and regulations on RQFII are subject to change and such change may have potential retrospective effects.

## **RQFII** Quota Allocation and Conflict Risk

The RQFII may assume dual roles as the Investment Adviser / investment sub-adviser of the relevant RQFII Access Fund and the RQFII Licence Holder. The RQFII may act as Investment Adviser or investment sub-adviser for several RQFII Access Funds that may benefit from the allocation of a RQFII Quota. Situations may arise where the RQFII does not have sufficient RQFII Quota to satisfy all RQFII Access Funds and it allocates RQFII Quota to a particular RQFII Access Fund or RQFII Access Funds at the expense of others. There is no assurance that the RQFII will make available RQFII Quota that is sufficient for a RQFII Access Fund's investment at all times. In extreme circumstances, the RQFII Access Fund may incur substantial losses due to limited investment capabilities, or may not be able to fully implement or pursue its investment objective or strategy due to insufficiency of RQFII Quota. In addition, the size of the RQFII Quota may be reduced or cancelled by the SAFE if the RQFII is unable to use its RQFII guota effectively within one year since the guota is granted. If the SAFE reduces the RQFII's Quota, it may affect the allocation to the RQFII Access Funds and accordingly the RQFII's ability to effectively pursue the investment strategy of the relevant RQFII Access Fund.

## **RQFII Investment Restrictions Risk**

Although the RQFII does not anticipate that RQFII investment restrictions will impact on the ability of the RQFII Access Funds to

achieve their investment objectives, investors should note that the relevant PRC laws and regulations may limit the ability of a RQFII to acquire China A-Shares in certain PRC issuers from time to time. This may occur in a number of circumstances, such as (i) where an underlying foreign investor such as the RQFII holds in aggregate 10% of the total share capital of a listed PRC issuer (regardless of the fact that the RQFII may hold its interest on behalf of a number of different ultimate clients), and (ii) where the aggregated holdings in China A-Shares by all underlying foreign investors (including other QFIIs and RQFIIs and whether or not connected in any way to the RQFII Access Funds) already equal 30% of the total share capital of a listed PRC issuer. In the event that these limits are exceeded the relevant RQFIIs will be required to dispose of the China A-Shares in order to comply with the relevant requirements and, in respect of (ii), each RQFII will dispose of the relevant China A-Shares on a "last in first out" basis. Such disposal will affect the capacity of the relevant RQFII Access Fund in making investments in China A-Shares through the RQFII.

# Suspensions, Limits and other Disruptions affecting Trading of China A -Shares

Liquidity for China A-Shares will be impacted by any temporary or permanent suspensions of particular stocks imposed from time to time by the Shanghai and/or Shenzhen stock exchanges or pursuant to any regulatory or governmental intervention with respect to particular investments or the markets generally. Any such suspension or corporate action may make it impossible for the relevant RQFII Access Fund to acquire or liquidate positions in the relevant stocks as part of the general management and periodic adjustment of the RQFII Access Fund's investments through the RQFII or to meet redemption requests. Such circumstances may also make it difficult for the Net Asset Value of the RQFII Access Fund to be determined and may expose the RQFII Access Fund to losses.

In order to mitigate the effects of extreme volatility in the market price of China A-Shares, the Shanghai and Shenzhen stock exchanges currently limit the amount of fluctuation permitted in the prices of China A-Shares during a single trading day. The daily limit is currently set at 10% and represents the maximum amount that the price of a security (during the current trading session) may vary either up or down from the previous day's settlement price. The daily limit governs only price movements and does not restrict trading within the relevant limit. However, the limit does not limit potential losses because the limit may work to prevent a liquidation of any relevant securities at the fair or probable realisation value for such securities which means that the relevant RQFII Access Fund may be unable to dispose of unfavourable positions. There can be no assurance that a liquid market on an exchange would exist for any particular China A- Share or for any particular time.

## Counterparty Risk to the RQFII Custodian and other Depositaries for PRC assets

Any assets acquired through the RQFII Quota will be maintained by the RQFII Custodian, in electronic form via the RQFII securities account(s) and any cash will be held in Renminbi cash account(s)) (as defined under the section "RQFII Investments") with the RQFII Custodian. RQFII securities account(s) and Renminbi cash account(s) for the relevant RQFII Access Fund in the PRC are maintained in accordance with market practice. Whilst the assets held in such accounts are segregated and held separately from the assets of the RQFII and belong solely to the relevant RQFII Access Fund, it is possible that the judicial and regulatory authorities in the PRC may interpret this position differently in the future. The relevant RQFII Access Fund may also incur losses due to the acts or omissions of the RQFII Custodian in the execution or settlement of any transaction or in the transfer of any funds or securities.

Cash held by the RQFII Custodian in the Renminbi cash account(s) will not be segregated in practice but will be a debt owing from the RQFII Custodian to the relevant RQFII Access Fund as a depositor. Such cash will be co-mingled with cash belonging to other clients of the RQFII Custodian. In the event of insolvency of the RQFII Custodian, the relevant RQFII Access Fund will not have any proprietary rights to the cash deposited in the cash account opened with the RQFII Custodian, and the RQFII Access Fund will become an unsecured creditor, ranking pari passu with all other unsecured creditors, of the RQFII Custodian. The RQFII Access Fund may face difficulties and/or encounter delays in recovering such debt, or may not be able to recover it in full or at all, in which case the relevant RQFII Access Fund will lose some or all of its cash.

## Counterparty Risk to PRC broker(s)

The RQFII selects brokers in the PRC ("PRC Broker(s)") to execute transactions for the relevant RQFII Access Fund in markets in the PRC. There is a possibility that the RQFII may only appoint one PRC Broker for each of the SZSE and the SSE, which may be the same broker. While up to three PRC Brokers can be appointed for each of the Shenzhen and Shanghai stock exchanges, as a matter of practice, it is likely that that only one PRC Broker will be appointed in respect of each stock exchange in the PRC as a result of the requirement in the PRC that securities are sold through the same PRC Broker through which they were originally purchased.

If, for any reason, the RQFII is unable to use the relevant broker in the PRC, the operation of the relevant RQFII Access Fund may be adversely affected. The RQFII Access Fund may also incur losses due to the acts or omissions of any of the PRC Broker(s) in the execution or settlement of any transaction or in the transfer of any funds or securities.

If a single PRC Broker is appointed, the relevant RQFII Access Fund may not pay the lowest commission available in the market. However, the RQFII shall, in the selection of PRC Brokers, have regard to factors such as the competitiveness of commission rates, size of the relevant orders and execution standards.

There is a risk that the relevant RQFII Access Fund may suffer losses from the default, insolvency or disqualification of a PRC Broker. In such event, the relevant RQFII Access Fund may be adversely affected in the execution of transactions through such PRC Broker. As a result, the Net Asset Value of the relevant RQFII Access Fund may also be adversely affected. To mitigate the Company's exposure to the PRC Broker(s), the RQFII employs specific procedures to ensure that each PRC Broker selected is a reputable institution and that the credit risk is acceptable to the Company.

## **Remittance and Repatriation of Renminbi**

Repatriations of Renminbi by RQFIIs are currently permitted once a day and are not subject to repatriation restrictions, any lock-up period or prior regulatory approval; although there are restrictions on the movement of onshore Renminbi offshore and authenticity and compliance reviews will be conducted, and monthly reports on remittances and repatriations will be submitted to SAFE by the RQFII Custodian. However, there is no assurance that PRC rules and regulations will not change or that repatriation restrictions will not be imposed in the future. Further, such changes to the PRC rules and regulations may be applied retroactively. Any restrictions on repatriation imposed in respect of the relevant RQFII Access Fund's cash may have an adverse effect on the RQFII Access Fund's ability to meet redemption requests.

Furthermore, as the RQFII Custodian's review on authenticity and compliance is conducted on each repatriation, the repatriation may be delayed or even rejected by the RQFII Custodian in case of non-compliance with the RQFII rules and regulations. In such case, it is expected that redemption proceeds will be paid to the redeeming Shareholder as soon as practicable and after the completion of the repatriation of funds concerned. The actual time required for the completion of the relevant repatriation will be beyond the RQFII's control.

# Specific Risks Applicable to investing via the Stock Connects

Please refer to the section entitled "Stock Connects" in the "Investment Objectives and Policies" section for an overview of the Stock Connects.

The Stock Connect Funds may invest in China A-Shares via the Stock Connects.

In addition to risks regarding "Investments in the PRC" and other risks applicable to the Stock Connect Funds the following additional risks apply:

## **Quota Limitations**

The Stock Connects are subject to quota limitations, further details of which are set out in the "Investment Objectives and Policies" section below. In particular, once the daily quota is exceeded, buy orders will be rejected (although investors will be permitted to sell their cross-boundary securities regardless of the quota balance). Therefore, quota limitations may restrict the relevant Stock Connect Fund's ability to invest in China A-Shares through the Stock Connect on a timely basis, and the relevant Stock Connect Fund may not be able to effectively pursue its investment strategy.

## Legal / Beneficial Ownership

The SSE and SZSE shares in respect of the Stock Connect Funds are held by the Depositary/ sub-custodian in accounts in the Hong Kong Central Clearing and Settlement System ("CCASS") maintained by the HKSCC as central securities depositary in Hong Kong. HKSCC in turn holds the SSE and SZSE shares, as the nominee holder, through an omnibus securities account in its name registered with ChinaClear for each of the Stock Connects. The precise nature and rights of the Stock Connect Funds as the beneficial owners of the SSE and SZSE shares through HKSCC as nominee is not well defined under PRC law. There is lack of a clear definition of, and distinction between, "legal ownership" and "beneficial ownership" under PRC law and there have been few cases involving a nominee account structure in the PRC courts. Therefore the exact nature and methods of enforcement of the rights and interests of the Stock Connect Funds under PRC law is uncertain. Because of this uncertainty, in the unlikely event that HKSCC becomes subject to winding up proceedings in Hong Kong it is not clear if the SSE and SZSE shares will be regarded as held for the beneficial ownership of the Stock Connect Funds or as part of the general assets of HKSCC available for general distribution to its creditors.

For completeness, the CSRC has provided information titled "FAQ on Beneficial Ownership under SH-HK Stock Connect" dated 15 May 2015 in relation to beneficial ownership – the relevant sections from this FAQ have been extracted and reproduced below:

Do overseas investors enjoy proprietary rights in the SSE Securities acquired through the Northbound Trading Link as shareholders? Are the concepts of "nominee holder" and "beneficial owner" recognized under Mainland law?

Article 18 of the Administrative Measures for Registration and Settlement of Securities (the "Settlement Measures") states that "securities shall be recorded in the accounts of the securities holders, unless laws, administrative regulations or CSRC rules prescribe that the securities shall be recorded in accounts opened in the name of nominee holders". Hence, the Settlement Measures expressly provides for the concept of nominee shareholding. Article 13 of the Certain Provisions on Shanghai-Hong Kong Stock Connect Pilot Program (the "CSRC Stock Connect Rules") states that shares acquired by investors through the Northbound Trading Link shall be registered in the name of HKSCC and that "investors are legally entitled to the rights and benefits of shares acquired through the Northbound Trading Link". Accordingly, the CSRC Stock Connect Rules have expressly stipulated that, in Northbound trading, overseas investors shall hold SSE Securities through HKSCC and are entitled to proprietary interests in such securities as shareholders.

## How do overseas investors bring legal action in the Mainland to realise their rights over the SSE Securities acquired through the Northbound Trading Link?

Mainland law does not expressly provide for a beneficial owner under the nominee holding structure to bring legal proceedings, nor does it prohibit a beneficial owner from doing so. As we understand, HKSCC, as the nominee holder of the SSE Securities in Northbound Trading Link, may exercise shareholder rights and take legal actions on behalf of overseas investors. In addition, Article 119 of the Civil Procedure Law of the People's Republic of China states that "the claimant in a legal action shall be an individual, legal person or any other organization that has a direct interest in the relevant case". As long as an overseas investor can provide evidential proof of direct interest as a beneficial owner, the investor may take legal actions in its own name in Mainland courts.

## **Clearing and Settlement Risk**

HKSCC and ChinaClear have established the clearing links and each has become a participant of the other to facilitate clearing and settlement of cross-boundary trades. For cross-boundary trades initiated in a market, the clearing house of that market will on one hand clear and settle with its own clearing participants, and on the other hand undertake to fulfil the clearing and settlement obligations of its clearing participants with the counterparty clearing house.

As the national central counterparty of the PRC's securities market, ChinaClear operates a comprehensive network of clearing, settlement and stock holding infrastructure. ChinaClear has established a risk management framework and measures that are approved and supervised by the CSRC. The chances of ChinaClear default are considered to be remote. In the remote event of a ChinaClear default, HKSCC's liabilities in SSE and SZSE shares under its market contracts with clearing participants will be limited to assisting clearing participants in pursuing their claims against ChinaClear. HKSCC should in good faith, seek recovery of the outstanding stocks and monies from ChinaClear through available legal channels or through ChinaClear's liquidation. In that event, the relevant Stock Connect Fund may suffer delay in the recovery process or may not fully recover its losses from ChinaClear.

## Suspension Risk

Each of the SEHK, SSE and SZSE reserves the right to suspend trading if necessary for ensuring an orderly and fair market and that risks are managed prudently. Consent from the relevant regulator would be sought before a suspension is triggered. Where a suspension is effected, the relevant Stock Connect Fund's ability to access the PRC market will be adversely affected.

## Differences in Trading Day

The Stock Connects only operate on days when both the PRC and Hong Kong markets are open for trading and when banks in both markets are open on the corresponding settlement days. So it is possible that there are occasions when it is a normal trading day for the PRC market but the Stock Connect Funds cannot carry out any China A-Shares trading via the Stock Connects. The Stock Connect Funds may be subject to a risk of price fluctuations in China A-Shares during the time when any of the Stock Connects is not trading as a result.

## Restrictions on Selling Imposed by Front-end Monitoring

PRC regulations require that before an investor sells any share, there should be sufficient shares in the account; otherwise the SSE or SZSE will reject the sell order concerned. SEHK will carry out pre-trade checking on China A-Share sell orders of its participants (i.e. the stock brokers) to ensure there is no over-selling.

If a Stock Connect Fund intends to sell certain China A-Shares it holds, it must transfer those China A-Shares to the respective accounts of its broker(s) before the market opens on the day of selling ("trading day"). If it fails to meet this deadline, it will not be able to sell those shares on the trading day. Because of this requirement, a Stock Connect Fund may not be able to dispose of its holdings of China A-Shares in a timely manner.

Alternatively, if a Stock Connect Fund maintains its China A-Shares with a custodian which is a custodian participant or general clearing participant participating in the CCASS, the Stock Connect Fund may request such custodian to open a special segregated account ("SPSA") in CCASS to maintain its holdings in China A-Shares under the enhanced pre-trade checking model. Each SPSA will be assigned a unique "Investor ID" by CCASS for the purpose of facilitating the Stock Connects system to verify the holdings of an investor such as the Stock Connect Fund. Provided that there is sufficient holding in the SPSA when a broker inputs the Stock Connect Fund's sell order, the relevant Stock Connect Fund will only need to transfer China A-Shares from its SPSA to its broker's account after execution and not before placing the sell order and the relevant Stock Connect Fund will not be subject to the risk of being unable to dispose of its holdings of China A-Shares in a timely manner due to failure to transfer China A-Shares to its brokers in a timely manner.

To the extent a Stock Connect Fund is unable to utilize the SPSA model, it would have to deliver China A-Shares to its brokers

before the market opens on the trading day. Accordingly, if there are insufficient China A-shares in the Stock Connect Fund's account before the market opens on the trading day, the sell order will be rejected, which may adversely impact its performance.

## Settlement Mode under the SPSA model

Under the normal Delivery Versus Payment (DVP) settlement mode, stock and cash settlement will take place on T+0 between clearing participants (i.e. brokers and custodian or a custodian participant) with a maximum window of four hours between stocks and cash movement. This applies to settlement in CNH only and on the condition that the brokers support same-day Chinese renminbi cash finality. Under the Real time Delivery Versus Payment (RDVP) settlement mode introduced in November, 2017, stock and cash movement will take place real time but the use of RDVP is not mandatory. The clearing participants must agree to settle the transaction RDVP and indicate RDVP on the settlement instruction in a specific field. If either of the clearing participants are unable to settle the trades RDVP, there is a risk that the trades could either fail or revert to normal DVP based on amendment from both parties. If the trades are to revert to normal DVP, an amended instruction from the Stock Connect Fund must be provided before the published cut-off and matched with the broker's amended instruction before the market cut off; in the absence of such amended instructions, there is a risk the trades could fail and therefore may impact on the ability of the relevant Stock Connect Fund to track closely the performance of its Benchmark Index.

## **Operational Risk**

The Stock Connects are premised on the functioning of the operational systems of the relevant market participants. Market participants are permitted to participate in this program subject to meeting certain information technology capability, risk management and other requirements as may be specified by the relevant exchange and/or clearing house.

The securities regimes and legal systems of the two markets differ significantly and market participants may need to address issues arising from the differences on an on-going basis. There is no assurance that the systems of the SEHK and market participants will function properly or will continue to be adapted to changes and developments in both markets. In the event that the relevant systems fail to function properly, trading in both markets through the program could be disrupted. The relevant Stock Connect Fund's ability to access the China A-Share market (and hence to pursue its investment strategy) may be adversely affected.

## **Regulatory Risk**

The Stock Connect is a novel concept. The current regulations are untested and there is no certainty as to how they will be applied. In addition, the current regulations are subject to change which may have potential retrospective effects and there can be no assurance that the Stock Connects will not be abolished. New regulations may be issued from time to time by the regulators / stock exchanges in the PRC and Hong Kong in connection with operations, legal enforcement and cross-border trades under the Stock Connect. Stock Connect Funds may be adversely affected as a result of such changes.

## **Recalling of Eligible Stocks**

When a stock is recalled from the scope of eligible stocks for trading via the Stock Connect, the stock can only be sold but restricted from being bought. This may affect the investment portfolio or strategies of the relevant Stock Connect Funds, for example, if the Investment Adviser wishes to purchase a stock which is recalled from the scope of eligible stocks.

## No Protection by Investor Compensation Fund

Investment in SSE and SZSE shares via the Stock Connects is conducted through brokers, and is subject to the risks of default by such brokers' in their obligations. Investments of Stock Connect Funds are not covered by the Hong Kong's Investor Compensation Fund, which has been established to pay compensation to investors of any nationality who suffer pecuniary losses as a result of default of a licensed intermediary or authorised financial institution in relation to exchange-traded products in Hong Kong. Since default matters in respect of SSE and SZSE shares via Stock Connect do not involve products listed or traded in SEHK or Hong Kong Futures Exchange Limited, they will not be covered by the Investor Compensation Fund. Therefore the Stock Connect Funds are exposed to the risks of default of the broker(s) it engages in its trading in China A-Shares through the Stock Connects.

Specific risks associated with China Interbank Bond Market Please refer to the section entitled "China Interbank Bond Market" in the "Investment Objectives and Policies" section for an overview of the China Interbank Bond Market.

The CIBM Funds may gain direct exposure to China onshore bonds in the China Interbank Bond Market via the Foreign Access Regime and/or Bond Connect and/or other means as may be permitted by the relevant regulations from time to time

In addition to risks regarding "Investments in the PRC" and other risks applicable to the CIBM Funds, the following additional risks apply:

## Volatility and Liquidity Risk

Market volatility and potential lack of liquidity due to low trading volume of certain debt securities in the China Interbank Bond Market may result in prices of certain debt securities traded on such market fluctuating significantly. The relevant CIBM Fund investing in such market is therefore subject to liquidity and volatility risks. The bid and offer spreads of the prices of such securities may be large, and the relevant Fund may therefore incur significant trading and realisation costs and may even suffer losses when selling such investments. The debt securities traded in the China Interbank Bond Market may be difficult or impossible to sell, and this would affect the relevant CIBM Fund's ability to acquire or dispose of such securities at their intrinsic value.

## Settlement Risk

To the extent that the relevant CIBM Fund transacts in the China Interbank Bond Market, the relevant CIBM Fund may also be exposed to risks associated with settlement procedures and default of counterparties. The counterparty which has entered into a transaction with the relevant Fund may default in its obligation to settle the transaction by delivery of the relevant security or by payment for value.

## **Risk of Default of Agents**

For investments via the Foreign Access Regime and/or Bond Connect, the relevant filings, registration with PBOC and account opening have to be carried out via an onshore settlement agent, offshore custody agent, registration agent or other third parties (as the case may be). As such, the relevant Fund is subject to the risks of default or errors on the part of such third parties.

## **Regulatory Risks**

Investing in the China Interbank Bond Market via the Foreign Access Regime and/or Bond Connect is also subject to regulatory risks. The relevant rules and regulations on these regimes are subject to change which may have potential retrospective effect. In the event that the relevant Mainland Chinese authorities suspend account opening or trading on the China Interbank Bond Market, the relevant CIBM Fund's ability to invest in the China Interbank Bond Market will be adversely affected and limited. In such event, the relevant CIBM Fund's ability to achieve its investment objective will be negatively affected and, after exhausting other trading alternatives, the relevant CIBM Fund may suffer substantial losses as a result.

## System Failure Risks for Bond Connect

Trading through Bond Connect is performed through newly developed trading platforms and operational systems. There is no assurance that such systems will function properly or will continue to be adapted to changes and developments in the market. In the event that the relevant systems fails to function properly, trading through Bond Connect may be disrupted. The relevant CIBM Fund's ability to trade through Bond Connect (and hence to pursue its investment strategy) may therefore be adversely affected. In addition, where the relevant CIBM Fund invests in the China Interbank Bond Market through Bond Connect, it may be subject to risks of delays inherent in the order placing and/or settlement systems.

## **Taxation Risks**

There is currently no specific formal guidance by the PRC tax authorities on the treatment of income tax and other tax categories payable in respect of trading in China Interbank Bond Market by eligible foreign institutional investors via Bond Connect. Any changes in PRC tax law, future clarifications thereof, and/or subsequent retroactive enforcement by the PRC tax authorities of any tax may result in a material loss to the relevant Funds.

The Management Company will keep the provisioning policy for tax liability under review, and may, in its discretion from time to time, make a provision for potential tax liabilities, if in their opinion such provision is warranted, or as further clarified by the PRC authorities in notifications.

For further details on PRC taxes and associated risks, please refer to the risk factor headed "Tax Considerations" under the "Risk Considerations" section.

## Investment Objectives and Policies

Investors must read the Specific Risk Considerations section above before investing in any of the following Funds. There can be no assurance that the objectives of each Fund will be achieved.

## General

Each Fund is managed separately and in accordance with the investment and borrowing restrictions specified in Appendix A.

The specific investment objectives and policies of each Fund will be formulated by the Directors at the time of the creation of the Fund. Each Fund's investments will be in accordance with the permitted investments which are described in more detail in Appendix A.

The Funds may employ investment management techniques, including the use of financial derivative instruments and certain currency strategies not only for the purpose of hedging or risk management but also in order to increase total return. The Funds may use derivatives for investment purposes or efficient portfolio management in accordance with their respective investment objective and policies.

Derivative investments may include futures, options, contracts for differences, forward contracts on financial instruments and options on such contracts, mortgage TBAs and swap contracts (including credit default swaps and total return swaps) by private agreement and other fixed interest, equity and credit derivatives. Appendix G specifies, for each Fund, the maximum and expected proportion of the Net Asset Value that can be subject to total return swaps and contracts for differences. The expected proportion is not a limit and the actual percentage may vary over time depending on factors including, but not limited to, market conditions.

The Funds may use securities financing transactions to help meet the investment objective of a Fund and/or as part of efficient portfolio management. For further detail please refer to Appendix G.

The Funds may also invest in units in collective investment undertakings and in other transferable securities. For the purpose of these investment objectives and policies all references to "transferable securities" shall include "money market instruments and both fixed and floating rate instruments".

Certain investment strategies and or certain Funds may become "capacity constrained". This means that the Directors may determine to restrict the purchase of Shares in a Fund affected by such a constraint when it is in the interests of such Fund and/or its shareholders to do so, including without limitation (by way of example) when a Fund or the investment strategy of a Fund reaches a size that, in the opinion of the Management Company and/or Investment Adviser, could impact its ability to find suitable investments for the Fund or efficiently manage its existing investments. When a Fund reaches such a capacity limit, shareholders will be notified accordingly and no further subscriptions will be permitted in the Fund during such closure period. Shareholders will not be prevented from redeeming from the relevant Fund during such closure period. Should a Fund fall beneath its capacity limit, including without limitation (by way of example) as a result of redemptions or market developments, the Directors are permitted, in their absolute discretion, to re-open the Fund or any Class on a temporary or permanent basis. Information on whether the purchase of Shares in a Fund at a specific point in time is restricted in this way is available from the local Investor Servicing team.

Unless defined otherwise in the individual investment policies of the Funds, the following definitions, investment rules and restrictions apply to all Funds of the Company:

Where an individual investment policy of a Fund refers to 70% of its total assets being invested in a specific type or range of investments, the remaining 30% of the total assets may be invested in financial instruments of companies or issuers of any size in any sector of the economy globally, unless the individual

investment policy of such Fund contains further restrictions. However, in the case of a Bond Fund, no more than 10% of its total assets will be invested in equities.

## Investment in non-investment grade sovereign debt

As set out in their investment policies, some of the Funds may invest in a broad range of securities, including fixed income transferable securities, also known as debt securities, issued by governments and agencies worldwide. These Funds may seek to achieve capital appreciation and/or income from the portfolio of assets which the Funds hold. From time to time, in order to achieve these objectives, these Funds may invest more than 10% of their Net Asset Value in non-investment grade debt securities issued by governments and agencies of any single country.

Non-investment grade, also known as "high-yield", debt may carry a greater risk of default than higher rated debt securities. In addition, non-investment grade securities tend to be more volatile than higher rated debt securities, so that adverse economic events may have a greater impact on the prices of non-investment grade debt securities than on higher rated debt securities. Further, an issuer's ability to service its debt obligations may be adversely affected by specific issuer developments, for example, an economic recession may adversely affect an issuer's financial condition and the market value of high yield debt securities issued by such entity.

Where Funds invest more than 10% of their Net Asset Value in debt securities issued by governments or agencies of any single country, they may be more adversely affected by the performance of those securities and will be more susceptible to any single economic, market, political or regulatory occurrence affecting that particular country or region.

For further information on the risks associated with Funds which may invest in emerging markets, sovereign debt, high yield securities, bonds and any other risks, investors should refer to the "General Risks" and "Specific Risks" sections of this Prospectus.

It is anticipated that the following Funds, as set out in the table below, may invest more than 10% of their Net Asset Value in debt securities issued and/or guaranteed by governments in each of the relevant countries listed below which, at the date of this Prospectus, are rated non-investment grade. Investors should note that whilst this table sets out the expected maximum exposure to these countries, these figures are not indicative of the Funds' current holdings in these countries which may fluctuate.

The ESG Emerging Markets Blended Bond Fund, ESG Emerging Markets Bond Fund, ESG Emerging Markets Local Currency Bond Fund and ESG Emerging Markets Corporate Bond Fund each invest at least 70% of their respective total assets in fixed income transferable securities within the relevant J.P. Morgan LLC ("J.P. Morgan") Index, as more fully described in the investment objective and policy for these Funds. In relation to each of these Funds: Note that only the relevant excerpt of the relevant Funds' investment objective and policy are set out below, for a full statement of investment objectives and policies please refer to page 48 onwards.

#### **Emerging Markets Bond Fund**

The objective of the Fund is to gain exposure to debt securities issued by governments, public or local authorities of emerging market countries which, by their nature, are more likely to be rated non-investment grade than developed market countries.

## Applicable to: Argentina, Brazil, Indonesia, Mexico, the Philippines, Russia Turkey, Ukraine, and Venezuela only

The Fund may invest more than 10% (but no more than 20%) of its Net Asset Value in debt securities issued by and/or guaranteed by governments in each of the above countries, which are, as at the date of this Prospectus, rated non-investment grade.

Such investments are based on (i) reference to the weighting that the relevant country's bond market represents of the emerging market bond universe within the Fund's benchmark, the JP Morgan Emerging Markets Bond Index Global Diversified Index (although this Fund is not an index-tracking fund, the Investment Adviser will take into account the constituent weighting of the benchmark when making investment decisions); and/or (ii) the professional judgment of the Investment Adviser, whose reasons for investment may include a favourable/ positive outlook on the relevant sovereign issuer, potential for ratings upgrade and the expected changes in the value of such investments due to ratings changes

Due to market movements, as well as credit/investment rating changes, the exposures may change over time. The above countries are for reference only and may change without prior notice to the investors.

#### **Emerging Markets Local Currency Bond Fund**

The objective of the Fund is to gain exposure to debt securities issued by governments, public or local authorities of emerging market countries which, by their nature, are more likely to be rated non-investment grade than developed market countries.

## Applicable to: Brazil, Hungary, Indonesia, Russia, Republic of South Africa and Turkey only

The Fund is expected to invest more than 10% (but no more than 20%) of its Net Asset Value in debt securities issued by and/or guaranteed by governments in each of the above countries, which are, as at the date of this Prospectus, rated non-investment grade.

Such investments are based on (i) reference to the weighting that the relevant country's bond market represents of the emerging market bond universe within the Fund's benchmark, the JP Morgan GBI-EM Global Diversified Index (although this Fund is not an index-tracking fund, the Investment Adviser will take into account the constituent weighting of the benchmark when making investment decisions); and/or (ii) the professional judgment of the Investment Adviser, whose reasons for investment may include a favourable/positive outlook on the relevant sovereign issuer, potential for ratings upgrade and the expected changes in the value of such investments due to ratings changes.

Due to market movements, as well as credit/investment rating changes, the exposure may change over time. The above countries are for reference only and may change without prior notice to the investors.

#### ESG Emerging Markets Blended Bond Fund

The objective of the Fund is to gain exposure to debt securities issued by governments, public or local authorities of emerging market countries which, by their nature, are more likely to be rated non-investment grade than developed market countries.

## Applicable to: Argentina, Brazil, Hungary, Indonesia, Mexico, the Philippines, Russia, Republic of South Africa, Turkey and Ukraine only.

The Fund is expected to invest more than 10% (but no more than 20%) of its Net Asset Value in debt securities issued by and/or guaranteed by governments in each of the above countries, which are, as at the date of this Prospectus, rated non-investment grade.

Such investments are based on (i) reference to the weighting that the relevant country's bond market represents of the emerging market bond universe within the Fund's benchmark, the J.P. Morgan ESG Blended Emerging Market Bond Index (Sovereign) (although this Fund is not an index-tracking fund, the Investment Adviser will take into account the constituent weighting of the benchmark when making investment decisions); and/or (ii) the professional judgment of the Investment Adviser, whose reasons for investment may include a favourable/ positive outlook on the relevant sovereign issuer, potential for ratings upgrade and the expected changes in the value of such investments due to ratings changes.

Due to market movements, as well as credit/investment rating changes, the exposure may change over time.

The above countries are for reference only and may change without prior notice to the investors.

#### ESG Emerging Markets Bond Fund

The objective of the Fund is to gain exposure to debt securities issued by governments, public or local authorities of emerging market countries which, by their nature, are more likely to be rated non-investment grade than developed market countries.

## Applicable to: Argentina, Brazil, Indonesia, Mexico, the Philippines, Russia, Turkey and Ukraine only.

The Fund may invest more than 10% (but no more than 20%) of its Net Asset Value in debt securities issued by and/or guaranteed by governments in each of the above countries, which are, as at the date of this Prospectus, rated non-investment grade.

Such investments are based on (i) reference to the weighting that the relevant country's bond market represents of the emerging market bond universe within the Fund's benchmark, the J.P. Morgan ESG Emerging Market Bond Index Global Diversified (although this Fund is not an index-tracking fund, the Investment Adviser will take into account the constituent weighting of the benchmark when making investment decisions); and/or (ii) the professional judgment of the Investment Adviser, whose reasons for investment may include a favourable/ positive outlook on the relevant sovereign issuer, potential for ratings upgrade and the expected changes in the value of such investments due to ratings changes.

Due to market movements, as well as credit/investment rating changes, the exposures may change over time. The above countries are for reference only and may change without prior notice to the investors.

#### ESG Emerging Markets Corporate Bond Fund

The objective of the Fund is to gain exposure to debt securities issued by companies domiciled in, or exercising the predominant part of their economic activity in, emerging markets, but also permits exposure to debt securities issued by governments, public or local authorities of emerging market countries which, by their nature, are more likely to be rated non-investment grade than developed market countries.

## Applicable to: Argentina, Brazil, Hungary, Indonesia, Mexico, the Philippines, Russia, Republic of South Africa, Turkey and Ukraine only.

The Fund is expected to invest more than 10% (but no more than 20%) of its Net Asset Value in debt securities issued by and/or guaranteed by governments in each of the above countries, which are, as at the date of this Prospectus, rated non-investment grade.

Such investments are based on (i) reference to the weighting that the relevant country's bond market represents of the emerging market bond universe within the Fund's benchmark, the J.P. Morgan ESG Corporate Emerging Market Bond Index Broad Diversified (although this Fund is not an index-tracking fund, the Investment Adviser will take into account the constituent weighting of the benchmark when

making investment decisions); and/or (ii) the professional judgment of the Investment Adviser, whose reasons for investment may include a favourable/ positive outlook on the relevant sovereign issuer, potential for ratings upgrade and the expected changes in the value of such investments due to ratings changes.

Due to market movements, as well as credit/investment rating changes, the exposure may change over time.

The above countries are for reference only and may change without prior notice to the investors.

#### ESG Emerging Markets Local Currency Bond Fund

The objective of the Fund is to gain exposure to debt securities issued by governments, public or local authorities of emerging market countries which, by their nature, are more likely to be rated non-investment grade than developed market countries.

## Applicable to: Brazil, Hungary, Indonesia, Russia, Republic of South Africa and Turkey only.

The Fund is expected to invest more than 10% (but no more than 20%) of its Net Asset Value in debt securities issued by and/or guaranteed by governments in each of the above countries, which are, as at the date of this Prospectus, rated non-investment grade.

Such investments are based on (i) reference to the weighting that the relevant country's bond market represents of the emerging market bond universe within the Fund's benchmark, the J.P. Morgan ESG Government Bond Index – Emerging Market Global Diversified (although this Fund is not an index-tracking fund, the Investment Adviser will take into account the constituent weighting of the benchmark when making investment decisions); and/or (ii) the professional judgment of the Investment Adviser, whose reasons for investment may include a favourable/positive outlook on the relevant sovereign issuer, potential for ratings upgrade and the expected changes in the value of such investments due to ratings changes.

Due to market movements, as well as credit/investment rating changes, the exposure may change over time.

The above countries are for reference only and may change without prior notice to the investors.

#### **Global Bond Income Fund**

The objective of the Fund is to gain exposure to debt securities issued by governments, public or local authorities worldwide, including debt securities of which, by their nature, are more likely to be rated non-investment grade than debt securities of developed market countries.

## Applicable to: Brazil, Hungary, Indonesia, Russia, Republic of South Africa and Turkey only.

The Fund is expected to invest more than 10% (but no more than 20%) of its Net Asset Value in debt securities issued by and/or guaranteed by governments in each of the above countries, which are, as at the date of this Prospectus, rated non-investment grade.

Such investments are based on the professional judgment of the Investment Adviser, whose reasons for investment may include a favourable/positive outlook on the relevant sovereign issuer, potential for ratings upgrade and the expected changes in the value of such investments due to ratings changes.

Due to market movements, as well as credit/investment rating changes, the exposure may change over time.

The above countries are for reference only and may change without prior notice to the investors.

#### **Global Conservative Income Fund**

The objective of the Fund is to gain exposure to debt securities issued by governments, public or local authorities worldwide, including debt securities of which, by their nature, are more likely to be rated non-investment grade than debt securities of developed market countries.

Applicable to: Brazil, Hungary, Indonesia, Russia, Republic of South Africa and Turkey only.

The Fund is expected to invest more than 10% (but no more than 20%) of its Net Asset Value in debt securities issued by and/or guaranteed by governments in each of the above countries, which are, as at the date of this Prospectus, rated non-investment grade.

Such investments are based on the professional judgment of the Investment Adviser, whose reasons for investment may include a favourable/positive outlook on the relevant sovereign issuer, potential for ratings upgrade and the expected changes in the value of such investments due to ratings changes.

Due to market movements, as well as credit/investment rating changes, the exposure may change over time.

The above countries are for reference only and may change without prior notice to the investors.

It is not anticipated that any of the Funds, other than those set out in the table above, will invest more than 10% of their Net Asset Value in debt securities issued and/or guaranteed by governments of any single country which are rated noninvestment grade at the date of this Prospectus.

In the event that the debt securities issued and/or guaranteed by governments of a country which any of the Funds invest in are downgraded to non-investment grade following the date of this Prospectus, the relevant Fund may, subject to its investment objective and policy, invest more than 10% of its Net Asset Value in those securities and the table set out above will be updated accordingly in the next update to the Prospectus.

- > The term "total assets" does not include ancillary liquid assets.
- Where an investment policy requires a particular percentage to be invested in a specific type or range of investments, such requirement will not apply under extraordinary market conditions and is subject to liquidity and/or market risk hedging considerations arising from the issuance, switching or redemption of Shares. In particular, in aiming to achieve a Fund's investment objective, investment may be made into other transferable securities than those in which the Fund is normally invested in order to mitigate the Fund's exposure to market risk.
- Funds may hold cash and near-cash instruments on an incidental basis unless otherwise stated in the investment objective of the Fund.
- Funds may use derivative instruments (including those on foreign exchange) as provided for in Appendix A.
- Where a Fund invests in derivatives, cover for such derivative positions are held in cash or other liquid assets.
- Unless specifically stated to the contrary, the currency exposure of the Equity Funds will normally be left unhedged. Elsewhere if a Fund's investment objective states that "currency exposure is flexibly managed", this means that the Investment Adviser may be expected to regularly employ currency management and hedging techniques in the Fund. Techniques used may include hedging the currency exposure on a Fund's portfolio or/and using more active currency management techniques such as currency overlays, but does

not mean that a Fund's portfolio will always be hedged in whole or in part.

- The term "ASEAN" refers to The Association of Southeast Asian Nations which was established on 8 August 1967 in Bangkok, Thailand, with the signing of the ASEAN Declaration (Bangkok Declaration). At the date of this Prospectus, the members of ASEAN are Brunei Darussalam, Cambodia, Indonesia, Laos, Malaysia, Myanmar, Philippines, Singapore, Thailand and Vietnam.
- Where the term "Asia Pacific" is used, it refers to the region comprising the countries in the Asian continent and surrounding Pacific islands including Australia and New Zealand.
- Where the term "Asian Tiger countries" is used, it refers to any of the following countries, regions or territories: South Korea, the PRC, Taiwan, Hong Kong, the Philippines, Thailand, Malaysia, Singapore, Vietnam, Cambodia, Laos, Myanmar, Indonesia, Macau, India and Pakistan.
- Where the term "Europe" is used, it refers to all European countries including the UK, Eastern Europe and former Soviet Union countries.
- The "weighted average maturity", or WAM, of a fund, is a measure of the average length of time to maturity (the date at which fixed income securities become due for repayment) of the fund's portfolio, weighted to reflect the relative size of the holdings in each instrument. In practice, this measure is an indication of current investment strategy and is not an indication of liquidity.
- A reference to the "EMU" means the Economic and Monetary Union of the European Union.
- A reference to the equity securities of companies domiciled in those EU member states participating in EMU may, at the Investment Adviser's discretion, be taken to include the equity securities of companies domiciled in countries which formerly participated in EMU.
- Where the term "Latin America" is used, it refers to Mexico, Central America, South America and the islands of the Caribbean, including Puerto Rico.
- Where the term "Mediterranean region" is used, it refers to countries bordering the Mediterranean Sea.
- Funds investing globally or in Europe may contain investments in Russia, subject always to the 10% limit referred to in the "Restrictions on Foreign Investment" section above except for investment in securities listed on the MICEX-RTS, which has been recognised as a regulated market.
- For the purpose of these investment objectives and policies all references to "transferable securities" shall include "money market instruments and both fixed and floating rate instruments".
- Where the term "Renminbi" is used, it refers to investments via the offshore Renminbi market (CNH), except where

investments are made via the RQFII Quota (i.e. the onshore Renminbi market (CNY)).

- Where a Fund invests in initial public offerings or new debt issues, the prices of securities involved in initial public offerings or new debt issues are often subject to greater and more unpredictable price changes than more established securities.
- Funds which include "Equity Income", "Enhanced Equity Yield", "High Income" or "Multi-Asset Income" in their title or investment objective and policy seek either to out-perform in terms of income (from equity dividends, and/or fixed income securities and/or other asset classes as appropriate) their eligible investment universe or to generate a high level of income. The opportunity for capital appreciation within such Funds may be lower than other Funds of the Company – see "Risks to Capital Growth".
- Where the term "real return" is used, it means the nominal return less the level of inflation, which is typically measured by the change in an official measure of the level of prices in the relevant economy.
- The term "investment grade" defines debt securities which are rated, at the time of purchase, BBB- (Standard and Poor's or equivalent rating) or better by at least one recognised rating agency, or, in the opinion of the Management Company, are of comparable quality.
- The terms "non-investment grade" or "high yield" define debt securities which are unrated or rated, at the time of purchase, BB+ (Standard and Poor's or equivalent rating) or lower by at least one recognised rating agency or, in the opinion of the Management Company, are of comparable quality.
- Fixed income transferable securities invested in by the Funds may include ABS and MBS. The Funds which may currently invest in such assets contain reference to this fact in their investment policies.
- Where reference is made to "developed" markets or countries these are typically markets or countries which, on the basis of criteria such as economic wealth, development, liquidity and market accessibility are considered as more advanced or mature markets or countries. The markets and countries which may be classified as developed for a Fund are subject to change and may include, though are not limited to, countries and regions such as Australia, Canada, Japan, New Zealand, United States of America and Western Europe.
- Where reference is made to "developing" or "emerging" markets or countries, these are typically markets of poorer or less developed countries which exhibit lower levels of economic and/or capital market development. The markets and countries which may be classified as developing or emerging for a Fund are subject to change and may include, though are not limited to, any country or region outside of Australia, Canada, Japan, New Zealand, United States of America and Western Europe.
- United Nations Convention on Cluster Munitions The UN Convention on Cluster Munitions became binding international law on 1 August 2010 and prohibits the use, production, acquisition or transfer of cluster munitions. The Investment

Advisers on behalf of the Company accordingly arrange for the screening of companies globally for their corporate involvement in anti-personnel mines, cluster munitions and depleted uranium ammunition and armour. Where such corporate involvement has been verified, the Directors' policy is not to permit investment directly in securities issued by such companies by the Company and its Funds.

Where the term "transferable securities denominated in Euro" is used it refers to transferable securities which were denominated in Euro at the time of their issue and may also, at the Investment Adviser's discretion, be taken to include transferable securities denominated in the currencies of any countries that have previously formed part of the Eurozone.

## **RQFII** Investments

Under current PRC law, subject to minor exceptions, investors based in certain jurisdictions outside the PRC may apply to the CSRC for status as a RQFII. Once an entity is licensed as a RQFII, it may be allocated a certain amount of RQFII Quota by SAFE, which it may use to invest directly in eligible PRC securities. No direct investment in eligible PRC securities may take place without an allocation of RQFII Quota. BAMNA has been licensed as a RQFII and may use its RQFII Quota as and when it is allocated in respect of the RQFII Access Funds. There may be additional BlackRock entities licensed as RQFII's from time to time which may also use RQFII Quota in respect of the RQFII Access Funds.

The RQFII may from time to time make available RQFII Quota for the purpose of the relevant RQFII Access Fund's direct investment into the PRC. Under the SAFE's RQFII quota administration policy, the RQFII has the flexibility to allocate RQFII Quota across different open-ended fund products, or, subject to SAFE's approval, to products and/or accounts that are not open-ended funds. Where available, the RQFII may therefore allocate additional RQFII Quota to the relevant RQFII Access Funds, or allocate RQFII Quota to other products and/or accounts. The RQFII may also apply to SAFE for an increase of the RQFII Quota which may be utilised by the relevant RQFII Access Funds or other products managed by the RQFII.

Once the RQFII Quota has been allocated to the RQFII Access Funds which are authorised by the SFC, the Management Company will obtain an opinion from PRC legal counsel ("PRC Legal Opinion") before the RQFII Access Funds utilise such RQFII Quota. The Management Company will ensure that the PRC Legal Opinion will, in respect of each of the RQFII Access Funds, contain the following as a matter of PRC laws:

- (a) securities account(s) opened with the relevant depositories and maintained by the RQFII Custodian and the Renminbi special deposit account(s) with the RQFII Custodian (respectively, the "RQFII securities account(s)" and the "Renminbi cash account(s)") have been opened in the joint names of the RQFII and the relevant RQFII Access Fund for the sole benefit and use of the RQFII Access Fund in accordance all applicable laws and regulations of the PRC and with approval from all competent authorities in the PRC;
- (b) the assets held/credited in the RQFII securities account(s) of the relevant RQFII Access Fund (i) belong solely to the RQFII Access Fund, and (ii) are segregated and independent from the proprietary assets of the RQFII (as

the RQFII Licence Holder), the Depositary or the RQFII Custodian and any PRC Broker(s), and from the assets of other clients of the RQFII (as RQFII Licence Holder), the Depositary, the RQFII Custodian and any PRC Broker(s);

- (c) the assets held/credited in the Renminbi cash account(s) (i) become an unsecured debt owing from the RQFII Custodian to the relevant RQFII Access Fund, and (ii) are segregated and independent from the proprietary assets of the RQFII (as RQFII Licence Holder) and any PRC Broker(s), and from the assets of other clients of the RQFII (as RQFII Licence Holder) and any PRC Broker(s);
- (d) the Company, for and on behalf of the relevant RQFII Access Fund, is the only entity which has a valid claim of ownership over the assets in the RQFII securities account(s) and the debt in the amount deposited in the Renminbi cash account(s) of the RQFII Access Fund;
- (e) if the RQFII or any PRC Broker(s) is liquidated, the assets contained in the RQFII securities account(s) and Renminbi cash account(s) of the relevant RQFII Access Fund will not form part of the liquidation assets of the RQFII or such PRC Broker(s) in liquidation in the PRC; and
- (f) if the RQFII Custodian is liquidated, (i) the assets contained in the RQFII securities account(s) of the relevant RQFII Access Fund will not form part of the liquidation assets of the RQFII Custodian in liquidation in the PRC, and (ii) the assets contained in the Renminbi cash account(s) of the relevant RQFII Access Fund will form part of the liquidation assets of the RQFII Custodian in liquidation in the PRC and the RQFII Access Fund will become an unsecured creditor for the amount deposited in the Renminbi cash account(s).

## **RQFII** Custodian

The Depositary has appointed the RQFII Custodian to act as its sub-custodian for the purpose of safekeeping the investments of its customers in certain agreed markets, including the PRC (the "Global Custody Network") through a sub-custody agreement.

Notwithstanding that the Depositary has, pursuant to its obligations as a UCITS custodian, established the Global Custody Network for the purpose of safe-keeping the assets of its clients, including the Company, held in the PRC (as described above), RQFII rules separately require that every RQFII must appoint a local RQFII custodian for the purposes of safe-keeping the investments and holding the cash in connection with the RQFII Quota and for the purpose of coordinating relevant foreign exchange requirements. Therefore, in order to satisfy the requirements of the RQFII rules, the relevant RQFII will enter into a separate agreement (the "RQFII Custodian Agreement") with the RQFII Custodian appointing it to act as the local custodian of the relevant RQFII Access Fund's assets acquired through the RQFII Quota.

In accordance with the UCITS requirements, the Depositary has additionally confirmed that it shall provide for the safekeeping of the Fund's assets in PRC through its Global Custody Network, and that such safekeeping is in accordance with the conditions set down by the CSSF which provides that there must be legal separation of non-cash assets held under custody and that the Custodian through its delegates must maintain appropriate internal control systems to ensure that records clearly identify the nature and amount of assets under custody, the ownership of each asset and where documents of title to each asset are located.

## **Stock Connects**

The Shanghai-Hong Kong Stock Connect is a securities trading and clearing links program developed by HKEX, SSE and ChinaClear and the Shenzhen-Hong Kong Stock Connect is a securities trading and clearing links program developed by HKEX, SZSE and ChinaClear. The aim of Stock Connect is to achieve mutual stock market access between the PRC and Hong Kong.

The Shanghai-Hong Kong Stock Connect comprises a Northbound Shanghai Trading Link and a Southbound Hong Kong Trading Link under Shanghai-Hong Kong Stock Connect. Under the Northbound Shanghai Trading Link, Hong Kong and overseas investors (including the Stock Connect Funds), through their Hong Kong brokers and a securities trading service company established by SEHK, may be able to trade eligible China A-Shares listed on the SSE by routing orders to SSE. Under the Southbound Hong Kong Trading Link under Shanghai-Hong Kong Stock Connect, investors in the PRC will be able to trade certain stocks listed on the SEHK.

Under the Shanghai-Hong Kong Stock Connect, the Stock Connect Funds, through their Hong Kong brokers may trade certain eligible shares listed on the SSE. These include all the constituent stocks from time to time of the SSE 180 Index and SSE 380 Index, and all the SSE-listed China A-Shares that are not included as constituent stocks of the relevant indices but which have corresponding H-Shares listed on SEHK, except the following:

- > SSE-listed shares which are not traded in RMB; and
- > SSE-listed shares which are included in the "risk alert board".

It is expected that the list of eligible securities will be subject to review.

The trading is subject to rules and regulations issued from time to time. Trading under the Shanghai-Hong Kong Stock Connect is subject to a daily quota ("Daily Quota"). Northbound Shanghai Trading Link and Southbound Hong Kong Trading Link under the Shanghai-Hong Kong Stock Connect are subject to a separate set of Daily Quota. The Daily Quota limits the maximum net buy value of cross-boundary trades under the Stock Connect each day.

The Shenzhen-Hong Kong Stock Connect comprises a Northbound Shenzhen Trading Link and a Southbound Hong Kong Trading Link under Shenzhen-Hong Kong Stock Connect. Under the Northbound Shenzhen Trading Link, Hong Kong and overseas investors (including the Stock Connect Funds, if applicable), through their Hong Kong brokers and a securities trading service company established by SEHK, may be able to trade eligible China A-Shares listed on the SZSE by routing orders to SZSE. Under the Southbound Hong Kong Trading Link under Shenzhen-Hong Kong Stock Connect investors in the PRC will be able to trade certain stocks listed on the SEHK.

Under the Shenzhen-Hong Kong Stock Connect, the Stock Connect Funds through their Hong Kong brokers may trade certain eligible shares listed on the SZSE. These include any constituent stock of the SZSE Component Index and SZSE Small/Mid Cap Innovation Index which has a market capitalisation of RMB6 billion or above and all SZSE-listed shares of companies which have issued both China A-Shares and H Shares. At the initial stage of the Northbound Shenzhen Trading Link, investors eligible to trade shares that are listed on the ChiNext Board of SZSE under the Northbound Shenzhen Trading Link will be limited to institutional professional investors as defined in the relevant Hong Kong rules and regulations.

It is expected that the list of eligible securities will be subject to review.

The trading is subject to rules and regulations issued from time to time. Trading under the Shenzhen-Hong Kong Stock Connect is subject to a Daily Quota. Northbound Shenzhen Trading Link and Southbound Hong Kong Trading Link under the Shenzhen-Hong Kong Stock Connect is subject to a separate set of Daily Quota. The Daily Quota limits the maximum net buy value of crossboundary trades under the Shenzhen-Hong Kong Stock Connect each day.

HKSCC, a wholly-owned subsidiary of HKEX, and ChinaClear will be responsible for the clearing, settlement and the provision of depository, nominee and other related services of the trades executed by their respective market participants and investors. The China A-Shares traded through Stock Connect are issued in scripless form, and investors will not hold any physical China A-Shares.

Although HKSCC does not claim proprietary interests in the SSE and SZSE securities held in its omnibus stock accounts in ChinaClear, ChinaClear as the share registrar for SSE and SZSE listed companies will still treat HKSCC as one of the shareholders when it handles corporate actions in respect of such SSE and SZSE securities.

In accordance with the UCITS requirements, the Depositary shall provide for the safekeeping of the Fund's assets in the PRC through its Global Custody Network. Such safekeeping is in accordance with the conditions set down by the CSSF which provides that there must be legal separation of non-cash assets held under custody and that the Depositary through its delegates must maintain appropriate internal control systems to ensure that records clearly identify the nature and amount of assets under custody, the ownership of each asset and where documents of title to each asset are located.

Under the Stock Connects, Hong Kong and overseas investors will be subject to the fees and levies imposed by SSE, SZSE, ChinaClear, HKSCC or the relevant Mainland Chinese authority when they trade and settle SSE securities and SZSE securities. Further information about the trading fees and levies is available online at the website: <u>http://www.hkex.com.hk/eng/market/</u> sec\_tradinfra/chinaconnect/chinaconnect.htm.

## **China Interbank Bond Market**

The CIBM Funds can invest in the China Interbank Bond Market via the Foreign Access Regime and/or the Bond Connect.

Investment in China Interbank Bond Market via Foreign Access Regime

Pursuant to the "Announcement (2016) No 3" issued by the PBOC on 24 February 2016, foreign institutional investors can invest in China Interbank Bond Market ("**Foreign Access Regime**") subject to other rules and regulations as promulgated by the Mainland Chinese authorities.

Under the prevailing regulations in Mainland China, foreign institutional investors who wish to invest directly in China Interbank Bond Market may do so via an onshore settlement agent, who will be responsible for making the relevant filings and account opening with the relevant authorities. There is no quota limitation.

## Investment in China Interbank Bond Market via Northbound Trading Link under Bond Connect

Bond Connect is a new initiative launched in July 2017 for mutual bond market access between Hong Kong and Mainland China established by China Foreign Exchange Trade System & National Interbank Funding Centre ("**CFETS**"), China Central Depository & Clearing Co., Ltd, Shanghai Clearing House, and HKEX and Central Moneymarkets Unit.

Under the prevailing regulations in Mainland China, eligible foreign investors will be allowed to invest in the bonds circulated in the China Interbank Bond Market through the northbound trading of Bond Connect ("**Northbound Trading Link**"). There will be no investment quota for Northbound Trading Link.

Under the Northbound Trading Link, eligible foreign investors are required to appoint the CFETS or other institutions recognised by the PBOC as registration agents to apply for registration with the PBOC.

The Northbound Trading Link refers to the trading platform that is located outside of Mainland China and is connected to CFETS for eligible foreign investor to submit their trade requests for bonds circulated in the China Interbank Bond Market through Bond Connect. HKEX and CFETS will work together with offshore electronic bond trading platforms to provide electronic trading services and platforms to allow direct trading between eligible foreign investors and approved onshore dealer(s) in Mainland China through CFETS.

Eligible foreign investors may submit trade requests for bonds circulated in the China Interbank Bond Market through the Northbound Trading Link provided by offshore electronic bond trading platforms (such as Tradeweb and Bloomberg), which will in turn transmit their requests for quotation to CFETS. CFETS will send the requests for quotation to a number of approved onshore dealer(s) (including market markers and others engaged in the market making business) in Mainland China. The approved onshore dealer(s) will respond to the requests for quotation via CFETS and CFETS will send their responses to those eligible foreign investors through the same offshore electronic bond trading platforms. Once the eligible foreign investor accepts the quotation, the trade is concluded on CFETS.

On the other hand, the settlement and custody of bond securities traded in the China Interbank Bond Mar-ket under Bond Connect will be done through the settlement and custody link between the Central Money-markets Unit, as an offshore custody agent, and the China Central Depository & Clearing Co., Ltd and Shanghai Clearing House, as onshore custodian and clearing institutions in Mainland China. Under the set-tlement link, China Central Depository & Clearing House will effect gross set-tlement of confirmed trades onshore and the Central Moneymarkets Unit will process bond settlement in-

structions from Central Moneymarkets Unit members on behalf of eligible foreign investors in accordance with its relevant rules.

Pursuant to the prevailing regulations in Mainland China, the Central Moneymarkets Unit, being the offshore custody agent recognised by the Hong Kong Monetary Authority open omnibus nominee accounts with the onshore custody agent recognised by the PBOC (i.e., the China Securities Depository & Clearing Co., Ltd and Interbank Clearing Company Limited). All bonds traded by eligible foreign investors will be registered in the name of Central Moneymarkets Unit, which will hold such bonds as a nominee owner.

Important Note: please note that the liquidity of the China Interbank Bond Market is particularly unpredictable. Investors should read the "Liquidity Risk" and "Specific risks associated with China Interbank Bond Market" sections of the "Risk Considerations" section of this Prospectus prior to investing in the CIBM Funds.

## German Tax Reform – Equity Funds

The Management Company aims to manage the Funds listed below in accordance with the so-called partial exemption regime for equity funds under Sec. 20 para. 1 of the German Investment Tax Act (as in effect since 1 January 2018). Accordingly, as of the date of this Prospectus and notwithstanding any other provision in this Prospectus (including Appendix A):

(a) each of the following Funds invests at least 51 % of its Net Asset Value on a continuous basis directly into equities of corporations which are admitted for trading at a recognised stock exchange or are listed on an organised market:

ASEAN Leaders Fund, Asia Pacific Equity Income Fund, Asian Dragon Fund, Asian Growth Leaders Fund, China A-Share Opportunities Fund, China Fund, China Flexible Equity Fund, Continental European Flexible Fund, Emerging Markets Equity Income Fund, Emerging Markets Fund, Euro-Markets Fund, European Equity Income Fund, European Focus Fund, European Fund, European Special Situations Fund, European Value Fund, FinTech Fund, Future Of Transport Fund, Global Dynamic Equity Fund, Global Enhanced Equity Yield Fund, Global Equity Income Fund, Global Opportunities Fund (Fund name will change to "Global Long-Horizon Equity Fund" on 25 March 2019), Global SmallCap Fund, Japan Small & MidCap Opportunities Fund, Japan Flexible Equity Fund, Natural Resources Growth & Income Fund, New Energy Fund (Fund name will change to "Sustainable Energy Fund" on 25 March 2019), Next Generation Technology Fund, North American Equity Income Fund, Pacific Equity Fund, Swiss Small & MidCap Opportunities Fund, United Kingdom Fund, US Basic Value Fund, US Flexible Equity Fund, US Growth Fund, US Small & MidCap Opportunities Fund, World Agriculture Fund (Fund name will change to "Nutrition Fund" on 25 March 2019), World Energy Fund, World Financials Fund, World Gold Fund, World Healthscience Fund, World Mining Fund and World Technology Fund.

(b) Each of the following Funds invests at least 25% of its Net Asset Value on a continuous basis directly into equities of corporations which are admitted for trading at a recognised stock exchange or are listed on an organised market: with effect from 25 March 2019, ASEAN Leaders Fund, Asian Growth Leaders Fund and Emerging Markets Fund.

## **Risk Management**

The Management Company is required by regulation to employ a risk management process in respect of the Funds, which enables it to monitor accurately and manage the global exposure from financial derivative instruments ("global exposure") which each Fund gains as a result of its strategy.

The Management Company uses one of two methodologies, the "Commitment Approach" or the "Value at Risk Approach" ("VaR"), in order to measure the global exposure of each of the Funds and manage the potential loss to them due to market risk. The methodology used in respect of each Fund is detailed below.

## VaR Approach

The VaR methodology measures the potential loss to a Fund at a particular confidence (probability) level over a specific time period and under normal market conditions. The Management Company uses the 99% confidence interval and one month measurement period for the purposes of carrying out this calculation.

There are two types of VaR measure which can be used to monitor and manage the global exposure of a fund: "Relative VaR" and "Absolute VaR". Relative VaR is where the VaR of a Fund is divided by the VaR of an appropriate benchmark or reference portfolio, allowing the global exposure of a Fund to be compared to, and limited by reference to, the global exposure of the appropriate benchmark or reference portfolio. The regulations specify that the VaR of the Fund must not exceed twice the VaR of its benchmark. Absolute VaR is commonly used as the relevant VaR measure for absolute return style Funds, where a benchmark or reference portfolio is not appropriate for risk measurement purposes. The regulations specify that the VaR measure for such a Fund must not exceed 20% of that Fund's Net Asset Value.

In respect of those Funds that are measured using VaR, the Management Company uses Relative VaR to monitor and manage the global exposure of some of the Funds and Absolute VaR for others. The type of VaR measure used for each Fund is set out below and where this is Relative VaR the appropriate benchmark or reference portfolio used in the calculation is also disclosed.

## **Commitment Approach**

The Commitment Approach is a methodology that aggregates the underlying market or notional values of financial derivative instruments to determine the degree of global exposure of a Fund to financial derivative instruments.

Pursuant to the 2010 Law, the global exposure for a Fund under the Commitment Approach must not exceed 100% of that Fund's Net Asset Value.

## Leverage

A fund's level of investment exposure (for an equity fund, when combined with its instruments and cash) can in aggregate exceed its net asset value due to the use of financial derivative instruments or borrowing (borrowing is only permitted in limited circumstances and not for investment purposes). Where a fund's investment exposure exceeds its net asset value this is known as leverage. The regulations require that the Prospectus includes information relating to the expected levels of leverage in a fund where VaR is being used to measure global exposure. The expected level of leverage of each of the Funds is set out below and expressed as a percentage of its Net Asset Value. The Funds may have higher levels of leverage in atypical or volatile market conditions for example when there are sudden movements in investment prices due to difficult economic conditions in a sector or region. In such circumstances the relevant Investment Adviser may increase its use of derivatives in a Fund in order to reduce the market risk which that Fund is exposed to, this in turn would have the effect of increasing its levels of leverage. For the purposes of this disclosure, leverage is the investment exposure gained through the use of financial derivative instruments. It is calculated using the sum of the notional values of all of the financial derivative instruments held by the relevant Fund, without netting. The expected level of leverage is not a limit and may vary over time.

# Regulation (EU) 2016/1011 of the European Parliament and of the Council (the "Benchmark Regulation")

In respect of those Funds that track a benchmark index, or are managed by reference to a benchmark index,, the Company works with the applicable benchmark administrators for the benchmark indices of such Funds to confirm that the benchmark administrators are, or intend to get themselves, included in the register maintained by ESMA under the Benchmark Regulation.

The list of benchmark administrators that are included in the Benchmark Regulation Register is available on ESMA's website at www.esma.europa.eu. As at 25 March 2019, the following administrators are included in the Benchmark Regulation Register:

## MSCI Limited

The benchmark administrators that are not included in the Benchmark Regulation Register continue to provide benchmark indices on the basis of the transition period provided under the Benchmark Regulation. It is expected that these benchmark administrators will file an application for authorisation or registration as benchmark administrators in advance of 1 January 2020, being the end of the transition period, in accordance with the Benchmark Regulation requirements. The Management Company will monitor the Benchmark Regulation Register and, if there are any changes, this information will be updated in the Prospectus at the next opportunity. The Company has in place and maintains robust written plans setting out the actions that it would take in the event that a benchmark is materially changed or ceases to be provided, such plans being available upon request and free of charge at the registered office of the Company.

## Investment Objectives and Policies of the Funds

Unless indicated otherwise, the rules applicable to some or all of the Funds in relation to investments into China via the RQFII Quota, the Stock Connects and/or CIBM, as well as to investments into non-investment grade sovereign debt, have been incorporated into the investment policies of the relevant Funds under this section with effect from 11 February 2019.

The **ASEAN Leaders Fund** seeks to maximise total return. The Fund invests at least 70% of its total assets in the equity securities of companies domiciled in, or exercising the predominant part of their economic activity in, current or past member countries of the ASEAN economic organisation.

The Fund is a RQFII Access Fund and a Stock Connect Fund and may invest directly up to 10% in aggregate of its total assets in the PRC by investing via RQFII Quota and/or via the Stock Connects.

The Fund may use derivatives for investment purposes and for the purposes of efficient portfolio management.

## Risk management measure used: Commitment Approach.

The *Asia Pacific Equity Income Fund* seeks an above average income from its equity investments without sacrificing long term capital growth. The Fund invests at least 70% of its total assets in equity securities of companies domiciled in, or exercising the predominant part of their economic activity in, the Asia Pacific region excluding Japan. This Fund distributes income gross of expenses.

The Fund is a RQFII Access Fund and a Stock Connect Fund and may invest directly up to 10% in aggregate of its total assets in the PRC by investing via RQFII Quota and/or via the Stock Connects.

The Fund may use derivatives for investment purposes and for the purposes of efficient portfolio management.

## Risk management measure used: Commitment Approach.

The *Asian Dragon Fund* seeks to maximise total return. The Fund invests at least 70% of its total assets in the equity securities of companies domiciled in, or exercising the predominant part of their economic activity in, Asia, excluding Japan.

The Fund is a RQFII Access Fund and a Stock Connect Fund and may invest directly up to 10% in aggregate of its total assets in the PRC by investing via RQFII Quota and/or via the Stock Connects. The Fund may use derivatives for investment purposes and for the purposes of efficient portfolio management.

## Risk management measure used: Commitment Approach.

The *Asian Growth Leaders Fund* seeks to maximise total return. The Fund invests at least 70% of its total assets in the equity securities of companies domiciled in, or exercising the predominant part of their activity in Asia, excluding Japan. The Fund places particular emphasis on sectors and companies that, in the opinion of the Investment Adviser, exhibit growth investment characteristics, such as above-average growth rates in earnings or sales and high or improving returns on capital.

The Fund is a RQFII Access Fund and a Stock Connect Fund and may invest directly up to 30% in aggregate of its total assets in the PRC by investing via RQFII Quota and/or via the Stock Connects.

The Fund may use derivatives for investment purposes and for the purposes of efficient portfolio management.

## Risk management measure used: Commitment Approach.

The **Asian High Yield Bond Fund** seeks to maximise total return. The Fund invests at least 70% of its total assets in high yield fixed income transferable securities, denominated in various currencies, issued by governments and agencies of, and companies domiciled in, or exercising the predominant part of their economic activity in the Asia Pacific region. The Fund may invest in the full spectrum of permitted fixed income transferable securities and fixed income related securities, including non-investment grade. Currency exposure is flexibly managed.

The Fund is a CIBM Fund and may gain direct exposure for no more than 10% of its total assets to onshore bonds distributed in Mainland China in the CIBM via the Foreign Access Regime and/ or Bond Connect and/or other means as may be permitted by the relevant regulations from time to time.

The Fund's exposure to Distressed Securities is limited to 10% of its total assets and its exposure to contingent convertible bonds is limited to 20% of total assets.

The Fund may use derivatives for investment purposes and for the purposes of efficient portfolio management.

Risk management measure used: Relative VaR using BofA/ Merrill Lynch Blended Index: ACCY, 20% Lvl4 Cap 3% Constrained as the appropriate benchmark.

Expected level of leverage of the Fund: 70% of Net Asset Value.

Important Note: please note that the liquidity of Asian high yield bond market is particularly unpredictable. Investors should read the "Liquidity Risk" sections of the "Risk Considerations" section of this Prospectus and the "Suspension and Deferral" section of Appendix B of this Prospectus prior to investing in this Fund.

The *Asian Multi-Asset Growth Fund* seeks to maximise total return. The Fund invests at least 70% of its total assets in fixed income transferable securities and equity securities of issuers and companies domiciled in, or exercising the predominant part of their economic activity in, Asia, excluding Japan. The Fund invests in the full spectrum of permitted investments including equities (which may include minimal exposure to Distressed Securities), equity-related securities, fixed income transferable securities (including non-investment grade), units of undertakings for collective investment, cash, deposits and money market instruments. The Fund has a flexible approach to asset allocation. Currency exposure is flexibly managed.

The Fund is a RQFII Access Fund and a Stock Connect Fund and may invest directly up to 10% in aggregate of its total assets in the PRC by investing via RQFII Quota and/or via the Stock Connects. The Fund is a CIBM Fund and may gain direct exposure for no more than 10% of its total assets to onshore bonds distributed in Mainland China in the CIBM via the Foreign Access Regime and/ or Bond Connect and/or other means as may be permitted by the relevant regulations from time to time.

As part of its investment objective the Fund may invest up to 20%, and, with effect from 25 March 2019, to 10% of its total assets in ABS and MBS whether investment grade or not. These may include asset-backed commercial paper, collateralised debt obligations, collateralised mortgage obligations, commercial mortgage-backed securities, credit-linked notes, real estate mortgage investment conduits, residential mortgage-backed securities and synthetic collateralised debt obligations. The underlying assets of the ABS and MBS may include loans, leases or receivables (such as credit card debt, automobile loans and student loans in the case of ABS and commercial and residential mortgages originating from a regulated and authorised financial institution in the case of MBS). The ABS and MBS in which the Fund invests may use leverage to increase return to investors. Certain ABS may be structured by using a derivative such as a credit default swap or a basket of such derivatives to gain exposure to the performance of securities of various issuers without having to invest in the securities directly.

The Fund's exposure to contingent convertible bonds is limited to 20%, and, with effect from 25 March 2019, to 10% of its total assets.

The Fund may use derivatives for investment purposes and for the purposes of efficient portfolio management.

This Fund may have a material exposure to ABS, MBS and non-investment grade debt, and investors are encouraged to read the relevant risk disclosures contained in the section "Specific Risk Considerations".

Risk management measure used: Relative VaR using 50% MSCI Asia ex Japan Index / 25% JP Morgan Asia Credit Index / 25% Markit iBoxx ALBI Index as the appropriate benchmark.

Expected level of leverage of the Fund: 300% of Net Asset Value.

The *Asian Tiger Bond Fund* seeks to maximise total return. The Fund invests at least 70% of its total assets in the fixed income transferable securities of issuers domiciled in, or exercising the predominant part of their economic activity in, Asian Tiger countries. The Fund may invest in the full spectrum of available securities, including non-investment grade. The currency exposure of the Fund is flexibly managed.

The Fund is a RQFII Access Fund and may invest directly up to 10% of its total assets in the PRC by investing via RQFII Quota.

The Fund is a CIBM Fund and may gain direct exposure for no more than 10% of its total assets to onshore bonds distributed in Mainland China in the CIBM via the Foreign Access Regime and/ or Bond Connect and/or other means as may be permitted by the relevant regulations from time to time.

The Fund's exposure to contingent convertible bonds is limited to 20% of total assets and, with effect from 25 March 2019, the Fund's exposure to Distressed Securities is limited to 10% of its total assets.

The Fund may use derivatives for investment purposes and for the purposes of efficient portfolio management.

## Risk management measure used: Relative VaR using JP Morgan Asian Credit Index as the appropriate benchmark.

# Expected level of leverage of the Fund: 150% of Net Asset Value.

The *China A-Share Opportunities Fund* seeks to maximise total return. The Fund invests at least 70% of its total assets in a portfolio of equity securities of companies domiciled in, or exercising the predominant part of their activity in the People's Republic of China (PRC). The Fund is a RQFII Access Fund and a

Stock Connect Fund and may invest without limit in the PRC via RQFII Quota and/or via the Stock Connects. For the purpose of the investment objective, the PRC excludes Hong Kong and Macau Special Administrative Regions and Taiwan and accordingly the Fund will invest only in onshore Chinese equity markets (A-Shares).

The Fund may use derivatives for investment purposes and for the purposes of efficient portfolio management.

Risk management measure used: Commitment Approach.

Important Note: please note that the liquidity of Chinese equity markets is particularly unpredictable. Investors should read the "Liquidity Risk" and "Investments in the PRC" sections of the "Risk Considerations" section of this Prospectus and the "Suspension and Deferral" section of Appendix B of this Prospectus prior to investing in this Fund.

The *China Bond Fund* seeks to maximise total return. The Fund invests at least 70% of its total assets in fixed income transferable securities denominated in Renminbi or other non-Chinese domestic currencies issued by entities exercising the predominant part of their economic activity in the PRC through recognised mechanisms including but not limited to the Chinese Interbank Bond Market, the on exchange bond market, quota system and/or through onshore or offshore issuances and/or any future developed channels. The Fund is a RQFII Access Fund and a CIBM Fund and may invest without limit in the PRC via RQFII Quota and in the CIBM via the Foreign Access Regime and/or Bond Connect and/or other means as may be permitted by the relevant regulations from time to time.

The Fund may invest in the full spectrum of permitted fixed income transferable securities and fixed income related securities, including non-investment grade (limited to 50% of total assets). Currency exposure is flexibly managed.

As part of its investment objective the Fund may invest up to 20% of its total assets in ABS and MBS whether investment grade or not. These may include asset-backed commercial paper, collateralised debt obligations, collateralised mortgage obligations, commercial mortgage-backed securities, credit-linked notes, real estate mortgage investment conduits, residential mortgage-backed securities and synthetic collateralised debt obligations. The underlying assets of the ABS and MBS may include loans, leases or receivables (such as credit card debt, automobile loans and student loans in the case of ABS and commercial and residential mortgages originating from a regulated and authorised financial institution in the case of MBS). The ABS and MBS in which the Fund invests may use leverage to increase return to investors. Certain ABS may be structured by using a derivative such as a credit default swap or a basket of such derivatives to gain exposure to the performance of securities of various issuers without having to invest in the securities directly. With effect from 25 March 2019, the Fund will no longer invest into ABS and MBS.

The Fund's exposure to Distressed Securities is limited to 10% of its total assets and its exposure to contingent convertible bonds is limited to 20% of total assets.

The Fund may use derivatives for investment purposes and for the purposes of efficient portfolio management.

This Fund may have a material exposure to ABS, MBS and non-investment grade debt, and investors are encouraged to read the relevant risk disclosures contained in the section "Specific Risk Considerations". This wording may be disregarded with effect from 25 March 2019.

Risk management measure used: Absolute VaR.

Expected level of leverage of the Fund: 120% of Net Asset Value.

The *China Fund* seeks to maximise total return. The Fund invests at least 70% of its total assets in the equity securities of companies domiciled in, or exercising the predominant part of their economic activity in, the People's Republic of China.

The Fund is a RQFII Access Fund and a Stock Connect Fund and may invest directly up to 10% in aggregate of its total assets in the PRC by investing via RQFII Quota and/or via the Stock Connects.

The Fund may use derivatives for investment purposes and for the purposes of efficient portfolio management.

## Risk management measure used: Commitment Approach.

The *China Flexible Equity Fund* seeks to maximise total return. The Fund invests at least 70% of its total assets in a portfolio of equity securities of companies domiciled in, or exercising the predominant part of their activity in the People's Republic of China (PRC). The Fund is a RQFII Access Fund and a Stock Connect Fund and may invest without limit in the PRC via RQFII Quota and/ or via the Stock Connects. The Fund will have a flexible allocation between onshore and offshore Chinese equity markets. Currency exposure is flexibly managed.

The Fund may use derivatives for investment purposes and for the purposes of efficient portfolio management.

## Risk management measure used: Commitment Approach.

The *Continental European Flexible Fund* seeks to maximise total return. The Fund invests at least 70% of its total assets in the equity securities of companies domiciled in, or exercising the predominant part of their economic activity in Europe excluding the UK. The Fund normally invests in securities that, in the opinion of the Investment Adviser, exhibit either growth or value investment characteristics, placing an emphasis as the market outlook warrants.

With effect from 25 March 2019, the Fund's exposure to contingent convertible bonds is limited to 5% of its total assets.

The Fund may use derivatives for investment purposes and for the purposes of efficient portfolio management.

## Risk management measure used: Commitment Approach.

The *Dynamic High Income Fund* follows a flexible asset allocation policy that seeks to provide a high level of income. In order to generate high levels of income the Fund will seek diversified income sources across a variety of asset classes, investing significantly in income producing assets such as fixed income transferable securities, including corporate and government issues which may be fixed and floating and may be investment grade, sub-investment grade or unrated, covered call options and preference shares. The Fund will use a variety of investment strategies and may invest globally in the full spectrum of permitted investments including equities, equity-related securities, fixed income transferable securities, units of undertakings for collective investment, cash, deposits and money market instruments. Currency exposure is flexibly managed.

With effect from 25 March 2019, the Fund is a Stock Connect Fund and may invest directly up to 10% of its total assets in the PRC by investing via the Stock Connects.

With effect from 25 March 2019, the Fund is a CIBM Fund and may gain direct exposure for no more than 10% of its total assets to onshore bonds distributed in Mainland China in the CIBM via the Foreign Access Regime and/or Bond Connect and/or other means as may be permitted by the relevant regulations from time to time.

As part of its investment objective the Fund may invest up to 50% of its total assets in ABS and MBS whether investment grade or not. These may include asset-backed commercial paper, collateralised debt obligations, collateralised mortgage obligations, commercial mortgage-backed securities, credit-linked notes, real estate mortgage investment conduits, residential mortgage-backed securities and synthetic collateralised debt obligations. The underlying assets of the ABS and MBS may include loans, leases or receivables (such as credit card debt, automobile loans and student loans in the case of ABS and commercial and residential mortgages originating from a regulated and authorised financial institution in the case of MBS). The ABS and MBS in which the Fund invests may use leverage to increase return to investors. Certain ABS may be structured by using a derivative such as a credit default swap or a basket of such derivatives to gain exposure to the performance of securities of various issuers without having to invest in the securities directly.

The Fund's exposure to Distressed Securities is limited to 10% of its total assets, its exposure to contingent convertible bonds is limited to 20% of total assets and its exposure to structured notes qualifying as transferable securities (which may embed a derivative) is limited to 30% of total assets. Where structured notes embed a derivative, the underlying instruments to such structured notes will be UCITS eligible investments.

The Fund may use derivatives for investment purposes and for the purposes of efficient portfolio management.

This Fund may have significant exposure to ABS, MBS and non-investment grade debt, and investors are encouraged to read the relevant risk disclosures contained in the section "Specific Risk Considerations".

Risk management measure used: Relative VaR using 70% MSCI World Index / 30% Bloomberg Barclays Global Aggregate Bond Index USD Hedged as the appropriate benchmark.

Expected level of leverage of the Fund: 100% of Net Asset Value.

The *Emerging Europe Fund* seeks to maximise total return. The Fund invests at least 70% of its total assets in the equity securities of companies domiciled in, or exercising the predominant part of

their economic activity in, emerging European countries. It may also invest in companies domiciled in and around, or exercising the predominant part of their economic activity in and around, the Mediterranean region.

The Fund may use derivatives for investment purposes and for the purposes of efficient portfolio management.

## Risk management measure used: Commitment Approach.

The *Emerging Markets Bond Fund* seeks to maximise total return. The Fund invests at least 70% of its total assets in the fixed income transferable securities of governments and agencies of, and companies domiciled or exercising the predominant part of their economic activity in, emerging markets. The Fund may invest in the full spectrum of available securities, including non-investment grade. Currency exposure is flexibly managed.

The Fund is a CIBM Fund and may gain direct exposure for no more than 10% of its total assets to onshore bonds distributed in Mainland China in the CIBM via the Foreign Access Regime and/ or Bond Connect and/or other means as may be permitted by the relevant regulations from time to time.

The Fund may invest more than 10% (but not more than 20%) of its Net Asset Value in debt securities issued by and/or guaranteed by governments in each of Argentina, Brazil, Indonesia, Mexico, the Philippines, Russia, Turkey, Ukraine and Venezuela, countries which are, at the date of this Prospectus, rated non-investment grade. Such investments are based on (i) reference to the weighting that the relevant country's bond market represents of the emerging market bond universe within the JP Morgan Emerging Markets Bond Index Global Diversified Index (although this Fund is not an index-tracking fund, the Investment Adviser will take into account the constituent weighting of the benchmark when making investment decisions), and/or (ii) the professional judgment of the Investment Adviser, whose reasons for investment may include a favourable/positive outlook on the relevant foreign issuer, potential for ratings upgrade and the expected changes in the value of such investments due to ratings changes. Due to market movements, as well as credit/investment rating changes, the exposures may change over time. The afore-mentioned countries are for reference only and may change without prior notice to investors.

As part of its investment objective the Fund may invest up to 20% of its total assets in ABS and MBS whether investment grade or not. These may include asset-backed commercial paper, collateralised debt obligations, collateralised mortgage obligations, commercial mortgage-backed securities, credit-linked notes, real estate mortgage investment conduits, residential mortgage-backed securities and synthetic collateralised debt obligations. The underlying assets of the ABS and MBS may include loans, leases or receivables (such as credit card debt, automobile loans and student loans in the case of ABS and commercial and residential mortgages originating from a regulated and authorised financial institution in the case of MBS). The ABS and MBS in which the Fund invests may use leverage to increase return to investors. Certain ABS may be structured by using a derivative such as a credit default swap or a basket of such derivatives to gain exposure to the performance of securities of various issuers without having to invest in the securities directly. With effect from 25 March 2019, the Fund will no longer invest into ABS and MBS.

With effect from 25 March 2019, the Fund's exposure to contingent convertible bonds is limited to 10% of total assets.

The Fund may use derivatives for investment purposes and for the purposes of efficient portfolio management.

This Fund may have a material exposure to ABS, MBS and non-investment grade debt, and investors are encouraged to read the relevant risk disclosures contained in the section "Specific Risk Considerations". This wording may be disregarded with effect from 25 March 2019.

Risk management measure used: Relative VaR using JP Morgan Emerging Markets Bond Index Global Diversified Index as the appropriate benchmark.

Expected level of leverage of the Fund: 150% of Net Asset Value

The *Emerging Markets Corporate Bond Fund* seeks to maximise total return. The Fund invests at least 70% of total assets in fixed income transferable securities issued by companies domiciled in, or exercising the predominant part of their economic activity in, emerging markets. Currency exposure is flexibly managed.

The Fund is a CIBM Fund and may gain direct exposure for no more than 10% of its total assets to onshore bonds distributed in Mainland China in the CIBM via the Foreign Access Regime and/ or Bond Connect and/or other means as may be permitted by the relevant regulations from time to time.

As part of its investment objective the Fund may invest up to 20% of its total assets in ABS and MBS whether investment grade or not. These may include asset-backed commercial paper, collateralised debt obligations, collateralised mortgage obligations, commercial mortgage-backed securities, credit-linked notes, real estate mortgage investment conduits, residential mortgage-backed securities and synthetic collateralised debt obligations. The underlying assets of the ABS and MBS may include loans, leases or receivables (such as credit card debt, automobile loans and student loans in the case of ABS and commercial and residential mortgages originating from a regulated and authorised financial institution in the case of MBS). The ABS and MBS in which the Fund invests may use leverage to increase return to investors. Certain ABS may be structured by using a derivative such as a credit default swap or a basket of such derivatives to gain exposure to the performance of securities of various issuers without having to invest in the securities directly. With effect from 25 March 2019, the Fund's exposure to contingent convertible bonds is limited to 20% of total assets and the Fund will no longer invest into ABS and MBS.

The Fund may use derivatives for investment purposes and for the purposes of efficient portfolio management.

This Fund may have a material exposure to ABS, MBS and non-investment grade debt, and investors are encouraged to read the relevant risk disclosures contained in the section "Specific Risk Considerations". This wording may be disregarded with effect from 25 March 2019. Risk management measure used: Relative VaR using JPMorgan Corporate Emerging Markets Bond Index Broad Diversified as the appropriate benchmark.

Expected level of leverage of the Fund: 250% of Net Asset Value.

The *Emerging Markets Equity Income Fund* seeks an above average income from its equity investments without sacrificing long term capital growth. The Fund invests globally at least 70% of its total assets in the equity securities of companies domiciled in, or exercising the predominant part of their economic activity in, emerging markets. Investment may also be made in the equity securities of companies domiciled in, or exercising the predominant part of their economic activity in, developed markets that have significant business operations in emerging markets. This Fund distributes income gross of expenses.

The Fund is a Stock Connect Fund and may invest directly up to 10% of its total assets in the PRC by investing via the Stock Connects.

The Fund may use derivatives for investment purposes and for the purposes of efficient portfolio management.

## Risk management measure used: Commitment Approach.

The *Emerging Markets Fund* seeks to maximise total return. The Fund invests globally at least 70% of its total assets in the equity securities of companies domiciled in, or exercising the predominant part of their economic activity in, emerging markets. Investment may also be made in the equity securities of companies domiciled in, or exercising the predominant part of their economic activity in, developed markets that have significant business operations in emerging markets.

The Fund is a Stock Connect Fund and may invest directly up to 10% of its total assets in the PRC by investing via the Stock Connects.

The Fund may use derivatives for investment purposes and for the purposes of efficient portfolio management.

## Risk management measure used: Commitment Approach.

The *Emerging Markets Local Currency Bond Fund* seeks to maximise total return. The Fund invests at least 70% of its total assets in local currency-denominated fixed income transferable securities issued by governments and agencies of, and companies domiciled or exercising the predominant part of their economic activity in, emerging markets. The full spectrum of available securities, including non-investment grade, may be utilised. Currency exposure is flexibly managed.

With effect from 25 March 2019, the Fund's exposure to Distressed Securities is limited to 10% of its total assets and its exposure to contingent convertible bonds is limited to 5% of its total assets.

The Fund is a RQFII Access Fund and may invest directly up to 10% of its total assets in the PRC by investing via RQFII Quota.

The Fund is a CIBM Fund and may gain direct exposure for no more than 20% of its total assets to onshore bonds distributed in

Mainland China in the CIBM via the Foreign Access Regime and/ or Bond Connect and/or other means as may be permitted by the relevant regulations from time to time.

The Fund may invest more than 10% (but not more than 20%) of its Net Asset Value in debt securities issued by and/or guaranteed by governments in each of Brazil, Hungary, Indonesia, Russia Republic of South Africa and Turkey, countries which are, at the date of this Prospectus, rated non-investment grade. Such investments are based on (i) reference to the weighting that the relevant country's bond market represents of the emerging market bond universe within the JP Morgan GBI-EM Global Diversified Index (although this Fund is not an index-tracking fund, the Investment Adviser will take into account the constituent weighting of the benchmark when making investment decisions), and/or (ii) the professional judgment of the Investment Adviser, whose reasons for investment may include a favourable/positive outlook on the relevant foreign issuer, potential for ratings upgrade and the expected changes in the value of such investments due to ratings changes. Due to market movements, as well as credit/investment rating changes, the exposures may change over time. The aforementioned countries are for reference only and may change without prior notice to investors.

The Fund may use derivatives for investment purposes and for the purposes of efficient portfolio management.

Risk management measure used: Relative VaR using JP Morgan GBI-EM Global Diversified Index as the appropriate benchmark.

Expected level of leverage of the Fund: 480% of Net Asset Value.

The ESG Emerging Markets Blended Bond Fund seeks to maximise total return. The Fund invests at least 70% of its total assets in fixed income transferable securities issued by governments and government agencies of, and companies domiciled in, or exercising the predominant part of their economic activity in, emerging markets, denominated in both emerging market and non-emerging market currencies, and included within the J.P. Morgan ESG Blended Emerging Market Bond Index (Sovereign) (the "Index", and the securities comprised within it being the "Index Securities"). The Index provides the investment universe for at least 70% of the Fund's total assets. The weighting of Index Securities within the Fund's portfolio may differ from the weightings of securities within the Index, as the Fund is actively managed and does not seek to track the Index. The asset allocation of the Fund is intended to be flexible and the Fund will maintain the ability to switch exposure between currencies and issuers as market conditions and other factors dictate.

In selecting such Index Securities, the Investment Adviser will, in addition to other investment criteria, take into account the ESG characteristics of the relevant issuer. The Investment Adviser will analyse which ESG factors drive an issuer's ESG score within the Index and its broader ESG performance. To undertake this analysis, the Investment Adviser may use data provided by external ESG score providers, proprietary models and local intelligence and may undertake site visits.

The Index methodology assesses and ranks potential constituents according to their ESG credentials relative to their industry peers. This means that the Index provider, J.P. Morgan LLC, carries out

an assessment on the sustainability and ethical impact of those constituents in accordance with its predetermined methodology. For further details please refer to <u>https://markets.jpmorgan.com/</u>research/email/2ensj10e/R2khCRKt20WdHQPwT2S-OQ/GPS-2634457-0.

The Fund may also invest in fixed income transferable securities of emerging markets and non-emerging markets issuers which are not included in the Fund's benchmark index at the time of purchase, but which the Investment Adviser considers to meet similar ESG criteria (in addition to other investment criteria).

The full spectrum of fixed income transferable securities, including non-investment grade, may be utilised. Investments in high yield fixed income transferable securities are expected to represent a significant part of the portfolio and are likely to exceed 50% of the Fund's net asset value.

The Fund is a CIBM Fund and may gain direct exposure for no more than 10% of its total assets to onshore bonds distributed in Mainland China in the CIBM via the Foreign Access Regime and/ or Bond Connect and/or other means as may be permitted by the relevant regulations from time to time.

The Fund may invest more than 10% (but not more than 20%) of its Net Asset Value in debt securities issued by and/or guaranteed by governments in each of Argentina, Brazil, Hungary, Indonesia, Mexico, the Philippines, Russia, Republic of South Africa, Turkey and Ukraine, countries which are, at the date of this Prospectus, rated non-investment grade. Such investments are based on (i) reference to the weighting that the relevant country's bond market represents of the emerging market bond universe within the J.P. Morgan ESG Blended Emerging Market Bond Index (Sovereign) (although this Fund is not an index-tracking fund, the Investment Adviser will take into account the constituent weighting of the benchmark when making investment decisions), and/or (ii) the professional judgment of the Investment Adviser, whose reasons for investment may include a favourable/positive outlook on the relevant foreign issuer, potential for ratings upgrade and the expected changes in the value of such investments due to ratings changes. Due to market movements, as well as credit/investment rating changes, the exposures may change over time. The aforementioned countries are for reference only and may change without prior notice to investors.

Currency exposure is flexibly managed.

The Fund's exposure to Distressed Securities is limited to 10% of its total assets and its exposure to contingent convertible bonds is limited to 10% of total assets.

The Fund may use derivatives for investment purposes and for the purposes of efficient portfolio management.

Risk management measure used: Relative VaR using J.P. Morgan ESG Blended Emerging Market Bond Index (Sovereign) as the appropriate benchmark.

Expected level of leverage of the Fund: 550% of Net Asset Value.

The *ESG Emerging Markets Bond Fund* seeks to maximise total return. The Fund invests at least 70% of its total assets in the fixed income transferable securities of governments and government

agencies of, and companies domiciled in, or exercising the predominant part of their economic activity in, emerging markets, and included within the J.P. Morgan ESG Emerging Market Bond Index Global Diversified (the "Index" and the securities comprised within it being "Index Securities"). The Index provides the investment universe for at least 70% of the Fund's total assets. The weighting of Index Securities within the Fund's portfolio may differ from the weightings of securities within the Index, as the Fund is actively managed and does not seek to track the Index.

In selecting such Index Securities, the Investment Adviser will, in addition to other investment criteria, take into account the ESG characteristics of the relevant issuer. The Investment Adviser will analyse which ESG factors drive an issuer's ESG score within the Index and its broader ESG performance. To undertake this analysis, the Investment Adviser may use data provided by external ESG score providers, proprietary models and local intelligence and may undertake site visits.

The Index methodology assesses and ranks potential constituents according to their ESG credentials relative to their industry peers. This means that the Index provider, J.P. Morgan LLC, carries out an assessment on the sustainability and ethical impact of those constituents in accordance with its predetermined methodology. For further details please refer to <a href="https://markets.jpmorgan.com/">https://markets.jpmorgan.com/</a> research/email/2ensj10e/R2khCRKt20WdHQPwT2S-OQ/GPS-2634457-0.

The Fund may also invest in fixed income transferable securities of an issuer which is not included in the Index at the time of purchase, but which the Investment Adviser considers to meet similar ESG criteria (in addition to other investment criteria).

The full spectrum of fixed income transferable securities, including non-investment grade, may be utilised. Investments in high yield fixed income transferable securities are expected to represent a significant part of the portfolio and are likely to exceed 50% of the Fund's net asset value.

The Fund is a CIBM Fund and may gain direct exposure for no more than 10% of its total assets to onshore bonds distributed in Mainland China in the CIBM via the Foreign Access Regime and/ or Bond Connect and/or other means as may be permitted by the relevant regulations from time to time.

The Fund may invest more than 10% (but not more than 20%) of its Net Asset Value in debt securities issued by and/or guaranteed by governments in each of Argentina, Brazil, Indonesia, Mexico, the Philippines, Russia, Turkey and Ukraine, countries which are, at the date of this Prospectus, rated non-investment grade. Such investments are based on (i) reference to the weighting that the relevant country's bond market represents of the emerging market bond universe within the J.P. Morgan ESG Emerging Market Bond Index Global Diversified (although this Fund is not an indextracking fund, the Investment Adviser will take into account the constituent weighting of the benchmark when making investment decisions), and/or (ii) the professional judgment of the Investment Adviser, whose reasons for investment may include a favourable/ positive outlook on the relevant foreign issuer, potential for ratings upgrade and the expected changes in the value of such investments due to ratings changes. Due to market movements, as well as credit/investment rating changes, the exposures may change over time. The afore-mentioned countries are for reference only and may change without prior notice to investors.

Currency exposure is flexibly managed.

The Fund may use derivatives for investment purposes and for the purposes of efficient portfolio management.

The Fund's exposure to Distressed Securities is limited to 10% of its total assets and its exposure to contingent convertible bonds is limited to 10% of total assets.

Risk management measure used: Relative VaR using J.P. Morgan ESG Emerging Market Bond Index Global Diversified as the appropriate benchmark.

Expected level of leverage of the Fund: 150% of Net Asset Value.

The *ESG Emerging Markets Corporate Bond Fund* seeks to maximise total return. The Fund invests at least 70% of its total assets in the fixed income transferable securities issued by companies domiciled in, or exercising the predominant part of their economic activity in, emerging markets and included within the J.P. Morgan ESG Corporate Emerging Market Bond Index Broad Diversified (the "Index" and the securities comprised within it being the "Index Securities"). The Index provides the investment universe for at least 70% of the Fund's total assets. The weighting of Index Securities within the Fund's portfolio may differ from the weightings of securities within the Index, as the Fund is actively managed and does not seek to track the Index.

In selecting Index Securities, the Investment Adviser will, in addition to other investment criteria, take into account the ESG characteristics of the relevant issuer. The Investment Adviser will analyse which ESG factors drive an issuer's ESG score within the Index and its broader ESG performance. To undertake this analysis, the Investment Adviser may use data provided by external ESG score providers, proprietary models and local intelligence and may undertake site visits.

The Index methodology assesses and ranks potential constituents according to their ESG credentials relative to their industry peers. This means that the Index provider, J.P. Morgan LLC, carries out an assessment on the sustainability and ethical impact of those constituents in accordance with its predetermined methodology. For further details please refer to <u>https://markets.jpmorgan.com/</u>research/email/2ensj10e/R2khCRKt20WdHQPwT2S-OQ/GPS-2634457-0.

The Fund may also invest in fixed income transferable securities of an issuer which is not included in the Fund's benchmark index at the time of purchase, but which the Investment Adviser considers to meet similar ESG criteria (in addition to other investment criteria).

The full spectrum of fixed income transferable securities, including non-investment grade, may be utilised. Investments in high yield fixed income transferable securities are expected to represent a significant part of the portfolio and are likely to exceed 50% of the Fund's net asset value.

The Fund is a CIBM Fund and may gain direct exposure for no more than 10% of its total assets to onshore bonds distributed in Mainland China in the CIBM via the Foreign Access Regime and/ or Bond Connect and/or other means as may be permitted by the relevant regulations from time to time.

The Fund may invest more than 10% (but not more than 20%) of its Net Asset Value in debt securities issued by and/or guaranteed by governments in each of Argentina, Brazil, Hungary, Indonesia, Mexico, the Philippines, Russia, Republic of South Africa, Turkey and Ukraine, countries which are, at the date of this Prospectus, rated non-investment grade. Such investments are based on (i) reference to the weighting that the relevant country's bond market represents of the emerging market bond universe within the J.P. Morgan ESG Corporate Emerging Market Bond Index Diversified (although this Fund is not an index-tracking fund, the Investment Adviser will take into account the constituent weighting of the benchmark when making investment decisions), and/or (ii) the professional judgment of the Investment Adviser, whose reasons for investment may include a favourable/positive outlook on the relevant foreign issuer, potential for ratings upgrade and the expected changes in the value of such investments due to ratings changes. Due to market movements, as well as credit/investment rating changes, the exposures may change over time. The aforementioned countries are for reference only and may change without prior notice to investors.

Currency exposure is flexibly managed.

The Fund may use derivatives for investment purposes and for the purposes of efficient portfolio management.

The Fund's exposure to Distressed Securities is limited to 10% of its total assets and its exposure to contingent convertible bonds is limited to 20% of its total assets.

Risk management measure used: Relative VaR using J.P. Morgan ESG Corporate Emerging Market Bond Index Broad Diversified as the appropriate benchmark.

Expected level of leverage of the Fund: 250% of Net Asset Value.

The *ESG Emerging Markets Local Currency Bond Fund* seeks to maximise total return. The Fund invests at least 70% of its total assets in the fixed income transferable securities issued by governments of emerging markets, denominated in the local currency of such emerging markets countries and included within the J.P. Morgan ESG Government Bond Index – Emerging Market Global Diversified (the "Index"), and the securities comprised within it being the "Index Securities"). The Index provides the investment universe for at least 70% of the Fund's total assets. The weighting of Index Securities within the Fund's portfolio may differ from the weightings of securities within the Index, as the Fund is actively managed and does not seek to track the Index.

In selecting such Index Securities, the Investment Adviser will, in addition to other investment criteria, take into account the "ESG" characteristics of the relevant issuer. The Investment Adviser will analyse which ESG factors drive an issuer's ESG score within the Index and its broader ESG performance. To undertake this analysis, the Investment Adviser may use data provided by external ESG score providers, proprietary models and local intelligence and may undertake site visits.

The Index methodology assesses and ranks potential constituents according to their ESG credentials relative to their industry peers. This means that the Index provider, J.P. Morgan LLC, carries out an assessment on the sustainability and ethical impact of those constituents in accordance with its predetermined methodology.

For further details please refer to <u>https://markets.jpmorgan.com/</u> research/email/2ensj10e/R2khCRKt20WdHQPwT2S-OQ/GPS-2634457-0.

The Fund may also invest in fixed income transferable securities of an issuer which is not included in the Fund's benchmark index at the time of purchase, but which the Investment Adviser considers to meet similar ESG criteria (in addition to other investment criteria).

The full spectrum of fixed income transferable securities, including non-investment grade, may be utilised. Investments in high yield fixed income transferable securities are expected to represent an important part of the portfolio and are likely to exceed, depending on market conditions, 30% of the Fund's net asset value.

The Fund is a CIBM Fund and may gain direct exposure for no more than 10% of its total assets to onshore bonds distributed in Mainland China in the CIBM via the Foreign Access Regime and/ or Bond Connect and/or other means as may be permitted by the relevant regulations from time to time.

The Fund may invest more than 10% (but not more than 20%) of its Net Asset Value in debt securities issued by and/or guaranteed by governments in each of Brazil, Hungary, Indonesia, Russia, Republic of South Africa and Turkey, countries which are, at the date of this Prospectus, rated non-investment grade. Such investments are based on (i) reference to the weighting that the relevant country's bond market represents of the emerging market bond universe within the J.P. Morgan ESG Government Bond Index - Emerging Market Global Diversified (although this Fund is not an index-tracking fund, the Investment Adviser will take into account the constituent weighting of the benchmark when making investment decisions), and/or (ii) the professional judgment of the Investment Adviser, whose reasons for investment may include a favourable/positive outlook on the relevant foreign issuer, potential for ratings upgrade and the expected changes in the value of such investments due to ratings changes. Due to market movements, as well as credit/investment rating changes, the exposures may change over time. The afore-mentioned countries are for reference only and may change without prior notice to investors.

Currency exposure is flexibly managed.

The Fund may use derivatives for investment purposes and for the purposes of efficient portfolio management.

The Fund's exposure to Distressed Securities is limited to 10% of its total assets and its exposure to contingent convertible bonds is limited to 5% of total assets.

Risk management measure used: Relative VaR using J.P. Morgan ESG Global Bond Index — Emerging Market Global Diversified Index as the appropriate benchmark.

Expected level of leverage of the Fund: 480% of Net Asset Value.

The *Euro Bond Fund* seeks to maximise total return. The Fund invests at least 80% of its total assets in investment grade fixed income transferable securities. At least 70% of total assets will be invested in fixed income transferable securities denominated in euro. Currency exposure is flexibly managed.

As part of its investment objective the Fund may invest up to 20% of its total assets in ABS and MBS whether investment grade or not. These may include asset-backed commercial paper, collateralised debt obligations, collateralised mortgage obligations, commercial mortgage-backed securities, credit-linked notes, real estate mortgage investment conduits, residential mortgage-backed securities and synthetic collateralised debt obligations. The underlying assets of the ABS and MBS may include loans, leases or receivables (such as credit card debt, automobile loans and student loans in the case of ABS and commercial and residential mortgages originating from a regulated and authorised financial institution in the case of MBS). The ABS and MBS in which the Fund invests may use leverage to increase return to investors. Certain ABS may be structured by using a derivative such as a credit default swap or a basket of such derivatives to gain exposure to the performance of securities of various issuers without having to invest in the securities directly.

The Fund's exposure to contingent convertible bonds is limited to 20% of total assets.

The Fund may use derivatives for investment purposes and for the purposes of efficient portfolio management.

This Fund may have a material exposure to ABS, MBS and non-investment grade debt, and investors are encouraged to read the relevant risk disclosures contained in the section "Specific Risk Considerations".

Risk management measure used: Relative VaR using Bloomberg Barclays Euro-Aggregate 500mm+ Bond Index as the appropriate benchmark.

Expected level of leverage of the Fund: 120% of Net Asset Value.

The *Euro Corporate Bond Fund* seeks to maximise total return. The Fund invests at least 70% of its total assets in investment grade corporate fixed income transferable securities denominated in euro. Currency exposure is flexibly managed.

As part of its investment objective the Fund may invest up to 20% of its total assets in ABS and MBS whether investment grade or not. These may include asset-backed commercial paper, collateralised debt obligations, collateralised mortgage obligations, commercial mortgage-backed securities, credit-linked notes, real estate mortgage investment conduits, residential mortgage-backed securities and synthetic collateralised debt obligations. The underlying assets of the ABS and MBS may include loans, leases or receivables (such as credit card debt, automobile loans and student loans in the case of ABS and commercial and residential mortgages originating from a regulated and authorised financial institution in the case of MBS). The ABS and MBS in which the Fund invests may use leverage to increase return to investors. Certain ABS may be structured by using a derivative such as a credit default swap or a basket of such derivatives to gain exposure to the performance of securities of various issuers without having to invest in the securities directly.

The Fund's exposure to contingent convertible bonds is limited to 20% of total assets.

The Fund may use derivatives for investment purposes and for the purposes of efficient portfolio management.

This Fund may have a material exposure to ABS, MBS and non-investment grade debt, and investors are encouraged to read the relevant risk disclosures contained in the section "Specific Risk Considerations".

Risk management measure used: Relative VaR using BofA Merrill Lynch Euro Corporate Index as the appropriate benchmark.

Expected level of leverage of the Fund: 100% of Net Asset Value.

The *Euro Reserve Fund* seeks to maximise current income consistent with preservation of capital and liquidity. The Fund invests at least 90% of its total assets in investment grade fixed income transferable securities denominated in Euro and Euro cash. The weighted average maturity of the Fund's assets will be 60 days or less.

With effect from 25 March 2019, as part of its investment objective the Fund may invest up to 15% of its total assets in ABS and MBS whether investment grade or not. These may include asset-backed commercial paper, collateralised debt obligations, collateralised mortgage obligations, commercial mortgage-backed securities, credit-linked notes, real estate mortgage investment conduits, residential mortgage-backed securities and synthetic collateralised debt obligations. The underlying assets of the ABS and MBS may include loans, leases or receivables (such as credit card debt, automobile loans and student loans in the case of ABS and commercial and residential mortgages originating from a regulated and authorised financial institution in the case of MBS). The ABS and MBS in which the Fund invests may use leverage to increase return to investors. Certain ABS may be structured by using a derivative such as a credit default swap or a basket of such derivatives to gain exposure to the performance of securities of various issuers without having to invest in the securities directly.

The Fund may use derivatives for investment purposes and for the purposes of efficient portfolio management.

With effect from 25 March 2019, this Fund may have a material exposure to ABS, MBS and non-investment grade debt, and investors are encouraged to read the relevant risk disclosures contained in the section "Specific Risk Considerations".

## Risk management measure used: Commitment Approach.

The *Euro Short Duration Bond Fund* seeks to maximise total return. The Fund invests at least 80% of its total assets in investment grade fixed income transferable securities. At least 70% of total assets will be invested in fixed income transferable securities denominated in Euro with a duration of less than five years. The average duration is not more than three years. Currency exposure is flexibly managed.

As part of its investment objective the Fund may invest up to 20% of its total assets in ABS and MBS whether investment grade or not. These may include asset-backed commercial paper, collateralised debt obligations, collateralised mortgage obligations, commercial mortgage-backed securities, credit-linked notes, real estate mortgage investment conduits, residential mortgage-backed securities and synthetic collateralised debt obligations. The underlying assets of the ABS and MBS may include loans, leases or receivables (such as credit card debt, automobile loans and

student loans in the case of ABS and commercial and residential mortgages originating from a regulated and authorised financial institution in the case of MBS). The ABS and MBS in which the Fund invests may use leverage to increase return to investors. Certain ABS may be structured by using a derivative such as a credit default swap or a basket of such derivatives to gain exposure to the performance of securities of various issuers without having to invest in the securities directly.

The Fund's exposure to contingent convertible bonds is limited to 20% of total assets.

The Fund may use derivatives for investment purposes and for the purposes of efficient portfolio management.

This Fund may have a material exposure to ABS, MBS and non-investment grade debt, and investors are encouraged to read the relevant risk disclosures contained in the section "Specific Risk Considerations".

Risk management measure used: Absolute VAR.

# Expected level of leverage of the Fund: 120% of Net Asset Value.

The *Euro-Markets Fund* seeks to maximise total return. The Fund invests at least 70% of its total assets in the equity securities of companies domiciled in those EU Member States participating in EMU. Other exposure may include, without limitation, investments in those EU Member States that, in the opinion of the Investment Adviser, are likely to join EMU in the foreseeable future and companies based elsewhere that exercise the predominant part of their economic activity in EMU-participating countries.

With effect from 25 March 2019, the Fund's exposure to contingent convertible bonds is limited to 5% of its total assets.

The Fund may use derivatives for investment purposes and for the purposes of efficient portfolio management.

## Risk management measure used: Commitment Approach.

The *European Equity Income Fund* seeks an above average income from its equity investments without sacrificing long term capital growth. The Fund invests at least 70% of its total assets in equity securities of companies domiciled in, or exercising the predominant part of their economic activity in, Europe. This Fund distributes income gross of expenses.

With effect from 25 March 2019, the Fund's exposure to contingent convertible bonds is limited to 5% of its total assets.

The Fund may use derivatives for investment purposes and for the purposes of efficient portfolio management.

## Risk management measure used: Commitment Approach.

The *European Focus Fund* seeks to maximise total return. The Fund invests at least 70% of its total assets in a concentrated portfolio of equity securities of companies domiciled in, or exercising the predominant part of their economic activity in, Europe.

With effect from 25 March 2019, the Fund's exposure to contingent convertible bonds is limited to 5% of its total assets.

The Fund may use derivatives for investment purposes and for the purposes of efficient portfolio management.

### Risk management measure used: Commitment Approach.

The *European Fund* seeks to maximise total return. The Fund invests at least 70% of its total assets in the equity securities of companies domiciled in, or exercising the predominant part of their economic activity in, Europe.

With effect from 25 March 2019, the Fund's exposure to contingent convertible bonds is limited to 5% of its total assets.

The Fund may use derivatives for investment purposes and for the purposes of efficient portfolio management.

## Risk management measure used: Commitment Approach.

The *European High Yield Bond Fund* seeks to maximise total return. The Fund invests at least 70% of its total assets in high yield fixed income transferable securities, denominated in various currencies, issued by governments and agencies of, and companies domiciled in, or exercising the predominant part of their economic activity in Europe. The Fund may invest in the full spectrum of available fixed income transferable securities, including non-investment grade. Currency exposure is flexibly managed.

As part of its investment objective the Fund may invest up to 20% of its total assets in ABS and MBS whether investment grade or not. These may include asset-backed commercial paper, collateralised debt obligations, collateralised mortgage obligations, commercial mortgage-backed securities, credit-linked notes, real estate mortgage investment conduits, residential mortgage-backed securities and synthetic collateralised debt obligations. The underlying assets of the ABS and MBS may include loans, leases or receivables (such as credit card debt, automobile loans and student loans in the case of ABS and commercial and residential mortgages originating from a regulated and authorised financial institution in the case of MBS). The ABS and MBS in which the Fund invests may use leverage to increase return to investors. Certain ABS may be structured by using a derivative such as a credit default swap or a basket of such derivatives to gain exposure to the performance of securities of various issuers without having to invest in the securities directly.

The Fund's exposure to contingent convertible bonds is limited to 20% of total assets.

The Fund may use derivatives for investment purposes and for the purposes of efficient portfolio management.

This Fund may have a material exposure to ABS, MBS and non-investment grade debt, and investors are encouraged to read the relevant risk disclosures contained in the section "Specific Risk Considerations".

Risk management measure used: Relative VaR using Bloomberg Barclays Pan European High Yield 3% Issuer Constrained Index EUR Hedged as the appropriate benchmark. Expected level of leverage of the Fund: 70 % of Net Asset Value.

The *European Special Situations Fund* seeks to maximise total return. The Fund invests at least 70% of its total assets in the equity securities of companies domiciled in, or exercising the predominant part of their economic activities in, Europe.

The Fund places particular emphasis on "special situations" companies that, in the opinion of the Investment Adviser, are companies with potential for improvement that the market has failed to appreciate. Such companies generally take the form of small, mid or large capitalisation companies that are undervalued and exhibit growth investment characteristics, such as above-average growth rates in earnings or sales and high or improving returns on capital. In some cases such companies can also benefit from changes in corporate strategy and business restructuring.

In normal market conditions the Fund invests at least 50% of its total assets in small and mid-capitalisation companies. Small and mid-capitalisation companies are considered companies which, at the time of purchase, form the bottom 30% by market capitalisation of European stock markets.

With effect from 25 March 2019, the Fund's exposure to contingent convertible bonds is limited to 5% of its total assets.

The Fund may use derivatives for investment purposes and for the purposes of efficient portfolio management.

## Risk management measure used: Commitment Approach.

The *European Value Fund* seeks to maximise total return. The Fund invests at least 70% of its total assets in the equity securities of companies domiciled in, or exercising the predominant part of their economic activity in, Europe. The Fund places particular emphasis on companies that are, in the opinion of the Investment Adviser, undervalued and therefore represent intrinsic investment value.

With effect from 25 March 2019, the Fund's exposure to contingent convertible bonds is limited to 5% of its total assets.

The Fund may use derivatives for investment purposes and for the purposes of efficient portfolio management.

## Risk management measure used: Commitment Approach.

The *FinTech Fund* seeks to maximise total return. The Fund invests at least 70% of its total assets in the equity securities of companies globally whose predominant economic activity comprises the research, development, production and/or distribution of technologies used and applied in financial services.

The Fund will focus on companies that generate revenues from the application of technology in the financial services industry sector and/or which aim to compete with traditional methods in the operation and distribution of financial products and services.

In normal market conditions the Fund will invest in a portfolio of equity securities of companies with large, medium and small market capitalisation that are involved in activities including the following: payment systems, banking, investments, lending, insurance and software. Although it is likely that most of the Fund's investments will be in companies located in developed markets globally, the Fund may also invest in emerging markets.

The Fund is a Stock Connect Fund and may invest directly up to 10% of its total assets in the PRC by investing via the Stock Connects. The Fund may use derivatives for investment purposes and for the purposes of efficient portfolio management.

## Risk management measure used: Commitment Approach.

The *Fixed Income Global Opportunities Fund* seeks to maximise total return. The Fund invests at least 70% of its total assets in fixed income transferable securities denominated in various currencies issued by governments, agencies and companies worldwide. The full spectrum of available securities, including non-investment grade, may be utilised. Currency exposure is flexibly managed.

The Fund is a CIBM Fund and may gain direct exposure for no more than 10% of its total assets to onshore bonds distributed in Mainland China in the CIBM via the Foreign Access Regime and/ or Bond Connect and/or other means as may be permitted by the relevant regulations from time to time.

As part of its investment objective the Fund may invest up to 50% of its total assets in ABS and MBS whether investment grade or not. These may include asset-backed commercial paper, collateralised debt obligations, collateralised mortgage obligations, commercial mortgage-backed securities, credit-linked notes, real estate mortgage investment conduits, residential mortgage-backed securities and synthetic collateralised debt obligations. The underlying assets of the ABS and MBS may include loans, leases or receivables (such as credit card debt, automobile loans and student loans in the case of ABS and commercial and residential mortgages originating from a regulated and authorised financial institution in the case of MBS). The ABS and MBS in which the Fund invests may use leverage to increase return to investors. Certain ABS may be structured by using a derivative such as a credit default swap or a basket of such derivatives to gain exposure to the performance of securities of various issuers without having to invest in the securities directly.

The Fund's exposure to contingent convertible bonds is limited to 20% of total assets. With effect from 25 March 2019, the Fund's exposure to Distressed Securities is limited to 10% of its total assets.

The Fund may use derivatives for investment purposes and for the purposes of efficient portfolio management.

This Fund may have significant exposure to ABS, MBS and non-investment grade debt, and investors are encouraged to read the relevant risk disclosures contained in the section "Specific Risk Considerations".

Risk management measure used: Absolute VaR.

Expected level of leverage of the Fund: 500% of Net Asset Value.

The *Flexible Multi-Asset Fund* follows an asset allocation policy that seeks to maximise total return. The Fund invests globally in the full spectrum of permitted investments including equities, fixed

income transferable securities (which may include some high yield fixed income transferable securities), units of undertakings for collective investment, cash, deposits and money market instruments. The Fund has a flexible approach to asset allocation (which includes taking indirect exposure to commodities through permitted investments, principally through derivatives on commodity indices and exchange traded funds). The Fund may invest without limitation in securities denominated in currencies other than the reference currency (euro). The currency exposure of the Fund is flexibly managed.

The Fund is a Stock Connect Fund and may invest directly up to 10% of its total assets in the PRC by investing via the Stock Connects.

The Fund is a CIBM Fund and may gain direct exposure for no more than 10% of its total assets to onshore bonds distributed in Mainland China in the CIBM via the Foreign Access Regime and/ or Bond Connect and/or other means as may be permitted by the relevant regulations from time to time.

As part of its investment objective the Fund may invest up to 20% of its total assets in ABS and MBS whether investment grade or not. These may include asset-backed commercial paper, collateralised debt obligations, collateralised mortgage obligations, commercial mortgage-backed securities, credit-linked notes, real estate mortgage investment conduits, residential mortgage-backed securities and synthetic collateralised debt obligations. The underlying assets of the ABS and MBS may include loans, leases or receivables (such as credit card debt, automobile loans and student loans in the case of ABS and commercial and residential mortgages originating from a regulated and authorised financial institution in the case of MBS). The ABS and MBS in which the Fund invests may use leverage to increase return to investors. Certain ABS may be structured by using a derivative such as a credit default swap or a basket of such derivatives to gain exposure to the performance of securities of various issuers without having to invest in the securities directly.

The Fund's exposure to contingent convertible bonds is limited to 20% of total assets.

The Fund may use derivatives for investment purposes and for the purposes of efficient portfolio management. The Fund may use total return swaps and contracts for difference that have, in accordance with its investment policy, equity or fixed income transferable securities and equity or fixed income related securities as underlying assets. Investors should refer to Appendix G for more details on the expected and maximum portion of total return swaps and contracts for difference held by the Fund.

This Fund may have a material exposure to ABS, MBS and non-investment grade debt, and investors are encouraged to read the relevant risk disclosures contained in the section "Specific Risk Considerations".

Risk management measure used: Relative VaR using 50% MSCI World Index / 50% Citigroup World Government Bond Euro Hedged Index as the appropriate benchmark.

Expected level of leverage of the Fund: 200% of Net Asset Value.

With effect from 25 March 2019, the Fund's name and Investment Objective and Policy will be as follows:

The *ESG Multi-Asset Fund* follows an asset allocation policy that seeks to maximise total return in a manner consistent with the principles of environmental, social and governance "ESG"-focussed investing.

The Fund invests globally in the full spectrum of permitted investments including equities, fixed income transferable securities (which may include some high yield fixed income transferable securities), units of undertakings for collective investment, cash, deposits and money market instruments.

The Investment Adviser will, in addition to the investment criteria set out above, take into account ESG characteristics when selecting the securities to be held directly by the Fund (rather than any securities held through undertakings for collective investment). The Investment Adviser intends to exclude direct investment in securities of issuers including: issuers which have exposure to, or ties with controversial weapons (nuclear, cluster munitions, biological-chemical, landmines, blinding laser, depleted uranium, or incendiary weapons); issuers deriving over 30% of revenue from thermal coal extraction and generation; tobacco producers and issuers deriving over 15% of revenue from tobacco retailing, distribution and licensing; issuers which produce firearms intended for retail to civilians or deriving over 5% of revenue from the retail of firearms to civilians and issuers of securities that are deemed to have breached one or more of the ten United Nations Global Compact Principles ("UNGC"), which cover human rights, labour standards, the environment and anti-corruption. The UNGC is a United Nations initiative to implement universal sustainability principles.

The Investment Adviser also intends to limit direct investment in securities of issuers involved in the production, distribution or licensing of alcoholic products; the ownership or operation of gambling-related activities or facilities; production, supply and mining activities related to nuclear power and production of adult entertainment materials.

To undertake this analysis and exclusion, the Investment Adviser intends to use data provided by external ESG research providers, proprietary models and local intelligence. The Investment Adviser will exclude any issuer with a MSCI ESG rating below BBB.

The Fund has a flexible approach to asset allocation (which includes taking indirect exposure to commodities through permitted investments, principally through derivatives on commodity indices and exchange traded funds). The Fund may invest without limitation in securities denominated in currencies other than the reference currency (Euro). The currency exposure of the Fund is flexibly managed.

The Fund is a Stock Connect Fund and may invest directly up to 10% of its total assets in the PRC by investing via the Stock Connects.

The Fund is a CIBM Fund and may gain direct exposure for no more than 10% of its total assets to onshore bonds distributed in Mainland China in the CIBM via the Foreign Access Regime and/ or Bond Connect and/or other means as may be permitted by the relevant regulations from time to time. As part of its investment objective the Fund may invest up to 20% of its total assets in ABS and MBS whether investment grade or not. These may include asset-backed commercial paper, collateralised debt obligations, collateralised mortgage obligations, commercial mortgage-backed securities, credit-linked notes, real estate mortgage investment conduits, residential mortgage-backed securities and synthetic collateralised debt obligations. The underlying assets of the ABS and MBS may include loans, leases or receivables (such as credit card debt, automobile loans and student loans in the case of ABS and commercial and residential mortgages originating from a regulated and authorised financial institution in the case of MBS). The ABS and MBS in which the Fund invests may use leverage to increase return to investors. Certain ABS may be structured by using a derivative such as a credit default swap or a basket of such derivatives to gain exposure to the performance of securities of various issuers without having to invest in the securities directly.

The Fund's exposure to contingent convertible bonds is limited to 20% of total assets.

The Fund may use derivatives for investment purposes and for the purposes of efficient portfolio management. The Fund may use total return swaps and contracts for difference that have, in accordance with its investment policy, equity or fixed income transferable securities and equity or fixed income related securities as underlying assets. Investors should refer to Appendix G for more details on the expected and maximum portion of total return swaps and contracts for difference held by the Fund.

This Fund may have a material exposure to ABS, MBS and non-investment grade debt, and investors are encouraged to read the relevant risk disclosures contained in the section "Specific Risk Considerations".

Risk management measure used: Relative VaR using 50% MSCI World Index / 50% Citigroup World Government Bond Euro Hedged Index as the appropriate benchmark.

Expected level of leverage of the Fund: 300% of Net Asset Value.

The *Future Of Transport Fund* seeks to maximise total return. The Fund invests at least 70% of its total assets in the equity securities of companies globally whose predominant economic activity comprises the research, development, production and/or distribution of technologies used and applied to transport.

The Fund will focus on companies that generate revenues from the transition to electric, autonomous and/or digitally connected vehicles.

In normal market conditions the Fund will invest in a portfolio of equity securities of companies with large, medium and small market capitalisation that are involved in activities including the following: raw materials (e.g. metals and battery materials), components and computer systems (e.g. batteries and cabling), technology (e.g. vehicle sensor technology) and infrastructure (e.g. vehicle battery charging stations). Although it is likely that most of the Fund's investments will be in companies located in developed markets globally, the Fund may also invest in emerging markets. The Fund is a Stock Connect Fund and may invest directly up to 10% of its total assets in the PRC by investing via the Stock Connects.

With effect from 25 March 2019, the Fund's exposure to contingent convertible bonds is limited to 5% of its total assets.

The Fund may use derivatives for investment purposes and for the purposes of efficient portfolio management.

## Risk management measure used: Commitment Approach.

The *Global Allocation Fund* seeks to maximise total return. The Fund invests globally in equity, debt and short term securities, of both corporate and governmental issuers, with no prescribed limits. In normal market conditions the Fund will invest at least 70% of its total assets in the securities of corporate and governmental issuers. The Fund generally will seek to invest in securities that are, in the opinion of the Investment Adviser, undervalued. The Fund may also invest in the equity securities of small and emerging growth companies. The Fund may also invest a portion of its debt portfolio in high yield fixed income transferable securities. Currency exposure is flexibly managed.

The Fund is a Stock Connect Fund and may invest directly up to 10% of its total assets in the PRC by investing via the Stock Connects.

With effect from 25 March 2019, the Fund is a CIBM Fund and may gain direct exposure for no more than 10% of its total assets to onshore bonds distributed in Mainland China in the CIBM via the Foreign Access Regime and/or Bond Connect and/or other means as may be permitted by the relevant regulations from time to time.

As part of its investment objective the Fund may invest up to 20% of its total assets in ABS and MBS whether investment grade or not. These may include asset-backed commercial paper, collateralised debt obligations, collateralised mortgage obligations, commercial mortgage-backed securities, credit-linked notes, real estate mortgage investment conduits, residential mortgage-backed securities and synthetic collateralised debt obligations. The underlying assets of the ABS and MBS may include loans, leases or receivables (such as credit card debt, automobile loans and student loans in the case of ABS and commercial and residential mortgages originating from a regulated and authorised financial institution in the case of MBS). The ABS and MBS in which the Fund invests may use leverage to increase return to investors. Certain ABS may be structured by using a derivative such as a credit default swap or a basket of such derivatives to gain exposure to the performance of securities of various issuers without having to invest in the securities directly.

The Fund's exposure to contingent convertible bonds is limited to 20% of total assets. With effect from 25 March 2019, the Fund's exposure to Distressed Securities is limited to 10% of its total assets.

The Fund may use derivatives for investment purposes and for the purposes of efficient portfolio management.

This Fund may have a material exposure to ABS, MBS and non-investment grade debt, and investors are encouraged to read the relevant risk disclosures contained in the section "Specific Risk Considerations". Risk management measure used: Relative VaR using 36% S&P 500 Index, 24% FTSE World Index (Ex-US), 24% ICE BofAML Current 5Yr US Treasury Index, 16% FTSE Non-USD World Govt Bond Index as the appropriate benchmark.

Expected level of leverage of the Fund: 140% of Net Asset Value.

The *Global Bond Income Fund* seeks an above average income without sacrificing long term capital growth. The Fund invests at least 70% of its total assets in fixed income transferable securities denominated in various currencies issued by governments, government agencies, companies and supranationals worldwide, including in emerging markets. In order to generate above average income the Fund will seek diversified income sources across a variety of such fixed income transferable securities. The full spectrum of available fixed income securities may be utilised, including investment grade, non-investment grade (which may be significant exposure) and unrated. Currency exposure is flexibly managed.

The Fund is a CIBM Fund and may gain direct exposure for no more than 10% of its total assets to onshore bonds distributed in Mainland China in the CIBM via the Foreign Access Regime and/ or Bond Connect and/or other means as may be permitted by the relevant regulations from time to time.

The Fund may invest more than 10% (but not more than 20%) of its Net Asset Value in debt securities issued by and/or guaranteed by governments in each of Brazil, Hungary, Indonesia, Russia, Republic of South Africa, and Turkey, countries which are, at the date of this Prospectus, rated non-investment grade. Such investments are based on the professional judgment of the Investment Adviser, whose reasons for investment may include a favourable/positive outlook on the relevant foreign issuer, potential for ratings upgrade and the expected changes in the value of such investments due to ratings changes. Due to market movements, as well as credit/investment rating changes, the exposures may change over time. The afore-mentioned countries are for reference only and may change without prior notice to investors.

As part of its investment objective the Fund may invest up to 60% of its total assets in ABS and MBS whether investment grade or not. These may include asset-backed commercial paper, collateralised debt obligations, collateralised mortgage obligations, commercial mortgage-backed securities, credit-linked notes, real estate mortgage investment conduits, residential mortgage-backed securities and synthetic collateralised debt obligations. The underlying assets of the ABS and MBS may include loans, leases or receivables (such as credit card debt, automobile loans and student loans in the case of ABS and commercial and residential mortgages originating from a regulated and authorised financial institution in the case of MBS). The ABS and MBS in which the Fund invests may use leverage to increase return to investors. Certain ABS may be structured by using a derivative such as a credit default swap or a basket of such derivatives to gain exposure to the performance of securities of various issuers without having to invest in the securities directly.

The Fund's exposure to Distressed Securities is limited to 10% of its total assets and its exposure to contingent convertible bonds is limited to 20% of total assets.

The Fund may use derivatives for investment purposes and for the purposes of efficient portfolio management.

This Fund may have significant exposure to ABS, MBS and non-investment grade debt, and investors are encouraged to read the relevant risk disclosures contained in the section "Specific Risk Considerations".

Risk management measure used: Absolute VaR.

Expected level of leverage of the Fund: 200% of Net Asset Value.

The *Global Conservative Income Fund* follows a flexible asset allocation policy that seeks to provide a conservative level of income with a focus on capital stability. In order to generate income, the Fund will take a conservative level of risk commensurate with its risk benchmark, referred to below. The Fund invests globally in the full spectrum of permitted investments denominated in various currencies, including equities, equityrelated securities, fixed income transferable securities, units of undertakings for collective investment, cash, deposits and money market instruments. The fixed income transferable securities in which the fund invests may be issued by governments, agencies, companies and supranationals worldwide, including in emerging markets, and may be investment grade, non-investment grade or unrated. This Fund distributes income gross of expenses. Currency exposure is flexibly managed.

The Fund is a Stock Connect Fund and may invest directly up to 10% of its total assets in the PRC by investing via the Stock Connects.

The Fund is a CIBM Fund and may gain direct exposure for no more than 10% of its total assets to onshore bonds distributed in Mainland China in the CIBM via the Foreign Access Regime and/ or Bond Connect and/or other means as may be permitted by the relevant regulations from time to time.

The Fund may invest more than 10% (but not more than 20%) of its Net Asset Value in debt securities issued by and/or guaranteed by governments in each of Brazil, Hungary, Indonesia, Russia, Republic of South Africa, and Turkey, countries which are, at the date of this Prospectus, rated non-investment grade. Such investments are based on the professional judgment of the Investment Adviser, whose reasons for investment may include a favourable/positive outlook on the relevant foreign issuer, potential for ratings upgrade and the expected changes in the value of such investments due to ratings changes. Due to market movements, as well as credit/investment rating changes, the exposures may change over time. The afore-mentioned countries are for reference only and may change without prior notice to investors.

As part of its investment objective the Fund may invest up to 50% of its total assets in ABS and MBS which will typically be investment grade but may also include non-investment grade. These may include asset-backed commercial paper, collateralised debt obligations, collateralised mortgage obligations, commercial mortgage-backed securities, credit-linked notes, real estate mortgage investment conduits, residential mortgage-backed securities and synthetic collateralised debt obligations. The underlying assets of the ABS and MBS may include loans, leases or receivables (such as credit card debt, automobile loans and student loans in the case of ABS and commercial and residential

mortgages originating from a regulated and authorised financial institution in the case of MBS). The ABS and MBS in which the Fund invests may use leverage to increase return to investors. Certain ABS may be structured by using a derivative such as a credit default swap or a basket of such derivatives to gain exposure to the performance of securities of various issuers without having to invest in the securities directly.

The Fund's exposure to Distressed Securities is limited to 10% of its total assets and its exposure to contingent convertible bonds is limited to 20% of total assets.

The Fund may use derivatives for investment purposes and for the purposes of efficient portfolio management.

This Fund may have significant exposure to ABS and MBS, and investors are encouraged to read the relevant risk disclosures contained in the section "Specific Risk Considerations".

Risk management measure used: Relative VaR using 30% MSCI World Index EUR Hedged/ 70% Bloomberg Barclays Global Aggregate Bond Index EUR Hedged as the appropriate benchmark.

Expected level of leverage of the Fund: 200% of Net Asset Value.

The *Global Corporate Bond Fund* seeks to maximise total return. The Fund invests at least 70% of its total assets in investment grade corporate fixed income securities issued by companies worldwide. Currency exposure is flexibly managed.

The Fund is a CIBM Fund and may gain direct exposure for no more than 10% of its total assets to onshore bonds distributed in Mainland China in the CIBM via the Foreign Access Regime and/ or Bond Connect and/or other means as may be permitted by the relevant regulations from time to time.

As part of its investment objective the Fund may invest up to 20% in ABS and MBS whether investment grade or not. These may include asset-backed commercial paper, collateralised debt obligations, collateralised mortgage obligations, commercial mortgage-backed securities, credit-linked notes, real estate mortgage investment conduits, residential mortgage-backed securities and synthetic collateralised debt obligations. The underlying assets of the ABS and MBS may include loans, leases or receivables (such as credit card debt, automobile loans and student loans in the case of ABS and commercial and residential mortgages originating from a regulated and authorised financial institution in the case of MBS). The ABS and MBS in which the Fund invests may use leverage to increase return to investors. Certain ABS may be structured by using a derivative such as a credit default swap or a basket of such derivatives to gain exposure to the performance of securities of various issuers without having to invest in the securities directly.

The Fund's exposure to contingent convertible bonds is limited to 20% of total assets. With effect from 25 March 2019, the Fund's exposure to Distressed Securities is limited to 10% of its total assets.

The Fund may use derivatives for investment purposes and for the purposes of efficient portfolio management.

This Fund may have a material exposure to ABS, MBS and non-investment grade debt, and investors are encouraged to read the relevant risk disclosures contained in the section "Specific Risk Considerations".

Risk management measure used: Relative VaR using Bloomberg Barclays Global Aggregate Corporate Bond USD Hedged Index as the appropriate benchmark.

Expected level of leverage of the Fund: 140% of Net Asset Value. With effect from 25 March 2019, the expected level of leverage of the Fund will be 200%.

The *Global Dynamic Equity Fund* seeks to maximise total return. The Fund invests globally, with no prescribed country or regional limits, at least 70% of its total assets in equity securities. The Fund will generally seek to invest in securities that are, in the opinion of the Investment Adviser, undervalued. The Fund may also invest in the equity securities of small and emerging growth companies. Currency exposure is flexibly managed.

The Fund is a Stock Connect Fund and may invest directly up to 10% of its total assets in the PRC by investing via the Stock Connects.

The Fund's exposure to contingent convertible bonds is limited to 20% of total assets. With effect from 25 March 2019, the Fund's exposure to Distressed Securities is limited to 5% of its total assets.

The Fund may use derivatives for investment purposes and for the purposes of efficient portfolio management.

Risk management measure used: Relative VaR using 60% S&P 500 Index, 40% FTSE World (ex US) Index as the appropriate benchmark.

Expected level of leverage of the Fund: 100% of Net Asset Value.

The *Global Enhanced Equity Yield Fund* seeks to generate a high level of income. The Fund invests globally, with no prescribed country or regional limits, at least 70% of its total assets in equity securities. This Fund distributes income gross of expenses.

The Fund is a Stock Connect Fund and may invest directly up to 10% of its total assets in the PRC by investing via the Stock Connects.

The Fund may use derivatives for investment purposes and for the purposes of efficient portfolio management.

## Risk management measure used: Commitment Approach.

The *Global Equity Income Fund* seeks an above average income from its equity investments without sacrificing long term capital growth. The Fund invests globally at least 70% of its total assets in the equity securities of companies domiciled in, or exercising the predominant part of their economic activity in, developed markets. This Fund distributes income gross of expenses. Currency exposure is flexibly managed.

The Fund is a Stock Connect Fund and may invest directly up to 10% of its total assets in the PRC by investing via the Stock Connects.

The Fund may use derivatives for investment purposes and for the purposes of efficient portfolio management.

## Risk management measure used: Commitment Approach.

The *Global Government Bond Fund* seeks to maximise total return. The Fund invests at least 70% of its total assets in investment grade fixed income transferable securities issued by governments and their agencies worldwide. Currency exposure is flexibly managed.

The Fund is a CIBM Fund and may gain direct exposure for no more than 10% of its total assets to onshore bonds distributed in Mainland China in the CIBM via the Foreign Access Regime and/ or Bond Connect and/or other means as may be permitted by the relevant regulations from time to time.

As part of its investment objective the Fund may invest up to 20% in ABS and MBS whether investment grade or not. These may include asset-backed commercial paper, collateralised debt obligations, collateralised mortgage obligations, commercial mortgage-backed securities, credit-linked notes, real estate mortgage investment conduits, residential mortgage-backed securities and synthetic collateralised debt obligations. The underlying assets of the ABS and MBS may include loans, leases or receivables (such as credit card debt, automobile loans and student loans in the case of ABS and commercial and residential mortgages originating from a regulated and authorised financial institution in the case of MBS). The ABS and MBS in which the Fund invests may use leverage to increase return to investors. Certain ABS may be structured by using a derivative such as a credit default swap or a basket of such derivatives to gain exposure to the performance of securities of various issuers without having to invest in the securities directly.

The Fund's exposure to contingent convertible bonds is limited to 20% of total assets. With effect from 25 March 2019, the Fund's exposure to Distressed Securities is limited to 10% of its total assets.

The Fund may use derivatives for investment purposes and for the purposes of efficient portfolio management.

This Fund may have a material exposure to ABS, MBS and non-investment grade debt, and investors are encouraged to read the relevant risk disclosures contained in the section "Specific Risk Considerations".

Risk management measure used: Relative VaR using Citigroup World Government Bond USD Hedged Index as the appropriate benchmark.

Expected level of leverage of the Fund: 180% of Net Asset Value. With effect from 25 March 2019, the expected level of leverage of the Fund will be 300%.

The *Global High Yield Bond Fund* seeks to maximise total return. The Fund invests globally at least 70% of its total assets in high yield fixed income transferable securities. The Fund may invest in the full spectrum of available fixed income transferable

securities, including non-investment grade. Currency exposure is flexibly managed.

As part of its investment objective the Fund may invest up to 20% in ABS and MBS whether investment grade or not. These may include asset-backed commercial paper, collateralised debt obligations, collateralised mortgage obligations, commercial mortgage-backed securities, credit-linked notes, real estate mortgage investment conduits, residential mortgage-backed securities and synthetic collateralised debt obligations. The underlying assets of the ABS and MBS may include loans, leases or receivables (such as credit card debt, automobile loans and student loans in the case of ABS and commercial and residential mortgages originating from a regulated and authorised financial institution in the case of MBS). The ABS and MBS in which the Fund invests may use leverage to increase return to investors. Certain ABS may be structured by using a derivative such as a credit default swap or a basket of such derivatives to gain exposure to the performance of securities of various issuers without having to invest in the securities directly.

The Fund's exposure to contingent convertible bonds is limited to 20% of total assets.

The Fund may use derivatives for investment purposes and for the purposes of efficient portfolio management.

This Fund may have a material exposure to ABS, MBS and non-investment grade debt, and investors are encouraged to read the relevant risk disclosures contained in the section "Specific Risk Considerations".

Risk management measure used: Relative VaR using BofA Merrill Lynch Global High Yield Constrained USD Hedged Index as the appropriate benchmark.

Expected level of leverage of the Fund: 60% of Net Asset Value.

The *Global Inflation Linked Bond Fund* seeks to maximise real return. The Fund invests at least 70% of its total assets in inflation-linked fixed income transferable securities that are issued globally. The Fund may invest in fixed income transferable securities which are investment grade or non-investment grade (up to a limit of 10% of total assets). Currency exposure is flexibly managed.

As part of its investment objective the Fund may invest up to 20% in ABS and MBS whether investment grade or not. These may include asset-backed commercial paper, collateralised debt obligations, collateralised mortgage obligations, commercial mortgage-backed securities, credit-linked notes, real estate mortgage investment conduits, residential mortgage-backed securities and synthetic collateralised debt obligations. The underlying assets of the ABS and MBS may include loans, leases or receivables (such as credit card debt, automobile loans and student loans in the case of ABS and commercial and residential mortgages originating from a regulated and authorised financial institution in the case of MBS). The ABS and MBS in which the Fund invests may use leverage to increase return to investors. Certain ABS may be structured by using a derivative such as a credit default swap or a basket of such derivatives to gain exposure to the performance of securities of various issuers without having to invest in the securities directly.

It is intended that the maturity of the majority of the fixed income securities held by the Fund will be less than 20 years. However, since the Fund is actively managed, it still has the flexibility to invest in fixed income securities which have a maturity profile outside of the 1 to 20 years range.

The Fund may use derivatives for investment purposes and for the purposes of efficient portfolio management.

This Fund may have a material exposure to ABS, MBS and non-investment grade debt, and investors are encouraged to read the relevant risk disclosures contained in the section "Specific Risk Considerations".

Risk management measure used: Relative VaR using Bloomberg Barclays World Government Inflation-Linked 1-20yr Index USD Hedged as the appropriate benchmark

Expected level of leverage of the Fund: 350% of Net Asset Value.

The *Global Multi-Asset Income Fund* follows a flexible asset allocation policy that seeks an above average income without sacrificing long term capital growth. The Fund invests globally in the full spectrum of permitted investments including equities, equity-related securities, fixed income transferable securities (which may include some high yield fixed income transferable securities), units of undertakings for collective investment, cash, deposits and money market instruments. This Fund distributes income gross of expenses. Currency exposure is flexibly managed.

The Fund is a Stock Connect Fund and may invest directly up to 10% of its total assets in the PRC by investing via the Stock Connects.

The Fund is a CIBM Fund and may gain direct exposure for no more than 10% of its total assets to onshore bonds distributed in Mainland China in the CIBM via the Foreign Access Regime and/ or Bond Connect and/or other means as may be permitted by the relevant regulations from time to time.

As part of its investment objective the Fund may invest up to 50% of its total assets in ABS and MBS whether investment grade or not. These may include asset-backed commercial paper, collateralised debt obligations, collateralised mortgage obligations, commercial mortgage-backed securities, credit-linked notes, real estate mortgage investment conduits, residential mortgage-backed securities and synthetic collateralised debt obligations. The underlying assets of the ABS and MBS may include loans, leases or receivables (such as credit card debt, automobile loans and student loans in the case of ABS and commercial and residential mortgages originating from a regulated and authorised financial institution in the case of MBS). The ABS and MBS in which the Fund invests may use leverage to increase return to investors. Certain ABS may be structured by using a derivative such as a credit default swap or a basket of such derivatives to gain exposure to the performance of securities of various issuers without having to invest in the securities directly.

The Fund's exposure to contingent convertible bonds is limited to 20% of total assets. With effect from 25 March 2019, the Fund's exposure to Distressed Securities is limited to 10% of its total assets.

The Fund may use derivatives for investment purposes and for the purposes of efficient portfolio management.

This Fund may have significant exposure to ABS, MBS and non-investment grade debt, and investors are encouraged to read the relevant risk disclosures contained in the section "Specific Risk Considerations".

Risk management measure used: Relative VaR using 50% MSCI World Index / 50% Bloomberg Barclays Global Aggregate Bond Index USD Hedged as the appropriate benchmark.

Expected level of leverage of the Fund: 100% of Net Asset Value.

The *Global Opportunities Fund* seeks to maximise total return. The Fund invests globally, with no prescribed country, regional or capitalisation limits, at least 70% of its total assets in equity securities. Currency exposure is flexibly managed.

The Fund is a Stock Connect Fund and may invest directly up to 10% of its total assets in the PRC by investing via the Stock Connects.

The Fund may use derivatives for investment purposes and for the purposes of efficient portfolio management.

## Risk management measure used: Commitment Approach.

With effect from 25 March 2019, the name of the Global Opportunities Fund will change to "Global Long-Horizon Equity Fund"

The *Global SmallCap Fund* seeks to maximise total return. The Fund invests globally at least 70% of its total assets in the equity securities of smaller capitalisation companies. Smaller capitalisation companies are considered companies which, at the time of purchase, form the bottom 20% by market capitalisation of global stock markets. Although it is likely that most of the Fund's investments will be in companies located in developed markets globally, the Fund may also invest in the emerging markets of the world. Currency exposure is flexibly managed.

The Fund is a Stock Connect Fund and may invest directly up to 10% of its total assets in the PRC by investing via the Stock Connects.

The Fund may use derivatives for investment purposes and for the purposes of efficient portfolio management.

## Risk management measure used: Commitment Approach.

The *India Fund* seeks to maximise total return. The Fund invests at least 70% of its total assets in the equity securities of companies domiciled in, or exercising the predominant part of their economic activity in, India. (The Fund may invest through its Subsidiary).

The Fund may use derivatives for investment purposes and for the purposes of efficient portfolio management.

Risk management measure used: Commitment Approach.

The *Japan Small & MidCap Opportunities Fund* seeks to maximise total return. The Fund invests at least 70% of its total assets in the equity securities of small and mid capitalisation companies domiciled in, or exercising the predominant part of their economic activity in, Japan. Small and mid capitalisation companies are considered companies which, at the time of purchase, form the bottom 30% by market capitalisation of Japanese stock markets.

The Fund may use derivatives for investment purposes and for the purposes of efficient portfolio management.

## Risk management measure used: Commitment Approach.

The *Japan Flexible Equity Fund* seeks to maximise total return. The Fund invests at least 70% of its total assets in the equity securities of companies domiciled in or exercising the predominant part of their economic activity in, Japan. The Fund normally invests in securities that, in the opinion of the Investment Adviser, exhibit either growth or value investment characteristics, placing an emphasis as the market outlook warrants.

The Fund may use derivatives for investment purposes and for the purposes of efficient portfolio management.

## Risk management measure used: Commitment Approach.

The *Latin American Fund* seeks to maximise total return. The Fund invests at least 70% of its total assets in the equity securities of companies domiciled in, or exercising the predominant part of their economic activity in, Latin America.

The Fund may use derivatives for investment purposes and for the purposes of efficient portfolio management.

# Risk management measure used: Commitment Approach.

The *Market Navigator Fund* follows a flexible asset allocation policy that seeks to achieve capital appreciation in excess of its cash benchmark, 3-month EURIBOR, over a rolling cycle of three to five years. The Fund is actively managed and invests globally in the full spectrum of permitted investments including equities, fixed income transferable securities (which may include some high yield fixed income transferable securities), units of undertakings for collective investment, cash, deposits, money market instruments and derivatives. The Fund may take indirect exposure to commodities through permitted investments, principally through derivatives on commodity indices and exchange traded funds. Currency exposure is flexibly managed.

When selecting investments, the Investment Adviser will refer to research analysing a wide range of economic data and market behaviour, known as "macro research", with a focus on a range of macro factors and macro themes (explained below), with a view to building a well-diversified portfolio in relation to risk allocation and achieving capital appreciation in varying market conditions. The macro research may be produced by the Investment Adviser or another member of the BlackRock Group, or by a third party.

"Macro factors" are the major factors considered to drive asset class performance and are derived from quantitative (i.e. mathematical or statistical) research and analysis of broad persistent drivers of return and risk for specific assets. They may include economic growth (focusing on the financial health of the global economy and seeking returns through exposure to the risk of economic uncertainty), real rates (focusing on current central bank policy and seeking returns through exposure to interest rate movements) and inflation (focusing on inflation expectations and seeking returns through exposure to price changes).

"Macro themes" are major trends which may enable the identification of short, medium and long-duration investment opportunities which are derived from fundamental (i.e. judgementbased) research into drivers of the global economy and interpretation of the major economic, political and social developments that may have an impact on asset risks and returns. They may include views on global or regional inflationary environments, shifts in the global political landscape, and levels of consumer confidence which may drive economic activity. The Investment Adviser will use macro themes with the aim of identifying positions that are complementary to those identified by the macro factors and to therefore derive returns from sources largely unexplained by macro factors, with the aim of enhancing risk management during periods of greater market uncertainty and seeking to achieve further capital appreciation over the rolling three to five-year cycle described above.

Investment decisions will be based on macro research, macro factors and macro themes, which will be used to identify and select securities that, in the opinion of the Investment Adviser, have the potential to produce capital appreciation in accordance with the above.

The Fund is a Stock Connect Fund and may invest directly up to 10% of its total assets in the PRC by investing via the Stock Connects.

With effect from 25 March 2019, the Fund is a CIBM Fund and may gain direct exposure for no more than 10% of its total assets to onshore bonds distributed in Mainland China in the CIBM via the Foreign Access Regime and/or Bond Connect and/or other means as may be permitted by the relevant regulations from time to time.

As part of its investment objective the Fund may invest up to 10% of its total assets in ABS and MBS whether investment grade or not. These may include asset-backed commercial paper, collateralised debt obligations, collateralised mortgage obligations, commercial mortgage-backed securities, credit-linked notes, real estate mortgage investment conduits, residential mortgage-backed securities and synthetic collateralised debt obligations. The underlying assets of the ABS and MBS may include loans, leases or receivables (such as credit card debt, automobile loans and student loans in the case of ABS and commercial and residential mortgages originating from a regulated and authorised financial institution in the case of MBS). The ABS and MBS in which the Fund invests may use leverage to increase return to investors. Certain ABS may be structured by using a derivative such as a credit default swap or a basket of such derivatives to gain exposure to the performance of securities of various issuers without having to invest in the securities directly.

The Fund's exposure to Distressed Securities is limited to 5% of its total assets and its exposure to contingent convertible bonds is limited to 5% of total assets.

The Fund may use derivatives for investment purposes and for the purposes of efficient portfolio management. The Fund may use total return swaps and contracts for difference that have, in

accordance with its investment policy, equity or fixed income transferable securities and equity or fixed income related securities as underlying assets. Investors should refer to Appendix G for more details on the expected and maximum portion of total return swaps and contracts for difference held by the Fund.

## Risk management measure used: Absolute VaR

# Expected level of leverage of the Fund: 550% of Net Asset Value.

The *Natural Resources Growth & Income Fund* seeks to achieve capital growth and an above average income from its equity investments. The Fund invests at least 70% of its total assets in the equity securities of companies whose predominant economic activity is in the natural resources sector, such as, but not limited to, companies engaged in mining, energy and agriculture. The Fund distributes income gross of expenses.

The Fund is a Stock Connect Fund and may invest directly up to 10% of its total assets in the PRC by investing via the Stock Connects.

With effect from 25 March 2019, the Fund's exposure to contingent convertible bonds is limited to 5% of total assets.

The Fund may use derivatives for investment purposes and for the purposes of efficient portfolio management.

## Risk management measure used: Commitment Approach.

The *Next Generation Technology Fund* seeks to maximise total return. The Fund invests at least 70% of its total assets in the equity securities of companies globally whose predominant economic activity comprises the research, development, production and/or distribution of new and emerging technology.

The Fund will focus on next generation technology themes including artificial intelligence, computing, automation, robotics, technological analytics, e-commerce, payment systems, communications technology and generative design.

In normal market conditions the Fund will invest in a portfolio of equity securities of companies with large, medium and small market capitalisation. Although it is likely that most of the Fund's investments will be in companies located in developed markets globally, the Fund may also invest in emerging markets.

The Fund is a Stock Connect Fund and may invest directly up to 10% of its total assets in the PRC by investing via the Stock Connects.

The Fund may use derivatives for investment purposes and for the purposes of efficient portfolio management.

# Risk management measure used: Commitment Approach.

The *New Energy Fund* seeks to maximise total return. The Fund invests globally at least 70% of its total assets in the equity securities of new energy companies. New energy companies are those which are engaged in alternative energy and energy technologies including: renewable energy technology; renewable energy developers; alternative fuels; energy efficiency; enabling

energy and infrastructure. The Fund will not invest in companies that are classified in the following sectors (as defined by Global Industry Classification Standard): coal and consumables; oil and gas exploration and production; and integrated oil and gas.

The Fund is a Stock Connect Fund and may invest directly up to 10% of its total assets in the PRC by investing via the Stock Connects.

The Fund may use derivatives for investment purposes and for the purposes of efficient portfolio management.

## Risk management measure used: Commitment Approach.

With effect from 25 March 2019, the Fund's name and Investment Objective and Policy will be as follows:

The *Sustainable Energy Fund* seeks to maximise total return. The Fund invests globally at least 70% of its total assets in the equity securities of sustainable energy companies. Sustainable energy companies are those which are engaged in alternative energy and energy technologies including: renewable energy technology; renewable energy developers; alternative fuels; energy efficiency; enabling energy and infrastructure. The Fund will not invest in companies that are classified in the following sectors (as defined by Global Industry Classification Standard): coal and consumables; oil and gas exploration and production; and integrated oil and gas.

The Fund is a Stock Connect Fund and may invest directly up to 10% of its total assets in the PRC by investing via the Stock Connects.

With effect from 25 March 2019, the Fund's exposure to contingent convertible bonds is limited to 5% of its total assets.

The Fund may use derivatives for investment purposes and for the purposes of efficient portfolio management.

# Risk management measure used: Commitment Approach.

The *North American Equity Income Fund* seeks an above average income from its equity investments without sacrificing long term capital growth. The Fund invests at least 70% of its total assets in the equity securities of companies domiciled in, or exercising the predominant part of their economic activity in, the US and Canada. The Fund distributes income gross of expenses.

The Fund may use derivatives for investment purposes and for the purposes of efficient portfolio management.

## Risk management measure used: Commitment Approach.

The *Pacific Equity Fund* seeks to maximise total return. The Fund invests at least 70% of its total assets in the equity securities of companies domiciled in, or exercising the predominant part of their economic activity in the Asia Pacific region. Currency exposure is flexibly managed.

The Fund is a RQFII Access Fund and a Stock Connect Fund and may invest directly up to 10% in aggregate of its total assets in the PRC by investing via RQFII Quota and/or via the Stock Connects.

The Fund may use derivatives for investment purposes and for the purposes of efficient portfolio management.

## Risk management measure used: Commitment Approach.

The *Strategic Global Bond Fund* seeks to maximise total returns. The Fund invests at least 70% of its total assets in fixed income transferable securities (including non-investment grade) denominated in various currencies issued by governments, agencies and companies worldwide. The Fund may also invest in the full spectrum of permitted investments, including equity securities, equity related securities, undertakings for collective investment and cash. Currency exposure is flexibly managed.

The Fund is a CIBM Fund and may gain direct exposure for no more than 10% of its total assets to onshore bonds distributed in Mainland China in the CIBM via the Foreign Access Regime and/ or Bond Connect and/or other means as may be permitted by the relevant regulations from time to time.

The Fund may invest up to 35% of its total assets in ABS and MBS whether investment grade or not. The Fund may invest up to 20% of its total assets in agency MBS and up to 15% in all other types of ABS and MBS such as asset-backed commercial paper, collateralised debt obligations, collateralised mortgage obligations, commercial mortgage-backed securities, credit-linked notes, real estate mortgage investment conduits, residential mortgage-backed securities and synthetic collateralised debt obligations. The Fund's investment in collateralised loan obligations is limited to 5% of total assets. The underlying assets of the ABS and MBS may include loans, leases or receivables (such as credit card debt, automobile loans and student loans in the case of ABS and commercial and residential mortgages originating from a regulated and authorised financial institution in the case of MBS). The Fund's exposure to MBS backed by sub-prime mortgages is limited to 5% of total assets. The ABS and MBS in which the Fund invests may use leverage to increase return to investors. Certain ABS may be structured by using a derivative such as a credit default swap or a basket of such derivatives to gain exposure to the performance of securities of various issuers without having to invest in the securities directly.

The Fund's exposure to Distressed Securities is limited to 10% of its total assets and its exposure to contingent convertible bonds is limited to 20% of total assets.

The Fund may use derivatives for investment purposes and for the purposes of efficient portfolio management.

The Fund may have a material exposure to ABS, MBS and non-investment grade debt, and investors are encouraged to read the relevant risk disclosures contained in the section "Specific Risk Considerations".

Risk management measure used: Absolute VaR

Expected level of leverage of the Fund: 550% of Net Asset Value.

The *Swiss Small & MidCap Opportunities Fund* seeks to maximise total return. The Fund invests at least 70% of its total assets in the equity securities of small and mid capitalisation companies domiciled in, or exercising the predominant part of their economic activity in, Switzerland. Small and mid capitalisation

companies are considered companies which, at the time of purchase, are not members of the Swiss Market Index.

With effect from 25 March 2019, the Fund's exposure to contingent convertible bonds is limited to 5% of its total assets.

The Fund may use derivatives for investment purposes and for the purposes of efficient portfolio management.

## Risk management measure used: Commitment Approach.

The **United Kingdom Fund** seeks to maximise total return. The Fund invests at least 70% of its total assets in the equity securities of companies incorporated or listed in the UK.

With effect from 25 March 2019, the Fund's exposure to contingent convertible bonds is limited to 5% of its total assets.

The Fund may use derivatives for investment purposes and for the purposes of efficient portfolio management.

## Risk management measure used: Commitment Approach.

The **US Basic Value Fund** seeks to maximise total return. The Fund invests at least 70% of its total assets in the equity securities of companies domiciled in, or exercising the predominant part of their economic activity in, the US. The Fund places particular emphasis on companies that are, in the opinion of the Investment Adviser, undervalued and therefore represent basic investment value.

The Fund may use derivatives for investment purposes and for the purposes of efficient portfolio management.

## Risk management measure used: Commitment Approach.

The **US Dollar Bond Fund** seeks to maximise total return. The Fund invests at least 80% of its total assets in investment grade fixed income transferable securities. At least 70% of the Fund's total assets are invested in fixed income transferable securities denominated in US dollars. Currency exposure is flexibly managed.

The Fund is a CIBM Fund and may gain direct exposure for no more than 10% of its total assets to onshore bonds distributed in Mainland China in the CIBM via the Foreign Access Regime and/ or Bond Connect and/or other means as may be permitted by the relevant regulations from time to time.

As part of its investment objective the Fund may invest up to 50% of its total assets in ABS and MBS whether investment grade or not. These may include asset-backed commercial paper, collateralised debt obligations, collateralised mortgage obligations, commercial mortgage-backed securities, credit-linked notes, real estate mortgage investment conduits, residential mortgage-backed securities and synthetic collateralised debt obligations. The underlying assets of the ABS and MBS may include loans, leases or receivables (such as credit card debt, automobile loans and student loans in the case of ABS and commercial and residential mortgages originating from a regulated and authorised financial institution in the case of MBS). The ABS and MBS in which the Fund invests may use leverage to increase return to investors. Certain ABS may be structured by using a derivative such as a

credit default swap or a basket of such derivatives to gain exposure to the performance of securities of various issuers without having to invest in the securities directly.

With effect from 25 March 2019, the Fund's exposure to Distressed Securities is limited to 10% of its total assets and its exposure to contingent convertible bonds is limited to 10% of its total assets.

The Fund may use derivatives for investment purposes and for the purposes of efficient portfolio management.

This Fund may have significant exposure to ABS, MBS and non-investment grade debt, and investors are encouraged to read the relevant risk disclosures contained in the section "Specific Risk Considerations".

Risk management measure used: Relative VaR using Bloomberg Barclays US Aggregate Index as the appropriate benchmark.

Expected level of leverage of the Fund: 300% of Net Asset Value.

The **US Dollar High Yield Bond Fund** seeks to maximise total return. The Fund invests at least 70% of its total assets in high yield fixed income transferable securities denominated in US dollars. The Fund may invest in the full spectrum of available fixed income transferable securities, including non-investment grade. Currency exposure is flexibly managed.

As part of its investment objective the Fund may invest up to 20% of its total assets in ABS and MBS whether investment grade or not. These may include asset-backed commercial paper, collateralised debt obligations, collateralised mortgage obligations, commercial mortgage-backed securities, credit-linked notes, real estate mortgage investment conduits, residential mortgage-backed securities and synthetic collateralised debt obligations. The underlying assets of the ABS and MBS may include loans, leases or receivables (such as credit card debt, automobile loans and student loans in the case of ABS and commercial and residential mortgages originating from a regulated and authorised financial institution in the case of MBS). The ABS and MBS in which the Fund invests may use leverage to increase return to investors. Certain ABS may be structured by using a derivative such as a credit default swap or a basket of such derivatives to gain exposure to the performance of securities of various issuers without having to invest in the securities directly.

The Fund's exposure to contingent convertible bonds is limited to 20% of total assets.

The Fund may use derivatives for investment purposes and for the purposes of efficient portfolio management.

This Fund may have a material exposure to ABS, MBS and non-investment grade debt, and investors are encouraged to read the relevant risk disclosures contained in the section "Specific Risk Considerations".

Risk management measure used: Relative VaR using Bloomberg Barclays US High Yield 2% Constrained Index as the appropriate benchmark.

# Expected level of leverage of the Fund: 20% of Net Asset Value.

The **US Dollar Reserve Fund** seeks to maximise current income consistent with preservation of capital and liquidity. The Fund invests at least 90% of its total assets in investment grade fixed income transferable securities denominated in US dollars and US dollar cash. The weighted average maturity of the Fund's assets will be 60 days or less.

With effect from 25 March 2019, as part of its investment objective the Fund may invest up to 15% of its total assets in ABS and MBS whether investment grade or not. The ABS and MBS will generally be issued in the US, the securitised assets will be rated investment grade by at least one of the leading credit rating agencies and agency ABS and MBS will carry the same credit rating as the US Government. These may include asset-backed commercial paper, collateralised debt obligations, collateralised mortgage obligations, commercial mortgage-backed securities, credit-linked notes, real estate mortgage investment conduits, residential mortgage-backed securities and synthetic collateralised debt obligations. The underlying assets of the ABS and MBS may include loans, leases or receivables (such as credit card debt, automobile loans and student loans in the case of ABS and commercial and residential mortgages originating from a regulated and authorised financial institution in the case of MBS). The ABS and MBS in which the Fund invests may use leverage to increase return to investors. Certain ABS may be structured by using a derivative such as a credit default swap or a basket of such derivatives to gain exposure to the performance of securities of various issuers without having to invest in the securities directly.

The Fund may use derivatives for investment purposes and for the purposes of efficient portfolio management.

With effect from 25 March 2019, this Fund may have a material exposure to ABS, MBS and non-investment grade debt, and investors are encouraged to read the relevant risk disclosures contained in the section "Specific Risk Considerations".

Risk management measure used: Commitment Approach.

The **US Dollar Short Duration Bond Fund** seeks to maximise total return. The Fund invests at least 80% of its total assets in investment grade fixed income transferable securities. At least 70% of the Fund's total assets are invested in fixed income transferable securities denominated in US dollars with a duration of less than five years. The average duration is not more than three years. Currency exposure is flexibly managed.

The Fund is a CIBM Fund and may gain direct exposure for no more than 10% of its total assets to onshore bonds distributed in Mainland China in the CIBM via the Foreign Access Regime and/ or Bond Connect and/or other means as may be permitted by the relevant regulations from time to time.

As part of its investment objective the Fund may invest up to 100% of its total assets in ABS and MBS whether investment grade or not. The ABS and MBS will generally be issued in the US, the securitised assets will be rated investment grade by at least one of the leading credit rating agencies and agency ABS and MBS will carry the same credit rating as the US Government. These may include asset-backed commercial paper, collateralised debt obligations, collateralised mortgage obligations, commercial

mortgage-backed securities, credit-linked notes, real estate mortgage investment conduits, residential mortgage-backed securities and synthetic collateralised debt obligations. The underlying assets of the ABS and MBS may include loans, leases or receivables (such as credit card debt, automobile loans and student loans in the case of ABS and commercial and residential mortgages originating from a regulated and authorised financial institution in the case of MBS). The ABS and MBS in which the Fund invests may use leverage to increase return to investors. Certain ABS may be structured by using a derivative such as a credit default swap or a basket of such derivatives to gain exposure to the performance of securities of various issuers without having to invest in the securities directly.

With effect from 25 March 2019, the Fund's exposure to contingent convertible bonds is limited to 5% of its total assets.

The Fund may use derivatives for investment purposes and for the purposes of efficient portfolio management.

This Fund may have significant exposure to ABS, MBS and non-investment grade debt, and investors are encouraged to read the relevant risk disclosures contained in the section "Specific Risk Considerations".

Risk management measure used: Absolute VaR.

Expected level of leverage of the Fund: 350% of Net Asset Value.

The **US Flexible Equity Fund** seeks to maximise total return. The Fund invests at least 70% of its total assets in the equity securities of companies domiciled in, or exercising the predominant part of their economic activity in, the US. The Fund normally invests in securities that, in the opinion of the Investment Adviser, exhibit either growth or value investment characteristics, placing an emphasis as the market outlook warrants.

The Fund may use derivatives for investment purposes and for the purposes of efficient portfolio management.

## Risk management measure used: Commitment Approach.

The *US Government Mortgage Fund* seeks a high level of income. The Fund invests at least 80% of its total assets in fixed income transferable securities issued or guaranteed by the United States Government, its agencies or instrumentalities, including Government National Mortgage Association ("GNMA") mortgage-backed certificates and other US Government securities representing ownership interests in mortgage pools, such as mortgage-backed securities issued by Fannie Mae and Freddie Mac. All securities in which the Fund invests are US dollar-denominated securities.

As part of its investment objective the Fund may invest up to 100% of its total assets in ABS and MBS whether investment grade or not. The ABS and MBS will generally be issued in the US, the securitised assets will be rated investment grade by at least one of the leading credit rating agencies and agency ABS and MBS will carry the same credit rating as the US Government. These may include asset-backed commercial paper, collateralised debt obligations, collateralised mortgage obligations, commercial mortgage-backed securities, residential mortgage-backed

securities and synthetic collateralised debt obligations. The underlying assets of the ABS and MBS may include loans, leases or receivables (such as credit card debt, automobile loans and student loans in the case of ABS and commercial and residential mortgages originating from a regulated and authorised financial institution in the case of MBS). The ABS and MBS in which the Fund invests may use leverage to increase return to investors. Certain ABS may be structured by using a derivative such as a credit default swap or a basket of such derivatives to gain exposure to the performance of securities of various issuers without having to invest in the securities directly.

The Fund may use derivatives for investment purposes and for the purposes of efficient portfolio management.

This Fund may have significant exposure to ABS, MBS and non-investment grade debt, and investors are encouraged to read the relevant risk disclosures contained in the section "Specific Risk Considerations".

Risk management measure used: Relative VaR using Citigroup Mortgage Index as the appropriate benchmark.

Expected level of leverage of the Fund: 240% of Net Asset Value.

The **US Growth Fund** seeks to maximise total return. The Fund invests at least 70% of its total assets in the equity securities of companies domiciled in, or exercising the predominant part of their economic activity in, the US. The Fund places particular emphasis on companies that, in the opinion of the Investment Adviser, exhibit growth investment characteristics, such as above-average growth rates in earnings or sales and high or improving returns on capital.

The Fund may use derivatives for investment purposes and for the purposes of efficient portfolio management.

## Risk management measure used: Commitment Approach.

The **US Small & MidCap Opportunities Fund** seeks to maximise total return. The Fund invests at least 70% of its total assets in the equity securities of small and mid capitalisation companies domiciled in, or exercising the predominant part of their economic activity in, the US. Small and mid capitalisation companies are considered companies which, at the time of purchase, form the bottom 30% by market capitalisation of US stock markets.

The Fund may use derivatives for investment purposes and for the purposes of efficient portfolio management.

#### Risk management measure used: Commitment Approach.

The *World Agriculture Fund* seeks to maximise total return. The Fund invests globally at least 70% of its total assets in the equity securities of agricultural companies. Agricultural companies are those which are engaged in agriculture, agricultural chemicals, equipment and infrastructure, agricultural commodities and food, bio-fuels, crop sciences, farm land and forestry.

The Fund is a Stock Connect Fund and may invest directly up to 10% of its total assets in the PRC by investing via the Stock Connects.

The Fund may use derivatives for investment purposes and for the purposes of efficient portfolio management.

# Risk management measure used: Commitment Approach.

With effect from 25 March 2019, the Fund's name and Investment Objective and Policy will be as follows:

The *Nutrition Fund* seeks to maximise total return. The Fund invests globally at least 70% of its total assets in the equity securities of companies engaged in any activity forming part of the food and agriculture value chain, including packaging, processing, distribution, technology, food- and agriculture-related services, seeds, agricultural or food-grade chemicals and food producers.

The Fund is a Stock Connect Fund and may invest directly up to 10% of its total assets in the PRC by investing via the Stock Connects.

With effect from 25 March 2019, the Fund's exposure to contingent convertible bonds is limited to 5% of its total assets.

The Fund may use derivatives for investment purposes and for the purposes of efficient portfolio management.

# Risk management measure used: Commitment Approach.

The *World Bond Fund* seeks to maximise total return. The Fund invests at least 70% of its total assets in investment grade fixed income transferable securities. Currency exposure is flexibly managed.

The Fund is a CIBM Fund and may gain direct exposure for no more than 10% of its total assets to onshore bonds distributed in Mainland China in the CIBM via the Foreign Access Regime and/ or Bond Connect and/or other means as may be permitted by the relevant regulations from time to time.

As part of its investment objective the Fund may invest up to 50% of its total assets in ABS and MBS whether investment grade or not. These may include asset-backed commercial paper, collateralised debt obligations, collateralised mortgage obligations, commercial mortgage-backed securities, credit-linked notes, real estate mortgage investment conduits, residential mortgage-backed securities and synthetic collateralised debt obligations. The underlying assets of the ABS and MBS may include loans, leases or receivables (such as credit card debt, automobile loans and student loans in the case of ABS and commercial and residential mortgages originating from a regulated and authorised financial institution in the case of MBS). The ABS and MBS in which the Fund invests may use leverage to increase return to investors. Certain ABS may be structured by using a derivative such as a credit default swap or a basket of such derivatives to gain exposure to the performance of securities of various issuers without having to invest in the securities directly.

The Fund's exposure to contingent convertible bonds is limited to 20% of total assets. With effect from 25 March 2019, the Fund's exposure to Distressed Securities is limited to 10% of its total assets.

The Fund may use derivatives for investment purposes and for the purposes of efficient portfolio management.

This Fund may have significant exposure to ABS, MBS and non-investment grade debt, and investors are encouraged to read the relevant risk disclosures contained in the section "Specific Risk Considerations".

Risk management measure used: Relative VaR using Bloomberg Barclays Global Aggregate USD Hedged Index as the appropriate benchmark.

Expected level of leverage of the Fund: 150% of Net Asset Value. With effect from 25 March 2019, the expected level of leverage of the Fund will be 250%.

The *World Energy Fund* seeks to maximise total return. The Fund invests globally at least 70% of its total assets in the equity securities of companies whose predominant economic activity is in the exploration, development, production and distribution of energy.

The Fund is a Stock Connect Fund and may invest directly up to 10% of its total assets in the PRC by investing via the Stock Connects.

With effect from 25 March 2019, the Fund's exposure to contingent convertible bonds is limited to 5% of its total assets.

The Fund may use derivatives for investment purposes and for the purposes of efficient portfolio management.

## Risk management measure used: Commitment Approach.

The *World Financials Fund* seeks to maximise total return. The Fund invests globally at least 70% of its total assets in the equity securities of companies whose predominant economic activity is financial services.

The Fund is a Stock Connect Fund and may invest directly up to 10% of its total assets in the PRC by investing via the Stock Connects.

The Fund may use derivatives for investment purposes and for the purposes of efficient portfolio management.

## Risk management measure used: Commitment Approach.

The *World Gold Fund* seeks to maximise total return. The Fund invests globally at least 70% of its total assets in the equity securities of companies whose predominant economic activity is gold-mining. It may also invest in the equity securities of companies whose predominant economic activity is other precious metal or mineral and base metal or mineral mining. The Fund does not hold physical gold or metal.

The Fund is a Stock Connect Fund and may invest directly up to 10% of its total assets in the PRC by investing via the Stock Connects.

With effect from 25 March 2019, the Fund's exposure to contingent convertible bonds is limited to 5% of its total assets.

The Fund may use derivatives for investment purposes and for the purposes of efficient portfolio management.

## Risk management measure used: Commitment Approach.

The *World Healthscience Fund* seeks to maximise total return. The Fund invests globally at least 70% of its total assets in the equity securities of companies whose predominant economic activity is in healthcare, pharmaceuticals, medical technology and supplies and the development of biotechnology. Currency exposure is flexibly managed.

The Fund is a Stock Connect Fund and may invest directly up to 10% of its total assets in the PRC by investing via the Stock Connects.

The Fund may use derivatives for investment purposes and for the purposes of efficient portfolio management.

## Risk management measure used: Commitment Approach.

The *World Mining Fund* seeks to maximise total return. The Fund invests globally at least 70% of its total assets in the equity securities of mining and metals companies whose predominant economic activity is the production of base metals and industrial minerals such as iron ore and coal. The Fund may also hold the equity securities of companies whose predominant economic activity is in gold or other precious metal or mineral mining. The Fund does not hold physical gold or metal.

The Fund is a Stock Connect Fund and may invest directly up to 10% of its total assets in the PRC by investing via the Stock Connects.

With effect from 25 March 2019, the Fund's exposure to contingent convertible bonds is limited to 5% of its total assets.

The Fund may use derivatives for investment purposes and for the purposes of efficient portfolio management.

## Risk management measure used: Commitment Approach.

The *World Real Estate Securities Fund* seeks to maximise total return. The Fund invests globally at least 70% of its total assets in the equity securities of companies whose predominant economic activity is in the real estate sector. This may include residential and / or commercial real estate focused companies as well as real estate operating companies and real estate holding companies (for example, real estate investment trusts).

The Fund is a Stock Connect Fund and may invest directly up to 10% of its total assets in the PRC by investing via the Stock Connects.

The Fund may use derivatives for investment purposes and for the purposes of efficient portfolio management.

## Risk management measure used: Commitment Approach.

The *World Technology Fund* seeks to maximise total return. The Fund invests globally at least 70% of its total assets in the equity securities of companies whose predominant economic activity is in the technology sector.

The Fund is a Stock Connect Fund and may invest directly up to 10% of its total assets in the PRC by investing via the Stock Connects.

The Fund may use derivatives for investment purposes and for the purposes of efficient portfolio management.

## Risk management measure used: Commitment Approach.

## New Funds or Share Classes

The Directors may create new Funds or issue further Share Classes. This Prospectus will be supplemented to refer to these new Funds or Classes.

## Classes and Form of Shares

Shares in the Funds are divided into Class A, Class AI, Class C, Class D, Class DD, Class E, Class I, Class J, Class S, Class SI, Class X and Class Z Shares, all representing different charging structures. Shares are further divided into Distributing and Non-Distributing Share classes. Non-Distributing Shares do not pay dividends, whereas Distributing Shares pay dividends. See section "Dividends" for further information.

## **Class A Shares**

Class A Shares are available to all investors as Distributing and Non-Distributing Shares and are issued in registered form and global certificate form. Unless otherwise requested, all Class A Shares will be issued as registered shares.

# Class Al Shares

Subject to the discretion of the Management Company (taking into account local regulations), Class AI Shares are available only in Italy through specific distributors selected by the Management Company and the Principal Distributor (details of which may be obtained from the local Investor Servicing team). Class AI Shares are available as Distributing and Non-Distributing Shares and are issued as registered shares and global certificates. Unless otherwise requested, all Class AI Shares will be issued as registered shares.

## **Class C Shares**

Class C Shares are available as Distributing and Non-Distributing Shares to clients of certain distributors (which provide nominee facilities to investors) and to other investors at the discretion of the Management Company. Class C Shares are available as registered shares only.

## Class D Shares

Subject to the discretion of the Management Company (taking into account local regulations), Class D Shares are intended for providers of independent advisory services or discretionary investment management, or other distributors who: (i) provide investment services and activities as defined by the MiFID II Directive; and (ii) have separate fee arrangements with their clients in relation to those services and activities. Class D Shares are not intended for providers of independent advisory services or discretionary for those services and activities. Class D Shares are not intended for providers of independent advisory services or discretionary portfolio management services that are subject to German law according to the German Banking Act (§ 32 KWG), in relation to those services conducted in Germany.

Class D Shares are available as Distributing and Non-Distributing Shares and are issued as registered shares and global certificates. Unless otherwise requested, all Class D Shares will be issued as registered shares.

# **Class DD Shares**

Subject to the discretion of the Management Company (taking into account local regulations), Class DD Shares are intended for providers of independent advisory services or discretionary portfolio management services that are subject to German Banking Act (§ 32 KWG), in relation to those services conducted in Germany.

Class DD Shares are available as Distributing and Non-Distributing Shares and are issued as registered shares and global certificates. Unless otherwise requested, all Class DD Shares will be issued as registered shares.

# **Class E Shares**

Class E Shares are available in certain countries, subject to the relevant regulatory approval, through specific distributors selected by the Management Company and the Principal Distributor (details of which may be obtained from the local Investor Servicing team). They are available as Distributing and Non-Distributing Shares, and are issued as registered shares and global certificates for all Funds. Unless otherwise requested, all Class E Shares will be issued as registered shares.

# **Class I Shares**

Class I Shares are available as Distributing and Non-Distributing Shares to Institutional Investors and are issued as registered shares and global certificates. Unless otherwise requested, all Class I Shares will be issued as registered shares. They are only available at the Management Company's discretion.

Class I Shares are only available to Institutional Investors within the meaning of Article 174 of the 2010 Law. Investors must demonstrate that they qualify as Institutional Investors by providing the Company and its Transfer Agent or the local Investor Servicing team with sufficient evidence of their status.

On application for Class I Shares, Institutional Investors indemnify the Company and its functionaries against any losses, costs or expenses that the Company or its functionaries may incur by acting in good faith upon any declarations made or purporting to be made upon application.

# **Class J Shares**

Class J Shares are initially only offered to fund of funds in Japan and will not be publicly offered in Japan. However, they may be offered to other funds of funds in the future, at the discretion of the Management Company. Class J Shares are available as Distributing and Non-Distributing Shares. No fees are payable in respect of Class J Shares (instead a fee will be paid to the Management Company or affiliates under an agreement). Unless otherwise requested, all Class J Shares will be issued as registered shares.

Class J Shares are only available to Institutional Investors within the meaning of Article 174 of the 2010 Law. Investors must demonstrate that they qualify as Institutional Investors by providing the Company and its Transfer Agent or the local Investor Servicing team with sufficient evidence of their status.

On application for Class J Shares, Institutional Investors indemnify the Company and its functionaries against any losses, costs or expenses that the Company or its functionaries may incur by acting in good faith upon any declarations made or purporting to be made upon application.

# **Class S Shares**

Class S Shares are available as Non-Distributing and Distributing Shares, and are only issued as registered shares. They are only available at the Management Company's discretion.

# **Class SI Shares**

Class SI Shares are available as Non-Distributing and Distributing Shares, and are only issued as registered shares. They are only available at the Management Company's discretion.

# **Class X Shares**

Class X Shares are available as Non-Distributing Shares and Distributing Shares, and are issued as registered shares only at the discretion of the Investment Adviser and its affiliates. No management fees are payable in respect of Class X Shares (instead a fee will be paid to the Investment Adviser or affiliates under an agreement).

Class X Shares are only available to Institutional Investors within the meaning of Article 174 of the 2010 Law, and who have entered into a separate agreement with the relevant entity of the BlackRock Group. Investors must demonstrate that they qualify as Institutional Investors by providing the Company and its Transfer Agent or the local Investor Servicing team with sufficient evidence of their status.

On application for Class X Shares, Institutional Investors indemnify the Company and its functionaries against any losses, costs or expenses that the Company or its functionaries may incur by acting in good faith upon any declarations made or purporting to be made upon application.

# Class Z Shares

Class Z Shares are available as Non-Distributing and Distributing Shares, and are only issued as registered shares. They are only available at the Management Company's discretion.

# **Hedged Share Classes**

The hedging strategies applied to Hedged Share Classes will vary on a Fund by Fund basis. With the exception of BRL Hedged Share Classes (see further below). Funds will apply a hedging strategy which aims to mitigate currency risk between the Net Asset Value of the Fund and the currency of the Hedged Share Class, while taking account of practical considerations including transaction costs. All gains/losses or expenses arising from hedging transactions are borne separately by the shareholders of the respective Hedged Share Classes.

Any over-hedged position arising in a Hedged Share Class is not permitted to exceed 105% of the Net Asset Value of that Hedged Share Class and any under-hedged position arising in a Hedged Share Class is not permitted to fall short of 95% of the Net Asset Value of that Hedged Share Class.

# BRL Hedged Share Classes

BRL Hedged Share Classes, designated with the suffix "BRL Hedged", are intended for Brazilian feeder funds only. A feeder fund is a collective investment scheme that invests all or nearly all of its assets in another single fund (sometimes referred to as a master fund). BRL Hedged Share Classes are available at the Management Company's discretion.

BRL Hedged Share Classes aim to provide investors with currency exposure to BRL without using a Hedged Share Class denominated in BRL (i.e. due to currency trading restrictions on BRL).

The currency of a BRL Hedged Share Class will be the Base Currency of the relevant Sub-Fund. BRL currency exposure will be sought by converting the Net Asset Value of the BRL Hedged Share Class into BRL using financial derivative instruments (including currency forwards). The Net Asset Value of such BRL Hedged Share Class will remain denominated in the Base Currency of the relevant Sub-Fund (and the Net Asset Value per Share will be calculated in such Base Currency), however, due to the additional financial derivative instrument exposure, such Net Asset Value is expected to fluctuate in line with the fluctuation of the exchange rate between BRL and such Base Currency. This fluctuation will be reflected in the performance of the relevant BRL Hedged Share Class, and therefore the performance of such BRL Hedged Share Class may differ significantly from the performance of the other Share Classes of the relevant Sub-Fund. Profit or loss and costs and expenses resulting from this BRL Hedged Share Class hedging strategy will be reflected in the Net Asset Value of the relevant BRL Hedged Share Class. Risks in respect of BRL Hedged Share Classes will, for risk-management purposes, be measured and monitored in BRL.

## General

Investors purchasing any Share Class through a distributor will be subject to the distributor's normal account opening requirements. Title to registered shares is evidenced by entries in the Company's Share register. Shareholders will receive confirmation notes of their transactions. Registered share certificates are not issued.

Global certificates are available under a registered common global certificate arrangement operated with Clearstream International and Euroclear. Global certificates are registered in the Company's share register in the name of Clearstream International and Euroclear's common depository. Physical share certificates are not issued in respect of global certificates. Global certificates may be exchanged for registered shares under arrangements between Clearstream International, Euroclear and the Central Paying Agent.

Information on global certificates and their dealing procedures is available on request from the local Investor Servicing team.

Any Shares that are listed will be listed on the Euro MTF.

# Dealing in Fund Shares Daily Dealing

Dealing in Shares can normally be effected daily on any day that is a Dealing Day for the relevant Fund. Orders for subscription, redemption and conversion of Shares should be received by the Transfer Agent or the local Investor Servicing team before 12 noon Luxembourg time on the relevant Dealing Day (the "Cut-Off Point"). Such orders shall be processed on that day and the prices applied will be those calculated in the afternoon of that day. Any dealing orders received by the Transfer Agent or the local Investor Servicing team after the Cut-Off Point will be dealt with on the next Dealing Day. At the discretion of the Company, dealing orders transmitted by a paying agent, a correspondent bank or other entity aggregating deals on behalf of its underlying clients before the CutOff Point but only received by the Transfer Agent or the local Investor Servicing team after the Cut-Off Point may be treated as if they had been received before the Cut-Off Point. At the discretion of the Company, prices applied to orders backed by uncleared funds may be those calculated in the afternoon of the day following receipt of cleared funds. Further details and exceptions are described under the sections entitled "Application for Shares", "Redemption of Shares" and "Conversion of Shares" below. Once given, applications to subscribe and instructions to redeem or convert are irrevocable except in the case of suspension or deferral (see paragraphs 30 to 33 of Appendix B) and cancellation requests received before 12 noon Luxembourg time.

Orders placed through distributors rather than directly with the Transfer Agent or the local Investor Servicing team may be subject to different procedures which may delay receipt by the Transfer Agent or the local Investor Servicing team. Investors should consult their distributor before placing orders in any Fund.

Shareholders should note that the Directors may determine to restrict the purchase of Shares in certain Funds, including, without limitation, where any such Fund, and/or the investment strategy of any such Fund, has become "capacity constrained", when it is in the interests of such Fund and/or its shareholders to do so, including without limitation (by way of example), when a Fund or the investment strategy of a Fund reaches a size that in the opinion of the Management Company and/or Investment Advisers could impact its ability to implement its investment strategy, find suitable investments or manage efficiently its existing investments. When a Fund has reached its capacity limit, the Directors are authorised from time to time to resolve to close the Fund or any Share Class to new subscriptions either for a specified period or until they otherwise determine in respect of all shareholders. Should a Fund then fall beneath its capacity limit, including without limitation (by way of example), as result of redemptions or market movements, the Directors are permitted, in their absolute discretion, to re-open the Fund or any Share Class on a temporary or permanent basis. Information on whether the purchase of Shares in a Fund at a specific point in time is restricted in this way is available from the local Investor Servicing team.

# **Non-Dealing Days**

Some Business Days will not be Dealing Days for certain Funds where, for example, a substantial amount of such Fund's portfolio is traded in market(s) which are closed. In addition, the day immediately preceding such a relevant market closure may be a non-Dealing Day for such Funds, in particular where the Cut-Off Point occurs at a time when the relevant markets are already closed to trading, so that the Funds will be unable to take appropriate actions in the underlying market(s) to reflect investments in or divestments out of Fund Shares made on that day. A list of the Business Days which will be treated as non-Dealing Days for certain Funds from time to time can be obtained from the Management Company upon request and is also available in the Library section at

http://www.blackrock.co.uk/individual/library/index. This list is subject to change.

## General

Confirmation notes and other documents sent by post will be at the risk of the investor.

# Prices of Shares

All prices are determined after the deadline for receipt of dealing orders 12 noon Luxembourg time on the Dealing Day concerned. Prices are quoted in the Dealing Currency(ies) of the relevant Fund. In the case of those Funds for which two or more Dealing Currencies are available, if an investor does not specify his choice of Dealing Currency at the time of dealing then the Base Currency of the relevant Fund will be used.

The previous Dealing Day's prices for Shares may be obtained during business hours from the local Investor Servicing team and are also available from the BlackRock website. They will also be published in such countries as required under applicable law and at the discretion of the Directors in a number of newspapers or electronic platforms worldwide. The Company cannot accept any responsibility for error or delay in the publication or non-publication of prices. Historic dealing prices for all Shares are available from the Fund Accountant or the local Investor Servicing team.

Where shareholders subscribe for or redeem Shares having a specific value, the number of Shares dealt in is calculated by dividing the specific value by the applicable Net Asset Value per Share (which may be rounded to up to four decimal places). Such rounding may result in a benefit to the Fund or the shareholder. Confirmation of the Net Asset Value per Share for any transaction will be shown on your contract note.

# Class A, Class Al, Class D, Class DD, Class E, Class I, Class J, Class S, Class SI, Class X and Class Z Shares

Class A, Class AI, Class D, Class DD, Class E, Class I, Class J, Class S, Class SI, Class X and Class Z Shares may normally be acquired or redeemed at their Net Asset Value. Prices may include or have added to them, as appropriate: (i) an initial charge; (ii) a distribution fee; and (iii) in limited circumstances, adjustments to reflect fiscal charges and dealing costs (see paragraph 18.3 of Appendix B).

# **Class C Shares**

Class C Shares may normally be acquired or redeemed at their respective Net Asset Values. No charge is added to or included in the price payable on acquisition or redemption but, with the exception of Shares of the Reserve Funds, a CDSC, where applicable, will be deducted from the proceeds of redemption as described in the section "Fees, Charges and Expenses" and in paragraph 19. of Appendix B. Prices may include or have added to them, as appropriate, (i) a distribution fee; and (ii), in limited circumstances, adjustments to reflect fiscal charges and dealing costs (see paragraph 18.3 of Appendix B).

The specific levels of fees and charges that apply to each Share Class are explained in more detail in the section "Fees, Charges and Expenses" and in Appendices B, C and E.

# Application for Shares

# Applications

Initial applications for Shares must be made to the Transfer Agent or the local Investor Servicing team on the application form. Certain distributors may allow underlying investors to submit applications through them for onward transmission to the Transfer Agent or the local Investor Servicing team. All initial applications for Shares must be made by completing the application form and returning it to the Transfer Agent or the local Investor Servicing team. Failure to provide the original application form will delay the completion of the transaction and consequently the ability to effect subsequent dealings in the Shares concerned. Subsequent applications for Shares may be made in writing or by fax and the Management Company may, at its sole discretion, accept individual dealing orders submitted via other forms of electronic communication. Investors who do not specify a Share Class in the application will be deemed to have requested Class A Non-Distributing Shares.

All application forms and other dealing orders must contain all required information, including (but not limited to) Share Class specific information such as the International Securities Identification Number (ISIN) of the Share Class the investor wishes to deal in. Where the ISIN quoted by the investor is different from any other Share Class specific information provided by the investor with respect to such order, the quoted ISIN shall be decisive and the Management Company and the Transfer Agent may process the order accordingly taking into account the quoted ISIN only.

Applications for registered shares should be made for Shares having a specified value and fractions of Shares will be issued where appropriate. Global certificates will be issued in whole Shares only.

The right is reserved to reject any application for Shares or to accept any application in part only. In addition, issues of Shares of any or all Funds may be deferred until the next Dealing Day or suspended, where the aggregate value of orders for all Share Classes of that Fund exceeds a particular value (currently fixed by the Directors at 5% by approximate value of the Fund concerned) and the Directors consider that to give effect to such orders on the relevant Dealing Day would adversely affect the interests of existing shareholders. This may result in some shareholders having subscription orders deferred on a particular Dealing Day, whilst others do not. Applications for Shares so deferred will be dealt with in priority to later requests.

Investors must meet the investment criteria for any Share Class in which they intend to invest (such as minimum initial investment and specified investor type as set out under the section "Classes and Form of Shares"). If an investor purchases Shares in a Share Class in which that investor does not meet the investment criteria then the Directors reserve the right to redeem the investor's holding. In such a scenario the Directors are not obliged to give the investor prior notice of their actions. The Directors may also decide, upon prior consultation with and approval of the investor who does not meet the investment criteria, to switch the investor into a more appropriate class in the relevant Fund (where available). With effect from 25 March 2019, if the investor holds Class X Shares but has not entered into a separate agreement with the relevant entity of the BlackRock Group (as set out under the section "Classes and Form of Shares") then the Directors reserve the right, subject to 30 calendar days' prior notice, to switch the investor into a Share Class other than Class X in the relevant Fund, without prior consultation with or approval of the investor.

# **Data Protection**

Prospective investors and investors are referred to the privacy notice of the Company and the Management Company, which is provided in the Application Form (the "Privacy Notice").

The Privacy Notice explains, among other things, how the Company and the Management Company process personal data about individuals who invest in the Company or apply to invest in the Company and personal data about the directors, officers, employees and ultimate beneficial owners of institutional investors.

The Privacy Notice may be updated from time to time. The latest version of the Privacy Notice is available at <u>www.blackrock.com</u>.

If you would like further information on the collection, use, disclosure, transfer or processing of your personal data or the exercise of any of the rights in relation to personal data as set out in the Privacy Notice, please address questions and requests to: The Data Protection Officer, BlackRock, 12 Throgmorton Avenue, London, EC2N 2DL.

# Settlement

For all Shares, settlement in cleared funds net of bank charges must be made within three Business Days of the relevant Dealing Day unless otherwise specified in the contract note in cases where the standard settlement date is a public holiday for the currency of settlement. If timely settlement is not made (or a completed application form is not received for an initial subscription) the relevant allotment of Shares may be cancelled and an applicant may be required to compensate the relevant distributor and/or the Company (see paragraph 27. of Appendix B).

Payment instructions are summarised at the back of this Prospectus. Payments made by cash or cheque will not be accepted.

Settlement should normally be made in the Dealing Currency for the relevant Fund or, if there are two or more Dealing Currencies for the relevant Fund, in the one specified by the investor. An investor may, by prior arrangement with the Transfer Agent or the local Investor Servicing team, provide the Transfer Agent with any major freely convertible currency and the Transfer Agent will arrange the necessary currency exchange transaction. Any such currency exchange will be effected at the investor's risk and cost.

The Management Company may, at its discretion, accept subscriptions in specie, or partly in cash and in specie, subject always to the minimum initial subscription amounts and the additional subscription amounts and provided further that the value of such subscription in specie (after deduction of any relevant charges and expenses) equals the subscription price of the Shares. Such securities will be valued on the relevant Dealing Day and, in accordance with Luxembourg law, may be subject to a special report of the Auditor. Further details of redemptions in specie are set out in paragraphs 24. and 25. of Appendix B.

# **Minimum Subscription**

The minimum initial subscription in respect of any Share Class of a Fund is currently USD5,000 except for Class AI Shares where the minimum is USD25,000, Class D Shares where the minimum is USD1 willion, Class I Shares, Class J Shares, Class X Shares and Class Z Shares where the minimum is USD10 million, Class I Shares, Class J Shares, Class S Shares where the minimum is USD10 million, Class S Shares where the minimum is USD50 million and Class SI Shares where the minimum is USD50 million and Class SI Shares where the minimum is USD50 million and Class SI Shares where the minimum is USD50 million and Class SI Shares where the minimum is USD 1 billion. In all cases, the minimum subscription will also be accepted in the approximate equivalent in the relevant Dealing Currency. The minimum for additions to existing holdings of any Share Class of a Fund is USD1,000 or the approximate equivalent. These minima may be varied for any particular case or distributor or generally. Details of the current minima are available from the local Investor Servicing team.

# **Compliance with Applicable Laws and Regulations**

Investors who wish to subscribe for Shares must provide the Transfer Agent and/or the Management Company and/or Depositary with all necessary information which they may reasonably require to verify the identity of the investor in accordance with applicable Luxembourg regulations on the prevention of the use of the financial sector for money laundering purposes and in particular in accordance with CSSF circular 13/ 556 as amended, restated or supplemented from time to time and in order to comply with screening requirements issued by any regulatory, governmental or other official authorities in respect of applicable international financial sanctions. Failure to do so may result in the Management Company rejecting a subscription order.

Furthermore, as a result of any other applicable laws and regulations, including but not limited to, other relevant anti-money laundering legislation, requirements in respect of applicable international financial sanctions including sanctions administered by the United States Office of Foreign Asset Control, European Union and United Nations, tax laws and regulatory requirements, investors may be required, in certain circumstances, to provide additional documentation to confirm their identity or provide other relevant information pursuant to such laws and regulations, as may be required from time to time, even if an existing investor. Any information provided by investors will be used only for the purposes of compliance with these requirements and all documentation will be duly returned to the relevant investor. Until the Transfer Agent and/or the Management Company and/or the Depositary receives the requested documentation or additional information, there may be a delay in processing any subsequent redemption requests and the Management Company reserves the right in all cases to withhold redemption proceeds until such a time as the required documentation or additional information is received.

The Transfer Agent shall at all times comply with any obligations imposed by any applicable laws, rules and regulations with respect to money laundering prevention and, in particular, with the law of 12 November 2004 on the fight against money laundering and terrorist financing and CSSF Circular 13/556 of 16 January 2013, as amended, restated or supplemented from time to time. The Transfer Agent shall furthermore adopt procedures designed to ensure, to the extent applicable, that it and its agents shall comply with the foregoing undertaking. Moreover, the Transfer Agent is legally responsible for identifying the origin of monies transferred, provided that such duties may be delegated, always subject to the responsibility and control of the Transfer Agent, to investment professionals and financial sector institutions required to enforce an identification procedure equal to that required under Luxembourg law. The Transfer Agent as well as the Depositary acting on behalf of the Company may require at any time additional documentation relating to the admission of an investor as a shareholder.

# Redemption of Shares Applications to Redeem

Instructions for the redemption of registered Shares should normally be given by fax or in writing to the Transfer Agent or the local Investor Servicing team and the Management Company may, at its sole discretion, accept individual dealing orders submitted via other forms of electronic communication. Certain distributors may allow underlying investors to submit instructions for redemptions through them for onward transmission to the Transfer Agent or the local Investor Servicing team. They may also be given to the

Transfer Agent or the local Investor Servicing team in writing or by fax followed by confirmation in writing (for faxed instructions) sent by mail to the Transfer Agent or the local Investor Servicing team unless a coverall renunciation and fax indemnity including instructions to pay the redemption proceeds to a specified bank account has been agreed. Failure to provide written confirmations may delay settlement of the transaction (see also paragraph 27. of Appendix B). Written redemption requests (or written confirmations of such requests) must include the full name(s) and address of the holders, the name of the Fund, the Class (including whether it is the Distributing or Non-Distributing Share Class), the value or number of Shares to be redeemed and full settlement instructions and must be signed by all holders. If a redemption order is made for a cash amount or for a number of Shares to a higher value than that of the applicant's account then this order will be automatically treated as an order to redeem all of the Shares on the applicant's account.

Redemptions may be suspended or deferred as described in paragraphs 30. to 33. of Appendix B.

## Settlement

Subject to paragraph 23. of Appendix B, redemption payments will normally be despatched in the relevant Dealing Currency on the third Business Day after the relevant Dealing Day, provided that the relevant documents (as described above and any applicable money laundering prevention or international financial sanctions information) have been received. On written request to the Transfer Agent or the local Investor Servicing team, payment may be made in such other currency as may be freely purchased by the Transfer Agent with the relevant Dealing Currency and such currency exchange will be effected at the shareholder's cost.

Redemption payments for Shares are made by telegraphic transfer to the shareholder's bank account at the shareholder's cost. Investors with bank accounts in the European Union must provide the IBAN (International Bank Account Number) and BIC (Bank Identifier Code) of their account.

The Directors may, subject to the prior consent of a shareholder and to the minimum dealing and holding amounts, effect a payment of redemption proceeds in specie. Such redemption in specie will be valued on the relevant Dealing Day and, in accordance with Luxembourg law, may be subject to a special report of the Auditor. Further details of redemptions in specie are set out in paragraph 25. of Appendix B.

## **Conversion of Shares**

#### Switching Between Funds and Share Classes

Shareholders may request conversions of their shareholdings between the same Share Classes of the various Funds and thereby alter the balance of their portfolios to reflect changing market conditions.

Shareholders may also request conversion from one Share Class in a Fund to another Share Class of either the same Fund or a different Fund or between Distributing and Non-Distributing Shares of the same Class or between Hedged Share Classes and unhedged Shares of the same Class (where available).

In addition, investors may convert between any Class of UK Reporting Fund status Shares in one currency and the equivalent class of Distributing Shares in non-UK Reporting Fund status shares of the same currency. Investors should note that a conversion between a Share Class which has UK Reporting Fund status and a Share Class which does not have UK Reporting Fund status may cause the shareholder to be subject to an "offshore income gain" on the eventual disposal of their interest in the Fund. If this is the case, any capital gain realised by investors on disposal of their investment (including any capital gain accruing in relation to the period where they held the UK Reporting Fund Share Class) may be subject to tax as income at their appropriate income tax rate. Investors should seek their own professional tax advice in this regard.

Investors should note that a conversion between Shares held in different Funds may give rise to an immediate taxable event.

As tax laws differ widely from country to country, investors should consult their tax advisers as to the tax implications of such a conversion in their individual circumstances.

Investors may request conversions of the whole or part of their shareholding provided that the shareholder satisfies the conditions applicable to investment in the Share Class being converted into (see "Classes and Form of Shares" above). Such conditions include but are not limited to:

- satisfying any minimum investment requirement;
- demonstrating that they qualify as an eligible investor for the purposes of investing in a particular Share Class;
- the suitability of the charging structure of the Share Class being converted into; and by
- satisfying any conversion charges that may apply.

provided that the Management Company may, at its discretion, elect to waive any of these requirements where it deems such action reasonable and appropriate under the circumstances.

For holders of all Share Classes, there is normally no conversion charge by the Management Company. However, conversion charges may apply in some circumstances – see paragraphs <u>20.</u> to <u>22.</u> of Appendix B.

Conversion from a Share Class carrying a CDSC, where the CDSC is still outstanding, will not be treated as a conversion but as a redemption thereby causing any CDSC due at the time of conversion to become payable. Conversion and investment into and out of certain Share Classes is at the discretion of the Management Company. At the Management Company's discretion and provided always that the investor is an Institutional Investor, conversion from any Share Class into Class I, Class X or Class J Shares is permitted.

The Management Company may, at its discretion, refuse conversions in order to ensure that the Shares are not held by or on behalf of any person who does not meet the conditions applicable to investment in that Share Class, or who would then hold the Shares in circumstances which could give rise to a breach of law, or requirements of any country, government or regulatory authority on the part of that person or the Company or give rise to adverse tax or other pecuniary consequences for the Company, including a requirement to register under any securities or investment or similar laws or requirements of any country or authority. In addition, the Management Company may, at its discretion, refuse conversions between Share Classes if it presented currency conversion issues, for example, if the relevant currencies in respect of the conversion were illiquid at the time.

# Instructions to Convert

Instructions for the conversion of registered shares should normally be given by instructing the Transfer Agent or the local Investor Servicing team in writing, or by fax (in a format acceptable to the Company) and the Management Company may, at its sole discretion, accept individual conversion orders submitted via other forms of electronic communication. Instructions given by fax must be followed in each case by confirmation in writing sent by mail to the Transfer Agent or the local Investor Servicing team. Failure to provide adequate written confirmation may delay the conversion. Certain distributors may allow underlying investors to submit instructions for conversions through them for onward transmission to the Transfer Agent or the local Investor Servicing team. Instructions may also be given by fax or in writing to the Transfer Agent or the local Investor Servicing team. Written conversion requests (or written confirmations of such requests) must include the full name(s) and address of the holder(s), the name of the Fund, the Class (including whether it is the Distributing or Non-Distributing Share class), the value or number of Shares to be converted and the Fund to be converted into (and the choice of Dealing Currency of the Fund where more than one is available) and whether or not they are UK Reporting Fund status Shares. Where the Funds to which a conversion relates have different Dealing Currencies, currency will be converted at the relevant rate of exchange on the Dealing Day on which the conversion is effected.

Conversions may be suspended or deferred as described in paragraphs 30. to 33. of Appendix B and an order for conversion into a Fund constituting over 10% of such Fund's value may not be accepted, as described in paragraph 32. of Appendix B.

## **Exchange Privilege**

Certain distributors allow shareholders who have acquired Shares through it to exchange their Shares for shares with a similar charging structure of certain other funds, provided that the distributor believes that an exchange is permitted under applicable law and regulations. Details of this exchange privilege can be obtained from your financial advisor.

## **Transfer of Shares**

Shareholders holding Shares of any Class through a distributor or other intermediary may request that their existing holdings be transferred to another distributor or intermediary which has an agreement with the Principal Distributor. Any transfer of Class C Shares in this way is subject to the payment of any outstanding CDSC to the investor's existing distributor or intermediary.

## **Minimum Dealing & Holding Sizes**

The Company may refuse to comply with redemption, conversion or transfer instructions if they are given in respect of part of a holding in the relevant Share Class which has a value of less than USD1,000 or the approximate equivalent in the relevant Dealing Currency or if to do so would result in such a holding of less than USD5,000 (except for Class D, Class DD, Class I, Class J, Class S, Class SI, Class X and Class Z Shares where there is no ongoing minimum holding size once the initial subscription amount has been made). These minima may be varied for any particular case or distributor or generally. Details of any variations to the current minima shown above are available from the local Investor Servicing team.

If as a result of a withdrawal, switch or transfer a small balance of Shares, meaning an amount of USD5 (or its currency equivalent) or less, is held by a shareholder, the Management Company shall have absolute discretion to realise this small balance and donate the proceeds to a UK registered charity selected by the Management Company.

# Dividends

## **Dividend Policy**

The Directors' current policy depends on the Share Class. For Non-Distributing Share Classes the current policy is to retain and reinvest all net income. In this regard the income is retained in the Net Asset Value and reflected in the Net Asset Value per share of the relevant Class. For the Distributing Share Classes, the current policy is to distribute substantially all of the investment income (where available) for the period after deduction of expenses for Share Classes which distribute net or all of the investment income for the period, and potentially a portion of capital before deduction of expenses for Share Classes which distribute gross. Please refer to the "Calculation of Dividends" section below for further information regarding the distribution policies for each Distributing Share Class.

The Directors may also determine if and to what extent dividends may include distributions from both net realised and net unrealised capital gains. Where Distributing Share Classes pay dividends that include net realised capital gains or net unrealised capital gains, or, in the case of Funds which distribute income gross of expenses, dividends may include initially subscribed capital. Shareholders should note that dividends distributed in this manner may be taxable as income, depending on the local tax legislation, and should seek their own professional tax advice in this regard.

Where a Fund has UK Reporting Fund status and reported income exceeds distributions made then the surplus shall be treated as a deemed dividend and will be taxed as income, subject to the tax status of the investor.

For those Funds which offer UK Reporting Fund status Share Classes, the frequency at which the dividend payment is generally made is determined by the Fund type as described in the section "Classes and Form of Shares".

A list of Dealing Currencies, Hedged Share Classes, Distributing and Non-Distributing Share Classes and UK Reporting Fund status Classes is available from the Company's registered office and the local Investor Servicing team.

Please refer to the table below entitled "Calculation of Dividends" which sets out the usual calculation methodology for the Distributing Share Classes. Please refer to the table below entitled "Declaration, Payment of Reinvestment of Dividend" which sets out the usual declaration, payment and reinvestment methodology for the Distributing Share Classes. The Directors may make additional dividend payments or amend the policy of a Distributing Share Class under certain circumstances.

Distributing Shares with alternative payment frequencies may be introduced at the Directors' discretion. Confirmation of additional distribution frequencies and the date of their availability can be obtained from the Company's registered office and the local Investor Servicing team. The Company may operate income equalisation arrangements with a view to ensuring that the level of net income accrued within a Fund (or gross income in the case of Distributing (G) Shares, Distributing (S) Shares, Distributing (Y) Shares and gross income and any Interest Rate Differential for Distributing (R) Shares) and attributable to each Share is not affected by the issue, conversion or redemption of those Shares during an accounting period.

Where an investor buys Shares during an accounting period, the price at which those Shares were bought may be deemed to include an amount of net income accrued since the date of the last distribution. The result is that, in relation to Distributing (M) Shares, Distributing (S) Shares, Distributing (R) Shares, Distributing (Q) Shares, Distributing (Y) Shares or Distributing (A) Shares, the first distribution which an investor receives following purchase may include a repayment of capital. Non-Distributing Shares do not distribute income and so should not be impacted in the same way.

Where an investor sells Shares during an accounting period the redemption price in relation to Distributing (M) Shares, Distributing (Q) Shares or Distributing (A) Shares, may be deemed to include an amount of net income accrued since the date of the last distribution. In the case of Distributing (G) Shares, Distributing (S) Shares, Distributing (Y) Shares equalisation will be calculated on the gross income of the Fund, and in the case of Distributing (R) Shares, equalisation will be calculated on the gross income of the Fund and any Interest Rate Differential attributable to the Shares. Non-Distributing Shares do not distribute income and so should not be impacted in the same way.

The list of Funds operating income equalisation arrangements and the income element included in the daily price of Distributing (M) Shares, Distributing (S) Shares, Distributing (R) Shares, Distributing (Q) Shares Distributing (Y) Shares and Distributing (A) Shares will be made available upon request from the Company's registered office.

# Calculation of Dividends

The usual calculation method for each type of Distributing Share Class is described below. The methodology may be changed at the Directors discretion.

	Calculation Method	
Distributing (D) Shares	The dividend is calculated daily based upon daily-accrued income less expenses, for the number of Shares outstanding on that day.	
(which may be referred to using the number 1 e.g. A1)	A cumulative monthly dividend is then distributed to shareholders based upon the number of Shares held and the number of days for which they were held during the period. Holders of Distributing (D) Shares shall be entitled to dividends from the date of subscription to the date of redemption.	
Distributing (M) Shares	The dividend is calculated monthly based upon income accrued during the dividend period less expenses.	
(which may be referred to using the number 3 e.g. A3)	The dividend is distributed to shareholders based upon the number of Shares held at the month end.	
Distributing (S) Shares (which may be referred to using the number 6 e.g.	The dividend is calculated at the discretion of the Directors on the basis of the expected gross income over a given period (such period to be determined by the Directors from time to time) with a view to providing consistent monthly dividend distributions to shareholders during such period.	
A6)	At the discretion of the Directors the dividend may include distributions from capital, net realised and net unrealised capital gains.	
	The dividend is calculated monthly and distributed to shareholders based upon the number of Shares held at the month end.	
Distributing (R) Shares (which may be referred to using the number 8 e.g. A8)	The dividend is calculated at the discretion of the Directors on the basis of the expected gross income and Interest Rate Differential arising from Share Class currency hedging over a given period (such period to be determined by the Directors from time to time) with a view to providing consistent monthly dividend distributions to shareholders during such period. At the discretion of the Directors the dividend may include distributions from capital, net realised and net unrealised capital gains. Inclusion of any Interest Rate Differential arising from Share Class currency hedging in the dividend calculation will be considered a distribution from	
	capital or capital gains.	
	The dividend is calculated monthly and distributed to shareholders based upon the number of Shares held at the month end.	
Distributing (Q) Shares	The dividend is calculated quarterly based upon income accrued during the dividend period less expenses.	
(which may be referred to using the number 5 e.g. A5)	The dividend is distributed to shareholders based upon the number of Shares held at the end of the quarter.	
Distributing (A) Shares	The dividend is calculated annually based upon income accrued during the dividend period less expenses.	
(which may be referred to using the number 4 e.g. A4)	The dividend is distributed to shareholders based upon the number of Shares held at the end of the annual period.	
Distributing (Y) Shares (which may be referred to using the number 9 e.g. A9)	The dividend is calculated at the discretion of the Directors on the basis of the expected gross income over a given period (such period to be determined by the Directors from time to time) with a view to providing quarterly dividend distributions to shareholders which will on an annual basis be equal to, or greater than, the Dividend Threshold Amount. Quarterly dividend distributions may exceed the Dividend Threshold Amount, where underlying income generated on the Fund's assets is greater the Dividend Threshold Amount on an annual basis.	
	At the discretion of the Directors the dividend may include distributions from capital, net realised and net unrealised capital gains in order to ensure that the dividend is on an annual basis at least equal to the Dividend Threshold Amount. This may have the effect of reducing the potential for capital growth.	
	The dividend is calculated quarterly and distributed to shareholders based upon the number of Shares held at the end of the quarter.	

Non-Distributing Shares of any class are also referred to using the number 2 e.g. Class A2.

Distributing Shares where income is distributed gross of expenses will also be referred to as Distributing (G) Shares e.g. Class A4(G). Where Distributing (G) Shares are issued for (D), (M), (Q) or (A) Shares, the calculation method set out above is amended to reflect that income is distributed gross of expenses. Distributing (G) Shares is the default Share Class issued in respect of the Equity Income Funds.

Most of the Funds deduct their charges from the income produced from their investments however some may deduct some or all of their charges from capital. Whilst this might allow more income to be distributed, it may also have the effect of reducing the potential for capital growth.

# Declaration, Payment of Reinvestment of Dividend

The chart below describes the usual process for the declaration and payment of dividends and the reinvestment options available to shareholders. The declaration date frequency may change at the Directors discretion.

Dividend Classification*	Declaration	Payment	Automatic Dividend Reinvestment	Payment Method
Distributing (D) Shares	Last Business Day of each calendar month in the Dealing Currency(ies) of the relevant Fund (or such other Business Day as the Directors may determine and notify to shareholders, in advance if possible).	Within 1 calendar month of declaration to shareholders holding Shares during the period following the previous declaration.	the same Fund, unless the shareholder requests otherwise either in writing to the local	Dividends (where a shareholder has notified the local Investor Servicing team or on the application form) are paid directly into the shareholder's bank account by telegraphic transfer in the shareholder's chosen dealing currency at the shareholder's cost (except as otherwise agreed with
Distributing (M) Shares		Within 1 calendar month of declaration to shareholders registered in the share register on the Business		
Distributing (S) Shares				
Distributing (R) Shares		Day prior to the declaration date.		
Distributing (Y) Shares	Last Business Day of each calendar quarter in the Dealing Currency(ies) of the relevant Fund (or such other Business Day as the Directors may determine and notify to shareholders, in advance if possible).			by an underlying investor with his/ her distributor).
Distributing (Q) Shares	20 March, 20 June, 20 September and 20 December (provided such day is a Business Day and if not, the following Business Day).	Within 1 calendar month of the date of the declaration to shareholders.		
Distributing (A) Shares	Last Business Day of each fiscal year in the Dealing Currency(ies) of the relevant Fund (or such other Business Day as the Directors may determine and notify to shareholders, in advance if possible).	Within 1 calendar month of declaration to shareholders registered in the share register on the Business Day prior to the declaration date.		

\* The options described in this chart will also apply to the respective class(es) of UK Reporting Fund status Shares and apply to both net and gross distributions.

No initial charge or CDSC is made on Class A Distributing Shares, issued by way of dividend reinvestment.

It should be borne in mind that re-invested dividends may be treated for tax purposes in most jurisdictions as income received by the shareholder. **Investors should seek their own professional tax advice in this regard.** 

# Fees, Charges and Expenses

Please see Appendix E for a summary of fees and charges.

Further information on fees, charges and expenses is given in paragraphs 18. to 25. of Appendix C, and the following information must be read in conjunction with those paragraphs.

# **Management Fees**

The Company will pay the management fee at an annual rate as shown in Appendix E. The level of management fee varies according to which Fund and share class the investor buys. These fees accrue daily, are based on the Net Asset Value of the relevant Fund and are paid monthly. Certain costs and fees are paid out of the management fee, including the fees of the Investment Advisers.

To assist in achieving the investment objectives of the Reserve Funds, in certain circumstances, including where market conditions cause decreasing yields on the Fund's underlying investments, the Management Company may determine to waive its right to take the full amount of management fees to which it is entitled on any particular day or days. The Management Company may exercise its discretion to do this without prejudice to its entitlement to take the full amount of the management fee accruing on any future days.

# **Distribution Fees**

The Company pays annual distribution fees as shown in Appendix E. These fees accrue daily, are based on the Net Asset Value of the relevant Fund (reflecting, when applicable, any adjustment to the Net Asset Value of the relevant Fund, as described in paragraph 18.3 of Appendix B) and are paid monthly.

# **Securities Lending Fees**

The securities lending agent, BlackRock Advisors (UK) Limited, receives remuneration in relation to its activities. Such remuneration shall not exceed 37.5% of the net revenue from the activities, with all operational costs borne out of BlackRock's share.

# **Administration Fee**

The Company pays an Administration Fee to the Management Company.

The level of Administration Fee may vary at the Directors' discretion, as agreed with the Management Company, and will apply at different rates across the various Funds and Share Classes issued by the Company. However, it has been agreed between the Directors and the Management Company that the Administration Fee currently paid shall not exceed 0.25% per annum. It is accrued daily, based on the Net Asset Value of the relevant Share Class and paid monthly.

The Directors and the Management Company set the level of the Administration Fee at a rate which aims to ensure that the ongoing charges of each Fund remain competitive when compared across a broad market of similar investment products available to investors in the Funds, taking into account a number of criteria such as the market sector of each Fund and the Fund's performance relative to its peer group.

The Administration Fee is used by the Management Company to meet all fixed and variable operating and administrative costs and expenses incurred by the Company, with the exception of the Depositary fees, Distribution fees, Securities Lending fees, any fees arising from borrowings (including for the avoidance of doubt any commitment fee that may be due to the lender), any costs relating to (EU and non EU – see "Other Fees" further below) withholding tax reclaims (plus any taxes or interest thereon) and any taxes at an investment or Company level.

These operating and administrative expenses include all third party expenses and other recoverable costs incurred by or on behalf of the Company from time to time, including but not limited to, fund accounting fees, transfer agency fees (including sub-transfer agency and associated platform dealing charges), all professional costs, such as consultancy, legal, tax advisory and audit fees, Directors' fees (for those Directors who are not employees of the BlackRock Group), travel expenses, reasonable out-of-pocket expenses, printing, publication, translation and all other costs relating to shareholder reporting, regulatory filing and licence fees, correspondent and other banking charges, software support and maintenance, operational costs and expenses attributed to the Investor Servicing teams and other global administration services provided by various BlackRock Group companies.

The Management Company bears the risk of ensuring that the Funds' ongoing charges remain competitive. Accordingly the Management Company is entitled to retain any amount of the Administration Fee paid to it which is in excess of the actual expenses incurred by the Company during any period whereas any costs and expenses incurred by the Company in any period which exceed the amount of Administration Fee that is paid to the Management Company, shall be borne by the Management Company or another BlackRock Group company.

# **Research Fees**

In accordance with new rules coming into force in January 2018 pursuant to EU Directive 2014/65/EU on markets in financial instruments referred to as "MiFID II", BlackRock Group will no longer pay for external research via client trading commissions for its MiFID II-impacted funds ("MIFID II-impacted funds").

The BlackRock Group shall meet such research costs out of its own resources. MiFID II-impacted funds are those which have appointed a BlackRock Group MiFID firm as investment adviser or where investment management has been delegated by such firm to an overseas affiliate.

Funds which have directly appointed an overseas affiliate of the BlackRock Group within a third country (i.e. outside the European Union) to perform portfolio management are not in-scope for the purposes of MiFID II and will be subject to the local laws and market practices governing external research in the applicable jurisdiction of the relevant affiliate. This means that costs of external research may continue to be met out of the assets of such funds. A list of such funds is available on request from the Management Company or can be found on the BlackRock website:

# https://www.blackrock.com/international/individual/en-zz/mifid/ research/bgf

Where investments are made in non-BlackRock Group funds, they will continue to be subject to the external manager's approach to paying for external research in each case. This approach may be different from that of the BlackRock Group and may include the collection of a research charge alongside trading commissions in accordance with applicable laws and market practice. This means

that the costs of external research may continue to be met out of the assets within the fund.

# Other Fees

The Company also pays the fees of the Depositary and any professional costs relating to European Union withholding tax reclaims. Any commitment fees arising from borrowings or any costs relating to withholding tax reclaims will be allocated between the relevant Funds on a fair and equitable basis. Any costs relating to withholding tax reclaims outside of the EU (plus any taxes or interest thereon) will be paid by the Company and will be allocated between the relevant Funds on a fair and equitable basis. As the Company has had a good degree of success with its EU withholding tax reclaims (which are paid by the Company) to date, any costs associated with non-EU withholding tax reclaims will no longer be paid out of the Administration Fee and will now be paid by the Company and allocated between the relevant Funds on a fair and equitable basis.

These fees are normally allocated between the relevant Funds (plus any taxes thereon) on a fair and equitable basis at the Directors' discretion.

In relation to the India Fund only, additional fees and expenses are charged to the Fund as described in paragraph 24. of Appendix C (Additional Information).

# **Initial Charge**

On application for subscription of Shares an initial charge, payable to the Principal Distributor, of up to 5% may be added to the price of Class A Shares, Class AI Shares, Class D Shares and Class DD Shares. An initial charge of up to 3% may be added to the price of some Class E Shares (see Appendix E for details) subject to terms available from relevant distributors. No initial charge is levied on subscriptions into the Reserve Funds.

# **Contingent Deferred Sales Charge**

A CDSC of 1% will be deducted from redemption proceeds and paid on redemption of all Class C Shares of all Funds (except in the case of Reserve Funds) unless the Shares are held for more than a year.

Further information on the CDSC is contained in paragraph 19. of Appendix B.

# **Conversion Charges**

Conversion charges may be applied by selected distributors, on conversion from a Reserve Fund into another of the Company's Funds, or on excessively frequent conversions. See paragraphs 20. to 22. of Appendix B for further details.

# **Redemption Charges**

A redemption charge of up to a maximum of 2% of the redemption proceeds can be charged to a shareholder at the discretion of the Directors where the Directors, in their reasonable opinion, suspect that shareholder of excessive trading as described in the section "Excessive Trading Policy". This charge will be made for the benefit of the Funds, and shareholders will be notified in their contract notes if such a fee has been charged. This charge will be in addition to any applicable conversion charge or deferred sales charge.

# General

Over time, the different charging structures summarised above may result in different Share Classes of the same Fund, which were bought at the same time, producing different investment returns. In this context investors may also wish to consider the services provided by their distributor in relation to their Shares.

The Management Company may pay fees and charges to the Principal Distributor, which in turn may pay fees to other distributors as described in paragraph 22. of Appendix C where permitted by applicable local laws.

# Taxation

The following summary is based on current law and practice, which is subject to change.

Shareholders should inform themselves of, and when appropriate consult their professional advisers on, the possible tax consequences of subscribing for, buying, holding, redeeming, converting or selling shares or the effects of any equalisation policy relevant in respect of shares, under the laws of their country of citizenship, residence or domicile. Investors should note that the levels and bases of, and relief from, taxation can change.

For further information on taxation of the Subsidiary and the India Fund, investors are directed to the section "The Subsidiary" and "Taxation of the Subsidiary and the India Fund" in Appendix C.

# Luxembourg

Under present Luxembourg law and practice, the Company is not liable to any Luxembourg income or capital gains tax, nor are dividends paid by the Company subject to any Luxembourg withholding tax. However, the Company is liable to a tax in Luxembourg of 0.05% per annum or, in the case of the Reserve Funds, Class I, Class J and Class X Shares, 0.01% per annum of its Net Asset Value, payable quarterly on the basis of the value of the net assets of the respective Funds at the end of the relevant calendar quarter. No stamp or other tax is payable in Luxembourg on the issue of Shares.

The benefit of the 0.01% tax rate is available to Class I, Class J and Class X Shares on the basis of Luxembourg legal, regulatory and tax provisions as known to the Company at the date of this Prospectus and at the time of admission of subsequent investors. However, such assessment is subject to interpretations on the status of an Institutional Investor by any competent authorities as will exist from time to time. Any reclassification made by an authority as to the status of an investor may submit all of Class I, Class J and Class X Shares to a tax of 0.05%.

Under Luxembourg tax law in force at the time of this Prospectus, shareholders are not subject to any capital gains, income, withholding, estate, inheritance or other taxes in Luxembourg (except for those domiciled, resident or having a permanent establishment in Luxembourg). Non-resident shareholders are not subject to tax in Luxembourg on any capital gain realized from January 1, 2011, upon disposal of Shares held in the Company.

# **United Kingdom**

The Company is not resident in the UK for tax purposes and it is the intention of the Directors to continue to conduct the affairs of the Company so that it does not become resident in the UK. Accordingly it should not be subject to UK taxation (except in respect of income for which every investor is inherently subject to UK tax). Any gain realised by a UK resident shareholder on disposal of Shares in the Company that have not obtained UK Reporting Fund status would be expected to be an 'offshore income gain' subject to tax as income. UK residents are likely to be subject to income tax on any dividends declared in respect of such shares in the Company, even if they elect for such dividends to be reinvested.

Dividends from offshore funds received by investors subject to UK income tax will be taxed as dividends in the hands of the investor provided that the fund does not at any time during the distribution period hold more than 60% of its assets in interest-bearing (or economically similar) form. From 6 April 2016, there is no longer a notional 10% tax credit on dividend distributions. Instead, a £2,000 tax free dividend allowance has been introduced for UK individuals. Dividends received in excess of this threshold will be taxed at 7.5% for basic rate taxpayers, 32.5% for higher rate taxpayers and 38.1% for additional rate taxpayers.

If the fund holds more than 60% of its assets in interest-bearing (or economically similar) form, any distribution received by UK investors who are subject to income tax will be treated as a payment of yearly interest. The tax rates applying will be those applying to interest (section 378A ITTOIA 2005).

The attention of individuals resident in the UK is drawn to sections 714 to 751 of the Income Tax Act 2007, which contains provisions for preventing avoidance of income tax by transactions resulting in the transfer of income to persons (including companies) abroad and may render them liable to taxation in respect of undistributed income and profits of the Company.

The provisions of section 13 TCGA 1992 may apply to a holding in the Company. Where at least 50% of the Shares are held by five or fewer participators, then any UK person who (together with connected parties) holds more than 25% of the Shares may be taxed upon his proportion of the chargeable gain realised by the Fund as calculated for UK tax purposes.

On the death of a UK resident and domiciled individual shareholder, the shareholder's estate (excluding the UK Reporting Fund status Share Classes) may be liable to pay income tax on any accrued gain. Inheritance tax may be due on the value of the holding after deduction of income tax and subject to any available inheritance tax exemptions.

A UK corporate shareholder may be subject to UK taxation in relation to its holdings in the Fund. It may be required to apply fair value accounting basis in respect of its shareholding in accordance with provisions of Chapter 3 Part 6 Corporation Tax Act 2009 and any increases or decreases in value of the Shares may be taken into account as receipts or deductions for corporation tax purposes.

Corporate Shareholders resident in the UK for taxation purposes should note that the "controlled foreign companies" legislation contained in Part 9A of TIOPA 2010 could apply to any UK resident company which is, either alone or together with persons connected or associated with it for taxation purposes, deemed to be interested in 25 per cent or more of any chargeable profits of a non-UK resident company, where that non-UK resident company is controlled by residents of the UK and meets certain other criteria (broadly that it is resident in a low tax jurisdiction). "Control" is defined in Chapter 18, Part 9A of TIOPA 2010. A non-UK resident company is controlled by persons (whether companies, individuals or others) who are resident in the UK for taxation purposes or is controlled by two persons taken together, one of whom is resident in the UK for tax purposes and has at least 40 per cent of the interests, rights and powers by which those persons control the non-UK resident company, and the other of whom has at least 40 per cent and not more than 55 per cent of such interests, rights and powers. The effect of these provisions could be to render such Shareholders liable to UK corporation tax in respect of the income of the Fund.

It is the intention of the Company that assets held by the Funds will generally be held for investment purposes and not for the purposes of trading. Even if Her Majesty's Revenue & Customs ("HMRC") successfully argued that a Fund is trading for UK tax purposes, it is expected that the conditions of the Investment Management Exemption ("IME") should be met, although no guarantee is given in this respect. Assuming that the requirements of the IME are satisfied, the Fund should not be subject to UK tax in respect of the profits / gains earned on its investments (except in respect of income for which every investor is inherently subject to UK tax). This is on the basis that the investments held by the Funds meet the definition of a "specified transaction" as defined in The Investment Manager (Specified Transactions) Regulations 2009. It is expected that the assets held by the Company should meet the definition of a "specified transaction", although no guarantee is given in this respect.

If the Company failed to satisfy the conditions of the IME or if any investments held are not considered to be a "specified transaction", this may lead to tax leakage within the Funds.

In addition to the above, if HMRC successfully argue that a Fund is trading for UK tax purposes, the returns earned by the Fund from its interest in the underlying assets may need to be included in the Fund's calculation of "income" for the purposes of computing the relevant amount to report to investors in order to meet the requirements for UK Reporting Fund status. However, it is considered that the investments held by the Funds should meet the definition of an "investment transaction" as defined by The Offshore Funds (Tax) Regulations 2009 ("the regulations") which came into force on 1 December 2009. Therefore, it is considered that these investments should be considered as "non-trading transactions" as outlined in the regulations. This assumption is on the basis that the Company meets both the "equivalence condition" and the "genuine diversity of ownership" condition as outlined in the regulations. On the basis that the Company is a UCITS fund, the first condition should be met. Shares in each of the Funds shall be widely available. The intended categories of investors for the Funds are retail and Institutional Investors. Shares in the Funds shall be marketed and made available sufficiently widely to reach the intended categories of investors, and in a manner appropriate to attract those categories of investors. On this basis, the second condition should also be met.

# **UK Reporting Funds**

In November 2009, the UK Government enacted Statutory Instrument 2009 / 3001 (The Offshore Funds (Tax) Regulations 2009) which provides for a new framework for the taxation of investments in offshore funds, and which operates by reference to whether a fund opts into a reporting regime ("UK Reporting Funds") or not ("Non- UK Reporting Funds"). Under the regime, investors in UK Reporting Funds are subject to tax on the share of the UK Reporting Fund's income attributable to their holding in the Fund, whether or not distributed, but any gains on disposal of their holding are subject to capital gains tax.

The UK Reporting Funds regime has applied to the Company since 1 September 2010.

A list of the Funds which currently have UK Reporting Fund status is available at <u>https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/</u> offshore-funds-list-of-reporting-funds.

Provided such certification is obtained, shareholders who are UK taxpayers (i.e. resident in the UK for tax purposes) will (unless regarded as trading in securities) have any gain realised upon disposal or conversion of the Company's Share treated as a capital gain which will be subject to UK capital gains tax. Otherwise any such gain would be treated as income subject to income tax. In the case of individuals domiciled for UK tax purposes outside the UK, the tax implications in relation to any gain on disposal will depend on whether or not the individual is subject to the remittance basis of taxation. Please note that the changes made in Finance Bill 2008 relating to the UK taxation of non-domiciled, UK resident individuals are complex therefore investors subject to the remittance basis of taxation should seek their own professional advice.

In accordance with Regulation 90 of the Offshore Funds (Tax) Regulations 2009, shareholder reports are made available within six months of the end of the reporting period at <u>www.blackrock.com/uk/reportingfundstatus</u>. The intention of the Offshore Fund Reporting regulations is that reportable income data shall principally be made available on a website accessible to UK investors. Alternatively, the shareholders may if they so require, request a hard copy of the reporting fund data for any given year. Such requests must be made in writing to the following address:

Head of Product Tax, BlackRock Investment Management (UK) Limited, 12 Throgmorton Avenue, London EC2N 2DL.

Each such request must be received within three months of the end of the reporting period. Unless the Management Company is notified to the contrary in the manner described above, it is understood that investors do not require their report to be made available other than by accessing the appropriate website.

# Hong Kong

Hong Kong profits tax is charged on the Hong Kong sourced profits of an offshore fund that carries on a trade, business or profession in Hong Kong. The Fund believes that, as an offshore fund, it will be entitled to exemptions from this tax with respect to profits derived from (i) "specified transactions" (as defined in Revenue Ordinance 2006 (the "Ordinance")) arranged by BAMNA, a "specified person" (as defined in the Ordinance), and (ii) transactions "incidental" to carrying out specified transactions. However certain other types of transactions in which the Fund may engage may be subject to this tax, and if the Fund's "incidental" transactions exceed 5% of the total transactions effected, the incidental transactions will be subject to the profits tax.

# People's Republic of China ("PRC")

According to prevailing tax regulation, a 10% withholding income tax is imposed on PRC sourced dividends and interests from non-government bonds paid to a non PRC tax resident enterprise unless the rate is re-duced under an applicable tax treaty.

On 14 November 2014, the Ministry of Finance, China Securities Regulatory Commission and the State Administration of Taxation, acting with State Council's approval, jointly released Circular 79, which temporarily exempts QFIIs and RQFIIs from tax on capital gains derived from the trading of shares and other equity interest investments on or after 17 November 2014. Subsequently, Circulars 81 and 127 were issued to temporarily exempt tax on capital gains derived from trading of A-Shares through the Stock Connects.

There is a risk the PRC tax authorities may withdraw the temporary capital gains tax exemption in the future and seek to collect capital gains tax realised on the sale of A-Shares to the relevant Fund without giving any prior notice. If the tax exemption is withdrawn, any capital gains tax arising from or to the A-Shares of the relevant Fund may be directly borne by or indirectly passed on to the Fund and may result in a substantial impact to its Net Asset Value. As with any Net Asset Value adjustment, investors may be advantaged or disadvantaged depending on when the investors purchased/subscribed and/or sold/redeemed the Shares of the Fund.

From 1 May 2016, Value Added Tax (VAT) will also apply on certain income derived by the relevant Fund, including interest income from non-government bonds and trading gains, unless specifically exempted by the PRC tax authorities. VAT exemptions currently apply to trading of QFII and RQFII products, A-Shares traded on the Stock Connects and debt securities traded in the China Interbank Bond Market.

The Ministry of Finance and the State Administration of Taxation have not issued specific taxation rules on the Bond Connect as at the date of this Prospectus. In the absence of specific taxation rules on Bond Con-nect, applicable tax treatments under existing China domestic tax legislation should apply.

Any changes in PRC tax law, future clarifications thereof, and/or subsequent retroactive enforcement by the PRC tax authorities may result in a loss which could be material to the relevant Fund.

The Investment Adviser will keep the provisioning policy for tax liability under review and may, in its discretion from time to time, make a provision for potential tax liabilities if in their opinion such provision is warranted or as further clarified by the PRC in notifications.

# Foreign Account Tax Compliance Act ("FATCA") and other cross-border reporting systems

The US-Luxembourg Agreement to Improve International Tax Compliance and to Implement FATCA (the "US-Luxembourg IGA") was entered into with the intention of enabling the Luxembourg implementation of the Foreign Account Tax Compliance Act provisions of the U.S. Hiring Incentives to Restore Employment Act ("FATCA"), which impose a reporting regime and potentially a 30% withholding tax on certain payments made from (or attributable to) US sources or in respect of US assets to certain categories of recipient including a non-US financial institution (a "foreign financial institution" or "FFI") that does not comply with the terms of FATCA and is not otherwise exempt. Certain financial institutions ("reporting financial institutions") are required to provide certain information about their US accountholders to the Administration des contributions directes (the "ACD") (which information will in turn be provided to the US tax authority) pursuant to the US-Luxembourg IGA. It is expected that the Company will constitute a

reporting financial institution for these purposes. Accordingly, the Company is required to provide certain information about its direct and, in certain circumstances, its indirect US shareholders to the ACD (which information will in turn be provided to the US tax authorities) and is also required to register with the US Internal Revenue Service. It is the intention of the Company and the Management Company to procure that the Company is treated as complying with the terms of FATCA by complying with the terms of the reporting system contemplated by the US-Luxembourg IGA. No assurance can, however, be provided that the Company will be able to comply with FATCA and, in the event that it is not able to do so, a 30% withholding tax may be imposed on payments it receives from (or which are attributable to) US sources or in respect of US assets, which may reduce the amounts available to it to make payments to its shareholders.

A number of jurisdictions have entered into multilateral arrangements modelled on the Common Reporting Standard for Automatic Exchange of Financial Account Information published by the Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development (OECD). This will require the Company to provide certain information to the ACD about its direct and, in certain circumstances, its indirect shareholders from the jurisdictions which are party to such arrangements (which information will in turn be provided to the relevant tax authorities).

In light of the above, shareholders in the Company will be required to provide certain information to the Company to comply with the terms of the reporting systems. Please note that the Directors have determined that US Persons are not permitted to own units in the Funds, Please see paragraph 4. of Appendix B below.

## Generally

Dividends and interest received by the Company on its investments may be subject to withholding taxes in the countries of origin which are generally irrecoverable as the Company itself is exempt from income tax. Recent European Union case law may, however, reduce the amount of such irrecoverable tax.

Investors should inform themselves of, and when appropriate consult their professional advisers on, the possible tax consequences of subscribing for, buying, holding, redeeming, converting or selling Shares under the laws of their country of

citizenship, residence or domicile. Investors should note that the levels and bases of, and reliefs from, taxation can change.

Under current Luxembourg tax law, there is no withholding tax on payments made by the Company or its paying agent to the shareholders. Indeed, in accordance with the law of 25 November 2014, Luxembourg elected out of the withholding tax system in favour of an automatic exchange of information under the Council Directive 2003/48/EC on the taxation of savings income (the "EU Savings Directive") as from 1 January 2015. The information to be automatically exchanged relates to the identity and the residence of the beneficial owner, the name or denomination and the address of the paying agent, the account number of the beneficial owner, or instead the identification of the debt claim generating the interests, and the total amount of interest or assimilated income generated.

The European Union has adopted a Directive repealing the EU Savings Directive from 1 January 2016 (1 January 2017 in the case of Austria) (in each case subject to transitional arrangements).

# Meetings and Reports Meetings

The annual general meeting of shareholders of the Company is held in Luxembourg at 11 a.m. (Luxembourg time) on 20 February each year (or if such day is not a Business Day in Luxembourg, on the next following Business Day in Luxembourg). Other general meetings of shareholders will be held at such times and places as are indicated in the notices of such meetings. Notices are sent to registered shareholders and (when legally required) published in such newspapers as decided by the Board of Directors and in the Recueil des Sociétés et Associations du Mémorial in Luxembourg.

# Reports

Financial periods of the Company end on 31 August each year. The annual report containing the audited financial accounts of the Company and of each of the Funds in respect of the preceding financial period is available within four months of the relevant yearend. An unaudited interim report is available within two months of the end of the relevant half-year. Copies of all reports are available upon request at the registered office of the Company and from the local Investor Servicing teams. Registered shareholders will be sent a personal statement of account twice-yearly.

# Appendix A

# Appendix A – Investment and Borrowing Powers and Restrictions

# Investment and Borrowing Powers

 The Company's Articles of Association permit it to invest in transferable securities and other liquid financial assets, to the full extent permitted by Luxembourg law. The Articles have the effect that, subject to the law, it is at the Directors' discretion to determine any restrictions on investment or on borrowing or on the pledging of the Company's assets.

The Company's Articles of Association permit the subscription, acquisition and holding of securities issued or to be issued by one or more other Fund of the Company under the conditions set forth by Luxembourg laws and regulations.

## Investment and Borrowing Restrictions

- 2. The following restrictions of Luxembourg law and (where relevant) of the Directors currently apply to the Company:
- 2.1 The investments of each Fund shall consist of:
- 2.1.1 Transferable securities and money market instruments admitted to official listings on regulated stock exchanges in Member States of the European Union (the "EU"),
- 2.1.2 Transferable securities and money market instruments dealt in on other regulated markets in Member States of the EU, that are operating regularly, are recognised and are open to the public,
- 2.1.3 Transferable securities and money market instruments admitted to official listings on stock exchanges in any other country in Europe, Asia, Oceania, the American continents and Africa,
- 2.1.4 Transferable securities and money market instruments dealt in on other regulated markets that are operating regularly, are recognised and open to the public of any other country in Europe, Asia, Oceania, the American continents and Africa,
- 2.1.5 Recently issued transferable securities and money market instruments provided that the terms of the issue include an undertaking that application will be made for admission to the official listing on one of the stock exchanges as specified in 2.1.1 and 2.1.3 or regulated markets that are operating regularly, are recognised and open to the public as specified in 2.1.2 and 2.1.4 and that such admission is secured within a year of issue,
- 2.1.6 Units of UCITS and/or other undertakings for collective investment ("UCIs") within the meaning of Article 1(2), points (a) and (b) of Directive 2009/65/EC, as amended, whether they are situated in a Member State or not, provided that:
  - such other UCIs are authorised under laws which provide that they are subject to supervision considered by CSSF to be equivalent to that laid down in EU law, and that cooperation between authorities is sufficiently ensured;
  - the level of protection for shareholders in the other UCIs is equivalent to that provided for shareholders in a UCITS, and in particular that the rules on asset segregation, borrowing, lending, and uncovered sales of transferable securities and money market instruments are equivalent to the requirements of Directive 2009/65/EC, as amended;
  - the business of the other UCIs is reported in half-yearly and annual reports to enable an assessment to be made of the assets and liabilities, income and operations over the reporting period;

- no more than 10% of the UCITS' or the other UCIs' assets (or of the assets of any sub-fund thereof, provided that the principle of segregation of liabilities of the different compartments is ensured in relation to third parties), whose acquisition is contemplated, can, according to their constitutional documents, be invested in aggregate in units of other UCITS or other UCIs;
- 2.1.7 deposits with credit institutions which are repayable on demand or have the right to be withdrawn, and maturing in no more than 12 months, provided that the credit institution has its registered office in an EU Member State or, if the registered office of the credit institution is situated in a non-Member State, provided that it is subject to prudential rules considered by the CSSF as equivalent to those laid down in EU law;
- 2.1.8 financial derivative instruments, including equivalent cash-settled instruments, dealt in on a regulated market; and/or financial derivative instruments dealt in OTC derivatives, provided that:
  - the underlying consists of instruments described in subparagraphs 2.1.1 to 2.1.7 above and 2.1.9 below, financial indices, interest rates, foreign exchange rates or currencies, in which the Company may invest according to its investment objectives;
  - the counterparties to OTC derivative transactions are institutions subject to prudential supervision, and belonging to the categories approved by the CSSF; and
  - the OTC derivatives are subject to reliable and verifiable valuation on a daily basis and can be sold, liquidated or closed by an offsetting transaction at any time at their fair value at the Company's initiative;
- 2.1.9 money market instruments other than those dealt in on a regulated market, which fall under Article 1 of the 2010 Law, if the issue or issuer of such instruments is itself regulated for the purpose of protecting investors and savings, and provided that they are:
  - issued or guaranteed by a central, regional or local authority or central bank of an EU Member State, the European Central Bank, the EU or the European Investment Bank, a non-Member State or, in the case of a Federal State, by one of the members making up the federation, or by a public international body to which one or more Member States belong; or
  - issued by an undertaking any securities of which are dealt in on regulated markets referred to in subparagraphs 2.1.1, 2.1.2 or 2.1.3 above; or
  - issued or guaranteed by an establishment subject to prudential supervision, in accordance with criteria defined by EU law, or by an establishment which is subject to and complies with prudential rules considered by the CSSF to be at least as stringent as those laid down by EU law; or
  - Issued by other bodies belonging to the categories approved by the CSSF provided that investments in such instruments are subject to investor protection equivalent to that laid down in the first, the second or the third indent and provided that the issuer is a company whose capital and reserves amount to at least €10 million and which presents and publishes its annual accounts in accordance with Directive 78/660/EEC, is an entity which, within a group of companies which includes one or several listed companies, is dedicated to the financing of the group or is an entity which is dedicated to the financing of securitisation vehicles which benefit from a banking liquidity line.

- 2.2 Furthermore, each Fund may invest no more than 10% of its net assets in transferable securities and money market instruments other than those referred to in sub-paragraph 2.1.1 to 2.1.9.
- 2.3 Each Fund may acquire the units of other Funds in the Company, UCITS and/or other UCIs referred to in paragraph 2.1.6. Each Fund's aggregate investment in UCITS, other Funds in the Company and other UCI's will not exceed 10% of its net assets in order that the Funds are deemed eligible investments for other UCITS funds.

When each Fund has acquired shares of UCITS and/or other UCIs, the assets of the respective UCITS or other UCIs do not have to be combined for the purposes of the limits laid down in paragraph 2.6.

When a Fund invests in the units of other UCITS and/or other UCIs that are managed, directly or by delegation, by the same investment manager or by any other company with which the investment manager is linked by common management or control, or by a substantial direct or indirect holding, no subscription or redemption fees may be charged to the Company on its investment in the units of such other UCITS and/or UCIs. For further details please refer to the section entitled "Conflicts of interest from relationships within the BlackRock Group and with the PNC Group" of this Prospectus.

- 2.4 When a Fund invests (the "investor Fund") in shares of another Fund in the Company (the "target Fund"):
  - the target Fund may not itself invest in the investor Fund;
  - the target Fund may not invest more than 10% of its net assets in units of another Fund of the Company ( as set out in paragraph 2.3 above);
  - any voting rights which may be attached to the shares of the target Fund will be suspended for the investor Fund for the duration of the investment;
  - any management fees or subscription or redemption fees payable in relation to the target Fund may not be charged to the investor Fund; and
  - b the net asset value of the shares of the target Fund may not be considered for the purpose of the requirement that the capital of the Company should be above the legal minimum as specified in the 2010 Law, currently €1,250,000.
- 2.5 A Fund may hold ancillary liquid assets.
- 2.6 A Fund may not invest in any one issuer in excess of the limits set out below:
- 2.6.1 Not more than 10% of a Fund's net assets may be invested in transferable securities or money market instruments issued by the same entity.
- 2.6.2 Not more than 20% of a Fund's net assets may be invested in deposits made with the same entity.
- 2.6.3 By way of exception, the 10% limit stated in the first paragraph of this section may be increased to:
  - a maximum of 35% if the transferable securities or money market instruments are issued or guaranteed by an EU Member State, by its local authorities, by a non-Member State or by public international bodies to which one or more Member States belong;

- a maximum of 25% in the case of certain bonds when these are issued by a credit institution which has its registered office in an EU Member State and is subject by law to special public supervision designed to protect bond holders. In particular, sums deriving from the issue of these bonds must be invested in conformity with the law in assets which, during the whole period of validity of the bonds, are capable of covering claims attaching to the bonds and which, in the event of failure of the issuer, would be used on a priority basis for the reimbursement of the principal and payment of the accrued interest. When a Fund invests more than 5% of its net assets in the bonds referred to in this paragraph and issued by one issuer, the total value of these investments may not exceed 80% of the value of the net assets of such Fund.
- 2.6.4 The total value of the transferable securities or money market instruments held by a Fund in the issuing bodies in each of which it invests more than 5% of its net assets must not then exceed 40% of the value of its net assets. This limitation does not apply to deposits and OTC derivative transactions made with financial institutions subject to prudential supervision. The transferable securities and money market instruments limits referred to in the two indents of paragraph 2.6.3 above shall not be taken into account for the purpose of applying the limit of 40% referred to in this paragraph.

Notwithstanding the individual limits laid down in sub-paragraphs 2.6.1 to 2.6.4 above, a Fund may not combine:

- investments in transferable securities or money market instruments issued by a single entity; and/or
- deposits made with a single entity; and/or
- exposures arising from OTC derivative transactions undertaken with a single entity, in excess of 20% of its net assets.

When a transferable security or money market instrument embeds a derivative, the latter must be taken into account when complying with the requirements of the above mentioned restrictions.

The limits provided for in sub-paragraphs 2.6.1 to 2.6.4 above may not be combined, and thus investments in transferable securities or money market instruments issued by the same entity or in deposits or derivative instruments made with this entity carried out in accordance with paragraphs 2.6.1 to 2.6.4 shall under no circumstances exceed in total 35% of the net assets of the Fund.

Companies which are included in the same group for the purposes of consolidated accounts, as defined in accordance with Directive 83/349/ EEC or in accordance with recognised international accounting rules, are regarded as a single entity for the purpose of calculating the investment limits mentioned in sub-paragraphs 2.6.1 to 2.6.4 above.

The Fund may not invest cumulatively more that 20% of its net assets in transferable securities or money market instruments of the same group subject to restrictions 2.6.1 and the three indents under 2.6.4 above.

Without prejudice to the limits laid down in paragraph 2.8 below, the limit of 10% laid down in sub-paragraph 2.6.1 above is raised to a maximum of 20% for investment in equity and/or debt securities issued by the same body when the aim of the investment policy of a Fund is to replicate the composition of a certain equity or debt securities index which is recognised by the CSSF, on the following basis:

the composition of the index is sufficiently diversified;

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- the index represents an adequate benchmark for the market to which it refers;
- it is published in an appropriate manner;
- it is replicable;
- it is transparent, with the full calculation methodology and index performance published; and
- it is subject to independent valuation.

This limit is 35% where that proves to be justified by exceptional market conditions in particular in regulated markets where certain transferable securities or money market instruments are highly dominant. The investment up to this limit is only permitted for a single issuer.

By way of derogation, each Fund is authorised to invest up to 100% of its net assets in different transferable securities and money market instruments issued or guaranteed by an EU Member State, its local authorities, by another member state of the OECD or public international bodies of which one or more EU Member States are members, provided that (i) such securities are part of at least six different issues and (ii) securities from any one issue do not account for more than 30% of the net assets of such Fund.

- 2.7 The Company may not invest in shares with voting rights enabling it to exercise significant influence over the management of the issuing body.
- 2.8 The Company may not:
- 2.8.1 acquire more than 10% of the shares with non-voting rights of one and the same issuer.
- 2.8.2 acquire more than 10% of the debt securities of one and the same issuer.
- 2.8.3 acquire more than 25% of the units of one and the same undertaking for collective investment.
- 2.8.4 acquire more than 10% of the money market instruments of any single issuer.

The limits stipulated in sub-paragraphs 2.8.2, 2.8.3 and 2.8.4 above may be disregarded at the time of acquisition if, at that time, the gross amount of debt securities or of the money market instruments, or the net amount of securities in issue cannot be calculated.

- 2.9 The limits stipulated in paragraphs 2.7 and 2.8 above do not apply to:
- 2.9.1 Transferable securities and money market instruments issued or guaranteed by an EU Member State or its local authorities;
- 2.9.2 Transferable securities and money market instruments issued or guaranteed by a non-EU Member State;
- 2.9.3 Transferable securities and money market instruments issued by public international institutions of which one or more EU Member States are members;
- 2.9.4 Transferable securities held by a Fund in the capital of a company incorporated in a non-Member State investing its assets mainly in the securities of issuing bodies having their registered offices in that State, where under the legislation of that State such a holding represents the only way in which such Fund can invest in the

securities of issuing bodies of that State. This derogation, however, shall apply only if in its investment policy the company from the non-Member State complies with the limits laid down in Articles 43, 46 and 48(1) and (2) of the 2010 Law. Where the limits set in Articles 43 and 46 of the 2010 Law are exceeded, Article 49 shall apply mutatis mutandis; and

- 2.9.5 Transferable securities held by the Company in the capital of subsidiary companies carrying on only the business of management, advice or marketing in the country where the subsidiary is located, in regard to the repurchase of units at shareholders' request exclusively on its or their behalf.
- 2.10 The Company may always, in the interest of the shareholders, exercise the subscription rights attached to securities, which form part of its assets.

When the maximum percentages stated in paragraphs 2.2 through 2.8 above are exceeded for reasons beyond the control of the Company, or as a result of the exercise of subscription rights, the Company must adopt, as a priority objective, sales transactions to remedy the situation, taking due account of the interests of its shareholders.

- 2.11 A Fund may borrow to the extent of 10% of its total net assets (valued at market value) provided these borrowings are made on a temporary basis. However, the Company may acquire for the account of a Fund foreign currency by way of back-to-back loan. Any repayment of monies borrowed, together with accrued interest and any fees arising from the committed credit line (including for the avoidance of doubt any commitment fee that may be due to the lender), shall be paid out of the assets of the respective Fund. Any new Funds will not automatically be subject to a credit line and will therefore be required to be added by way of a joinder process. This process includes, inter alia, any necessary due diligence being carried out by the lenders in order to approve the addition of the new Funds. During this period, such Funds will not be subject to, or able to draw down on, any credit line. Furthermore, there is no guarantee that the addition of any new Funds will be approved by the lenders, or that credit will be available to a Fund since the credit line is subject to availability (on an equitable allocation basis) between the Funds and other BlackRock funds participating in the credit agreement. As such, certain Funds may not be subject to the credit line and will not incur any fees with respect to same.
- 2.12 The Company may not grant credit facilities nor act as guarantor on behalf of third parties, provided that for the purpose of this restriction (i) the acquisition of transferable securities, money market instruments or other financial investments referred to in subparagraphs 2.1.6, 2.1.8 and 2.9 above, in fully or partly paid form and (ii) the permitted lending of portfolio securities shall be deemed not to constitute the making of a loan.
- 2.13 The Company undertakes not to carry out uncovered sales transactions of transferable securities, money market instruments or other financial instruments referred to in sub-paragraphs 2.1.6, 2.1.8 and 2.1.9 above; provided that this restriction shall not prevent the Company from making deposits or carrying out accounts in connection with financial derivatives instruments, permitted within the limits referred to above.
- 2.14 The Company's assets may not include precious metals or certificates representing them, commodities, commodities contracts, or certificates representing commodities.
- 2.15 The Company may not purchase or sell real estate or any option, right or interest therein, provided that the Company may invest in securities secured by real estate or interests therein or issued by companies which invest in real estate or interests therein.

2.16 The Company will in addition comply with such further restrictions as may be required by the regulatory authorities in any country in which the Shares are marketed.

## 2.17 Short Term Money-Market Funds

A Fund which is categorised in this Prospectus as a "Short Term Money-Market Fund" in accordance with the ESMA's "Guidelines on a common definition of European money market funds" will satisfy the following conditions:

- the Fund's primary investment objective is to maintain the principal and aim to provide a return in line with moneymarket rates;
- the Fund will invest only in approved money-market instruments (in accordance with section 2 of this Appendix) and deposits with credit institutions;
- the Fund will, on an ongoing basis, ensure the approved money-market instruments it invests in are of "high quality" as determined by the Investment Adviser in accordance with the range of factors to determine "high quality" set out in the ESMA Guidelines;
- the Fund will provide daily net asset value and price calculation and allow for daily subscription and redemption of shares;
- the Fund will invest only in securities with a residual maturity until the legal redemption date of less than or equal to 397 days and the Fund will maintain a weighted average maturity of no more than 60 days and a weighted average life of no more than 120 days;
- the Fund will not take direct or indirect exposure to equities or commodities, including via derivatives and will only use derivatives in line with its money market investment strategy. If using derivatives that give exposure to foreign exchange the Fund will do so only for the purposes of currency hedging;
- the Fund will only invest in non-base currency securities where its exposure is fully hedged;
- the Fund will limit its investment in other collective investment schemes to those permitted under section 2 of this Appendix and which meet the definition of a "Short-Term Money-Market Fund" in accordance with ESMA's "Guidelines on a common definition of European money market funds"; and
- the Fund will aim to maintain a fluctuating net asset value or a constant net asset value.

The Company shall take the risks that it deems reasonable to reach the assigned objective set for each Fund; however, it cannot guarantee that it shall reach its goals given stock exchange fluctuations and other risks inherent in investments in transferable securities.

- 3. Financial Techniques and Instruments.
- 3.1 The Company must employ a risk-management process which enables it to monitor and measure at any time the risk of the positions and their contribution to the overall risk profile of the portfolio; it must employ a process for accurate and independent assessment of the value of OTC derivative instruments. It must communicate to the CSSF regularly and in accordance with the detailed rules defined by the latter, the types of derivative

instruments, the underlying risks, the quantitative limits and the methods which are chosen in order to estimate the risks associated with transactions in derivative instruments.

- 3.2 In addition, the Company is authorised to employ techniques and instruments relating to transferable securities and to money market instruments under the conditions and within the limits laid down by the CSSF provided that such techniques and instruments are used for the purpose of efficient portfolio management or for hedging purposes.
- 3.3 When these operations concern the use of derivative instruments, these conditions and limits shall conform to the provisions laid down in the 2010 Law.

Under no circumstances shall these operations cause the Company to diverge from its investment policies and investment restrictions.

- 3.4 The Company will ensure that the global exposure of the underlying assets shall not exceed the total net value of a Fund. The underlying assets of index based derivative instruments are not combined to the investment limits laid down under sub-paragraphs 2.6.1 to 2.6.4 above.
  - When a transferable security or money market instrument embeds a derivative, the latter must be taken into account when complying with the requirements of the abovementioned restrictions.
  - The exposure is calculated taking into account the current value of the underlying assets, the counterparty risk, future market movements and the time available to liquidate the positions.
- 3.5 Efficient Portfolio Management Other Techniques and Instruments

In addition to the investments in financial derivatives instruments, the Company may employ other techniques and instruments relating to transferable securities and money market instruments subject to the conditions set out in the CSSF Circular 08/356, as amended from time to time, and ESMA Guidelines ESMA/2012/ 832EL, such as repurchase/ reverse repurchase transactions, ("repo transactions") and securities lending.

Appendix G specifies, for each Fund, the maximum and expected proportion of the Net Asset Value that can be subject to securities lending and repo transactions. The expected proportion is not a limit and the actual percentage may vary over time depending on factors including, but not limited to, market conditions and borrowing demand in the market.

Techniques and instruments which relate to transferable securities or money market instruments and which are used for the purpose of efficient portfolio management, including financial derivatives instruments which are not used for direct investment purposes, shall be understood as a reference to techniques and instruments which fulfil the following criteria:

- 3.5.1 they are economically appropriate in that they are realised in a costeffective way;
- 3.5.2 they are entered into for one or more of the following specific aims:
  - (a) reduction of risk;
  - (b) reduction of cost;

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- (c) generation of additional capital or income for the Company with a level of risk which is consistent with the risk profile of the Company and its relevant Funds and the risk diversification rules applicable to them;
- 3.5.3 their risks are adequately captured by the risk management process of the Company; and
- 3.5.4 they cannot result in a change to the Fund's declared investment objective or add significant supplementary risks in comparison to the general risk policy as described in the Prospectus and relevant KIIDs.

Techniques and instruments (other than financial derivatives instruments) which may be used for efficient portfolio management purposes are set out below and are subject to the conditions set out below.

Moreover those transactions may be carried out for 100% of the assets held by the relevant Fund provided (i) that their volume is kept at an appropriate level or that the Company is entitled to request the return of the securities lent in a manner that enables it, at all times, to meet its redemption obligations; and (ii) that these transactions do not jeopardise the management of the Company's assets in accordance with the investment policy of the relevant Fund. Risks shall be monitored in accordance with the risk management process of the Company.

As part of the efficient portfolio management techniques the Funds may underwrite or sub-underwrite certain offerings from time to time through the Investment Advisers. The Management Company will seek to ensure that the relevant Funds will receive the commissions and fees payable under such contracts and all investments acquired pursuant to such contracts will form part of the relevant Funds' assets. Under the Luxembourg regulation, there is no requirement to require a prior consent of the trustee/depositary.

3.6 Securities lending transactions and related potential conflicts of interest

Each Fund may conduct securities lending transactions in aggregate for up to such percentage of its Net Asset Value as disclosed in the table in Appendix G.

The Company may enter into securities lending transactions provided that it complies with the following rules:

- 3.6.1 the Company may lend securities either directly or through a standardised system organised by a recognised clearing institution or a lending program organised by a financial institution subject to prudential supervision rules which are recognised by the CSSF as equivalent to those laid down in EU law and specialised in this type of transactions;
- 3.6.2 the borrower must be subject to prudential supervision rules considered by the CSSF as equivalent to those prescribed by EU law;
- 3.6.3 net exposures (i.e. the exposures of a Fund less the collateral received by a Fund) to a counterparty arising from securities lending transactions shall be taken into account in the 20% limit provided for in article 43(2) of the 2010 Law.
- 3.6.4 as part of its lending transactions, the Company must receive collateral, the market value of which, shall, at all times, be equal to at least the market value of the securities lent plus a premium;
- 3.6.5 such collateral must be received prior to or simultaneously with the transfer of the securities lent. When the securities are lent through an intermediary referred to under 3.6.1 above, the transfer of the

securities lent may be effected prior to receipt of the collateral, if the relevant intermediary ensures proper completion of the transaction. The intermediary may, instead of the borrower, provide to the UCITS collateral in lieu of the borrower; and

3.6.6 the Company must have the right to terminate any securities lending arrangement which it has entered into at any time or demand the return of any or all of the securities loaned.

Counterparties for securities lending transactions are selected based on a rigorous credit assessment and in-depth review at the individual legal entity level at the outset of the trading relationship. Credit assessments include an evaluation of the legal entity corporate and/or ownership structure, regulatory regime, track record, financial health and any external agency ratings, where applicable.

The Company shall disclose the global valuation of the securities lent in the annual and semi-annual reports. Please refer also to paragraph 11 ("The Depositary") in Appendix C for information on additional requirements pursuant to the UCITS Directive in relation to the reuse of assets held in custody by the Depositary.

There are potential conflicts of interests in managing a securities lending program, including but not limited to: (i) BlackRock as lending agent may have an incentive to increase or decrease the amount of securities on loan or to lend particular securities in order to generate additional risk-adjusted revenue for BlackRock and its affiliates; and (ii) BlackRock as lending agent may have an incentive to allocate loans to clients that would provide more revenue to Blackrock. As described further below, BlackRock seeks to mitigate this conflict by providing its securities lending clients with equal lending opportunities over time in order to approximate pro-rata allocation.

As part of its securities lending program, BlackRock indemnifies certain clients and/or funds against a shortfall in collateral in the event of borrower default. BlackRock's Risk and Quantitative Analytics Group ("RQA") calculates, on a regular basis, BlackRock's potential dollar exposure to the risk of collateral shortfall upon counterparty default ("shortfall risk") under the securities lending program for both indemnified and non-indemnified clients. On a periodic basis, RQA also determines the maximum amount of potential indemnified shortfall risk arising from securities lending activities ("indemnification exposure limit") and the maximum amount of counterparty-specific credit exposure ("credit limits") BlackRock is willing to assume as well as the program's operational complexity. RQA oversees the risk model that calculates projected shortfall values using loan-level factors such as loan and collateral type and market value as well as specific borrower counterparty credit characteristics. When necessary, RQA may further adjust other securities lending program attributes by restricting eligible collateral or reducing counterparty credit limits. As a result, the management of the indemnification exposure limit may affect the amount of securities lending activity BlackRock may conduct at any given point in time and impact indemnified and non-indemnified clients by reducing the volume of lending opportunities for certain loans (including by asset type, collateral type and/or revenue profile).

BlackRock uses a predetermined systematic and fair process in order to approximate pro-rata allocation. In order to allocate a loan to a portfolio: (i) BlackRock as a whole must have sufficient lending capacity pursuant to the various program limits (i.e. indemnification exposure limit and counterparty credit limits); (ii) the lending portfolio must hold the asset at the time a loan opportunity arrives; and (iii) the lending portfolio must also have enough inventory, either on its own or when aggregated with other portfolios into one single market delivery, to satisfy the loan request. In doing so, BlackRock seeks to provide equal lending opportunities for all portfolios, independent of whether BlackRock indemnifies the portfolio. Equal opportunities for lending portfolios does not guarantee equal outcomes. Specifically, short and long-term outcomes for individual clients may vary due to asset mix, asset/liability spreads on different securities, and the overall limits imposed by the firm.

3.7 Repo transactions

The Company may enter into:

- repurchase transactions which consist of the purchase or sale of securities with provisions reserving the seller the right or the obligation to repurchase from the buyer securities sold at a price and term specified by the two parties in their contractual arrangement; and
- reverse repurchase agreement transactions, which consist of a forward transaction at the maturity of which the seller (counterparty) has the obligation to repurchase the securities sold and the Company the obligation to return the securities received under the transaction.

Each Fund may conduct repurchase/reverse repurchase transactions in aggregate for up to such percentage of its latest available net asset value as disclosed in the table in Appendix G. All incremental incomes generated from such transactions will be accrued to the Fund.

- 3.7.1 The Company can act either as buyer or seller in repo transactions. Its involvement in such transactions is however subject to the following rules:
  - (a) the fulfilment of the conditions 3.6.2 and 3.6.3;
  - (b) during the life of a repo transaction with the Company acting as purchaser, the Company shall not sell the securities which are the object of the contract, before the counterparty has exercised its option or until the deadline for the repurchase has expired, unless the Company has other means of coverage;
  - (c) the securities acquired by the Company under a repo transaction must conform to the Fund's investment policy and investment restrictions and must be limited to:
    - short-term bank certificates or money market instruments as defined in Directive 2007/16/EC of 19 March 2007;
    - bonds issued by non-governmental issuers offering an adequate liquidity;
    - (iii) assets referred to under 3.8.2(b), 3.8.2(c) and 3.8.2(d) below; and

The Company shall disclose the total amount of the open repo transactions on the date of reference of its annual and interim reports.

- 3.7.2 Where the Company enters into repurchase agreements, it must be able at any time to recall any securities subject to the repurchase agreement or to terminate the repurchase agreement into which it has entered. Fixed-term repurchase agreements that do not exceed seven days should be considered as arrangements on terms that allow the assets to be recalled at any time by the Company.
- 3.7.3 Where the Company enters into reverse repurchase agreements, it must be able at any time to recall the full amount of cash or to terminate the reverse repurchase agreement on either an accrued basis or a mark-to-market basis. When the cash is recallable at any

time on a mark-to-market basis, the mark-to-market value of the reverse repurchase agreement should be used for the calculation of the net asset value. Fixed-term reverse repurchase agreements that do not exceed seven days should be considered as arrangements on terms that allow the assets to be recalled at any time by the Company.

- 3.8 Management of collateral for OTC financial derivative transactions and efficient portfolio management techniques
- 3.8.1 Collateral obtained in respect of OTC financial derivative transactions and efficient portfolio management techniques ("Collateral"), such as a repo transaction or securities lending arrangement, must comply with the following criteria:
  - (a) liquidity: Collateral (other than cash) should be highly liquid and traded on a regulated market or multi-lateral trading facility with transparent pricing in order that it can be sold quickly at a price that is close to its pre-sale valuation. Collateral received should also comply with the provisions of Article 48 of the 2010 Law;
  - (b) valuation: Collateral should be capable of being valued marked to market on a daily basis and assets that exhibit high price volatility should not be accepted as Collateral unless suitably conservative haircuts are in place;
  - (c) issuer credit quality: Collateral should be of high quality;
  - (d) correlation: Collateral should be issued by an entity that is independent from the counterparty and is expected not to display a high correlation with the performance of the counterparty;
  - (e) diversification: Collateral should be sufficiently diversified in terms of country, markets and issuers with a maximum exposure to a given issuer of 20% of a Fund's Net Asset Value. When a Fund is exposed to different counterparties, the different baskets of Collateral should be aggregated to calculate the 20% limit of exposure to a single issuer; and
  - (f) immediately available: Collateral must be capable of being fully enforced by the Company at any time without reference to or approval from the counterparty.

Counterparties for repurchase / reverse repurchase transactions are selected based on a rigorous credit assessment and in-depth review at the individual legal entity level at the outset of the trading relationship. Credit assessments include an evaluation of the legal entity corporate and/or ownership structure, regulatory regime, track record, financial health and any external agency ratings, where applicable.

- 3.8.2 Subject to the above criteria, Collateral must comply with the following criteria:
  - (a) liquid assets such as cash, short term bank deposits, money market instruments as defined in Directive 2007/16/EC of 19 March 2007, letters of credit and guarantees at first demand issued by a first class credit institution not affiliated to the counterparty;
  - (b) bonds issued or guaranteed by a Member State of the OECD or by their local authorities or supranational institutions and bodies of a community, regional or world-wide scope;
  - (c) shares or units issued by money market-type UCIs calculating a daily net asset value and having a rating of AAA or its equivalent;

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- (d) shares or units issued by UCITS investing mainly in bonds/ shares mentioned under e) and f) hereunder;
- (e) bonds issued or guaranteed by first class issuers offering an adequate liquidity; or
- (f) shares admitted to or dealt in on a regulated market of a Member State of the European Union or on a stock exchange of a Member State of the OECD, provided that these shares are included in a main index.
- 3.8.3 Where there is title transfer, the Collateral received should be held by the Depositary, or its agent. This is not applicable in the event that there is no title transfer in which case the Collateral will be held by a third party custodian which is subject to prudential supervision, and which is unrelated to the provider of the Collateral.
- 3.8.4 When the Collateral given in the form of cash exposes the Company to a credit risk vis-à-vis the trustee of this Collateral, such exposure shall be subject to the 20% limitation as laid down in section 2.6 above.
- 3.8.5 During the duration of the agreement, non-cash Collateral cannot be sold, re-invested or pledged.
- 3.8.6 Cash received as Collateral may only be:
  - (a) placed on deposit with entities prescribed in Article 50(f) of Directive 2009/65/EC;
  - (b) invested in high quality government bonds;
  - (c) used for the purpose of reverse repurchase agreements provided the transactions are with credit institutions subject to prudential supervision and the Company can recall at any time the full amount of the cash on an accrued basis; and
  - (d) invested in short term money market funds as defined in the ESMA Guidelines on a common definition of European Money Market Funds.

Re-invested cash Collateral should be diversified in accordance with the diversification requirements applicable to non-cash Collateral.

3.8.7 The Company has implemented a haircut policy in respect of each class of assets received as Collateral in order to reduce exposure to trading counterparties for OTC Derivative, Securities Lending and Reverse Repurchase transactions. These transactions are executed under standardised legal documentation that include terms related to credit support and eligible collateral, including haircuts to be applied.

A haircut is a discount applied to the value of a Collateral asset to account for the fact that its valuation, or liquidity profile, may deteriorate over time. The haircut policy takes account of the characteristics of the relevant asset class, including the credit standing of the issuer of the Collateral, the price volatility of the Collateral and the results of any stress tests which may be performed in accordance with the collateral management policy. Subject to the framework of agreements in place with the relevant counterparty, which may or may not include minimum transfer amounts, it is the intention of the Company that any Collateral received shall have a value, adjusted in light of the haircut policy, which equals or exceeds the relevant counterparty exposure where appropriate.

The applicable haircuts for each of the relevant types of assets held as Collateral are specified below as a valuation percentage. Larger haircuts than those noted below may be applied at the sole discretion of the Company; larger haircuts may apply to certain counterparties, and/or to certain transactions (e.g. wrong way risk).

The Company reserves the right to vary this policy at any time in which case this Prospectus will be updated accordingly.

## OTC Derivative Transactions

Eligible Collateral	Minimum Haircut Applicable
Cash	0%
Government Bonds having a remaining term to maturity of one year or less	0.5%
Government Bonds having a remaining term to maturity of greater than one year but less than or equal to five years	2%
Government Bonds having a remaining term to maturity of greater than five years	4%
Non-Government Bonds having a remaining term to maturity of less than or equal to five years	10%
Non-Government Bonds having a remaining term to maturity of greater than 5 years	12%

#### Securities Lending Transactions

Eligible Collateral	Minimum Haircut Applicable
Cash	2%
Money Market Funds	2%
Government Bonds	2.5%
Supranational / Agency Bonds	2.5%
Equities (including ADRs and ETFs)	5%

#### Reverse Repurchase Transactions

Eligible Collateral	Minimum Haircut Applicable
Government bonds	0%
Corporate Bonds	6%

- 3.8.8 Risk and potential Conflicts of Interest associated with OTC derivatives and efficient portfolio management
  - (a) There are certain risks involved in OTC derivative transactions, efficient portfolio management activities and the management of Collateral in relation to such activities. Please refer to the sections of this Prospectus entitled "Conflicts of interest from relationships within the BlackRock Group and with the PNC Group" and "Risk Considerations" and, in particular but without limitation, the risk factors relating to derivatives, counterparty risk and counterparty risk to the Depositary. These risks may expose investors to an increased risk of loss.
  - (b) The combined counterparty risk on any transaction involving OTC derivative instruments or efficient portfolio management techniques may not exceed 10% of the assets of a Fund when the counterparty is a credit institution domiciled in the EU or in a country where the CSSF considers that supervisory regulations are equivalent to those prevailing on the EU. This limit is set at 5% in any other case.
  - (c) The Company's delegates will continuously assess the credit or counterparty risk as well as the potential risk, which is for trading activities, the risk resulting from adverse movements in the level of volatility of market prices and will assess the hedging effectiveness on an ongoing basis. They will define specific internal limits applicable to these kinds of operations and monitor the counterparties accepted for these transactions.

# Appendix B

# Appendix B – Summary of Certain Provisions of the Articles and of Company Practice

The below is a summary of the Articles. However, such summary does not purport to be complete. It is subject to and qualified in its entirety by reference to the contents of such Articles, the application forms and other documents and, accordingly, it should be reviewed for complete information concerning the rights, privileges and obligations of investors in the Company. In the event that the description in or terms of this Prospectus are inconsistent with or contrary to the description in or terms of the Articles or the application forms, the Articles shall prevail and investors will be taken as having full knowledge of the Articles in applying for Shares.

## Articles of Association

1. Terms used in this summary that are defined in the Articles have the same meaning below.

## 1.1 Corporate Existence

The Company is a company existing in the form of a société anonyme qualifying as a société d'investissement à capital variable (SICAV) under the name of BlackRock Global Funds with the status of a Part I Undertaking for Collective Investment in Transferable Securities (UCITS).

## 1.2 Sole Object

The sole object of the Company is to place the funds available to it in one or more portfolios of transferable securities or other assets referred to in Article 41(1) of the 2010 Law, referred to as "Funds", with the purpose of spreading investment risks and affording to its shareholders the results of the management of the Company's Funds.

## 1.3 Capital

The capital is represented by fully paid Shares of no par value and will at any time be equal to the aggregate value of the net assets of the Funds of the Company. Any variation of the Company's capital has immediate effect.

## 1.4 Fractions

Fractions of Shares may be issued only as registered shares.

## 1.5 Voting

In addition to the right to one vote for each whole Share of which he is the holder at general meetings, a holder of Shares of any particular Class will be entitled at any separate meeting of the holders of Shares of that Class to one vote for each whole Share of that Class of which he is the holder.

## 1.6 Joint Holders

The Company will register registered shares jointly in the names of not more than four holders should they so require. In such case the rights attaching to such a Share must be exercised jointly by all those parties in whose names it is registered except that verbal instructions will be accepted by the Company from any one joint holder in cases where verbal instructions are permitted pursuant to provisions of this Prospectus. Written instructions will be accepted by the Company from any one joint holder where all the holders have previously given written authority to the Transfer Agent or the local Investor Servicing team to accept those instructions. Instructions accepted on either of such bases will be binding on all the joint holders concerned.

## 1.7 Allotment of Shares

The Directors are authorised without limitation to allot and issue Shares at any time at the current price per Share without reserving preferential subscription rights to existing shareholders.

## 1.8 Directors

The Articles provide for the Company to be managed by a board of

Directors composed of at least three persons. Directors are elected by the shareholders. The Directors are vested with all powers to perform all acts of administration and disposition in the Company's interest. In particular the Directors have power to appoint any person to act as a functionary to the Fund.

No contract or other transaction between the Company and any other company or firm shall be affected or invalidated by the fact that any one or more of the Directors or officers of the Company is interested in, or is a director, associate, officer or employee of, that other company or firm.

## 1.9 Indemnity

The Company may indemnify any Director or officer against expenses reasonably incurred by him in connection with any proceedings to which he may be made a party by reason of such position in the Company or in any other company of which the Company is a shareholder or creditor and from which he is not entitled to be indemnified, except where due to gross negligence or wilful misconduct on his part.

## 1.10 Winding up and Liquidation

The Company may be wound up at any time by a resolution adopted by a general meeting of shareholders in accordance with the provisions of the Articles. The Directors must submit the question of the winding up of the Company to a general meeting of shareholders if the corporate capital falls below two-thirds of the minimum capital prescribed by law (the minimum capital is currently the equivalent of EUR1,250,000).

On a winding up, assets available for distribution amongst the shareholders will be applied in the following priority:

- 1.10.1 first, in the payment of any balance then remaining in the relevant Fund to the holders of Shares of each Class linked to the Fund, such payment being made in accordance with any applicable rights attaching to those Shares, and otherwise in proportion to the total number of Shares of all the relevant Classes held; and
- 1.10.2 secondly, in the payment to the holders of Shares of any balance then remaining and not comprised in any of the Funds, such balance being apportioned as between the Funds pro rata to the Net Asset Value of each Fund immediately prior to any distribution to shareholders on a winding up, and payment being made of the amounts so apportioned to the holders of Shares of each Class linked to that Fund in such proportions as the liquidators in their absolute discretion think equitable, subject to the Articles and Luxembourg law.

Liquidation proceeds not claimed by shareholders at close of liquidation of a Fund will be deposited at the Caisse de Consignation in Luxembourg and shall be forfeited after thirty years.

## 1.11 Unclaimed Dividends

If a dividend has been declared but not paid, and no coupon has been tendered for such dividend within a period of five years, the Company is entitled under Luxembourg law to declare the dividend forfeited for the benefit of the Fund concerned. The Directors have, however, resolved as a matter of policy not to exercise this right for at least twelve years after the relevant dividend is declared. This policy will not be altered without the sanction of the shareholders in general meeting.

## **Company Practice**

2. Shares will be divided into Classes each linked to a Fund. More than one Share Class may be linked to a Fund although, not all Share Classes are linked to each Fund. Currently, up to twelve Share Classes (Class A, AI, C, D, DD, E, I, J, S, SI, X and Z Shares) are available in Distributing and Non-Distributing format. They have no preferential or pre-emption rights and are freely transferable, save as referred to below. Non-Distributing Shares are

referred to using the number 2. Distributing Shares are further referred to using the numbers 1 (distributing daily), 3 (distributing monthly), 4 (distributing annually), 5 (distributing quarterly), 6 (distributing monthly on the basis of expected gross income),8 (distributing monthly on the basis of expected gross income and any Interest Rate Differential arising from Share Class currency hedging) and 9 (distributing quarterly on the basis of expected gross income and at least equal to, or greater than, the Dividend Threshold Amount on an annual basis) (See the section entitled "Class and Form of Shares" for further details).

#### **Restrictions on Holding of Shares**

The Directors may impose or relax restrictions (including restrictions on transfer and/or the requirement that Shares be issued only in registered form) on any Shares or Share Classes (but not necessarily on all Shares within the same Class) as they may think necessary to ensure that Shares are neither acquired nor held by or on behalf of any person in circumstances giving rise to a breach of the laws or requirements of any country or governmental or regulatory authority on the part of that person or the Company, or which might have adverse taxation or other pecuniary consequences for the Company, including a requirement to register under any securities or investment or similar laws or requirements of any country or authority. The Directors may in this connection require a shareholder to provide such information as they may consider necessary to establish whether he is the beneficial owner of the Shares that he holds. In addition to the foregoing, the Directors may determine to restrict the issue of shares when it is in the interests of the Fund and/or its Shareholders to do so, including when the Company or any Fund reaches a size that could impact the ability to find suitable investments for the Company or Fund. The Directors may remove such restriction at their discretion.

If the Company becomes aware that any Shares are owned directly or beneficially by any person in breach of any law or requirement of a country or governmental or regulatory authority, or otherwise in the circumstances referred to in this paragraph, the Directors may require the redemption of such Shares, decline to issue any Share and register any transfer of any Share or decline to accept the vote of any person who is precluded from holding Shares at any meeting of the shareholders of the Company.

4. The Directors have resolved that no US Persons will be permitted to own Shares. The Directors have resolved that "US Person" means any US resident or other person specified in Regulation S under the US Securities Act of 1933 as amended from time to time and as may be further supplemented by resolution of the Directors.

If a shareholder currently resident outside the US becomes resident in the US (and consequently comes within the definition of a US Person), that shareholder will be required to redeem its Shares.

- Class I Shares, Class J Shares and Class X Shares are only available to Institutional Investors within the meaning of Article 174 of the 2010 Law. As at the date of this Prospectus, Institutional Investors shall include:
- 5.1 banks and other professionals of the financial sector, insurance and reinsurance companies, social security institutions and pension funds, industrial, charitable institutions, commercial and financial group companies, all subscribing on their own behalf, and the structures which such investors put into place for the management of their own assets;
- 5.2 credit institutions and other professionals of the financial sector established in or outside Luxembourg investing in their own name but on behalf of Institutional Investors as defined above;
- 5.3 credit institutions and other professionals of the financial sector established in or outside Luxembourg which invest in their own

name but on behalf of their clients on the basis of a discretionary management mandate;

- 5.4 collective investment schemes established in or outside Luxembourg;
- 5.5 holding companies or similar entities, whether Luxembourg based or not, whose shareholders/beneficial owners are individual person(s) who are wealthy and may reasonably be regarded as sophisticated investors and where the purpose of the holding company is to hold important financial interests/investments for an individual or a family;
- 5.6 a holding company or similar entity, whether Luxembourg based or not, which as a result of its structure, activity and substance constitutes an Institutional Investor;
- 5.7 holding companies or similar entities, whether Luxembourg based or not, whose shareholders are Institutional Investors as described in the foregoing paragraphs; and/or
- 5.8 national and regional governments, central banks, international or a supranational institutions and other similar organisations.

#### **Funds and Share Classes**

- The Company operates separate investment "Funds" and within each Fund separate Share Classes are linked to that Fund. Pursuant to Article 181 of the 2010 Law, each Fund is only liable for the liabilities attributable to it.
- 7. Shares may be issued with or have attached thereto such preferred, deferred or other special rights, or such restrictions whether in regard to dividend, return of capital, conversion, transfer, the price payable on allotment or otherwise as the Directors may from time to time determine and such rights or restrictions need not be attached to all Shares of the same Class.
- 8. The Directors are permitted to create more than one Share Class linked to a single Fund. This allows, for example, the creation of accumulation and distribution Shares, Shares with different dealing currencies or Share Classes with different features as regards participation in capital and/or income linked to the same Fund; and also permits different charging structures. The Directors are also permitted, at any time, to close a particular Share Class, or, subject to at least 30 days' prior notice to the shareholders of the relevant Class, to decide to merge such Class with another Share Class of the same Fund. The Articles provide that certain variations of the rights attached to a Share Class may only be made with the sanction of a Class meeting of holders of Shares of that Class.
- 9. The Directors may require redemption of all the Shares linked to a particular Fund if the Net Asset Value of the relevant Fund falls below USD50 million (or the equivalent in any relevant Dealing Currency). The Articles also permit the Directors to notify shareholders of the closure of any particular Fund where they deem it in the interests of the shareholders or appropriate because of changes in the economic or political situation affecting the Fund but in such circumstances the Directors intend as a matter of policy to offer holders of any Share Classes a free transfer into the same Share Class of other Funds. As an alternative, subject to such prior notice to holders of Shares of all Classes of the relevant Fund, as may be required by law or regulation from time to time, the Directors may arrange for a Fund to be merged with another Fund of the Company or with another UCITS. Any such merger will be binding on the holders of the Share Classes of that Fund.

A Fund may be terminated or merged in circumstances other than those mentioned above with the consent of a majority of the Shares present or represented at a meeting of all shareholders of the Share Classes of that Fund (at which no quorum requirement will apply).

## Appendix B

To the extent applicable, where a Fund is terminated the redemption price payable on termination will be calculated on a basis reflecting the realisation and liquidation costs on terminating the Fund. Where a Fund is merged, the redemption price payable on a merger will only reflect transaction costs.

The Directors have power to suspend dealings in the Shares linked to any Fund where it is to be terminated or merged in accordance with the above provisions. Such suspension may take effect at any time after the notice has been given by the Directors as mentioned above or, where the termination or merger requires the approval of a meeting of holders, after the passing of the relevant resolution. Where dealings in the Shares of the Fund are not suspended, the prices of Shares may be adjusted to reflect the anticipated realisation and liquidation costs or transaction costs mentioned above.

## Valuation Arrangements

- 10. Under the Articles, for the purpose of determining the issue and redemption price per Share, the net asset value of Shares shall be determined as to the Shares of each Share Class by the Company from time to time, but in no instance less than twice monthly, as the Directors may direct.
- 11. The Directors' policy is normally to deal with requests received before 12 noon Luxembourg time on a Dealing Day on that day; other requests are normally dealt with on the next Dealing Day. Forward dated requests will not be accepted and will be rejected or processed on the next Dealing Day at the discretion of the Directors.

#### Net Asset Value and Price Determination

- All prices for transactions in Shares on a Dealing Day are based on the Net Asset Value per Share of the Share Classes concerned, as shown by a valuation made at a time or times determined by the Directors. The Directors currently operate "forward pricing" for all Funds and Share Classes, i.e., prices are calculated on the Dealing Day concerned after the closing time for acceptance of orders (see section "Dealing in Fund Shares, Daily Dealing"). Prices in respect of a Dealing Day are normally published on the next Business Day. Neither the Company nor the Depositary can accept any responsibility for any error in publication, or for non-publication of prices or for any inaccuracy of prices so published or quoted. Notwithstanding any price quoted by the Company, by the Depositary or by any distributor, all transactions are effected strictly on the basis of the prices calculated as described above. If for any reason such prices are required to be recalculated or amended, the terms of any transaction effected on the basis of them will be subject to correction and, where appropriate, the investor may be required to make good any underpayment or reimburse any overpayment as appropriate. Periodic valuations of holdings in any Fund or Share Class may be supplied by arrangement with the local Investor Servicing teams.
- 13. The Net Asset Value of each Fund, calculated in its Base Currency, is determined by aggregating the value of securities and other assets of the Company allocated to the relevant Fund and deducting the liabilities of the Company allocated to that Fund. The Net Asset Value per Share of the Share Classes of a particular Fund will reflect any adjustment to the Net Asset Value of the relevant Fund described in paragraph 18.3 ) below and will differ as a result of the allocation of different liabilities to those Classes (see section "Fees, Charges and Expenses" and as a result of dividends paid.
- 14. The value of all securities and other assets forming any particular Fund's portfolio is determined by the last known prices upon close of the exchange on which those securities or assets are traded or admitted for trading. For securities traded on markets closing after the time of the valuation, last known prices as of this time or such other time may be used. If net transactions in Shares of the Fund

on any Dealing Day exceed the threshold referred to in paragraph 18.3 below, then additional procedures apply. The value of any securities or assets traded on any other regulated market is determined in the same way. Where such securities or other assets are quoted or dealt in on or by more than one stock exchange or regulated market the Directors may in their discretion select one of such stock exchanges or regulated markets for such purposes. Where possible, swaps are marked to market based upon daily prices obtained from third party pricing agents and verified against the quotations of the actual market maker. Where third party prices are not available, swap prices are based upon daily quotations available from the market maker.

- 15 In addition, the Directors shall be entitled to value the relevant securities or assets of certain Funds, using the amortised cost method of valuation whereby the value of its securities or assets are valued at their cost of acquisition adjusted for amortisation of premium or accretion of discount on those securities or assets rather than at the current market value of those securities or assets. The Directors will periodically review the value of the securities or assets concerned as compared to their market value. This method of valuation will only be used in accordance with Committee of European Securities Regulators (CESR) guidelines concerning eligible assets for investments by UCITS and only with respect to securities with a maturity at issuance or residual term to maturity of 397 days or less or securities that undergo regular yield adjustments at least every 397 days and provided the Fund's investments also maintain a weighted average duration of 60 days or less. A list of the relevant Funds will be made available upon request from the Company's registered office or online at www.blackrock.com.
- 16. If a security is not traded on or admitted to any official stock exchange or any regulated market, or in the case of securities so traded or admitted the last known price is not considered to reflect their true value, the Directors will value the securities concerned with prudence and in good faith on the basis of their expected disposal or acquisition price. Cash, bills payable on demand and other debts and prepaid expenses are valued at their nominal amount, unless it appears unlikely that such nominal amount is obtainable.
- 17. If in any case a particular value is not ascertainable by the methods outlined above, or if the Directors consider that some other method of valuation more accurately reflects the fair value of the relevant security or other asset for the purpose concerned, the method of valuation of the security or asset will be such as the Directors in their absolute discretion decide. Discrepancies in the value of securities may result, for example, where the underlying markets are closed for business at the time of calculating the Net Asset Value of certain Funds or where governments chose to impose fiscal or transaction charges on foreign investment. The Directors may set specific thresholds that, where exceeded, result in adjustment to the value of these securities to their fair value by applying a specific index adjustment.
- 18.1 Under current procedures adopted by the Directors the price for all Share Classes of any Fund is the Net Asset Value per relevant Class of that Fund calculated to the nearest unit (rounded to up to four decimal places) of the relevant Dealing Currency.
- 18.2 For those Funds with more than one Dealing Currency, the additional Dealing Currency prices are calculated by converting the price at the relevant spot exchange rate at the time of valuation.
- 18.3 The Directors may adjust the Net Asset Value per Share for a Fund in order to reduce the effect of "dilution" on that Fund. Dilution occurs when the actual cost of purchasing or selling the underlying assets of a Fund, deviates from the carrying value of these assets in the Fund's valuation due to dealing charges, taxes and any spread between the buying and selling prices of the underlying

assets. Dilution may have an adverse effect on the value of a Fund and therefore impact Shareholders. By adjusting the Net Asset Value per Share this effect can be reduced or prevented and Shareholders can be protected from the impact of dilution. The Directors may adjust the Net Asset Value of a Fund if on any Dealing Day the aggregate transactions in Shares of all Classes of that Fund result in a net increase or decrease of Shares which exceeds a threshold set by the Directors from time to time for that Fund (relating to the cost of market dealing for that Fund). In such circumstances the Net Asset Value of the relevant Fund may be adjusted by an amount (not exceeding 1.50%, or 3% in the case of fixed income Funds, of that Net Asset Value) which reflects the dealing costs that may be incurred by the Fund and the estimated bid/offer spread of the assets in which the Fund invests. In addition, the Directors may agree to include anticipated fiscal charges in the amount of the adjustment. These fiscal charges vary from market to market and are currently expected not to exceed 2.5% of that Net Asset Value. The adjustment will be an addition when the net movement results in an increase of all Shares of the Fund and a deduction when it results in a decrease. As certain stock markets and jurisdictions may have different charging structures on the buy and sell sides, the resulting adjustment may be different for net inflows than for net outflows. Where a Fund invests substantially in government bonds or money market securities, the Directors may decide that it is not appropriate to make such an adjustment. Shareholders should note that due to adjustments being made to the Net Asset Value per Share, the volatility of a Fund's Net Asset Value per Share may not fully reflect the true performance of the Fund's underlying assets.

# With effect from 25 March 2019, section 18.3 will be replaced with the following:

The Directors may adjust the Net Asset Value per Share for a Fund in order to reduce the effect of "dilution" on that Fund. Dilution occurs when the actual cost of purchasing or selling the underlying assets of a Fund deviates from the carrying value of these assets in the Fund's valuation, due to factors such as dealing and brokerage charges, taxes and duties, market movement and any spread between the buying and selling prices of the underlying assets. Dilution may have an adverse effect on the value of a Fund and therefore impact shareholders. By adjusting the Net Asset Value per Share this effect can be reduced or prevented and shareholders can be protected from the impact of dilution. The Directors may adjust the Net Asset Value of a Fund if on any Dealing Day the value of the aggregate transactions in Shares of all Share Classes of that Fund results in a net increase or decrease which exceeds one or more thresholds that are set by the Directors for that Fund. The amount by which the Net Asset Value of a Fund may be adjusted on any given Dealing Day is related to the anticipated cost of market dealing for that Fund. In such circumstances the Net Asset Value of the relevant Fund may be adjusted by an amount not exceeding 1.50%, or 3% in the case of fixed income Funds, of that Net Asset Value. The adjustment will be an addition when the net movement results in an increase in the value of all Shares of the Fund and a deduction when it results in a decrease. As certain stock markets and jurisdictions may have different charging structures on the buy and sell sides, particularly in relation to duties and taxes, the resulting adjustment may be different for net inflows than for net outflows. In addition, the Directors may also agree to include extraordinary fiscal charges in the amount of the adjustment. These extraordinary fiscal charges vary from market to market and are currently expected not to exceed 2.5% of that Net Asset Value. Where a Fund invests primarily in certain asset types, such as government bonds or money market securities, the Directors may decide that it is not appropriate to make such an adjustment. Shareholders should note that due to adjustments being made to the Net Asset Value per Share, the volatility of a Fund's Net Asset Value per Share may not fully reflect the true performance of the Fund's underlying assets.

## Redemption and Deferred Sales Charges

- 19.1 The Directors are entitled to levy a discretionary redemption charge on shareholders of all Share Classes where they believe that excessive trading is being practised.
- 19.2 On redemption of Class C Shares, the relevant CDSC rate is charged on the lower of (i) the price of the redeemed shares on the Dealing Day for redemption or (ii) the price paid by the shareholder for the original purchase of the redeemed shares or for the shares from which they were converted or exchanged, in either case calculated in the relevant Dealing Currency of the redeemed shares.
- 19.3 No CDSC will be levied on the redemption of (a) Class C Shares derived from reinvestment of dividends; or (b) Class C Shares in the Reserve Funds (provided they were not converted from Shares of a non-Reserve Fund).
- 19.4 The CDSC is levied by reference to the "Relevant Holding Period", which is an aggregate of the periods during which (a) the redeemed shares, and (b) the shares from which they were derived (if any) as a result of conversion or exchange, were held in any Fund except a Reserve Fund or any other exchangeable money market funds.

In cases where redeemed shares are only part of a larger holding of Class C Shares, any Shares acquired by dividend reinvestment will be redeemed first; and where the holding consists of Class C Shares acquired at different times, it will be assumed that those acquired first are redeemed first (thus resulting in the lowest CDSC rate possible).

Where the redeemed shares have a different dealing currency to the Shares (or similar shares from which they were converted or exchanged) originally purchased, for purposes of determining the CDSC the price paid for the latter will be converted at the spot exchange rate on the Dealing Day for redemption.

The CDSC may be waived or reduced by the relevant distributor at its discretion or for shareholders who, after purchasing Class C Shares, become US Persons and are required to redeem their Shares as a result (see paragraph 4. above).

## Conversion

- 20. The Articles allow the Directors on issuing new Share Classes to impose such rights of conversion as they determine, as described in paragraph 7. above. The basis of all conversions is related to the respective Net Asset Values per Share of the relevant Class of the two Funds concerned.
- 21. The Directors have determined that the number of Shares of the Class into which a shareholder wishes to convert his existing Shares will be calculated by dividing (a) the value of the number of Shares to be converted, calculated by reference to the Net Asset Value per Share by (b) the Net Asset Value per Share of the new Class. This calculation will be adjusted where appropriate by the inclusion of a conversion charge (see paragraph 22. below) or a delayed initial charge on Class A, Class D, Class DD or Class E Shares (see paragraph 22. below). No conversion charge will be made when a delayed initial charge is payable. If applicable, the relevant exchange rate between the relevant Dealing Currencies of the Shares of the two Funds will be applied to the calculation.

The Net Asset Value(s) per Share used in this calculation may reflect any adjustment(s) to the Net Asset Value(s) of the relevant Fund(s) described in paragraph 18.3 above.

22. Conversions are permitted between different Share Classes of the same Fund or of different Funds, subject to the limitations set out under the section "Switching Between Funds and Share Classes" and provided investors and/or the holding (as appropriate) meet the specific eligibility criteria for each Share Class set out above (see "Classes and Form of Shares").

Selected distributors may impose a charge on each conversion of those Shares acquired through it, which will be deducted at the time of conversion and paid to the relevant distributor. While other conversions between the same Share Class of two Funds are normally free of charge, the Management Company may, at its discretion (and without prior notice), make an additional conversion charge which would increase the amount paid to up to up to a maximum of 2% if excessively frequent conversions are made. Any such charges will be deducted at the time of conversion and paid to the relevant distributor or the Principal Distributor (as applicable).

When Class A, Class AI, Class D, Class DD or Class E Shares of a Reserve Fund resulting from a direct investment into that or any other Reserve Fund ("direct Shares") are converted for the first time into Class A, Class AI, Class D, Class DD or Class E Shares of a non-Reserve Fund, a delayed initial charge of up to 5% of the price of the new Class A Shares, Class AI, Class D or Class DD Shares or up to 3% of the price of the new Class E Shares (where applicable) may be payable to the Management Company. Where a Reserve Fund holding includes both direct Shares and Shares acquired as a result of a conversion from Shares in any Fund other than a Reserve Fund ("ordinary Shares") a partial conversion of the holding will be treated as a conversion of the direct Shares first and then of the ordinary Shares.

The Directors reserve the right to waive or vary these requirements and also to amend their policy if they consider it appropriate to do so, either generally or in particular circumstances.

## Settlement on Redemptions

23. Payment of an amount to a single shareholder in excess of USD500,000 may be deferred for up to seven Business Days beyond the normal settlement date. The redemption price may be payable in specie as explained in paragraph 25. below. Failure to meet money laundering prevention or international financial sanctions requirements may result in the withholding of redemption proceeds. The Company reserves the right to extend the period of payment of redemption proceeds to such period, not exceeding eight Business Days, as shall be necessary to repatriate proceeds of the sale of investments in the event of impediments due to exchange control requirements or similar constraints in the markets in which a substantial part of the assets of the Company are invested or in exceptional circumstances where the liquidity of the Company is not sufficient to meet the redemption requests.

#### In Specie Applications and Redemptions

- 24. The Management Company may accept subscriptions in specie, or partly in cash and in specie, subject always to the minimum initial subscription amounts and the additional subscription amounts and provided further that the value of such subscription in specie (after deduction of any relevant charges and expenses) equals the subscription price of the Shares. Such securities will be valued on the relevant Dealing Day and, in accordance with Luxembourg law, may be subject to a special report of the Auditor.
- 25. The Management Company may, subject to the prior consent of a shareholder and to the minimum dealing and holding amounts, effect a payment of redemption proceeds in specie by allocating to the shareholder investments from the portfolio of the relevant Fund equal in value (calculated in the manner referred to in paragraphs 14. to 16. above) to the price of the relevant Shares to be redeemed (net of any applicable CDSC in the case of Class C Shares). The nature and type of asset to be transferred in such case will be determined on an equitable basis and without prejudicing the interests of the other holders of Shares of the same Class, and will be valued on the relevant Dealing Day. In accordance with Luxembourg law, such valuation may be subject to a special report of the Auditor. In specie applications and

redemptions may attract transaction taxes depending on the assets in question. In the case of an in specie redemption these taxes will be at the charge of the investor. Investors should inform themselves of, and when appropriate consult their professional advisers on the possible tax consequences of redeeming their shareholding in this way, under the laws of their country of citizenship, residence or domicile. Investors should note that the levels and bases of, and relief from, taxation can change.

In specie applications and redemptions may not always be possible, practicable or cost efficient and may have an adverse impact on existing shareholders. The Management Company has sole discretion to refuse requests for in specie applications and redemptions.

#### **Dealings in Shares by the Principal Distributor**

26. The Principal Distributor, may as principal acquire and hold Shares and may at its sole discretion satisfy, in whole or in part, an application or request for the issue, redemption or conversion of such Shares by selling Shares to and/or buying them from the applicant, as appropriate, provided that the applicant consents to such transaction. Shareholders will be deemed to have consented to deal with the Principal Distributor unless they have expressly informed the Transfer Agent or the local Investor Servicing teams to the contrary. Any such transaction will be effected on the same terms as to price and settlement as would have applied in the case of a corresponding issue, redemption or conversion of Shares (as relevant) by the Company. The Principal Distributor is entitled to retain any benefit arising from these transactions.

#### **Default in Settlement**

Where an applicant for Shares fails to pay settlement monies on 27 subscription or to provide a completed application form for an initial application by the due date, the Directors may, in accordance with the Company's Articles, cancel the allotment or, if applicable, redeem the Shares. Redemption or conversion instructions may be refused or treated as though they have been withdrawn if payment for the Shares has not been made or a completed initial application form has not been received by the Company. In addition, no dealings will be effected following a conversion instruction and no proceeds will be paid on a redemption until all documents required in relation to the transaction have been provided to the Company. An applicant may be required to indemnify the Company or, as described below, the Principal Distributor against any losses, costs or expenses incurred directly or indirectly as a result of the applicant's failure to pay for Shares applied for or to lodge the required documents by the due date.

In computing any losses covered under this paragraph 27, account shall be taken, where appropriate, of any movement in the price of the Shares concerned between the transaction date and cancellation of the transaction or redemption of the Shares, and of the costs incurred by the Company or, if applicable, the Principal Distributor in taking proceedings against the applicant.

The Principal Distributor has agreed to exercise its discretion to take steps to avoid the Company suffering losses as a result of late settlement by any applicant. In cases where payment for Shares is not made on a timely basis, the Principal Distributor may assume ownership of the Shares and it shall also have the right to give instructions to the Company to make any consequent alterations in its register of shareholders, delay the completion of the relevant transaction, redeem the Shares in question, claim indemnification from the applicant and/or take proceedings to enforce any applicable indemnity, all to the same extent that the Company itself may do so.

The Company has instructed the Depositary that any interest benefit that may arise as a result of the early settlement of Share subscriptions and late clearance of redemption proceeds may be set off against any interest obligation that the Principal Distributor may incur as a result of its arrangements to protect the Company from losses from the late settlement of Share subscriptions. The Principal Distributor will benefit from interest earned on any balances held in client money accounts. No interest is paid to shareholders by the Principal Distributor in respect of amounts relating to individual transactions.

## **Compulsory Redemption**

28. If at any time the Net Asset Value of the Company is less than USD100 million (or equivalent), all Shares not previously redeemed may be redeemed by notice to all shareholders. There is a similar power to redeem Shares of any Class if the Net Asset Value of the Fund to which that Class is linked falls below USD50 million (or equivalent), or in the circumstances described in paragraphs 3., 4. and 9. above.

## Limits on Redemption and Conversion

29. The Company will not be bound to redeem or convert on any one Dealing Day more than 10% of the value of Shares of all Classes of a Fund then in issue or deemed to be in issue, as described in paragraph 32. below.

## **Suspension and Deferrals**

- Valuations (and consequently issues, redemptions and conversions) of any Share Class of a Fund may be suspended in certain circumstances including:
  - the closure (otherwise than for ordinary holidays) of or suspension or restriction of trading on any stock exchange or market on which are quoted a substantial proportion of the investments held in that Fund;
  - the existence of any state of affairs which constitutes an emergency as a result of which disposals or valuation of assets owned by the Company attributable to Share Classes would be impracticable;
  - any breakdown in the means of communication normally employed in determining the price or value of any of the investments of such Share Classes or the current price or values on any stock exchange or other market;
  - any period when the Company is unable to repatriate funds for the purpose of making payments on the redemption of such Shares or during which any transfer of funds involved in the realisation or acquisition of investments or payments due on redemption of shares cannot in the opinion of the directors be effected at normal rates of exchange;
  - any period when the net asset value per share of any subsidiary of the Company may not be accurately determined;
  - where notice has been given or a resolution passed for the closure or merger of a Fund as explained in paragraph 9.;
  - in respect of a suspension of the issuing of Shares only, any period when notice of winding up of the Company as a whole has been given;
  - in addition, in respect of Funds that invest a substantial amount of assets outside the European Union, the Management Company may also take into account whether local relevant local exchanges are open and may elect to treat such closures (including ordinary holidays) as non Business Days for those Funds. Please see definition of Business Day in the Glossary.

- 31. Each period of suspension shall be published, if appropriate, by the Company. Notice will also be given to any shareholder lodging a request for redemption or conversion of Shares.
- 32. The Company will also not be bound to accept instructions to subscribe for, and will be entitled to defer instructions to redeem or convert any Shares of a Fund on any one Dealing Day if there are redemption or outgoing conversion orders that day for all Share Classes of that Fund with an aggregate value exceeding a particular level (currently fixed at 10%) of the approximate value of that Fund. In addition, the Company may defer redemptions and conversions in exceptional circumstances that may, in the opinion of the Directors, adversely affect the interests of holders of any Class or Share Classes of that Fund. In either case, the Directors may declare that redemptions and conversions will be deferred until the Company has executed, as soon as possible, the necessary realisation of assets out of the Fund concerned or until the exceptional circumstances cease to apply. Redemptions and conversions so deferred will be done on a pro rata basis and will be dealt with in priority to later requests.
- 33. During a period of suspension or deferral a shareholder may withdraw his request, in respect of any transaction which is deferred or suspended, by notice in writing to the Company. Such notice will only be effective if received before the transaction is effected.

Shareholders may not redeem a holding of the Company's Shares unless and until cleared funds have been received by the Company in respect of that holding.

## Transfers

34. The transfer of registered shares may normally be effected by delivery to the Transfer Agent of an instrument of transfer in appropriate form. If a transfer or transmission of Shares results in a holding on the part of the transferor or the transferee having a value of less than a prescribed minimum the Directors may require the holding to be redeemed. The current minimum is USD5,000 or equivalent, except for Class D Shares, Class DD Shares, Class I Shares, Class J Shares, Class S Shares, Class SI Shares, Class X Shares and Class Z Shares, where there is no prescribed minimum holding size once the initial subscription amount has been made.

#### Probate

35. Upon the death of a shareholder, the Directors reserve the right to require the provision of appropriate legal documentation to evidence the rights of the shareholder's legal successor. Upon the death of a shareholder whose investment is held jointly with another shareholder, where permitted by applicable law, ownership of the investment will be transferred to the name of the surviving shareholder.

## Dividends

36. The Articles impose no restriction on dividends other than the requirement to maintain the statutory minimum level of capital (currently the equivalent of EUR1,250,000). The Directors have the power to pay interim dividends in respect of any Fund. The current dividend policy of the Directors is explained in the section "Dividends".

## **Changes of Policy or Practice**

37. Except as otherwise provided in the Articles, and subject to any legal or regulatory requirements, the Directors reserve the right to amend any practice or policy stated in this Prospectus. The Management Company may, in the interests of shareholders and subject to the discretion of the Directors, vary or waive the operational procedures of the Company.

#### **Intermediary Arrangements**

38. Where Shares are issued by the Company to financial institutions (or their nominees) which act as intermediaries, the benefits and obligations described in this Prospectus may be applied by the

# Appendix B

Company to each of the intermediary's clients as if such client were a direct shareholder.

# Appendix C – Additional Information

#### History of the Company

- The Company is registered under Number B.6317 at the Register of Commerce and Companies of Luxembourg where its Articles of Association are available for inspection and where copies thereof may be obtained upon request (and see also paragraph 30. below).
- The Company's constitution is defined in the Articles. The original Articles were published in the Recueil des Sociétés et Associations du Mémorial (the "Mémorial") of the Grand-Duchy of Luxembourg on 21<sup>st</sup> July 1962. The Articles have been amended and restated several times, most recently on 27 May 2011, effective 31 May 2011, with publication in the Mémorial on 24 June 2011.
- The Company was incorporated as Selected Risk Investments S.A. on 14<sup>th</sup> June 1962.
- 4. With effect from 31st December 1985 the name of the Company was changed to Mercury Selected Trust, the Company adopted the legal status of a société d'investissement à capital variable (SICAV) and was reconstituted to enable it to issue different Share Classes. It qualifies as an Undertaking for Collective Investment in Transferable Securities.

With effect from 1 July 2002 the name of the Company changed to Merrill Lynch International Investment Funds.

With effect from 28 April 2008 the name of the Company changed to BlackRock Global Funds.

With effect from 16 September 2005 the Company was submitted to Part I of the 20 December 2002 law that implemented Directives 2001/107/EC and 2001/108/EC.

With effect from 16 September 2005 the Company has appointed BlackRock (Luxembourg) S.A. (previously named Merrill Lynch Investment Managers (Luxembourg) S.A.) as its management company.

 As from the date of this Prospectus, Shares are offered solely on the basis of this Prospectus, which supersedes all previous versions.

#### **Directors' Remuneration and Other Benefits**

6. The Articles contain no express provision governing the remuneration (including pension or other benefits) of the Directors. The Directors receive fees and out-of-pocket expenses from the Company. For Directors who are not employees of the BlackRock Group, the annual fees received by them are from time to time disclosed in the annual report of the Company. The BlackRock Group employees serving as Directors of the Company are not entitled to receive fees.

#### Auditor

7. The Company's auditor is PricewaterhouseCoopers of 2, rue Gerhard Mercator, L-2182 Luxembourg.

#### Administrative Organisation

- 8. The Investment Advisers and Sub-Advisers
  - The Management Company is entitled to delegate its investment management functions to any of its subsidiaries or associates and any other person. The Management Company has delegated some functions to the Investment Advisers, BlackRock Financial Management, Inc., BlackRock Investment Management, LLC, BlackRock Investment Management (UK) Limited and BlackRock

(Singapore) Limited as described in the section "Investment Management of the Funds", "Management".

In the case of certain Funds, BlackRock Investment Management (UK) Limited has in turn sub-delegated some functions to BlackRock Japan Co., Ltd. whose registered office is at 1-8-3 Marunouchi, Chiyoda-ku, Tokyo 100-8217, Japan, BAMNA whose registered office is at 16/F Champion Tower, 3 Garden Road, Central Hong Kong and to BlackRock Investment Management (Australia) Limited of Level 18, 120 Collins Street, Melbourne 3000, Australia. BlackRock Financial Management, Inc. has sub-delegated some functions to BlackRock Investment Management (Australia) Limited of Level 18, 120 Collins Street, Melbourne 3000, Australia. BlackRock Investment Management (Australia) Limited of Level 18, 120 Collins Street, Melbourne 3000, Australia, BlackRock Investment Management (UK) Limited.

Information about the Investment Advisers and, if applicable, Sub-Advisers for a specific Fund is available upon request from the Company's registered office and the local Investor Servicing team.

#### 9. The Principal Distributor

BlackRock Investment Management (UK) Limited is the Principal Distributor and was incorporated with limited liability in England on 16th May 1986 for an unlimited period. The directors of the Principal Distributor are: N J Charrington, E J de Freitas, J E Fishwick, P M Olson, C R Thomson, R M Webb, and M A Young. The Management Company has entered into an agreement with the Principal Distributor for the provision of distribution, promotion and marketing services.

The registered office of the Principal Distributor is at 12 Throgmorton Avenue, London EC2N 2DL, UK. The Principal Distributor is regulated by the Financial Conduct Authority.

The Principal Distributor has appointed BlackRock (Channel Islands) Limited, a company incorporated with limited liability in Jersey on 10th August 1972 for an unlimited period ("BCI") to carry out certain administration services.

The directors of BCI are: E A Bellew, G Collins, D McSporran and Mark Wanless.

The registered office of BCI is at Aztec Group House, 11-15 Seaton Place, St Helier, Jersey JE4 0QH, Channel Islands.

#### 10. Investor Servicing

The Management Company has entered into an Agreement with various BlackRock Group companies for the provision of dealing facilities and related investor support functions.

#### 11. The Depositary

The Company has entered into a Depositary Agreement with the Depositary whereby the Depositary has agreed to act as custodian of the assets of the Company and to assume the functions and responsibilities of a custodian under the 2010 Law and other applicable law. The Depositary will also act as depositary of the Company for the purposes of the UCITS Directive. The Depositary and Fund Accountant (see paragraph 12, below) is The Bank of New York Mellon SA / NV, Luxembourg Branch, incorporated with limited liability in Belgium on 30 September 2008 with registered capital of EUR 1,723,485,526.21 as at 31 December 2017. Its office / correspondence address is 2-4, rue Eugène Ruppert, L-2453 Luxembourg, Grand Duchy of Luxembourg and its registered office address is 2-4, rue Eugène Ruppert, L-2453 Luxembourg. Its ultimate holding company is The Bank of New York Mellon Corporation ("BNY") which is incorporated in the United States of America. The Depositary's and the Fund Accountant's principal business activity is the provision of custodial and investment administration services and treasury dealing.

#### The Duties of the Depositary

# Appendix C

The Depositary shall act as the depositary of the Funds for the purposes of the UCITS Directive and, in doing so, will comply with the provisions of the UCITS Directive. In this capacity, the Depositary's duties shall include, amongst others, the following:

- 11.1 ensuring that each Fund's cash flows are properly monitored, and that all payments made by or on behalf of shareholders upon the subscription of units of the Funds have been received;
- 11.2 safekeeping the assets of the Funds, which includes (a) holding in custody all financial instruments that may be registered in a financial instruments account opened in the Depositary's books and all financial instruments that can be physically delivered to the Depositary; and (b) for other assets, verifying the ownership of such assets and maintaining a record accordingly (the "Safekeeping Function");
- 11.3 ensuring that the sale, issue, re-purchase, redemption and cancellation of units of each Fund are carried out in accordance with the applicable national law and the Articles;
- 11.4 ensuring that the value of the units of each Fund is calculated in accordance with the applicable national law and the Articles;
- 11.5 carrying out the instructions of the Management Company, unless they conflict with the applicable national law or the Articles;
- 11.6 ensuring that in transactions involving each Fund's assets any consideration is remitted to the relevant Fund within the usual time limits; and
- 11.7 ensuring that the Funds' income is applied in accordance with the applicable national law.

The Depositary will further ensure, in accordance with the requirements of the UCITS Directive, that the assets of the Funds held in custody by the Depositary shall not be reused by the Depositary or by any third party to whom the custody function has been delegated for their own account. Reuse comprises any transaction of assets of the Funds held in custody including, but not limited to, transferring, pledging, selling and lending. Assets of the Funds held in custody are only allowed to be reused where:

- a) the reuse of the assets is executed for the account of the Funds;
- b) the Depositary is carrying out the instructions of the Management Company;
- c) the reuse is for the benefit of the Fund and in the interest of the shareholders; and
- d) the transaction is covered by high quality and liquid collateral received by the Fund under a title transfer arrangement with a market value at all times at least equivalent to the market value of the reused assets plus a premium.

The Depositary has entered into written agreements delegating the performance of its Safekeeping Function in respect of certain investments to the delegates listed in Appendix F.

As part of the normal course of global custody business, the Depositary may from time to time have entered into arrangements with other clients, funds or other third parties, including affiliates for the provision of safekeeping and related services and as a result, potential conflict of interest situations may, from time to time, arise between the Depositary and its safekeeping delegates, for example, where an appointed delegate is an affiliated group company and is providing a product or service to a fund and has a financial or business interest in such product or service or where an appointed delegate is an affiliated group company which receives remuneration for other related custodial products or services it provides to the funds e.g. foreign exchange, securities lending, pricing or valuation services.

The Depositary also has in place policies and procedures in relation to the management of conflicts of interest between the Depositary, the Fund and the Management Company that may arise where a group link as defined in the applicable regulations exists between them. This may be the case where the Management Company has delegated certain administrative functions to an entity within the same corporate group as the Depositary.

In the event of any potential conflict of interest which may arise during the normal course of business, the Depositary will at all times have regard to its obligations under applicable laws. Additionally, in order to address any situations of conflicts of interest, the Depositary has implemented and maintains a management of conflicts of interest policy, with the aim of:

- a) identifying and analysing potential situations of conflicts of interest;
- b) recording, managing and monitoring the conflict of interest situations by:
- relying on permanent measures to address conflicts of interest such as maintaining separate legal entities, segregating duties, separating reporting lines and maintaining insider lists for staff members; or
- implementing appropriate procedures on a case-by-case basis, such as establishing new information barriers, ensuring that operations are carried out at arm's length and/ or informing the concerned shareholders of the Company.

The Depositary has established a functional and hierarchical separation between the performance of its UCITS depositary functions and the performance of other tasks on behalf of the Company.

Up-to-date information on the Depositary, its duties, any conflicts of interest that may arise, the safekeeping functions delegated by the Depositary, the list of delegates and sub-delegates and any conflicts of interest that may arise from such delegations will be made available to shareholders on request.

#### 12. The Fund Accountant

The Management Company has entered into an agreement with the Fund Accountant whereby the Fund Accountant has agreed to provide fund accounting, Net Asset Value determination and services related to these functions. Subject to Luxembourg law and regulation the Fund Accountant is entitled to delegate specific functions to any other person, firm or company (with the approval of the Management Company and the regulatory authority).

#### 13. The Transfer Agent

The Management Company has entered into a Transfer Agency Agreement with the Transfer Agent whereby the Transfer Agent has agreed to provide all necessary transfer agency functions including application and transaction processing, maintaining the share register, and services related to these functions.

14. Relationship of Depositary and Fund Accountant with BlackRock Group

> The Depositary's and Fund Accountant's associates provide custody and fund accounting services to BlackRock Investment Management (UK) Limited and some of its associates in respect of their investment management business generally. Under agreements between companies in the BNY group and some

companies in the BlackRock Group relating to the provision of these services, payments due from the relevant companies in the BlackRock Group to BNY companies will be abated by the fees paid by the Company to the Depositary and Fund Accountant in respect of depositary and fund accounting services.

### 15. The Paying Agents

The Company has appointed the following as Paying Agents:

Austria Raiffeisen Bank International AG Am Stadtpark 9 1030 Vienna

# Belgium

J.P. Morgan Chase Bank, Brussels Branch 1 Boulevard du Roi Albert II Brussels B1210-Belgium

Liechtenstein

VP Bank AG 9490 Vaduz, LIECHTENSTEIN (FL-0001.007.080-0) represented by VP Fund Solutions (Liechtenstein) AG 9490 Vaduz, LIECHTENSTEIN (FL-0002.000.772-7)

VP Fund Solutions shall take receipt of investors' complaints relating to the Fund that are sent to the postal and/or e-mail addresses of VP Fund Solutions given above. Investors in the Principality of Liechtenstein wishing to receive Fund payments directly via the Paying Agent and to have Fund shares redeemed directly via the Paying Agent shall generally have the option of opening an account/ deposit for that purpose with the Paying Agent. This account/deposit shall be subject to the standard checks (e.g. for legal compliance) carried out on all potential bank clients (investors) and their assets. To that extent it shall be at the discretion of the Paying Agent whether to enter into such a client relationship.

#### Luxembourg

(Central Paying Agent) J.P. Morgan Bank Luxembourg S.A. European Bank & Business Center 6c, route de Trèves, Building C L-2633, Senningerberg

Italy

Allfunds Bank, S.A., Milan branch Via Santa Margherita 7 20121 – Milan

State Street Bank International Gmbh – Succursale Italia Via Ferrante Aporti, 10 20125 Milan

RBC Investor Service Bank S.A. Succursale di Milano Via Vittor Pisani, 26 I-20121 Milan

Banca Monte Dei Paschi di Siena S.p.A Piazza Salimbeni 3 53100 Siena

Société Générale Securities Services S.p.A, Via Benigno Crespi, 19/A, MAC II, 20159 Milan BNP Paribas Securities Services Succursale di Milano – Via Ansperto 5 20123 Milan

Banca Sella Holding S.p.A. Piazza Gaudenzio Sella 1 13900 Biella

CACEIS Bank, Italy Branch 1-3 Place Valhubert 75206 Paris Cedex 13 (France) Operation address: Piazza Cavour, 2 20121 Milan

ICCREA Banca S.p.A. Via Lucrezia Romana 41/47 00178 Rome Italy

Poland Bank Handlowy w Warszawie S.A. ul. Senatorska 16 00-923 Warsaw

Switzerland State Street Bank International GmBH Munich, Zurich branch, Beethovenstrasse 19, CH-8027 Zurich

United Kingdom J.P. Morgan Trustee and Depositary Company Limited Hampshire Building, 1st Floor Chaseside Bournemouth BH7 7DA

#### 16. The Subsidiary

Depending on the prevailing tax regime in India and Mauritius, the India Fund may invest into securities through its subsidiary, BlackRock India Equities (Mauritius) Limited (the "Subsidiary"). The Subsidiary is incorporated as a private company, limited by shares. The Subsidiary holds a Category 1 Global Business Licence for the purpose of the Financial Services Act 2007 and is regulated by the Financial Services Commission, Mauritius ("FSC"). The Subsidiary will invest in Indian securities. It must be understood that in giving this authorisation, the FSC does not vouch for the financial soundness or the correctness of any of the statements made or opinions expressed with regard to the Subsidiary. Investors in the Subsidiary are not protected by any statutory compensation arrangements in Mauritius in the event of the Subsidiary's failure.

The Subsidiary was incorporated on 1 September 2004, and has an unlimited life. It is a wholly owned subsidiary of the Company. The Subsidiary is registered with the Registrar of Companies, Mauritius, and bears file number 52463 C1/GBL. The Constitution is available for inspection at the registered office of the Subsidiary.

The stated capital of the Subsidiary is capped at USD 5,000,000,100 and is divided into 100 management shares of nominal value USD1.00 each, which are issued to the Company; 4,000,000,000 class A redeemable participating shares of nominal value USD1.00 each of which may be issued as A shares ("A Shares"), which may only be issued to the Company; and 1,000,000,000 redeemable participating shares of nominal value USD1.00 each of which may be issued to the Company; and 1,000,000,000 redeemable participating shares of nominal value USD1.00 each of which may be issued to the Company in such classes of participating shares as the directors may determine with such preferred or qualified or other special rights or restrictions whether in regard to voting, dividend, return of capital or otherwise.

# Appendix C

Additional Share Classes may be issued to the Company at a later stage in accordance with the Subsidiary's Constitution. The Subsidiary issues registered shares only.

The directors of the Subsidiary may for efficient management authorise a committee of directors to issue participating shares of the Subsidiary on such terms as approved by the directors.

The business and affairs of the Subsidiary are managed by the directors. The directors of the Subsidiary are Mr. Paul Freeman, Mr. Robert Hayes and Mr. Geoffrey Radcliffe, as non-resident directors and Mr. Couldip Basanta Lala and Ms. Dilshaad Rajabalee as resident directors. At any time, the directors of the Subsidiary will comprise a majority of directors who are also Directors of the Company. The directors are responsible, inter alia, for establishing the investment objectives and policy of the Subsidiary and for monitoring the Subsidiary's investments and performance.

The Subsidiary carries out exclusively activities relating to the Company.

The Subsidiary complies with the investment restrictions of the Company.

The Subsidiary has appointed BlackRock Investment Management (UK) Limited as its investment manager.

International Financial Services Limited (part of Sanne Group plc) ("IFSL"), Mauritius has been appointed by the Subsidiary as its administrator and secretary (the "Mauritian Administrator"). IFSL is a leading management company incorporated in Mauritius and licensed by the Financial Services Commission (FSC) to provide advisory and management services for global business licence companies.

The Mauritian Administrator carries on the general administration of the Subsidiary, keeps or causes to be kept the accounts of the Subsidiary and such financial books and records as are required by law or otherwise for the proper conduct of its financial affairs. The net asset value per share, the subscription price and the redemption price are calculated on each valuation day in accordance with the constitution of the Subsidiary.

The Mauritian Administrator convenes meetings of the directors, keeps the statutory books and records of the Subsidiary, maintains the register of shareholders and makes all returns required to be made by the Subsidiary under the laws of Mauritius. The Mauritian Administrator is responsible for all tax filings in Mauritius relating to the Subsidiary.

The Subsidiary has also entered into the Custodian Agreement with the Depositary and the Company whereby the Depositary has agreed to act as custodian of the assets of the Subsidiary and the Company.

The Subsidiary has appointed the Mauritian Auditor as auditor of the Subsidiary in Mauritius to perform the auditor's duties required by Mauritius law. The Company and the Subsidiary issue consolidated accounts. All assets and liabilities, income and expenses of the Subsidiary are consolidated in the statement of net assets and operations of the Company. All investments held by the Subsidiary are disclosed in the accounts of the Company. All cash, securities and other assets of the Subsidiary are held by the Depositary on behalf of the Company in accordance with applicable law and regulation.

#### Mauritian Auditor to the Subsidiary

PricewaterhouseCoopers 18, Cybercity, Ebene, Mauritius

# Mauritian Administrator to the Subsidiary Sanne Group plc

IFS Court, TwentyEight, Cybercity, Ebene, Mauritius

#### 17. Taxation of the Subsidiary and the India Fund

#### Taxation of the Subsidiary

The Mauritius subsidiary is liable to tax in Mauritius at the rate of 15% of its net income, before any credit or deemed credit for foreign taxes paid. The Mauritius subsidiary will be entitled to a foreign tax credit equivalent to the higher of the actual foreign tax suffered or a deemed tax credit of 80% of the Mauritian tax on its foreign source income

Currently, capital gains on sale of securities are exempt from tax in Mauritius. There is no withholding tax payable in Mauritius or in respect of payments of dividends to shareholders in respect of redemption or exchange of shares. The Mauritius subsidiary has obtained a tax residence certificate from the Mauritian Revenue Authority and such certification is determinative of its resident status for double tax treaty purposes. Accordingly, the Mauritius subsidiary qualifies as a resident of Mauritius under the India-Mauritius Tax Treaty (DTA).

#### Applicability of beneficial treatment of capital gains under the India-Mauritius Tax Treaty

There is no withholding tax payable in India on dividends paid to the Mauritius subsidiary. However, the Indian resident company declaring and paying such dividend would be subject to Dividend Distribution Tax at the current prescribed rate on the amount of dividend paid out.

On 10 May 2016, the Indian Tax Board announced a phased removal of the capital gains tax (CGT) exemption existing under the DTA. The change, effective from 1 April 2017, means that India retains taxation rights on capital gains arising from sale of shares of Indian resident companies acquired by a Mauritius entity on or after 1 April 2017. Shares acquired prior to 1 April 2017 are protected from taxing rights in India under the DTA due to grandfathering provisions. During the transition period from 1 April 2017 to 31 March 2019, the tax rate will be limited to 50% of India's domestic tax rate subject to a limitation of benefits clause. Taxation in India at the full domestic tax rate will apply from financial year 2019 - 2020 onwards.

On this basis, no Indian tax will be payable in respect of any capital gains realized by the Mauritius subsidiary on its Indian investments acquired prior to 1 April 2017. The Investment Adviser retains the discretion to make any tax provisions in respect of potential liability for CGT of the Mauritius subsidiary. Even if tax provisions are made, such provisions may be more or less than the Mauritius subsidiary's actual tax liabilities and it is possible that any tax provisions made by the Investment Adviser may be insufficient, resulting in an overstatement of the Net Asset Value of the India Fund.

The comments set out above regarding the incidence of taxation are based on the relevant law and practice (where applicable) as at the date of this Prospectus. However, the Mauritius subsidiary, the India Fund or their respective advisers do not in any way warrant the tax imposition outlined above, which in any event is subject to changes in the relevant legislation and interpretation and application thereof.

Investors should consult their own tax advisers with respect to their own tax situations and the tax consequences of an investment in the India Fund.

#### Fees, Charges and Expenses

The Management Company is remunerated from the management fees based on the Net Asset Value of each Fund, at an annual rate as shown in Appendix E.

19. The Depositary receives annual fees, based on the value of securities, which accrue daily, plus transaction fees. The annual custody safekeeping fees range from 0.0024% to 0.45% per annum and the transaction fees range from USD5.5 to USD124 per transaction, all such fees to be subject to change without prior notice. The rates for both categories of fees will vary according to the country of investment and, in some cases, according to asset class. Investments in bonds and developed equity markets will be at the lower end of these ranges, while some investments in emerging or developing markets will be at the upper end. Thus the custody cost to each Fund will depend on its asset allocation at any time.

The Company pays an Administration Fee to the Management Company of up to 0.25% per annum. The level of Administration Fee may vary at the Directors' discretion, as agreed with the Management Company, across Funds and Share Classes. It is accrued daily, based on the Net Asset Value of the relevant Share Class and paid monthly. The Administration Fee is used by the Management Company to meet all fixed and variable operating and administrative costs and expenses incurred by the Company, with the exception of the Depositary fees, Distribution fees, Securities Lending fees, and any legal costs relating to European Union withholding tax reclaims plus any taxes thereon and any taxes at an investment or Company level. In addition taxes payable by the Company such as subscription taxes remain payable by the Company. The Administration Fee shall not exceed 0.25% per annum and any costs and expenses in excess shall be borne by the Management Company or another BlackRock Group Company. For further details, please refer to the "Administration Fee" section in the section entitled "Fees, Charges and Expenses" for further information.

- 20. The Principal Distributor is entitled to receive:
  - the initial charge of up to 5% of the price of the Class A Shares , Class Al Shares, Class D Shares and Class DD Shares issued, where levied;
  - the initial charge of up to 3% of the Net Asset Value of the Class E Shares issued, where applicable and levied;
  - the CDSC on redemptions;
  - any delayed initial charge on Class A, Class AI, Class D, Class DD or Class E Shares, respectively;
  - the Management Company's charge on excessively frequent conversions of any Share Class (see paragraph 22, of Appendix B); and
  - any distribution fees.
- 21. Subject to the approval of the Directors, the combined management fee and Administration Fee for any Fund may be increased up to a maximum of 2.25% in total by giving shareholders at least three months' prior notice. Any increase to the combined management fee and Administration Fee above this level would require approval of shareholders at an extraordinary general meeting. At least one month's notice will be given to shareholders of any increase in the rates of other fees and charges specified in this Prospectus, unless prior shareholder consent is required under the Company's Articles when at least one month's notice will be given from the date of such consent.
- 22. The Principal Distributor is entitled, at its sole discretion and without recourse or cost to the Company, to waive any initial charge, in whole or in part, or determine to make a rebate payment in respect of the payment of any fees charged in respect of any holding of Shares to any investor (including discounts on charges to directors and employees of the Principal Distributor and its affiliates in the

BlackRock Group) or its distributors, authorised intermediaries or other agents in respect of any subscriptions for, redemption or holdings of, Shares.

Rebates of any management fee or distribution fee will not exceed the amount of the management fee or distribution fee for each Fund as set out in Appendix E and will vary depending on the share class concerned, for instance, in respect of Class A Shares the average rebate will not exceed 45% of these fees although may be higher in respect of share classes which are available to certain distributors only. Rebates are not available for all share classes.

The terms of any rebate will be agreed between the Principal Distributor and the relevant investor from time to time. If so required by applicable rules, the investor shall disclose to any underlying clients the amount of any rebate on the management fee it receives from the Principal Distributor. The Management Company shall also disclose to shareholders, upon request, details of any rebate paid by the Principal Distributor to an authorised intermediary in connection with a holding of Shares where the authorised intermediary has acted on behalf of that Shareholder. Payment of such rebates is subject to the Management Company and the Principal Distributor receiving their fees and charges from the Company.

As a result of the UK Regulator's Retail Distribution Review, neither the Management Company nor the Principal Distributor will be permitted to pay initial or renewal commission or rebate of the annual management charge to authorised intermediaries or to third party distributors or agents in respect of any subscriptions for, or holdings of, units for any UK retail investors in respect of investments made as a result of the investor having received a personal recommendation on or after 31 December 2012.

- 23. If a Fund is closed at a time when any expenses previously allocated to that Fund have not been amortised in full, the Directors shall determine how the outstanding expenses should be treated, and may, where appropriate, decide that the outstanding expenses should be met by the Fund as a liquidation expense.
- 24. The operating costs of the Subsidiary including the fees for the Mauritian Administrator, estimated at approximately USD50,000 to USD100,000 per year excluding disbursements and the fees of unaffiliated Directors, are borne by the Subsidiary.
- 25. The India Fund was launched upon its merger with the Merrill Lynch Specialist Investment Funds – India Fund and the unamortised expenses of that fund of USD120,241.50 were carried over to the India Fund as part of the merger process.

#### **Conflicts of Interest**

26. The Management Company and other BlackRock Group companies undertake business for other clients. BlackRock Group companies, their employees and their other clients face conflicts with the interests of the Management Company and its clients. BlackRock maintains a Conflicts of Interest Policy. It is not always possible for the risk of detriment to a client's interests to be entirely mitigated such that, on every transaction when acting for clients, a risk of detriment to their interests does not remain.

The types of conflict scenario giving rise to risks which BlackRock considers it cannot with reasonable confidence mitigate are disclosed below. This document, and the disclosable conflict scenarios, may be updated from time to time.

27. Conflicts of interest from relationships within the BlackRock Group and with the PNC Group

PA Dealing

### Appendix C

BlackRock Group employees may be exposed to clients' investment information while also being able to trade through personal accounts. There is a risk that, if an employee could place a trade of sufficient size, this would affect the value of a client's transaction. BlackRock Group has implemented a Personal Trading Policy designed to ensure that employee trading is pre-approved.

#### **Employee Relationships**

BlackRock Group employees may have relationships with the employees of BlackRock's clients or with other individuals whose interests conflict with those of a client. Such an employee's relationship could influence the employee's decision-making at the expense of clients' interests. BlackRock Group has a Conflicts of Interest Policy under which employees must declare all potential conflicts.

#### Significant Shareholder - PNC

The PNC Financial Services Group, Inc. ("PNC") holds 20.9% ownership stake of the voting common stock of BlackRock, Inc. A Stockholder Agreement is in place permitting PNC to designate two directors to the BlackRock Inc. Board. There is the potential that BlackRock Group companies could be unduly influenced by PNC to the disadvantage of clients. Both BlackRock Inc. and PNC are managed independently and in isolation of one another and all transactions and revenue between the two are disclosed within BlackRock Inc's proxy statement. Additionally, when voting, PNC must vote its shares in accordance with the recommendation of the BlackRock Inc. Board to prevent undue influence.

#### 28. Conflicts of interest of the Management Company

#### Provider Aladdin

BlackRock Group uses Aladdin software as a single technology platform across its investment management business. Custodial and fund administration service providers may use Provider Aladdin, a form of Aladdin software, to access data used by the Investment Adviser and Management Company. Each service provider remunerates BlackRock Group for the use of Provider Aladdin. A potential conflict arises whereby an agreement by a service provider to use Provider Aladdin incentivises the Management Company to appoint or renew appointment of such service provider. To mitigate the risk, such contracts are entered on an 'arm's length' basis.

#### **Distribution Relationships**

The Principal Distributer may pay third parties for distribution and related services. Such payments could incentivise third parties to promote the Company to investors against that client's best interests. BlackRock Group companies comply with all legal and regulatory requirements in the jurisdictions in which such payments are made.

#### **Dealing Costs**

Dealing costs are created when investors deal into and out of the Fund. There is a risk that other clients of the Fund bear the costs of those joining and leaving. BlackRock Group has policies and procedures in place to protect investors from the actions of others including anti-dilution controls.

#### 29. Conflicts of interest of the Investment Adviser

Commissions & Research

Where permitted by applicable regulation (excluding, for the avoidance of doubt, any Funds which are in scope for MiFID II), certain BlackRock Group companies acting as investment adviser to

the Funds may accept commissions generated when trading equities with certain brokers in certain jurisdictions. Commissions may be reallocated to purchase eligible research services. Such arrangements may benefit one Fund over another because research can be used for a broader range of clients than just those whose trading funded it. BlackRock Group has a Use of Commissions Policy designed to ensure only eligible services are purchased and excess commissions are reallocated to an eligible service provider where appropriate.

#### Timing of Competing Orders

When handling multiple orders for the same security in the same direction raised at or about the same time, the Investment Adviser seeks to achieve the best overall result for each order equitably on a consistent basis taking into account the characteristics of the orders, regulatory constraints or prevailing market conditions. Typically, this is achieved through the aggregation of competing orders. Conflicts of interest may appear if a trader does not aggregate competing orders that meet eligibility requirements, or does aggregate orders that do not meet eligibility requirements; it may appear as if one order received preferential execution over another. For a specific trade instruction of the Fund, there may be a risk that better execution terms will be achieved for a different client. For example, if the order was not included in an aggregation. BlackRock Group has Order Handling Procedures and an Investment Allocation Policy which govern sequencing and the aggregation of orders.

#### Concurrent Long and Short Positions

The Investment Adviser may establish, hold or unwind opposite positions (i.e. long and short) in the same security at the same time for different clients. This may prejudice the interests of the Investment Adviser's clients on one side or the other. Additionally, investment management teams across the BlackRock Group may have long only mandates and long-short mandates; they may short a security in some portfolios that are held long in other portfolios. Investment decisions to take short positions in one account may also impact the price, liquidity or valuation of long positions in another client account, or vice versa. BlackRock Group operates a Long Short (side by side) Policy with a view to treating accounts fairly.

#### Cross Trading - Pricing Conflict

When handling multiple orders for the same security, the Investment Adviser may execute a client's order to buy the security by matching it with another client's order to sell the same security, a practice known as 'crossing'. When crossing orders, there is a risk that the execution may not be performed in the best interests of each client; for example, in the event that the price at which a trade was executed did not constitute a fair and reasonable price. BlackRock manages this risk by implementing a Global Crossing Policy, which sets out – among other things – the methodology for pricing 'cross' trades.

#### MNPI

BlackRock Group companies receive Material Non-Public Information (MNPI) in relation to listed securities in which BlackRock Group companies invest on behalf of clients. To prevent wrongful trading, BlackRock Group erects Information Barriers and restricts trading by one or more investment team(s) concerned in the security concerned. Such restrictions may negatively impact the investment performance of client accounts. BlackRock has implemented a Material Non-Public Information Barrier Policy.

BlackRock's Investment Constraints or Limitations and its Related Parties

The Company may be restricted in its investment activities due to ownership threshold limits and reporting obligations in certain jurisdictions applying in aggregate to the accounts of clients of the BlackRock Group. Such restrictions may adversely impact clients through missed investment opportunities. BlackRock Group manages the conflict by following an Investment and Trading Allocation Policy, designed to allocate limited investment opportunities among affected accounts fairly and equitably over time.

#### Investment in Related Party Products

While providing investment management services for a client, the Investment Adviser may invest in products serviced by BlackRock Group companies on behalf of other clients. BlackRock may also recommend services provided by BlackRock or its affiliates. Such activities could increase BlackRock's revenue. In managing this conflict, BlackRock seeks to follow investment guidelines and has a Code of Business Conduct and Ethics.

For investments in the units of other UCITS and/or other UCIs that are managed, directly or by delegation, by the Management Company itself or by any other company with which the Management Company is linked by common management or control, or by a substantial direct or indirect holding of more than 10% of the capital or voting rights no management, subscription or redemption fees may be charged to the Company on its investment in the units of such other UCITS and/or other UCIs.

Companies of the BlackRock Group which provide investment advisory services to the Funds, other UCITS and/or other UCIs, may also cause the Funds through those investment services, other UCITS and/or other UCIs to seed other products (including the Funds) sponsored or managed by the BlackRock Group.

With reference to Paragraph 3.5 of Appendix A, the Company has appointed BlackRock Advisors (UK) Limited as securities lending agent which in turn may sub-delegate the provision of securities lending agency services to other BlackRock Group companies. BlackRock Advisors (UK) Limited has the discretion to arrange stock loans with highly rated specialist financial institutions (the "counterparties"). Such counterparties can include associates of BlackRock Advisors (UK) Limited. Collateral is marked to market on a daily basis and stock loans are repayable upon demand. At the cost of the Company, BlackRock Advisors (UK) Limited receives remuneration in relation to its activities above. Such remuneration shall not exceed 37.5% of the net revenue from the activities.

#### Investment Allocation and Order Priority

When executing a transaction in a security on behalf of a client, it can be aggregated and the aggregated transaction fulfilled with multiple trades. Trades executed with other client orders result in the need to allocate those trades. The ease with which the Investment Adviser can allocate trades to a certain client's account can be limited by the sizes and prices of those trades relative to the sizes of the clients' instructed transactions. A process of allocation can result in a client not receiving the whole benefit of the best priced trade. The Investment Adviser manages this conflict by following an Investment and Trading Allocation Policy, which is designed to ensure the fair treatment of all clients' accounts over time.

#### Fund Look Through

BlackRock Group companies may have an informational advantage when investing in proprietary BlackRock funds on behalf of client portfolios. Such an informational advantage may lead a BlackRock Group company to invest on behalf of its client earlier than the Investment Adviser invests for the Company. The risk of detriment is mitigated through BlackRock Group's pricing of units and antidilution mechanisms. Side-by-Side Management: Performance fee

The Investment Adviser manages multiple client accounts with differing fee structures. There is a risk that such differences lead to inconsistent performances levels across client accounts with similar mandates by incentivising employees to favour accounts delivering performance fees over flat or non-fee accounts. BlackRock Group companies manage this risk through a commitment to a Code of Business Conduct and Ethics Policy.

#### **Statutory and Other Information**

- Copies of the following documents (together with a certified translation thereof where relevant) are available for inspection during usual business hours on any weekday (Saturdays and Public Holidays excepted) at the registered office of the Company and at the offices of BlackRock (Luxembourg) S.A., 35A, avenue J. F. Kennedy, L-1855 Luxembourg:
- 30.1 the Articles of Association of the Company; and
- 30.2 the material contracts entered into between the Company and its functionaries (as varied or substituted from time to time).

A copy of the Articles of Association of the Company may be obtained free of charge at the above addresses.

31. Shares in the Company are and will continue to be made widely available. The intended categories of investor include both the general public as well as Institutional Investors. Shares in the Company will be marketed and made available sufficiently widely to reach the intended categories of investors and in a manner appropriate to attract these investors.

# Appendix D – Authorised Status

This Prospectus does not constitute, and may not be used for the purposes of an offer or an invitation to apply for any Shares by any person: (i) in any jurisdiction in which such offer or invitation is not authorised; or (ii) in any jurisdiction in which the person making such offer or invitation is not qualified to do so; or (iii) to any person to whom it is unlawful to make such offer or invitation. The distribution of this Prospectus and the offering of Shares in certain jurisdictions not listed below may be restricted. Accordingly, persons into whose possession this Prospectus comes are required to inform themselves about and observe any restrictions as to the offer or sale of Shares and the distribution of this Prospectus under the laws and regulations of any jurisdiction not listed below in connection with any applications for Shares in the Company, including obtaining any requisite governmental or other consent and observing any other formality prescribed in such jurisdiction. In certain jurisdictions no action has been taken or will be taken by the Company that would permit a public offering of Shares where action for that purpose is required, nor has any such action been taken with respect to the possession or distribution of this Prospectus other than in any jurisdiction where action for that purpose is required. The information below is for general guidance only and it is the responsibility of any prospective investor to comply with applicable securities laws and regulations.

#### Australia

Investors must read this Prospectus or any other disclosure document before making a decision to acquire Shares in the Company. The Company which is the issuer of this Prospectus is not licensed to provide financial product advice, within the meaning of the Corporations Act 2001 (Cth) in Australia.

The Company is not available for investment by retail clients within the meaning of the Corporations Act 2001 (Cth) and accordingly there is no product disclosure statement or cooling off regime for the Company.

Please note:

- investment in the Company can be subject to investment risk, including possible delays in repayment and loss of income and principal invested; and
- unless otherwise specified in this Prospectus, no guarantee is provided by the Company in relation to the success of the Company or the achievement of a particular rate or return on income or capital.

By investing in the Company, you acknowledge that you have read and understood the above disclosures.

#### Austria

The Company has notified the Financial Market Authority of its intention to distribute its Shares in Austria pursuant to Article 140 para 1 of the Investment Fund Act 2011 (InvFG 2011). This Prospectus is available in a German language version, which includes additional information for Austrian investors. The KIIDs are also available in German.

#### Bahrain

If you are in any doubt about the contents of this prospectus, you should seek independent professional financial advice. Remember that all investments carry varying levels of risk and that the value of your investment may go down as well as up. Investments in this collective investment undertaking are not considered deposits and are therefore not covered by the Kingdom of Bahrain's deposit protection scheme. The fact that this collective investment undertaking has been authorised by the Central Bank of Bahrain, does not mean that the CBB takes responsibility for the performance of these investments, nor for the correctness of any statements or representations made by the operator of this collective investment undertaking. The Central Bank of Bahrain and the Bahrain stock exchange assume no responsibility for the accuracy and completeness of the statements and information contained in this document and expressly disclaim any liability whatsoever for any loss howsoever arising from reliance upon the whole or any part of the contents of this document.

#### Belgium

The Company has been registered with the Financial Services and Markets Authority in accordance with Article 154 of the Law of 3 August 2012 relating to certain forms of collective management of investment portfolios. A copy of the Prospectus of BlackRock Global Funds (in English and French), the Key Investor Information Document (in English, French and Dutch), the Articles of Association (in English) and the latest periodical report (in English) can be obtained, free of charge, from the Belgian Paying Agent (J.P. Morgan Chase Bank, Brussels Branch, 1 Boulevard du Roi Albert II, B-1210 Brussels, Belgium).

#### Brunei

The Principal Distributor has appointed local distributors for distribution of the Shares of the Company in Brunei. Such Brunei distributors hold Capital Market Services Licences to distribute Shares of the Company pursuant to Section 156 of the Securities Market Order 2013. Shares in the Company may only be publicly distributed in Brunei by a person or entity licensed to sell investments or offerings in accordance with the Securities Market Order, 2013.

#### Canada

The Shares have not been, nor will they be, qualified for distribution to the public in Canada as no prospectus for the Fund has been filed with any securities commission or regulatory authority in Canada or any province or territory thereof. This Prospectus is not, and under no circumstances is to be construed, as an advertisement or any other step in furtherance of a public offering of Shares in Canada. No Canadian resident may purchase or accept a transfer of Shares unless it is eligible to do so under applicable Canadian or provincial laws.

#### Denmark

Approval has been granted to the Company by the Danish Financial Supervisory Authority (Finanstilsynet) in accordance with Section 18 of the Danish Act on Investment Associations Etc. (Consolidation Act no. 333 of 20 March 2013) to market its Shares to retail investors and professional investors in Denmark. The KIIDs for the Funds approved for marketing in Denmark are available in Danish.

#### **Dubai International Financial Centre (DIFC)**

This Prospectus relates to a Fund which is not subject to any form of regulation or approval by the Dubai Financial Services Authority ("DFSA"). The DFSA has no responsibility for reviewing or verifying any Prospectus or other documents in connection with this Fund. Accordingly, the DFSA has not approved this Prospectus or any other associated documents nor taken any steps to verify the information set out in this Prospectus, and has no responsibility for it. The Units to which this Prospectus relates may be illiquid and/or subject to restrictions on their resale. Prospective purchasers should conduct their own due diligence on the Units. If you do not understand the contents of this document you should consult an authorised financial adviser. This prospectus can be distributed to Professional Clients in and from the DIFC by BlackRock Advisors (UK) Limited -Dubai Branch which is regulated by the Dubai Financial Services Authority ("DFSA"). Where the prospectus or any fund within the prospectus is directed at 'Professional Clients', no other person should rely upon the information contained within it.

#### Finland

The Company has notified the Financial Supervision Authority in accordance with Section 127 of the Act on Common Funds (29.1.1999/48) as amended and by virtue of confirmation from the Financial Supervision Authority the Company may publicly distribute its Shares in Finland. Certain information and documents that the Company must publish in Luxembourg pursuant to applicable Luxembourg Law are translated into Finnish and are available for Finnish investors at the offices of the appointed distributors in Finland.

### France

The Company has been authorised by the Autorité des Marchés Financiers (the "AMF") to market certain of its Funds in France. CACEIS Bank will perform the services of Centralising Correspondent in France. This Prospectus is available in a French language version that includes additional information for French investors. The additional information for French investors should be read in conjunction with this Prospectus. Documentation relating to the Company can be inspected at the offices of CACEIS Bank, the registered office of which is at 1/3, place Valhubert, F-75013 Paris, France, during normal business hours and copies of the documentation can be obtained from them if required.

The attention of investors is drawn to the fact that the European Fund, European Value Fund, European Special Situations Fund, Euro-Markets Fund and European Focus Fund are eligible to be held within the framework of a share savings plan ("plan d'épargne en actions" or "PEA") in France. In this context, the Company undertakes, pursuant to Article 91 quarter L of Annex II to the General Tax Code, that the above referenced Funds will invest on a permanent basis at least 75% of their assets in securities or rights listed in (a) or (b) of I, 1° of Article L.221-31 of the Monetary and Financial Code.

The PEA eligibility of these Funds results from, to the best knowledge of the Company, tax law and practices in force in France as at the date of this Appendix. Such tax law and practices may change from time to time and, therefore, the Funds which may currently be held within the framework of a PEA could lose their PEA eligibility. Further the Funds could lose their PEA eligibility due to changes impacting their investment universe or benchmark index. In such circumstances, investors will be informed by the publication of a notice on the website of the Company. In such a case, the investors should seek professional tax and financial advice."

#### Germany

The German Federal Financial Supervisory Authority has been notified of the intention to distribute certain Funds of the Company in the Federal Republic of Germany pursuant to § 310 German Capital Investment Act. The German language prospectus contains additional information for investors in the Federal Republic of Germany.

### Gibraltar

The Company is a UCITS scheme which has been recognised by the Gibraltar Financial Services Commission in accordance with Section 34 & 35 of the Financial Services (Collective Investment Schemes) Act 2011 as a UCITS scheme which complies with the requirements of the Financial Services (Collective Investment Schemes) Regulations 2011 for the recognition of such schemes in Gibraltar. By virtue of such recognition by the Gibraltar Financial Services Commission, the Company may market its Shares in Gibraltar.

# Greece

Approval has been granted to the Company by the Hellenic Capital Markets Committee in accordance with the procedures provided by Law 4099/2012, to register and distribute its Shares in Greece. This Prospectus is available in a Greek language translation. It must be noted that the relevant regulations provide that "SICAV Funds do not have a guaranteed return and that previous performance does not secure future performance".

# Hong Kong

The Company is authorised as a collective investment scheme by the SFC. The SFC's authorisation is not a recommendation or endorsement of the Company nor does it guarantee the commercial merits of the Company or its performance. It does not mean the Company is suitable for all investors nor is it an endorsement of its suitability for any particular investor or class of investors. This Prospectus is available for Hong Kong residents in both English and Chinese. Please note that not all of the Funds are available for distribution in Hong Kong and investors should read this Prospectus in conjunction with the Information for Residents of Hong Kong ("IRHK"), which contains additional information for Hong Kong residents. The Company's representative in Hong Kong is BAMNA.

# Hungary

The Hungarian Financial Supervisory Authority authorized the Hungarian distribution of the Company's Shares pursuant to Section 288 (1) of the Hungarian Act CXX of 2001 on the Capital Market on 16 April 2007.

The distribution of the Shares issued by the Funds of the Company that had been launched subsequent to 1 January 2012 was authorized by the Commission de Surveillance du Secteur Financier (CSSF) of Luxembourg and this license was passported to Hungary in accordance with Section 98 of the Hungarian Act CXCIII of 2011 on Investment Management Firms and the Collective Forms of Investment.

The distribution of the Shares issued by the Funds of the Company that had been launched subsequent to 15 March 2014 was authorized by the CSSF and this license was passported to Hungary in accordance with Section 119 of the Hungarian Act XVI of 2014 on the Collective Forms of Investments and Their Managers.

The KIIDs for all of the Company's Shares are also available to investors in a Hungarian language version.

# Iceland

The Company has notified the Icelandic Financial Supervisory Authority (*Fjarmalaeftirlitid*) in accordance with the provisions of the Act No. 128/2011 on Undertakings for Collective Investment in Transferable Securities (UCITS) Investment Funds and Institutional Investment Funds regarding the offering of foreign UCITS-funds for sale in Iceland. By virtue of a confirmation from the Icelandic Financial Supervisory Authority, the following funds may be offered for sale in Iceland:

#### Asian Dragon Fund

Emerging Markets Local Currency Bond Fund **Global Allocation Fund** Global Opportunities Fund (Fund name will change to "Global Long-Horizon Equity Fund" on 25 March 2019) New Energy Fund (Fund name will change to "Sustainable Energy Fund" on 25 March 2019) Pacific Equity Fund World Gold Fund Euro-Markets Fund Emerging Europe Fund **Emerging Markets Fund** US Dollar Reserve Fund Global High Yield Bond Fund World Healthscience Fund World Financials Fund European Fund Japan Small and Midcap Opportunities Fund US Growth Fund Continental European Flexible Fund Global Dynamic Equity Fund Euro Short Duration Bond Fund Euro Bond Fund Global Government Bond Fund World Bond Fund US Government Mortgage Fund

According to Article 13 e in Act No. 87/1992, as amended with Act no. 127/2011, Icelandic investors are prohibited from investing in securities, unit shares of UCITS and/or investment funds, money market instruments or other transferable financial instruments denominated in other currencies than Icelandic krona (ISK). However, parties that have invested in such financial instruments prior to 28 November 2008 are permitted to reinvest. Investors can apply for an exemption from these provisions.

The Company's local distributor in Iceland is responsible for arranging for all necessary information to be available for Icelandic retail investors, in accordance with the Act No. 128/2011 on Undertakings for Collective Investment in Transferable Securities (UCITS), Investment Funds and Institutional Investment Funds, as amended.

# Appendix D

# Ireland

The Management Company has notified the Central Bank of Ireland of its intention to publicly distribute Shares in certain Funds in Ireland. Blackrock Investment Management (Dublin) Limited will perform the services of facilities agent in Ireland. Documentation relating to the Company can be inspected at 1st Floor, 2 Ballsbridge Park, Ballsbridge, Dublin 4, D04 YW83 during normal business hours and copies of the documentation can be obtained if required. Blackrock Investment Management (Dublin) Limited will also forward any redemption or dividend payment requests or any complaints relating to the Company to the Transfer Agent.

# Italy

The Company has notified the intention to market in Italy certain Funds pursuant to article 42 of Legislative Decree no. 58 of 24 February 1998 and implementing regulations. The offering of the Funds can only be carried out by the appointed distributors indicated in the list referred to in the Italian wrapper (Subscription Form) in accordance with the procedures indicated therein. A shareholder who makes a subscription or a redemption of Shares through the local Paying Agent or other entities responsible for processing Share transactions in Italy may be charged with the expenses linked to the activity carried out by such entities. In Italy, additional expenses incurred by the Italian Paying Agent(s) or other entities responsible for processing Share transactions for and on behalf of Italian shareholders (for example for the cost of foreign exchange dealing and for intermediation in payments) may be charged to those shareholders directly. Further details of any such additional charges will be provided in the Subscription Form for Italy. Investors in Italy may confer on the Italian Paying Agent a specific mandate empowering the latter to act in its own name and on behalf of the same investors. Under this mandate, the Italian Paying Agent in its own name and on behalf of the investors in Italy shall (i) transmit in aggregated form to the Company subscription /redemption/conversion orders; (ii) hold the Shares in the register of shareholders of the Company and (iii) carry out any other administrative activity under the investment contract. Further details of such mandate will be provided in the subscription form for Italy.

In Italy investors may be able to subscribe for Shares through Regular Savings Plans. Under Regular Savings Plans may be also possible to periodically/regularly redeem and/or convert the Shares. Details of the Regular Savings Plans facilities offered will be provided in the subscription form for Italy.

# Jersey

The consent of the Jersey Financial Services Commission (the "Commission") has been obtained pursuant to the Control of Borrowing (Jersey) Order 1958, as amended, to raise money in the Island by the issue of Shares of the Company and for the distribution of this Prospectus. The Commission is protected by the Control of Borrowing (Jersey) Law 1947, as amended, against liability arising from the discharge of its functions under that law.

# Korea

For distribution and offering of the Shares in the Company to the public in Korea. The Company has been registered with the Financial Services Commission (the "FSC") and the securities registration statement (as defined under the Financial Investment Services and Capital Market Act of Korea (the "FSCMA")) has been filed with the FSC in accordance with the FSCMA.

# Kingdom of Saudi Arabia (KSA)

This document may not be distributed in the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia except to such persons as are permitted under the Offers of Securities Regulations issued by the Capital Market Authority. The Capital Market Authority does not make any representation as to the accuracy or completeness of this document, and expressly disclaims any liability whatsoever for any loss arising from, or incurred in reliance upon, any part of this document. Prospective purchasers of the securities offered hereby should conduct their own due diligence on the accuracy of the information relating to the securities. If you do not understand the contents of this document you should consult an authorised financial adviser.

# Kuwait

This prospectus is not for general circulation to the public in Kuwait. The Company has not been licensed for offering in Kuwait by the Kuwait Capital Markets Authority or any other relevant Kuwaiti government agency. The offering of the Company in Kuwait on the basis of a private placement or public offering is, therefore, restricted in accordance with Law No. 7 of 2010 and the bylaws thereto (as amended). No private or public offering of the Company is being made in Kuwait, and no agreement relating to the sale of the Company will be concluded in Kuwait. No marketing or solicitation or inducement activities are being used to offer or market the Company in Kuwait.

# Macau

Authorisation is given by the Autoridade Monetaria De Macau ("AMCM") for the advertising and marketing the Company and certain registered Funds in Macau in accordance with Article 61 and 62 of Decree Law No. 83/99/M of 22 November 1999. Such advertising and marketing is undertaken by distributors duly licensed and registered with AMCM. This Prospectus is available to Macau residents in both English and Chinese.

# Netherlands

The Company may offer its Shares to the public in the Netherlands in accordance with Directive 2009/65/EC on undertakings for collective investment in transferable securities (UCITS), as implemented in the Netherlands Financial Markets Supervision Act (Wet op het financieel toezicht). Dutch translations of the KIIDs and all information and documents that the Company must publish in Luxembourg pursuant to applicable Luxembourg laws are available from BlackRock Investment Management (UK) Limited, Amsterdam Branch.

# Norway

The Company has notified the Financial Supervisory Authority of Norway (Finanstilsynet) in accordance with applicable Norwegian Securities Funds legislation. By virtue of a confirmation letter from the Financial Supervisory Authority of Norway dated 5 March 2001 the Company may market and sell its Shares in Norway.

#### Oman

The information contained in this prospectus does not constitute a public offer of securities in the Sultanate of Oman as contemplated by the Commercial Companies Law of Oman (Royal Decree 4/74) or the Capital Market Law of Oman (Royal Decree 80/98). Due to legal restrictions, imposed by the Executive Regulations of the Capital Market Law issued by the Capital Market Authority of the Sultanate of Oman (the "CMA"), this prospectus is only available to individuals and corporate entities that fall within the description of "sophisticated investors" in Article 139 of the Executive Regulations to the Capital Market Law. The CMA is not liable for the correctness or adequacy of information provided in this prospectus or for identifying whether or not the security being offered pursuant to this prospectus is an appropriate investment for a potential investor. The CMA shall also not be liable for any damage or loss resulting from reliance placed on the prospectus.

# People's Republic of China (PRC)

The Company's interests are not being offered or sold and may not be offered or sold, directly or indirectly within the PRC (for such purposes, not including the Hong Kong and Macau Special Administrative Regions or Taiwan), except as permitted by the securities and funds laws of the PRC.

# Peru

The Shares of the Company will not be registered before the Superintendencia del Mercado de Valores (SMV) in Peru, nor under Decreto Legislativo 862: Texto Unico Ordenado de la Ley del Mercado de Valores, as amended. Moreover, the SMV has not reviewed the information provided to the institutional investor. The Shares may only be offered and sold to institutional investors pursuant to a private placement. The Company has obtained registration in Peru of certain Funds with the Superintendencia de Banca, Seguros y AFP pursuant to Decreto Supremo 054-97-EF Texto Unico Ordenado de la Ley del Sistema Privado del Fondo de Pensiones, as amended, and the rules and regulations enacted thereunder which will allow Peruvian Private Pension Fund Managers (AFP) to acquire shares of such registered Funds.

#### Poland

The Company has notified the Polish Financial Supervision Authority (Komisja Nadzoru Finansowego) of its intention to distribute its Shares in Poland under article 253 of an Act on investment funds and on management of alternative investment funds dated May 27<sup>th</sup> 2004 (Dz. U.2016.1896, as amended). The Company has established its representative and payment agent in Poland. This Prospectus and the KIID are available in Polish as well as other documents and information required by the provisions of laws of the state where it maintains its head office. The Company distributes its Shares in Poland by authorised distributors only.

#### Portugal

In Portugal, notification has been made to the Comissão do Mercado dos Valores Mobiliários for marketing of certain Funds by several distributors with whom the Principal Distributor has entered into distribution agreements, pursuant to Directive 2009/65/EC on undertakings for collective investment in transferable securities (UCITS), as implemented in Portugal by Decree-Law 63-A/2013, of 10 May (according to the list of Funds contained in the respective notification procedure).

#### Qatar

The shares are only being offered to a limited number of investors who are willing and able to conduct an independent investigation of the risks involved in an investment in such shares. The prospectus does not constitute an offer to the public and is for the use only of the named addressee and should not be given or shown to any other person (other than employees, agents or consultants in connection with the addressee's consideration thereof). The fund has not been and will not be registered with the Qatar Central Bank or under any laws of the State of Qatar. No transaction will be concluded in your jurisdiction and any inquiries regarding the shares should be made to the Company.

#### **Republic of South Africa**

This prospectus is not intended and does not constitute an offer, invitation, or solicitation by any person to members of the public to invest or acquire shares in the Company. This prospectus is not an offer in terms of Chapter 4 of the Companies Act, 2008. Accordingly this prospectus does not, nor is it intended to, constitute a prospectus prepared and registered under the Companies Act. The Fund is a foreign collective investment scheme as contemplated by section 65 of the Collective Investment Schemes Control Act, 2002 and is not approved in terms of that Act.

#### Singapore

Certain sub-funds of the Company (the "Restricted Sub-Funds") have been entered onto the list of restricted schemes maintained by the Monetary Authority of Singapore (the "MAS") for purpose of restricted offer in Singapore pursuant to section 305 of the Securities and Futures Act, Chapter 289 of Singapore (the "SFA") and the list of Restricted Sub-Funds may be accessed at:

https://masnetsvc2.mas.gov.sg/cisnetportal/jsp/list.jsp.

In addition, certain Sub-Funds of the Company (including some of the Restricted Sub-Funds), have also been recognised in Singapore for retail distribution (the "Recognised Sub-Funds"). Please refer to the Singapore prospectus (which has been registered by the MAS) relating to the retail offer of the Recognised Sub-Funds for the list of Sub-Funds which are Recognised Sub-Funds. The registered Singapore prospectus may be obtained from the relevant appointed distributors.

A restricted offer or invitation of the shares (the "Shares") of each Restricted Sub-Fund is the subject of this Prospectus. Save for the Restricted Sub-Funds which are also Recognised Sub-Funds, the Restricted Sub-Funds are not authorised or recognised by the MAS and the Shares are not allowed to be offered to the retail public in Singapore. A concurrent restricted offer of Shares of each Recognised Sub-Fund is made under and in reliance of Sections 304 and/or 305 (including subsection 305(3)(c)) of the SFA. The Shares of the Restricted Sub-Funds are capital markets products other than prescribed capital markets products (as defined in the Securities and Futures (Capital Markets Products) Regulations 2018) and Specified Investment Products (as defined in MAS Notice SFA 04-N12: Notice on the Sale of Investment Products and MAS Notice FAA-N16: Notice on Recommendations on Investment Products).

The offer or invitation of the Shares of the Restricted Sub-Funds is regulated by the CSSF under the Luxembourg law of 17 December 2010 on undertakings for collective investment, as amended, modified or supplemented from time to time. The contact details of the CSSF are as follows: Telephone: +352 26-251-1 (switchboard) Fax: +352 26-251-601. The Bank of New York Mellon SA / NV, Luxembourg Branch, being the custodian of the Restricted Sub-Funds is regulated by the CSSF. The policy of each Restricted Sub-Fund and the Management Company is not to enter into any side letter arrangements that may result in differentiated or preferential treatment for certain classes of investors. Investors in Singapore should note that if they wish to obtain information on the past performance of the Restricted Sub-Funds, they should contact BlackRock (Singapore) Limited at +65 6411-3000 to obtain such information. Other information required by the Monetary Authority of Singapore is contained elsewhere in the Prospectus of BlackRock Global Funds.

This Prospectus and any other document or material issued in connection with this restricted offer or sale of the Restricted Sub-Funds is not a prospectus as defined in the SFA and has not been registered as a prospectus with the MAS. Accordingly, statutory liability under the SFA in relation to the content of prospectuses would not apply. You should consider carefully whether the investment is suitable for you.

This Prospectus and any other document or material in connection with the restricted offer or sale, or invitation for subscription or purchase, of Shares may not be circulated or distributed, nor may Shares be offered or sold, or be made the subject of an invitation for subscription or purchase, pursuant to this Prospectus whether directly or indirectly, to persons in Singapore other than (i) to an institutional investor under Section 304 of the SFA, (ii) to a relevant person pursuant to Section 305(1), or any person pursuant to Section 305(2), and in accordance with the conditions specified in Section 305, of the SFA, or (iii) otherwise pursuant to, and in accordance with the conditions of, any other applicable provision of the SFA.

Where Shares are subscribed or purchased under Section 305 of the SFA by a relevant person which is:

- (a) a corporation (which is not an accredited investor (as defined in Section 4A of the SFA)) the sole business of which is to hold investments and the entire share capital of which is owned by one or more individuals, each of whom is an accredited investor; or
- (b) a trust (where the trustee is not an accredited investor) whose sole purpose is to hold investments and each beneficiary of the trust is an individual who is an accredited investor,

securities (as defined in Section 239(1) of the SFA) of that corporation or the beneficiaries' rights and interest (howsoever described) in that trust shall not be transferred within six months after that corporation or that trust has acquired the Shares pursuant to an offer made under Section 305 of the SFA except:

- to an institutional investor or to a relevant person defined in Section 305(5) of the SFA, or to any person arising from an offer referred to in Section 275(1A) or Section 305A(3)(i)(B) of the SFA;
- 2. where no consideration is or will be given for the transfer;
- 3. where the transfer is by operation of law;

# Appendix D

- 4. as specified in Section 305A(5) of the SFA; or
- as specified in Regulation 36 of the Securities and Futures (Offers of Investments) (Collective Investment Schemes) Regulations 2005 of Singapore.

Investors should note further that the other Sub-Funds of the Company referred to in this Prospectus other than the Restricted Sub-Funds and/or the Recognised Sub-Funds, are not available to Singapore investors and references to such other Sub-Funds is not and should not be construed as an offer of shares of such other sub-funds in Singapore.

# Spain

The Company is duly registered with the Comisión Nacional de Mercado de Valores in Spain under number 140.

# Sweden

The Company has notified the Swedish Financial Supervisory Authority in accordance with Chapter 1, Section 7 of the Swedish Securities Funds Act 2004 (Sw. *lag (2004:46) om värdepappersfonder)* and by virtue of a confirmation from the Swedish Financial Supervisory Authority the Company may publicly distribute its Shares in Sweden.

#### Switzerland

The Swiss Financial Market Authority FINMA has authorised BlackRock Asset Management Switzerland Limited, as the Company's Swiss representative, to distribute the Shares of each of the Company's Funds in or from Switzerland in accordance with Article 123 of the Collective Investment Schemes Act of 23 June 2006. A German language version of this Prospectus is available which also includes the additional information for Swiss investors.

#### Taiwan

Certain Funds have been approved by the Financial Supervisory Commission (the "FSC"), or effectively registered with the FSC, for public offering and sale through the master agent and/or sales agents in Taiwan in accordance with the Securities Investment Trust and Consulting Act, Regulations Governing the Offshore Funds, and other applicable laws and regulations. Funds approved/registered in Taiwan will, subject to certain investment restrictions such as, among other things, the following: (1) no gold, real estate and commodities in the portfolio are allowed; (2) unless the derivatives waiver by FSC is otherwise granted, the total value of the open positions on derivatives for increasing investment efficiency held by each Fund shall not exceed 40% of its net asset value; and (3) total value of open short positions on derivatives for hedging purpose held by each Fund shall not exceed the total market value of the corresponding securities held by the Fund. Investors should read this Prospectus in conjunction with the investor brochure, which contains additional information for Taiwan residents. On December 31 2015, FSC granted the derivatives waivers to fourteen (14) BGF funds registered in Taiwan, which are: (1) Asian Tiger Bond Fund; (2) Flexible Multi-Asset Fund (Fund will change name into ESG Multi-Asset Fund from 25 March 2019); (3) Global High Yield Bond Fund; (4) Emerging Markets Bond Fund; (5) Global Allocation Fund; (6) Global Corporate Bond Fund; (7) Euro Bond Fund; (8) Global Government Bond Fund; (9) Global Inflation Linked Bond Fund; (10) Emerging Markets Local Currency Bond Fund; (11) US Dollar High Yield Bond Fund; (12) US Dollar Core Bond Fund; (13) US Government Mortgage Fund; and (14) World Bond Fund. In the derivatives waivers, FSC expressly indicated that each of the above fourteen (14) BGF funds' VaR shall not exceed two times of the reference portfolio's VaR of each fund. Investors should refer to Appendix 1 under the Investor Brochure which is prepared in accordance with the Taiwan laws and regulations for more details on the derivatives waivers of the above fourteen (14) funds. The FSC issued a letter ruling on January 29 2014 which permitted sales and consultation of unregistered offshore funds through the Taiwan offshore banking unit of a bank (including a foreign bank having branch in Taiwan) ("OBU") and the Taiwan offshore securities unit of a securities firm (including a foreign securities firm having branch in Taiwan) ("OSU"); provided that: (1) the clients of the Taiwan OBU/OSU are limited to offshore clients, including individuals holding foreign passport without domicile in Taiwan and legal entities registered

offshore without any registration or branch in Taiwan; and (2) any offshore fund distributed through an Taiwan OBU or OSU cannot invest more than 30% of its net asset value in the Taiwan securities markets ("Taiwan OBU/ OSU Fund Offering"). BlackRock Investment Management (Taiwan) Limited has obtained the FSC's approval to provide agent services, the scope of which is subject to the regulator's approval and rulings which may be amended from time to time, to Taiwan OBU/OSU on behalf of BlackRock (Luxembourg) S.A. for the Taiwan OBU/OSU Fund Offering."

### United Arab Emirates (UAE)

For Funds registered with the Securities and Commodities Authority in the United Arab Emirates

A copy of this Prospectus has been submitted to the Securities and Commodities Authority (the "Authority") in the United Arab Emirates ("UAE"). The Authority assumes no liability for the accuracy of the information set out in this Prospectus, nor for the failure of any persons engaged by the Company in performing their duties and responsibilities. The relevant parties whose names are listed in this Prospectus shall assume such liability, each according to their respective roles and duties.

For investors to which the qualified investor exemption applies: A copy of this Prospectus has been submitted to the Authority in the UAE. The Authority assumes no liability for the accuracy of the information set out in this Prospectus, nor for the failure of any persons engaged by the Company in performing their duties and responsibilities. This document is only intended for those that fall under the definition of "Qualified Investor" as contained within the Authority's Board's Decision No. 9/R.M. of 2016 concerning Mutual Funds Regulations and the Authority's Board Decision No. 3/R.M of 2017 concerning Promoting and Introducing Regulations, which includes: (1) an investor which is able to manage its investments on its own, namely: (a) the federal government, local governments, government entities and authorities or companies wholly-owned by any such entities; (b) international entities and organisations; (c) a person licensed to carry out a commercial activity in the UAE, provided that investment is one of the objects of such person; or (d) a financially sound natural person who acknowledges that their annual income is not less than AED 1 million, that their net equity, excluding their main place of residence, amounts to AED 5 million, and that they, themselves or with the assistance of a financial advisor, has the necessary know-how and experience to assess the offer document and the ensuing benefits and risks associated with the investment; or (2) an investor who is represented by an investment manager licensed by the Authority, (each a "Qualified Investor"). The relevant parties whose names are listed in this Prospectus shall assume such liability, each according to their respective roles and duties.

# For Funds not registered with the Securities and Commodities Authority in the United Arab Emirates

This Prospectus, and the information contained herein, does not constitute, and is not intended to constitute, a public offer of securities in the UAE and accordingly should not be construed as such. The Shares are only being offered to a limited number of investors in the UAE who (a) are willing and able to conduct an independent investigation of the risks involved in an investment in such Shares, and (b) upon their specific request. The Shares have not been approved by or licensed or registered with the UAE Central Bank, the Authority or any other relevant licensing authorities or governmental agencies in the UAE. The Prospectus is for the use of the named addressee only, who has specifically requested it without a promotion effected by BlackRock, its promoters or the distributors of its units, and should not be given or shown to any other person (other than employees, agents or consultants in connection with the addressee's consideration thereof). No transaction will be concluded in the UAE and any enquiries regarding the Shares should be made to the local Investor Servicing Team, telephone: +44 (0)207 743 3300.

For investors to which the qualified investor exemption applies: This Prospectus, and the information contained herein, does not constitute, and is not intended to constitute, a public offer of securities in the UAE and accordingly should not be construed as such. The Shares are only being offered to a limited number of exempt investors in the UAE who fall under one of the following categories of non-natural Qualified Investors: (1) an investor which is able to manage its investments on its own, namely: (a) the federal government, local governments, government entities and authorities or companies wholly-owned by any such entities; (b) international entities and organisations; or (c) a person licensed to carry out a commercial activity in the UAE, provided that investment is one of the objects of such person; or (2) an investor who is represented by an investment manager licensed by the SCA, (each a "non-natural Qualified Investor"). The Shares have not been approved by or licensed or registered with the UAE Central Bank, the Authority, the Dubai Financial Services Authority, the Financial Services Regulatory Authority or any other relevant licensing authorities or governmental agencies in the UAE (the "Authorities"). The Authorities assume no liability for any investment that the named addressee makes as a non-natural Qualified Investor. The Prospectus is for the use of the named addressee only and should not be given or shown to any other person (other than employees, agents or consultants in connection with the addressee's consideration thereof).

#### **United Kingdom**

The contents of this Prospectus have been approved solely for the purposes of section 21 of the UK Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (the "Act") by the Company's UK Distributor, BlackRock Investment Management (UK) Limited, 12 Throgmorton Avenue, London EC2N 2DL (which is regulated by the FCA in the conduct of investment business in the UK). The Company has obtained the status of "recognised scheme" for the purposes of the Act. Some or all of the protections provided by the UK regulatory system will not apply to investments in the Company. Compensation under the UK Investors Compensation Scheme will generally not be available. The Company provides the facilities required by the regulations governing such schemes at the offices of BlackRock Investment Management (UK) Limited, which acts as the UK facilities agent. UK investors can contact the UK facilities agent at the above address to obtain details regarding the prices of units, to redeem or arrange for the redemption of Shares, to obtain payment and to make a complaint. Details on the procedure to be followed in connection with the subscription, redemption and switching of Shares are set out in this Prospectus. Copies of the following documents will be available (in English) for inspection and can be obtained at any time during normal business hours on any day (excluding Saturdays, Sundays and public holidays) free of charge at the above address of the UK Facilities Agent:

- 1. the Articles of Association;
- 2. the Prospectus, KIID(s) and any supplement or addendum to the Prospectus; and
- the most recently published annual and half yearly reports relating to the Company;

An applicant for Shares will not have the right to cancel his application under the UK FCA's Conduct of Business Rules. Further details on BlackRock Global Funds can be obtained from the local Investor Servicing Team, telephone: +44 (0)207 743 3300.

#### USA

The Shares will not be registered under the US Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the "Securities Act") and may not be directly or indirectly offered or sold in the USA or any of its territories or possessions or areas subject to its jurisdiction or to or for the benefit of a US Person. The Company will not be registered under the US Investment Company Act of 1940. US Persons are not permitted to own Shares. Attention is drawn to paragraphs 3. and 4. of Appendix B which specify certain compulsory redemption powers and define "US Person".

#### Generally

The distribution of this Prospectus and the offering of the Shares may be authorised or restricted in certain other jurisdictions. The above information is for general guidance only and it is the responsibility of any persons in possession of this Prospectus and of any persons wishing to make application for Shares to inform themselves of, and to observe, all applicable laws and regulations of any relevant jurisdictions.

# Appendix E – Summary of Charges and Expenses

All Share Classes are also subject to an Administration Fee, which may be charged at a rate of up to 0.25% per annum.

0.00% 0.00% to 0.00%
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0.00%

Asia Pacific Equity Income Fund	Initial charge	Management Fee	Distribution Fee	CDSC
Class A	5.00%	1.50%	0.00%	0.00%
Class Al	5.00%	1.50%	0.00%	0.00%
Class C	0.00%	1.50%	1.25%	1.00% to 0.00%
Class D	5.00%	0.75%	0.00%	0.00%
Class DD	5.00%	0.75%	0.00%	0.00%
Class E	3.00%	1.50%	0.50%	0.00%
Class I	0.00%	0.75%	0.00%	0.00%
Class J	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
Class S	0.00%	up to 0.75%	0.00%	0.00%
Class X	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%

Asian Dragon Fund	Initial charge	Management Fee	Distribution Fee	CDSC
Class A	5.00%	1.50%	0.00%	0.00%
Class Al	5.00%	1.50%	0.00%	0.00%
Class C	0.00%	1.50%	1.25%	1.00% to 0.00%
Class D	5.00%	0.75%	0.00%	0.00%
Class DD	5.00%	0.75%	0.00%	0.00%
Class E	3.00%	1.50%	0.50%	0.00%
Class I	0.00%	0.75%	0.00%	0.00%
Class J	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
Class S	0.00%	up to 0.75%	0.00%	0.00%
Class X	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%

Asian Growth Leaders Fund	Initial charge	Management Fee	Distribution Fee	CDSC
Class A	5.00%	1.50%	0.00%	0.00%
Class Al	5.00%	1.50%	0.00%	0.00%
Class C	0.00%	1.50%	1.25%	1.00% to 0.00%
Class D	5.00%	0.75%	0.00%	0.00%
Class DD	5.00%	0.75%	0.00%	0.00%
Class E	3.00%	1.50%	0.50%	0.00%
Class I	0.00%	0.75%	0.00%	0.00%
Class J	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
Class S	0.00%	up to 0.75%	0.00%	0.00%
Class X	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%

Asian High Yield Bond Fund	Initial charge	Management Fee	Distribution Fee	CDSC
Class A	5.00%	1.00%	0.00%	0.00%
Class Al	5.00%	1.00%	0.00%	0.00%
Class C	0.00%	1.00%	1.25%	1.00% to 0.00%
Class D	5.00%	0.50%	0.00%	0.00%
Class DD	5.00%	0.50%	0.00%	0.00%
Class E	3.00%	1.00%	0.50%	0.00%
Class I	0.00%	0.50%	0.00%	0.00%
Class J	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
Class S	0.00%	up to 0.50%	0.00%	0.00%
Class X	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
Class Z	0.00%	up to 0.50%	0.00%	0.00%

Asian Multi-Asset Growth Fund	Initial charge	Management Fee	Distribution Fee	CDSC
Class A	5.00%	1.50%	0.00%	0.00%
Class Al	5.00%	1.50%	0.00%	0.00%
Class C	0.00%	1.50%	1.25%	1.00% to 0.00%
Class D	5.00%	0.75%	0.00%	0.00%
Class DD	5.00%	0.75%	0.00%	0.00%
Class E	3.00%	1.50%	0.50%	0.00%
Class I	0.00%	0.75%	0.00%	0.00%
Class J	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
Class S	0.00%	up to 0.75%	0.00%	0.00%
Class X	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
Class Z	0.00%	up to 0.75%	0.00%	0.00%

Asian Tiger Bond Fund	Initial charge	Management Fee	Distribution Fee	CDSC
Class A	5.00%	1.00%	0.00%	0.00%
Class Al	5.00%	1.00%	0.00%	0.00%
Class C	0.00%	1.00%	1.25%	1.00% to 0.00%
Class D	5.00%	0.50%	0.00%	0.00%
Class DD	5.00%	0.50%	0.00%	0.00%
Class E	3.00%	1.00%	0.50%	0.00%
Class I	0.00%	0.50%	0.00%	0.00%
Class J	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
Class S	0.00%	up to 0.50%	0.00%	0.00%
Class X	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%

China A-Share Opportunities Fund	Initial charge	Management Fee	Distribution Fee	CDSC
Class A	5.00%	1.50%	0.00%	0.00%
Class Al	5.00%	1.50%	0.00%	0.00%
Class C	0.00%	1.50%	1.25%	1.00% to 0.00%
Class D	5.00%	0.75%	0.00%	0.00%
Class DD	5.00%	0.75%	0.00%	0.00%
Class E	3.00%	1.50%	0.50%	0.00%
Class I	0.00%	0.75%	0.00%	0.00%
Class J	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
Class S	0.00%	up to 0.75%	0.00%	0.00%
Class X	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
Class Z	0.00%	up to 0.75%	0.00%	0.00%

China Bond Fund	Initial charge	Management Fee	Distribution Fee	CDSC
Class A	5.00%	0.75%	0.00%	0.00%
Class Al	5.00%	0.75%	0.00%	0.00%
Class C	0.00%	0.75%	1.25%	1.00% to 0.00%
Class D	5.00%	0.40%	0.00%	0.00%
Class DD	5.00%	0.40%	0.00%	0.00%
Class E	3.00%	0.75%	0.50%	0.00%
Class I	0.00%	0.40%	0.00%	0.00%
Class J	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
Class S	0.00%	up to 0.40%	0.00%	0.00%
Class X	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%

China Flexible Equity Fund	Initial charge	Management Fee	Distribution Fee	CDSC
Class A	5.00%	1.50%	0.00%	0.00%
Class Al	5.00%	1.50%	0.00%	0.00%
Class C	0.00%	1.50%	1.25%	1.00% to 0.00%
Class D	5.00%	0.75%	0.00%	0.00%
Class DD	5.00%	0.75%	0.00%	0.00%
Class E	3.00%	1.50%	0.50%	0.00%
Class I	0.00%	0.75%	0.00%	0.00%
Class J	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
Class S	0.00%	up to 0.75%	0.00%	0.00%
Class X	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
Class Z	0.00%	up to 0.75%	0.00%	0.00%

China Fund	Initial charge	Management Fee	Distribution Fee	CDSC
Class A	5.00%	1.50%	0.00%	0.00%
Class Al	5.00%	1.50%	0.00%	0.00%
Class C	0.00%	1.50%	1.25%	1.00% to 0.00%
Class D	5.00%	0.75%	0.00%	0.00%
Class DD	5.00%	0.75%	0.00%	0.00%
Class E	3.00%	1.50%	0.50%	0.00%
Class I	0.00%	0.75%	0.00%	0.00%
Class J	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
Class S	0.00%	up to 0.75%	0.00%	0.00%
Class X	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%

Continental Eur- opean Flexible Fund	Initial charge	Management Fee	Distribution Fee	CDSC
Class A	5.00%	1.50%	0.00%	0.00%
Class Al	5.00%	1.50%	0.00%	0.00%
Class C	0.00%	1.50%	1.25%	1.00% to 0.00%
Class D	5.00%	0.75%	0.00%	0.00%
Class DD	5.00%	0.75%	0.00%	0.00%
Class E	3.00%	1.50%	0.50%	0.00%
Class I	0.00%	0.75%	0.00%	0.00%
Class J	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
Class S	0.00%	up to 0.75%	0.00%	0.00%
Class X	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%

Dynamic High Income Fund	Initial charge	Management Fee	Distribution Fee	CDSC
Class A	5.00%	1.50%	0.00%	0.00%
Class Al	5.00%	1.50%	0.00%	0.00%
Class C	0.00%	1.50%	1.25%	1.00% to 0.00%
Class D	5.00%	0.75%	0.00%	0.00%
Class DD	5.00%	0.75%	0.00%	0.00%
Class E	3.00%	1.50%	0.50%	0.00%
Class I	0.00%	0.75%	0.00%	0.00%
Class J	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
Class S	0.00%	up to 0.75%	0.00%	0.00%
Class X	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
Class Z	0.00%	up to 0.75%	0.00%	0.00%

Emerging Europe Fund	Initial charge	Management Fee	Distribution Fee	CDSC
Class A	5.00%	1.75%	0.00%	0.00%
Class Al	5.00%	1.75%	0.00%	0.00%
Class C	0.00%	1.75%	1.25%	1.00% to 0.00%
Class DD	5.00%	1.00%	0.00%	0.00%
Class D	5.00%	1.00%	0.00%	0.00%
Class E	3.00%	1.75%	0.50%	0.00%
Class I	0.00%	1.00%	0.00%	0.00%
Class J	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
Class S	0.00%	up to 1.00%	0.00%	0.00%
Class X	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%

Emerging Markets Bond Fund	Initial charge	Management Fee	Distribution Fee	CDSC
Class A	5.00%	1.25%	0.00%	0.00%
Class Al	5.00%	1.25%	0.00%	0.00%
Class C	0.00%	1.25%	1.25%	1.00% to 0.00%
Class D	5.00%	0.65%	0.00%	0.00%
Class DD	5.00%	0.65%	0.00%	0.00%
Class E	3.00%	1.25%	0.50%	0.00%
Class I	0.00%	0.65%	0.00%	0.00%
Class J	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
Class S	0.00%	up to 0.65%	0.00%	0.00%
Class X	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%

Emerging Markets Corporate Bond Fund	Initial charge	Management Fee	Distribution Fee	CDSC
Class A	5.00%	1.50%	0.00%	0.00%
Class Al	5.00%	1.50%	0.00%	0.00%
Class C	0.00%	1.50%	1.25%	1.00% to 0.00%
Class D	5.00%	0.75%	0.00%	0.00%
Class DD	5.00%	0.75%	0.00%	0.00%
Class E	3.00%	1.50%	0.50%	0.00%
Class I	0.00%	0.75%	0.00%	0.00%
Class S	0.00%	up to 0.75%	0.00%	0.00%
Class X	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%

Emerging Markets Equity Income Fund	Initial charge	Management Fee	Distribution Fee	CDSC
Class A	5.00%	1.50%	0.00%	0.00%
Class Al	5.00%	1.50%	0.00%	0.00%
Class C	0.00%	1.50%	1.25%	1.00% to 0.00%
Class D	5.00%	0.75%	0.00%	0.00%
Class DD	5.00%	0.75%	0.00%	0.00%
Class E	3.00%	1.50%	0.50%	0.00%
Class I	0.00%	0.75%	0.00%	0.00%
Class J	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
Class S	0.00%	up to 0.75%	0.00%	0.00%
Class X	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%

Emerging Markets Fund	Initial charge	Management Fee	Distribution Fee	CDSC
Class A	5.00%	1.50%	0.00%	0.00%
Class Al	5.00%	1.50%	0.00%	0.00%
Class C	0.00%	1.50%	1.25%	1.00% to 0.00%
Class D	5.00%	0.75%	0.00%	0.00%
Class DD	5.00%	0.75%	0.00%	0.00%
Class E	3.00%	1.50%	0.50%	0.00%
Class I	0.00%	0.75%	0.00%	0.00%
Class J	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
Class S	0.00%	up to 0.75%	0.00%	0.00%
Class X	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%

Emerging Markets Local Currency Bond Fund	Initial charge	Management Fee	Distribution Fee	CDSC
Class A	5.00%	1.00%	0.00%	0.00%
Class Al	5.00%	1.00%	0.00%	0.00%
Class C	0.00%	1.00%	1.25%	1.00% to 0.00%
Class D	5.00%	0.50%	0.00%	0.00%
Class DD	5.00%	0.50%	0.00%	0.00%
Class E	3.00%	1.00%	0.50%	0.00%
Class I	0.00%	0.50%	0.00%	0.00%
Class J	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
Class S	0.00%	up to 0.50%	0.00%	0.00%
Class X	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%

ESG Emerging Markets Bond Fund	Initial charge	Management Fee	Distribution Fee	CDSC
Class A	5.00%	1.25%	0.00%	0.00%
Class Al	5.00%	1.25%	0.00%	0.00%
Class C	0.00%	1.25%	1.25%	1% to 0%
Class D	5.00%	0.65%	0.00%	0.00%
Class DD	5.00%	0.65%	0.00%	0.00%
Class E	3.00%	1.25%	0.50%	0.00%
Class I	0.00%	0.65%	0.00%	0.00%
Class J	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
Class S	0.00%	up to 0.65%	0.00%	0.00%
Class X	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
Class Z	0.00%	up to 0.65%	0.00%	0.00%

ESG Emerging Markets Corporate Bond Fund	Initial charge	Management Fee	Distribution Fee	CDSC
Class A	5.00%	1.50%	0.00%	0.00%
Class Al	5.00%	1.50%	0.00%	0.00%
Class C	0.00%	1.50%	1.25%	1% to 0%
Class D	5.00%	0.75%	0.00%	0.00%
Class DD	5.00%	0.75%	0.00%	0.00%
Class E	3.00%	1.50%	0.50%	0.00%
Class I	0.00%	0.75%	0.00%	0.00%
Class J	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
Class S	0.00%	up to 0.75%	0.00%	0.00%
Class X	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
Class Z	0.00%	up to 0.75%	0.00%	0.00%

ESG Emerging Markets Local Currency Bond Fund	Initial charge	Management Fee	Distribution Fee	CDSC
Class A	5.00%	1.00%	0.00%	0.00%
Class Al	5.00%	1.00%	0.00%	0.00%
Class C	0.00%	1.00%	1.25%	1% to 0%
Class D	5.00%	0.50%	0.00%	0.00%
Class DD	5.00%	0.50%	0.00%	0.00%
Class E	3.00%	1.00%	0.50%	0.00%
Class I	0.00%	0.50%	0.00%	0.00%
Class J	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
Class S	0.00%	up to 0.50%	0.00%	0.00%
Class X	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
Class Z	0.00%	up to 0.50%	0.00%	0.00%

ESG Emerging Markets Blended Bond Fund	Initial charge	Management Fee	Distribution Fee	CDSC
Class A	5.00%	1.50%	0.00%	0.00%
Class Al	5.00%	1.50%	0.00%	0.00%
Class C	0.00%	1.50%	1.00%	1% to 0%
Class D	5.00%	0.75%	0.00%	0.00%
Class DD	5.00%	0.75%	0.00%	0.00%
Class E	3.00%	1.50%	0.50%	0.00%
Class I	0.00%	0.75%	0.00%	0.00%
Class J	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
Class S	0.00%	up to 0.75%	0.00%	0.00%
Class X	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
Class Z	0.00%	up to 0.75%	0.00%	0.00%

Euro Bond Fund	Initial charge	Management Fee	Distribution Fee	CDSC
Class A	5.00%	0.75%	0.00%	0.00%
Class Al	5.00%	0.75%	0.00%	0.00%
Class C	0.00%	0.75%	1.25%	1.00% to 0.00%
Class D	5.00%	0.40%	0.00%	0.00%
Class DD	5.00%	0.40%	0.00%	0.00%
Class E	3.00%	0.75%	0.50%	0.00%
Class I	0.00%	0.40%	0.00%	0.00%
Class J	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
Class S	0.00%	up to 0.40%	0.00%	0.00%
Class X	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%

Euro Corporate Bond Fund	Initial charge	Management Fee	Distribution Fee	CDSC
Class A	5.00%	0.80%	0.00%	0.00%
Class Al	5.00%	0.80%	0.00%	0.00%
Class C	0.00%	0.80%	1.25%	1.00% to 0.00%
Class D	5.00%	0.40%	0.00%	0.00%
Class DD	5.00%	0.40%	0.00%	0.00%
Class E	3.00%	0.80%	0.50%	0.00%
Class I	0.00%	0.40%	0.00%	0.00%
Class J	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
Class S	0.00%	up to 0.40%	0.00%	0.00%
Class X	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%

Euro Reserve Fund	Initial charge	Management Fee	Distribution Fee	CDSC
Class A	0.00%	0.45%	0.00%	0.00%
Class Al	0.00%	0.45%	0.00%	0.00%
Class C	0.00%	0.45%	0.00%	0.00%
Class D	0.00%	0.25%	0.00%	0.00%
Class DD	0.00%	0.25%	0.00%	0.00%
Class E	0.00%	0.45%	0.25%	0.00%
Class I	0.00%	0.25%	0.00%	0.00%
Class J	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
Class S	0.00%	up to 0.25%	0.00%	0.00%
Class X	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%

Euro Short Duration Bond Fund	Initial charge	Management Fee	Distribution Fee	CDSC
Class A	5.00%	0.75%	0.00%	0.00%
Class Al	5.00%	0.75%	0.00%	0.00%
Class C	0.00%	0.75%	1.25%	1.00% to 0.00%
Class D	5.00%	0.40%	0.00%	0.00%
Class DD	5.00%	0.40%	0.00%	0.00%
Class E	3.00%	0.75%	0.50%	0.00%
Class I	0.00%	0.40%	0.00%	0.00%
Class J	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
Class S	0.00%	up to 0.40%	0.00%	0.00%
Class SI	0.00%	up to 0.40%	0.00%	0.00%
Class X	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%

Euro-Markets Fund	Initial charge	Management Fee	Distribution Fee	CDSC
Class A	5.00%	1.50%	0.00%	0.00%
Class Al	5.00%	1.50%	0.00%	0.00%
Class C	0.00%	1.50%	1.25%	1.00% to 0.00%
Class D	5.00%	0.75%	0.00%	0.00%
Class DD	5.00%	0.75%	0.00%	0.00%
Class E	3.00%	1.50%	0.50%	0.00%
Class I	0.00%	0.75%	0.00%	0.00%
Class J	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
Class S	0.00%	up to 0.75%	0.00%	0.00%
Class X	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%

European Equity Income Fund	Initial charge	Management Fee	Distribution Fee	CDSC
Class A	5.00%	1.50%	0.00%	0.00%
Class Al	5.00%	1.50%	0.00%	0.00%
Class C	0.00%	1.50%	1.25%	1.00% to 0.00%
Class D	5.00%	0.75%	0.00%	0.00%
Class DD	5.00%	0.75%	0.00%	0.00%
Class E	3.00%	1.50%	0.50%	0.00%
Class I	0.00%	0.75%	0.00%	0.00%
Class J	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
Class S	0.00%	up to 0.75%	0.00%	0.00%
Class X	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%

European Focus Fund	Initial charge	Management Fee	Distribution Fee	CDSC
Class A	5.00%	1.75%	0.00%	0.00%
Class Al	5.00%	1.75%	0.00%	0.00%
Class C	0.00%	1.75%	1.25%	1.00% to 0.00%
Class D	5.00%	1.00%	0.00%	0.00%
Class DD	5.00%	1.00%	0.00%	0.00%
Class E	3.00%	1.75%	0.50%	0.00%
Class I	0.00%	1.00%	0.00%	0.00%
Class J	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
Class S	0.00%	up to 1.00%	0.00%	0.00%
Class X	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%

European Fund	Initial charge	Management Fee	Distribution Fee	CDSC
Class A	5.00%	1.50%	0.00%	0.00%
Class Al	5.00%	1.50%	0.00%	0.00%
Class C	0.00%	1.50%	1.25%	1.00% to 0.00%
Class D	5.00%	0.75%	0.00%	0.00%
Class DD	5.00%	0.75%	0.00%	0.00%
Class E	3.00%	1.50%	0.50%	0.00%
Class I	0.00%	0.75%	0.00%	0.00%
Class J	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
Class S	0.00%	up to 0.75%	0.00%	0.00%
Class X	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%

European High Yield Bond Fund	Initial charge	Management Fee	Distribution Fee	CDSC
Class A	5.00%	1.25%*	0.00%	0.00%
Class Al	5.00%	1.00%	0.00%	0.00%
Class C	0.00%	1.25%*	1.25%	1.00% to 0.00%
Class D	5.00%	0.55%	0.00%	0.00%
Class DD	5.00%	0.55%	0.00%	0.00%
Class E	3.00%	1.25%*	0.50%	0.00%
Class I	0.00%	0.55%	0.00%	0.00%
Class J	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
Class S	0.00%	up to 0.55%	0.00%	0.00%
Class X	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
*With effect from 25	March 2010	) this manageme	nt fee will be redu	iced to 1 00%

\*With effect from 25 March 2019, this management fee will be reduced to 1.00%.

European Special Situations Fund	Initial charge	Management Fee	Distribution Fee	CDSC
Class A	5.00%	1.50%	0.00%	0.00%
Class Al	5.00%	1.50%	0.00%	0.00%
Class C	0.00%	1.50%	1.25%	1.00% to 0.00%
Class D	5.00%	0.75%	0.00%	0.00%
Class DD	5.00%	0.75%	0.00%	0.00%
Class E	3.00%	1.50%	0.50%	0.00%
Class I	0.00%	0.75%	0.00%	0.00%
Class J	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
Class S	0.00%	up to 0.75%	0.00%	0.00%
Class X	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%

European Value Fund	Initial charge	Management Fee	Distribution Fee	CDSC
Class A	5.00%	1.50%	0.00%	0.00%
Class Al	5.00%	1.50%	0.00%	0.00%
Class C	0.00%	1.50%	1.25%	1.00% to 0.00%
Class D	5.00%	0.75%	0.00%	0.00%
Class DD	5.00%	0.75%	0.00%	0.00%
Class E	3.00%	1.50%	0.50%	0.00%
Class I	0.00%	0.75%	0.00%	0.00%
Class J	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
Class S	0.00%	up to 0.75%	0.00%	0.00%
Class X	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%

FinTech Fund	Initial charge	Management Fee	Distribution Fee	CDSC
Class A	5.00%	1.50%	0.00%	0.00%
Class Al	5.00%	1.50%	0.00%	0.00%
Class C	0.00%	1.50%	1.25%	1% to 0%
Class D	5.00%	0.68%	0.00%	0.00%
Class DD	5.00%	0.68%	0.00%	0.00%
Class E	3.00%	1.50%	0.50%	0.00%
Class I	0.00%	0.68%	0.00%	0.00%
Class J	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
Class S	0.00%	up to 0.68%	0.00%	0.00%
Class X	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
Class Z	0.00%	up to 0.68%	0.00%	0.00%

Fixed Income Global Opportu- nities Fund	Initial charge	Management Fee	Distribution Fee	CDSC
Class A	5.00%	1.00%	0.00%	0.00%
Class Al	5.00%	1.00%	0.00%	0.00%
Class C	0.00%	1.00%	1.25%	1.00% to 0.00%
Class D	5.00%	0.50%	0.00%	0.00%
Class DD	5.00%	0.50%	0.00%	0.00%
Class E	3.00%	1.00%	0.50%	0.00%
Class I	0.00%	0.50%	0.00%	0.00%
Class J	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
Class S	0.00%	up to 0.50%	0.00%	0.00%
Class X	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%

Flexible Multi- Asset Fund (Fund name will change to "ESG Multi-Asset Fund" on 25 March 2019)	Initial charge	Management Fee	Distribution Fee	CDSC
Class A	5.00%	1.20%	0.00%	0.00%
Class Al	5.00%	1.20%	0.00%	0.00%
Class C	0.00%	1.20%	1.25%	1.00% to 0.00%
Class D	5.00%	0.65%	0.00%	0.00%
Class DD	5.00%	0.65%	0.00%	0.00%
Class E	3.00%	1.20%	0.50%	0.00%
Class I	0.00%	0.65%	0.00%	0.00%
Class J	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
Class S	0.00%	up to 0.65%	0.00%	0.00%
Class X	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%

Future Of Transport Fund	Initial charge	Management Fee	Distribution Fee	CDSC
Class A	5.00%	1.50%	0.00%	0.00%
Class Al	5.00%	1.50%	0.00%	0.00%
Class C	0.00%	1.50%	1.25%	1% to 0%
Class D	5.00%	0.68%	0.00%	0.00%
Class DD	5.00%	0.68%	0.00%	0.00%
Class E	3.00%	1.50%	0.50%	0.00%
Class I	0.00%	0.68%	0.00%	0.00%
Class J	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
Class S	0.00%	up to 0.68%	0.00%	0.00%
Class X	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
Class Z	0.00%	up to 0.68%	0.00%	0.00%

Global Allocation Fund	Initial charge	Management Fee	Distribution Fee	CDSC
Class A	5.00%	1.50%	0.00%	0.00%
Class Al	5.00%	1.50%	0.00%	0.00%
Class C	0.00%	1.50%	1.25%	1.00% to 0.00%
Class D	5.00%	0.75%	0.00%	0.00%
Class DD	5.00%	0.75%	0.00%	0.00%
Class E	3.00%	1.50%	0.50%	0.00%
Class I	0.00%	0.75%	0.00%	0.00%
Class J	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
Class S	0.00%	up to 0.75%	0.00%	0.00%
Class X	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%

Global Bond Income Fund	Initial charge	Management Fee	Distribution Fee	CDSC
Class A	5.00%	1.00%	0.00%	0.00%
Class Al	5.00%	1.00%	0.00%	0.00%
Class C	0.00%	1.00%	1.25%	1% to 0%
Class D	5.00%	0.50%	0.00%	0.00%
Class DD	5.00%	0.50%	0.00%	0.00%
Class E	3.00%	1.00%	0.50%	0.00%
Class I	0.00%	0.50%	0.00%	0.00%
Class J	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
Class S	0.00%	up to 0.50%	0.00%	0.00%
Class X	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
Class Z	0.00%	up to 0.50%	0.00%	0.00%

Global Conservative In- come Fund	Initial charge	Management Fee	Distribution Fee	CDSC
Class A	5.00%	1.00%	0.00%	0.00%
Class Al	5.00%	1.00%	0.00%	0.00%
Class C	0.00%	1.50%	1.25%	1% to 0%
Class D	5.00%	0.50%	0.00%	0.00%
Class DD	5.00%	0.50%	0.00%	0.00%
Class E	3.00%	1.00%	0.50%	0.00%
Class I	0.00%	0.50%	0.00%	0.00%
Class J	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
Class S	0.00%	up to 0.50%	0.00%	0.00%
Class X	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
Class Z	0.00%	up to 0.50%	0.00%	0.00%

Global Corporate Bond Fund	Initial charge	Management Fee	Distribution Fee	CDSC
Class A	5.00%	0.90%	0.00%	0.00%
Class Al	5.00%	0.90%	0.00%	0.00%
Class C	0.00%	0.90%	1.25%	1.00% to 0.00%
Class D	5.00%	0.45%	0.00%	0.00%
Class DD	5.00%	0.45%	0.00%	0.00%
Class E	3.00%	0.90%	0.50%	0.00%
Class I	0.00%	0.45%	0.00%	0.00%
Class J	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
Class S	0.00%	up to 0.45%	0.00%	0.00%
Class X	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%

Global Dynamic Equity Fund	Initial charge	Management Fee	Distribution Fee	CDSC
Class A	5.00%	1.50%	0.00%	0.00%
Class Al	5.00%	1.50%	0.00%	0.00%
Class C	0.00%	1.50%	1.25%	1.00% to 0.00%
Class D	5.00%	0.75%	0.00%	0.00%
Class DD	5.00%	0.75%	0.00%	0.00%
Class E	3.00%	1.50%	0.50%	0.00%
Class I	0.00%	0.75%	0.00%	0.00%
Class J	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
Class S	0.00%	up to 0.75%	0.00%	0.00%
Class X	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%

Global Enhanced Equity Yield Fund	Initial charge	Management Fee	Distribution Fee	CDSC
Class A	5.00%	1.50%	0.00%	0.00%
Class Al	5.00%	1.50%	0.00%	0.00%
Class C	0.00%	1.50%	1.25%	1.00% to 0.00%
Class D	5.00%	0.75%	0.00%	0.00%
Class DD	5.00%	0.75%	0.00%	0.00%
Class E	3.00%	1.50%	0.50%	0.00%
Class I	0.00%	0.75%	0.00%	0.00%
Class J	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
Class S	0.00%	up to 0.75%	0.00%	0.00%
Class X	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%

Global Equity Income Fund	Initial charge	Management Fee	Distribution Fee	CDSC
Class A	5.00%	1.50%	0.00%	0.00%
Class Al	5.00%	1.50%	0.00%	0.00%
Class C	0.00%	1.50%	1.25%	1.00% to 0.00%
Class D	5.00%	0.75%	0.00%	0.00%
Class DD	5.00%	0.75%	0.00%	0.00%
Class E	3.00%	1.50%	0.50%	0.00%
Class I	0.00%	0.75%	0.00%	0.00%
Class J	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
Class S	0.00%	up to 0.75%	0.00%	0.00%
Class X	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%

Initial charge	Management Fee	Distribution Fee	CDSC
5.00%	0.75%	0.00%	0.00%
5.00%	0.75%	0.00%	0.00%
0.00%	0.75%	1.25%	1.00% to 0.00%
5.00%	0.40%	0.00%	0.00%
5.00%	0.40%	0.00%	0.00%
3.00%	0.75%	0.50%	0.00%
0.00%	0.40%	0.00%	0.00%
0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
0.00%	up to 0.40%	0.00%	0.00%
0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
	charge           5.00%           5.00%           0.00%           5.00%           3.00%           0.00%           0.00%           0.00%           0.00%	charge         Fee           5.00%         0.75%           5.00%         0.75%           0.00%         0.75%           5.00%         0.40%           5.00%         0.40%           3.00%         0.75%           0.00%         0.40%           0.00%         0.40%           0.00%         0.40%           0.00%         0.40%	charge         Fee         Fee           5.00%         0.75%         0.00%           5.00%         0.75%         0.00%           0.00%         0.75%         1.25%           5.00%         0.40%         0.00%           5.00%         0.40%         0.00%           5.00%         0.40%         0.00%           3.00%         0.75%         0.50%           0.00%         0.40%         0.00%           0.00%         0.40%         0.00%           0.00%         0.40%         0.00%           0.00%         0.40%         0.00%

Global High Yield Bond Fund	Initial charge	Management Fee	Distribution Fee	CDSC
Class A	5.00%	1.25%	0.00%	0.00%
Class Al	5.00%	1.25%	0.00%	0.00%
Class C	0.00%	1.25%	1.25%	1.00% to 0.00%
Class D	5.00%	0.55%	0.00%	0.00%
Class DD	5.00%	0.55%	0.00%	0.00%
Class E	3.00%	1.25%	0.50%	0.00%
Class I	0.00%	0.55%	0.00%	0.00%
Class J	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
Class S	0.00%	up to 0.55%	0.00%	0.00%
Class X	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%

Global Inflation Linked Bond Fund	Initial charge	Management Fee	Distribution Fee	CDSC
Class A	5.00%	0.75%	0.00%	0.00%
Class Al	5.00%	0.75%	0.00%	0.00%
Class C	0.00%	0.75%	1.25%	1.00% to 0.00%
Class D	5.00%	0.40%	0.00%	0.00%
Class DD	5.00%	0.40%	0.00%	0.00%
Class E	3.00%	0.75%	0.50%	0.00%
Class I	0.00%	0.40%	0.00%	0.00%
Class J	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
Class S	0.00%	up to 0.40%	0.00%	0.00%
Class X	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%

Global Multi-Asset Income Fund	Initial charge	Management Fee	Distribution Fee	CDSC
Class A	5.00%	1.50%	0.00%	0.00%
Class Al	5.00%	1.50%	0.00%	0.00%
Class C	0.00%	1.50%	1.25%	1.00% to 0.00%
Class D	5.00%	0.60%	0.00%	0.00%
Class DD	5.00%	0.60%	0.00%	0.00%
Class E	3.00%	1.50%	0.50%	0.00%
Class I	0.00%	0.60%	0.00%	0.00%
Class J	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
Class S	0.00%	up to 0.60%	0.00%	0.00%
Class X	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%

Global Opportu- nities Fund (Fund name will change to "Global Long- Horizon Equity Fund" on 25 March 2019)	Initial charge	Management Fee	Distribution Fee	CDSC
Class A	5.00%	1.50%	0.00%	0.00%
Class Al	5.00%	1.50%	0.00%	0.00%
Class C	0.00%	1.50%	1.25%	1.00% to 0.00%
Class D	5.00%	0.75%	0.00%	0.00%
Class DD	5.00%	0.75%	0.00%	0.00%
Class E	3.00%	1.50%	0.50%	0.00%
Class I	0.00%	0.75%	0.00%	0.00%
Class J	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
Class S	0.00%	up to 0.75%	0.00%	0.00%
Class X	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%

Global SmallCap Fund	Initial charge	Management Fee	Distribution Fee	CDSC
Class A	5.00%	1.50%	0.00%	0.00%
Class Al	5.00%	1.50%	0.00%	0.00%
Class C	0.00%	1.50%	1.25%	1.00% to 0.00%
Class D	5.00%	0.75%	0.00%	0.00%
Class DD	5.00%	0.75%	0.00%	0.00%
Class E	3.00%	1.50%	0.50%	0.00%
Class I	0.00%	0.75%	0.00%	0.00%
Class J	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
Class S	0.00%	up to 0.75%	0.00%	0.00%
Class X	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%

India Fund	Initial charge	Management Fee	Distribution Fee	CDSC
Class A	5.00%	1.50%	0.00%	0.00%
Class Al	5.00%	1.50%	0.00%	0.00%
Class C	0.00%	1.50%	1.25%	1.00% to 0.00%
Class D	5.00%	0.75%	0.00%	0.00%
Class DD	5.00%	0.75%	0.00%	0.00%
Class E	3.00%	1.50%	0.50%	0.00%
Class I	0.00%	0.75%	0.00%	0.00%
Class J	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
Class S	0.00%	up to 0.75%	0.00%	0.00%
Class X	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%

Japan Small & MidCap Opportu- nities Fund	Initial charge	Management Fee	Distribution Fee	CDSC
Class A	5.00%	1.50%	0.00%	0.00%
Class Al	5.00%	1.50%	0.00%	0.00%
Class C	0.00%	1.50%	1.25%	1.00% to 0.00%
Class D	5.00%	0.75%	0.00%	0.00%
Class DD	5.00%	0.75%	0.00%	0.00%
Class E	3.00%	1.50%	0.50%	0.00%
Class I	0.00%	0.75%	0.00%	0.00%
Class J	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
Class S	0.00%	up to 0.75%	0.00%	0.00%
Class X	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%

Japan Flexible Equity Fund	Initial charge	Management Fee	Distribution Fee	CDSC
Class A	5.00%	1.50%	0.00%	0.00%
Class Al	5.00%	1.50%	0.00%	0.00%
Class C	0.00%	1.50%	1.25%	1.00% to 0.00%
Class D	5.00%	0.75%	0.00%	0.00%
Class DD	5.00%	0.75%	0.00%	0.00%
Class E	3.00%	1.50%	0.50%	0.00%
Class I	0.00%	0.75%	0.00%	0.00%
Class J	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
Class S	0.00%	up to 0.75%	0.00%	0.00%
Class X	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%

Latin American Fund	Initial charge	Management Fee	Distribution Fee	CDSC
Class A	5.00%	1.75%	0.00%	0.00%
Class Al	5.00%	1.75%	0.00%	0.00%
Class C	0.00%	1.75%	1.25%	1.00% to 0.00%
Class D	5.00%	1.00%	0.00%	0.00%
Class DD	5.00%	1.00%	0.00%	0.00%
Class E	3.00%	1.75%	0.50%	0.00%
Class I	0.00%	1.00%	0.00%	0.00%
Class J	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
Class S	0.00%	up to 1.00%	0.00%	0.00%
Class X	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%

Market Navigator Fund	Initial charge	Management Fee	Distribution Fee	CDSC
Class A	5.00%	1.00%	0.00%	0.00%
Class Al	5.00%	1.00%	0.00%	0.00%
Class C	0.00%	1.00%	1.25%	1.00% to 0.00%
Class D	5.00%	0.50%	0.00%	0.00%
Class DD	5.00%	0.50%	0.00%	0.00%
Class E	3.00%	1.00%	0.50%	0.00%
Class I	0.00%	0.50%	0.00%	0.00%
Class J	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
Class S	0.00%	up to 0.50%	0.00%	0.00%
Class X	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
Class Z	0.00%	up to 0.50%	0.00%	0.00%

Natural Resources Growth & Income Fund	Initial charge	Management Fee	Distribution Fee	CDSC
Class A	5.00%	1.50%	0.00%	0.00%
Class Al	5.00%	1.50%	0.00%	0.00%
Class C	0.00%	1.50%	1.25%	1.00% to 0.00%
Class D	5.00%	0.75%	0.00%	0.00%
Class DD	5.00%	0.75%	0.00%	0.00%
Class E	3.00%	1.50%	0.50%	0.00%
Class I	0.00%	0.75%	0.00%	0.00%
Class J	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
Class S	0.00%	up to 0.75%	0.00%	0.00%
Class X	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%

New Energy Fund (Fund name will change to "Sustainable Energy Fund" on 25 March 2019)	Initial charge	Management Fee	Distribution Fee	CDSC
Class A	5.00%	1.75%	0.00%	0.00%
Class Al	5.00%	1.75%	0.00%	0.00%
Class C	0.00%	1.75%	1.25%	1.00% to 0.00%
Class D	5.00%	1.00%	0.00%	0.00%
Class DD	5.00%	1.00%	0.00%	0.00%
Class E	3.00%	1.75%	0.50%	0.00%
Class I	0.00%	1.00%	0.00%	0.00%
Class J	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
Class S	0.00%	up to 1.00%	0.00%	0.00%
Class X	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%

Next Generation Technology Fund	Initial charge	Management Fee	Distribution Fee	CDSC
Class A	5.00%	1.50%	0.00%	0.00%
Class Al	5.00%	1.50%	0.00%	0.00%
Class C	0.00%	1.50%	1.25%	1.00% to 0.00%
Class D	5.00%	0.68%	0.00%	0.00%
Class DD	5.00%	0.68%	0.00%	0.00%
Class E	3.00%	1.50%	0.50%	0.00%
Class I	0.00%	0.68%	0.00%	0.00%
Class J	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
Class S	0.00%	up to 0.68%	0.00%	0.00%
Class X	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
Class Z	0.00%	up to 0.68%	0.00%	0.00%

North American Equity Income Fund	Initial charge	Management Fee	Distribution Fee	CDSC
Class A	5.00%	1.50%	0.00%	0.00%
Class Al	5.00%	1.50%	0.00%	0.00%
Class C	0.00%	1.50%	1.25%	1.00% to 0.00%
Class D	5.00%	0.75%	0.00%	0.00%
Class DD	5.00%	0.75%	0.00%	0.00%
Class E	3.00%	1.50%	0.50%	0.00%
Class I	0.00%	0.75%	0.00%	0.00%
Class J	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
Class S	0.00%	up to 0.75%	0.00%	0.00%
Class X	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%

Pacific Equity Fund	Initial charge	Management Fee	Distribution Fee	CDSC
Class A	5.00%	1.50%	0.00%	0.00%
Class Al	5.00%	1.50%	0.00%	0.00%
Class C	0.00%	1.50%	1.25%	1.00% to 0.00%
Class D	5.00%	0.75%	0.00%	0.00%
Class DD	5.00%	0.75%	0.00%	0.00%
Class E	3.00%	1.50%	0.50%	0.00%
Class I	0.00%	0.75%	0.00%	0.00%
Class J	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
Class S	0.00%	up to 0.75%	0.00%	0.00%
Class X	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%

Strategic Global Bond Fund	Initial charge	Management Fee	Distribution Fee	CDSC
Class A	5.00%	1.00%	0.00%	0.00%
Class Al	5.00%	1.00%	0.00%	0.00%
Class C	0.00%	1.00%	1.25%	1.00% to 0.00%
Class D	5.00%	0.50%	0.00%	0.00%
Class DD	5.00%	0.50%	0.00%	0.00%
Class E	3.00%	1.00%	0.50%	0.00%
Class I	0.00%	0.50%	0.00%	0.00%
Class J	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
Class S	0.00%	up to 0.55%	0.00%	0.00%
Class X	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
Class Z	0.00%	up to 0.70%	0.00%	0.00%

Swiss Small & Mid Cap Opportunities Fund	Initial charge	Management Fee	Distribution Fee	CDSC
Class A	5.00%	1.50%	0.00%	0.00%
Class Al	5.00%	1.50%	0.00%	0.00%
Class C	0.00%	1.50%	1.25%	1.00% to 0.00%
Class D	5.00%	0.75%	0.00%	0.00%
Class DD	5.00%	0.75%	0.00%	0.00%
Class E	3.00%	1.50%	0.50%	0.00%
Class I	0.00%	0.75%	0.00%	0.00%
Class J	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
Class S	0.00%	up to 0.75%	0.00%	0.00%
Class X	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%

into a rangaoini .	nitial Ma harge	anagement Fee	Distribution Fee	CDSC
lass A 5	.00%	1.50%	0.00%	0.00%
lass Al 5	.00%	1.50%	0.00%	0.00%
lass C 0	.00%	1.50%	1.25%	1.00% to 0.00%
lass D 5	.00%	0.75%	0.00%	0.00%
lass DD 5	.00%	0.75%	0.00%	0.00%
lass E 3	.00%	1.50%	0.50%	0.00%
lass I 0	.00%	0.75%	0.00%	0.00%
lass J 0	.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
lass S 0	.00% u	p to 0.75%	0.00%	0.00%
lass X 0	.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
lass E 3 lass I 0 lass J 0 lass S 0	0.00% 0.00% 0.00% 0.00% u	1.50% 0.75% 0.00% p to 0.75%	0.50% 0.00% 0.00% 0.00%	

US Basic Value Fund	Initial charge	Management Fee	Distribution Fee	CDSC
Class A	5.00%	1.50%	0.00%	0.00%
Class Al	5.00%	1.50%	0.00%	0.00%
Class C	0.00%	1.50%	1.25%	1.00% to 0.00%
Class D	5.00%	0.75%	0.00%	0.00%
Class DD	5.00%	0.75%	0.00%	0.00%
Class E	3.00%	1.50%	0.50%	0.00%
Class I	0.00%	0.75%	0.00%	0.00%
Class J	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
Class S	0.00%	up to 0.75%	0.00%	0.00%
Class X	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%

US Dollar Bond Fund	Initial charge	Management Fee	Distribution Fee	CDSC
Class A	5.00%	0.85%	0.00%	0.00%
Class Al	5.00%	0.85%	0.00%	0.00%
Class C	0.00%	0.85%	1.25%	1.00% to 0.00%
Class D	5.00%	0.45%	0.00%	0.00%
Class DD	5.00%	0.45%	0.00%	0.00%
Class E	3.00%	0.85%	0.50%	0.00%
Class I	0.00%	0.45%	0.00%	0.00%
Class J	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
Class S	0.00%	up to 0.45%	0.00%	0.00%
Class X	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%

US Dollar High Yield Bond Fund	Initial charge	Management Fee	Distribution Fee	CDSC
Class A	5.00%	1.25%	0.00%	0.00%
Class Al	5.00%	1.25%	0.00%	0.00%
Class C	0.00%	1.25%	1.25%	1.00% to 0.00%
Class D	5.00%	0.55%	0.00%	0.00%
Class DD	5.00%	0.55%	0.00%	0.00%
Class E	3.00%	1.25%	0.50%	0.00%
Class I	0.00%	0.55%	0.00%	0.00%
Class J	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
Class S	0.00%	up to 0.55%	0.00%	0.00%
Class X	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%

US Dollar Reserve Fund	Initial charge	Management Fee	Distribution Fee	CDSC
Class A	0.00%	0.45%	0.00%	0.00%
Class Al	0.00%	0.45%	0.00%	0.00%
Class C	0.00%	0.45%	0.00%	0.00%
Class D	0.00%	0.25%	0.00%	0.00%
Class DD	0.00%	0.25%	0.00%	0.00%
Class E	0.00%	0.45%	0.25%	0.00%
Class I	0.00%	0.25%	0.00%	0.00%
Class J	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
Class S	0.00%	up to 0.25%	0.00%	0.00%
Class X	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%

US Dollar Short Duration Bond Fund	Initial charge	Management Fee	Distribution Fee	CDSC
Class A	5.00%	0.75%	0.00%	0.00%
Class Al	5.00%	0.75%	0.00%	0.00%
Class C	0.00%	0.75%	1.25%	1.00% to 0.00%
Class D	5.00%	0.40%	0.00%	0.00%
Class DD	5.00%	0.40%	0.00%	0.00%
Class E	3.00%	0.75%	0.50%	0.00%
Class I	0.00%	0.40%	0.00%	0.00%
Class J	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
Class S	0.00%	up to 0.40%	0.00%	0.00%
Class X	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%

US Flexible Equity Fund	Initial charge	Management Fee	Distribution Fee	CDSC
Class A	5.00%	1.50%	0.00%	0.00%
Class Al	5.00%	1.50%	0.00%	0.00%
Class C	0.00%	1.50%	1.25%	1.00% to 0.00%
Class D	5.00%	0.75%	0.00%	0.00%
Class DD	5.00%	0.75%	0.00%	0.00%
Class E	3.00%	1.50%	0.50%	0.00%
Class I	0.00%	0.75%	0.00%	0.00%
Class J	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
Class S	0.00%	up to 0.75%	0.00%	0.00%
Class X	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%

US Government Mortgage Fund	Initial charge	Management Fee	Distribution Fee	CDSC
Class A	5.00%	0.75%	0.00%	0.00%
Class Al	5.00%	0.75%	0.00%	0.00%
Class C	0.00%	0.75%	1.25%	1.00% to 0.00%
Class D	5.00%	0.40%	0.00%	0.00%
Class DD	5.00%	0.40%	0.00%	0.00%
Class E	3.00%	0.75%	0.50%	0.00%
Class I	0.00%	0.40%	0.00%	0.00%
Class J	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
Class S	0.00%	up to 0.40%	0.00%	0.00%
Class X	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%

US Growth Fund	Initial charge	Management Fee	Distribution Fee	CDSC
Class A	5.00%	1.50%	0.00%	0.00%
Class Al	5.00%	1.50%	0.00%	0.00%
Class C	0.00%	1.50%	1.25%	1.00% to 0.00%
Class D	5.00%	0.75%	0.00%	0.00%
Class DD	5.00%	0.75%	0.00%	0.00%
Class E	3.00%	1.50%	0.50%	0.00%
Class I	0.00%	0.75%	0.00%	0.00%
Class J	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
Class S	0.00%	up to 0.75%	0.00%	0.00%
Class X	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%

US Small & MidCap Opportu- nities Fund	Initial charge	Management Fee	Distribution Fee	CDSC
Class A	5.00%	1.50%	0.00%	0.00%
Class Al	5.00%	1.50%	0.00%	0.00%
Class C	0.00%	1.50%	1.25%	1.00% to 0.00%
Class D	5.00%	0.75%	0.00%	0.00%
Class DD	5.00%	0.75%	0.00%	0.00%
Class E	3.00%	1.50%	0.50%	0.00%
Class I	0.00%	0.75%	0.00%	0.00%
Class J	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
Class S	0.00%	up to 0.75%	0.00%	0.00%
Class X	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%

World Agriculture Fund (Fund name will change to the "Nutrition Fund" with effect from 25 March 2019)	Initial charge	Management Fee	Distribution Fee	CDSC
Class A	5.00%	1.75%	0.00%	0.00%
Class Al	5.00%	1.50%	0.00%	0.00%
Class C	0.00%	1.75%	1.25%	1.00% to 0.00%
Class D	5.00%	1.00%	0.00%	0.00%
Class DD	5.00%	0.68%	0.00%	0.00%
Class E	3.00%	1.75%	0.50%	0.00%
Class I	0.00%	1.00%	0.00%	0.00%
Class J	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
Class S	0.00%	up to 1.00%	0.00%	0.00%
Class X	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%

 $^{\ast}$  With effect from 25 March 2019, the Management Fee of Class A, Class C and Class E will be reduced to 1.50% and the Management Fee of Class D and Class I will be reduced to 0.68%.

World Bond Fund	Initial charge	Management Fee	Distribution Fee	CDSC
Class A	5.00%	0.85%	0.00%	0.00%
Class Al	5.00%	0.85%	0.00%	0.00%
Class C	0.00%	0.85%	1.25%	1.00% to 0.00%
Class D	5.00%	0.45%	0.00%	0.00%
Class DD	5.00%	0.45%	0.00%	0.00%
Class E	3.00%	0.85%	0.50%	0.00%
Class I	0.00%	0.45%	0.00%	0.00%
Class J	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
Class S	0.00%	up to 0.45%	0.00%	0.00%
Class X	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%

World Energy Fund	Initial charge	Management Fee	Distribution Fee	CDSC
Class A	5.00%	1.75%	0.00%	0.00%
Class Al	5.00%	1.75%	0.00%	0.00%
Class C	0.00%	1.75%	1.25%	1.00% to 0.00%
Class D	5.00%	1.00%	0.00%	0.00%
Class DD	5.00%	1.00%	0.00%	0.00%
Class E	3.00%	1.75%	0.50%	0.00%
Class I	0.00%	1.00%	0.00%	0.00%
Class J	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
Class S	0.00%	up to 1.00%	0.00%	0.00%
Class X	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%

World Financials Fund	Initial charge	Management Fee	Distribution Fee	CDSC
Class A	5.00%	1.50%	0.00%	0.00%
Class Al	5.00%	1.50%	0.00%	0.00%
Class C	0.00%	1.50%	1.25%	1.00% to 0.00%
Class D	5.00%	0.75%	0.00%	0.00%
Class DD	5.00%	0.75%	0.00%	0.00%
Class E	3.00%	1.50%	0.50%	0.00%
Class I	0.00%	0.75%	0.00%	0.00%
Class J	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
Class S	0.00%	up to 0.75%	0.00%	0.00%
Class X	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%

World Gold Fund	Initial charge	Management Fee	Distribution Fee	CDSC
Class A	5.00%	1.75%	0.00%	0.00%
Class Al	5.00%	1.75%	0.00%	0.00%
Class C	0.00%	1.75%	1.25%	1.00% to 0.00%
Class D	5.00%	1.00%	0.00%	0.00%
Class DD	5.00%	1.00%	0.00%	0.00%
Class E	3.00%	1.75%	0.50%	0.00%
Class I	0.00%	1.00%	0.00%	0.00%
Class J	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
Class S	0.00%	up to 1.00%	0.00%	0.00%
Class X	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%

World Healthscience Fund	Initial charge	Management Fee	Distribution Fee	CDSC
Class A	5.00%	1.50%	0.00%	0.00%
Class Al	5.00%	1.50%	0.00%	0.00%
Class C	0.00%	1.50%	1.25%	1.00% to 0.00%
Class D	5.00%	0.75%	0.00%	0.00%
Class DD	5.00%	0.75%	0.00%	0.00%
Class E	3.00%	1.50%	0.50%	0.00%
Class I	0.00%	0.75%	0.00%	0.00%
Class J	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
Class S	0.00%	up to 0.75%	0.00%	0.00%
Class X	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%

World Mining Fund	Initial charge	Management Fee	Distribution Fee	CDSC
Class A	5.00%	1.75%	0.00%	0.00%
Class Al	5.00%	1.75%	0.00%	0.00%
Class C	0.00%	1.75%	1.25%	1.00% to 0.00%
Class D	5.00%	1.00%	0.00%	0.00%
Class DD	5.00%	1.00%	0.00%	0.00%
Class E	3.00%	1.75%	0.50%	0.00%
Class I	0.00%	1.00%	0.00%	0.00%
Class J	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
Class S	0.00%	up to 1.00%	0.00%	0.00%
Class X	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%

World Real Estate Securities Fund	Initial charge	Management Fee	Distribution Fee	CDSC
Class A	5.00%	1.50%	0.00%	0.00%
Class Al	5.00%	1.50%	0.00%	0.00%
Class C	0.00%	1.50%	1.25%	1.00% to 0.00%
Class D	5.00%	0.75%	0.00%	0.00%
Class DD	5.00%	0.75%	0.00%	0.00%
Class E	3.00%	1.50%	0.50%	0.00%
Class I	0.00%	0.75%	0.00%	0.00%
Class S	0.00%	up to 0.75%	0.00%	0.00%
Class X	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
Class Z	0.00%	up to 0.75%	0.00%	0.00%

World Technology Fund	Initial charge	Management Fee	Distribution Fee	CDSC
Class A	5.00%	1.50%	0.00%	0.00%
Class Al	5.00%	1.50%	0.00%	0.00%
Class C	0.00%	1.50%	1.25%	1.00% to 0.00%
Class D	5.00%	0.75%	0.00%	0.00%
Class DD	5.00%	0.75%	0.00%	0.00%
Class E	3.00%	1.50%	0.50%	0.00%
Class I	0.00%	0.75%	0.00%	0.00%
Class J	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
Class S	0.00%	up to 0.75%	0.00%	0.00%
Class X	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%

Note: Subject to the approval of the Directors, the combined Management Fee and Administration Fee for any Fund may be increased up to a maximum of 2.25%

in total by giving shareholders three months' prior notice in accordance with paragraph 21. of Appendix C. Any increase above this level would require approval of shareholders at a general meeting.

# Appendix F

# Appendix F - List of Depositary Delegates

The Depositary has entered into written agreements delegating the performance of its Safekeeping Function in respect of certain investments to the delegates listed below. The list is subject to change and a current list is available upon request from the Company's registered office and the local Investor Servicing team.

Country	Delegate
Argentina	Citibank N.A., Argentina
Australia	National Australia Bank Limited
Austria	UniCredit Bank Austria AG
Bahrain	HSBC Bank Middle East Limited
Bangladesh	The Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation Limited
Belgium	Citibank Europe Plc, UK branch
Bermuda	HSBC Bank Bermuda Limited
Botswana	Stanbic Bank Botswana Limited
Brazil	Citibank N.A., Brazil
Bulgaria	Citibank Europe plc, Bulgaria Branch
Canada	CIBC Mellon Trust Company (CIBC Mellon)
Cayman Islands	The Bank of New York Mellon
Channel Islands	The Bank of New York Mellon
Chile	Banco de Chile
China	HSBC Bank (China) Company Limited
Colombia	Cititrust Colombia S.A. Sociedad Fiduciaria
Costa Rica	Banco Nacional de Costa Rica
Croatia	Privredna banka Zagreb d.d.
Cyprus	BNP Paribas Securities Services S.C.A., Athens
Czech Republic	Citibank Europe plc, organizacni slozka
Denmark	Skandinaviska Enskilda Banken AB (Publ)
Egypt	HSBC Bank Egypt S.A.E.
Estonia	SEB Pank AS
Finland	Skandinaviska Enskilda Banken AB (Publ)
France	BNP Paribas Securities Services S.C.A.
Germany	The Bank of New York Mellon SA/NV
Ghana	Stanbic Bank Ghana Limited
Greece	BNP Paribas Securities Services S.C.A., Athens
Hong Kong	The Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation Limited
Hungary	Citibank Europe plc. Hungarian Branch Office
Iceland	Landsbankinn hf.
India	Deutsche Bank AG
Indonesia	Deutsche Bank AG
Ireland	The Bank of New York Mellon
Israel	Bank Hapoalim B.M.
Italy	Intesa Sanpaolo S.p.A.
Japan	Mizuho Bank, Ltd.
Japan	The Bank of Tokyo-Mitsubishi UFJ, Ltd.
Jordan	Standard Chartered Bank, Jordan branch
Kenya	CFC Stanbic Bank Limited

Kuwait       HSBC Bank Middle East Limited         Latvia       AS SEB banka         Lebanon       HSBC Bank Middle East Limited         Lithuania       SEB Bankas         Malawi       Standard Bank Limited         Malaysia       Deutsche Bank (Malaysia) Berhad         Malta       The Bank of New York Mellon SA/NV         Mauritius       The Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation         Limited       Eimited         Mexico       Banco Nacional de México S.A.         Morocco       Citibank Maghreb         Namibia       Standard Bank Namibia Limited         Netherlands       The Bank of New York Mellon SA/NV         New Zealand       National Australia Bank Limited         Nigeria       Standira Standard Bank Namibia Limited         Nigeria       Stanbic IBTC Bank Plc.         Norway       Skandinaviska Enskilda Banken AB (Publ)         Oman       HSBC Bank Oman S.A.O.G.         Pakistan       Deutsche Bank AG         Panama       Citibank del Peru S.A.         Philippines       Deutsche Bank AG         Poland       Bank Polska Kasa Opieki S.A.         Portugal       Citibank Europe Plc, Sucursal em Portugal         Qatar       HSBC Bank Middle East Limited, Doha
Lebanon       HSBC Bank Middle East Limited         Lithuania       SEB Bankas         Malawi       Standard Bank Limited         Malaysia       Deutsche Bank (Malaysia) Berhad         Malta       The Bank of New York Mellon SA/NV         Mauritius       The Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation         Limited       Mexico         Marco       Banco Nacional de México S.A.         Morocco       Citibank Maghreb         Namibia       Standard Bank Namibia Limited         New Zealand       National Australia Bank Limited         Nigeria       Stanbic IBTC Bank Plc.         Norway       Skandinaviska Enskilda Banken AB (Publ)         Oman       HSBC Bank Oman S.A.O.G.         Panama       Citibank Mel Peru S.A.         Philippines       Deutsche Bank AG         Poland       Bank Polska Kasa Opieki S.A.         Portugal       Citibank Europe Plc, Sucursal em Portugal         Qatar       HSBC Bank Middle East Limited, Doha         Romania       Citibank Europe plc, Romania Branch         Russia       Deutsche Bank Ltd         Saudi Arabia       HSBC Saudi Arabia Limited
Lithuania       SEB Bankas         Malawi       Standard Bank Limited         Malaysia       Deutsche Bank (Malaysia) Berhad         Malta       The Bank of New York Mellon SA/NV         Mauritius       The Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation Limited         Mexico       Banco Nacional de México S.A.         Morocco       Citibank Maghreb         Namibia       Standard Bank Namibia Limited         Netherlands       The Bank of New York Mellon SA/NV         New Zealand       National Australia Bank Limited         Nigeria       Standard Bank Namibia Limited         Nigeria       Standinaviska Enskilda Banken AB (Publ)         Oman       HSBC Bank Oman S.A.O.G.         Pakistan       Deutsche Bank AG         Peru       Citibank N.A., Panama Branch         Peru       Citibank Mel Peru S.A.         Philippines       Deutsche Bank AG         Poland       Bank Polska Kasa Opieki S.A.         Portugal       Citibank Europe Plc, Sucursal em Portugal         Qatar       HSBC Bank Middle East Limited, Doha         Romania       Citibank Europe plc, Romania Branch         Russia       Deutsche Bank Ltd         Saudi Arabia       HSBC Saudi Arabia Limited
Malawi       Standard Bank Limited         Malaysia       Deutsche Bank (Malaysia) Berhad         Matta       The Bank of New York Mellon SA/NV         Mauritius       The Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporatio Limited         Mexico       Banco Nacional de México S.A.         Morocco       Citibank Maghreb         Namibia       Standard Bank Namibia Limited         Netherlands       The Bank of New York Mellon SA/NV         New Zealand       National Australia Bank Limited         Nigeria       Standard Bank Namibia Limited         Nigeria       Standinaviska Enskilda Banken AB (Publ)         Oman       HSBC Bank Oman S.A.O.G.         Pakistan       Deutsche Bank AG         Peru       Citibank Mel Peru S.A.         Philippines       Deutsche Bank AG         Poland       Bank Polska Kasa Opieki S.A.         Portugal       Citibank Europe Plc, Sucursal em Portugal         Qatar       HSBC Bank Middle East Limited, Doha         Romania       Citibank Europe plc, Romania Branch         Russia       Deutsche Bank Ltd         Saudi Arabia       HSBC Saudi Arabia Limited
Malaysia       Deutsche Bank (Malaysia) Berhad         Malta       The Bank of New York Mellon SA/NV         Mauritius       The Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation         Limited       Mexico         Mexico       Banco Nacional de México S.A.         Morocco       Citibank Maghreb         Namibia       Standard Bank Namibia Limited         Netherlands       The Bank of New York Mellon SA/NV         New Zealand       National Australia Bank Limited         Nigeria       Stanbic IBTC Bank Plc.         Norway       Skandinaviska Enskilda Banken AB (Publ)         Oman       HSBC Bank Oman S.A.O.G.         Pakistan       Deutsche Bank AG         Panama       Citibank N.A., Panama Branch         Peru       Citibank Mel Peru S.A.         Philippines       Deutsche Bank AG         Poland       Bank Polska Kasa Opieki S.A.         Portugal       Citibank Europe Plc, Sucursal em Portugal         Qatar       HSBC Bank Middle East Limited, Doha         Romania       Citibank Europe plc, Romania Branch         Russia       Deutsche Bank Ltd         Saudi Arabia       HSBC Saudi Arabia Limited
Malta       The Bank of New York Mellon SA/NV         Mauritius       The Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation Limited         Mexico       Banco Nacional de México S.A.         Morocco       Citibank Maghreb         Namibia       Standard Bank Namibia Limited         Netherlands       The Bank of New York Mellon SA/NV         New Zealand       National Australia Bank Limited         Nigeria       Stanbic IBTC Bank Plc.         Norway       Skandinaviska Enskilda Banken AB (Publ)         Oman       HSBC Bank Oman S.A.O.G.         Pakistan       Deutsche Bank AG         Peru       Citibank Mel Peru S.A.         Philippines       Deutsche Bank AG         Poland       Bank Polska Kasa Opieki S.A.         Portugal       Citibank Europe Plc, Sucursal em Portugal         Qatar       HSBC Bank Middle East Limited, Doha         Romania       Citibank Europe plc, Romania Branch         Russia       Deutsche Bank Ltd         Saudi Arabia       HSBC Saudi Arabia Limited
Mauritius       The Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation         Mexico       Banco Nacional de México S.A.         Morocco       Citibank Maghreb         Namibia       Standard Bank Namibia Limited         Netherlands       The Bank of New York Mellon SA/NV         New Zealand       National Australia Bank Limited         Nigeria       Stanbic IBTC Bank Plc.         Norway       Skandinaviska Enskilda Banken AB (Publ)         Oman       HSBC Bank Oman S.A.O.G.         Pakistan       Deutsche Bank AG         Peru       Citibank N.A., Panama Branch         Peru       Citibank del Peru S.A.         Philippines       Deutsche Bank AG         Poland       Bank Polska Kasa Opieki S.A.         Portugal       Citibank Europe Plc, Sucursal em Portugal         Qatar       HSBC Bank Middle East Limited, Doha         Romania       Citibank Europe plc, Romania Branch         Russia       Deutsche Bank Ltd         Saudi Arabia       HSBC Saudi Arabia Limited
LimitedMexicoBanco Nacional de México S.A.MoroccoCitibank MaghrebNamibiaStandard Bank Namibia LimitedNetherlandsThe Bank of New York Mellon SA/NVNew ZealandNational Australia Bank LimitedNigeriaStanbic IBTC Bank Plc.NorwaySkandinaviska Enskilda Banken AB (Publ)OmanHSBC Bank Oman S.A.O.G.PakistanDeutsche Bank AGPanamaCitibank N.A., Panama BranchPeruCitibank del Peru S.A.PhilippinesDeutsche Bank AGPolandBank Polska Kasa Opieki S.A.PortugalCitibank Europe Plc, Sucursal em PortugalQatarHSBC Bank Middle East Limited, DohaRomaniaCitibank Europe plc, Romania BranchRussiaDeutsche Bank LtdSaudi ArabiaHSBC Saudi Arabia Limited
Morocco       Citibank Maghreb         Namibia       Standard Bank Namibia Limited         Netherlands       The Bank of New York Mellon SA/NV         New Zealand       National Australia Bank Limited         Nigeria       Stanbic IBTC Bank Plc.         Norway       Skandinaviska Enskilda Banken AB (Publ)         Oman       HSBC Bank Oman S.A.O.G.         Pakistan       Deutsche Bank AG         Panama       Citibank N.A., Panama Branch         Peru       Citibank del Peru S.A.         Philippines       Deutsche Bank AG         Poland       Bank Polska Kasa Opieki S.A.         Portugal       Citibank Europe Plc, Sucursal em Portugal         Qatar       HSBC Bank Middle East Limited, Doha         Romania       Citibank Europe plc, Romania Branch         Russia       Deutsche Bank Ltd         Saudi Arabia       HSBC Saudi Arabia Limited
NamibiaStandard Bank Namibia LimitedNetherlandsThe Bank of New York Mellon SA/NVNew ZealandNational Australia Bank LimitedNigeriaStanbic IBTC Bank Plc.NorwaySkandinaviska Enskilda Banken AB (Publ)OmanHSBC Bank Oman S.A.O.G.PakistanDeutsche Bank AGPanamaCitibank N.A., Panama BranchPeruCitibank del Peru S.A.PhilippinesDeutsche Bank AGPolandBank Polska Kasa Opieki S.A.PortugalCitibank Europe Plc, Sucursal em PortugalQatarHSBC Bank Middle East Limited, DohaRomaniaCitibank Europe plc, Romania BranchRussiaDeutsche Bank LtdSaudi ArabiaHSBC Saudi Arabia Limited
Netherlands       The Bank of New York Mellon SA/NV         New Zealand       National Australia Bank Limited         Nigeria       Stanbic IBTC Bank Plc.         Norway       Skandinaviska Enskilda Banken AB (Publ)         Oman       HSBC Bank Oman S.A.O.G.         Pakistan       Deutsche Bank AG         Panama       Citibank N.A., Panama Branch         Peru       Citibank del Peru S.A.         Philippines       Deutsche Bank AG         Poland       Bank Polska Kasa Opieki S.A.         Portugal       Citibank Europe Plc, Sucursal em Portugal         Qatar       HSBC Bank Middle East Limited, Doha         Romania       Citibank Europe plc, Romania Branch         Russia       Deutsche Bank Ltd         Saudi Arabia       HSBC Saudi Arabia Limited
New ZealandNational Australia Bank LimitedNigeriaStanbic IBTC Bank Plc.NorwaySkandinaviska Enskilda Banken AB (Publ)OmanHSBC Bank Oman S.A.O.G.PakistanDeutsche Bank AGPanamaCitibank N.A., Panama BranchPeruCitibank del Peru S.A.PhilippinesDeutsche Bank AGPolandBank Polska Kasa Opieki S.A.PortugalCitibank Europe Plc, Sucursal em PortugalQatarHSBC Bank Middle East Limited, DohaRomaniaCitibank Europe plc, Romania BranchRussiaDeutsche Bank LtdSaudi ArabiaHSBC Saudi Arabia Limited
Nigeria       Stanbic IBTC Bank Plc.         Norway       Skandinaviska Enskilda Banken AB (Publ)         Oman       HSBC Bank Oman S.A.O.G.         Pakistan       Deutsche Bank AG         Panama       Citibank N.A., Panama Branch         Peru       Citibank del Peru S.A.         Philippines       Deutsche Bank AG         Poland       Bank Polska Kasa Opieki S.A.         Portugal       Citibank Europe Plc, Sucursal em Portugal         Qatar       HSBC Bank Middle East Limited, Doha         Romania       Citibank Europe plc, Romania Branch         Russia       Deutsche Bank Ltd         Saudi Arabia       HSBC Saudi Arabia Limited
Norway       Skandinaviska Enskilda Banken AB (Publ)         Oman       HSBC Bank Oman S.A.O.G.         Pakistan       Deutsche Bank AG         Panama       Citibank N.A., Panama Branch         Peru       Citibank del Peru S.A.         Philippines       Deutsche Bank AG         Poland       Bank Polska Kasa Opieki S.A.         Portugal       Citibank Europe Plc, Sucursal em Portugal         Qatar       HSBC Bank Middle East Limited, Doha         Romania       Citibank Europe plc, Romania Branch         Russia       Deutsche Bank Ltd         Saudi Arabia       HSBC Saudi Arabia Limited
Oman       HSBC Bank Oman S.A.O.G.         Pakistan       Deutsche Bank AG         Panama       Citibank N.A., Panama Branch         Peru       Citibank del Peru S.A.         Philippines       Deutsche Bank AG         Poland       Bank Polska Kasa Opieki S.A.         Portugal       Citibank Europe Plc, Sucursal em Portugal         Qatar       HSBC Bank Middle East Limited, Doha         Romania       Citibank Europe plc, Romania Branch         Russia       Deutsche Bank Ltd         Saudi Arabia       HSBC Saudi Arabia Limited
Pakistan       Deutsche Bank AG         Panama       Citibank N.A., Panama Branch         Peru       Citibank del Peru S.A.         Philippines       Deutsche Bank AG         Poland       Bank Polska Kasa Opieki S.A.         Portugal       Citibank Europe Plc, Sucursal em Portugal         Qatar       HSBC Bank Middle East Limited, Doha         Romania       Citibank Europe plc, Romania Branch         Russia       Deutsche Bank Ltd         Saudi Arabia       HSBC Saudi Arabia Limited
Panama       Citibank N.A., Panama Branch         Peru       Citibank del Peru S.A.         Philippines       Deutsche Bank AG         Poland       Bank Polska Kasa Opieki S.A.         Portugal       Citibank Europe Plc, Sucursal em Portugal         Qatar       HSBC Bank Middle East Limited, Doha         Romania       Citibank Europe plc, Romania Branch         Russia       Deutsche Bank Ltd         Saudi Arabia       HSBC Saudi Arabia Limited
Peru       Citibank del Peru S.A.         Philippines       Deutsche Bank AG         Poland       Bank Polska Kasa Opieki S.A.         Portugal       Citibank Europe Plc, Sucursal em Portugal         Qatar       HSBC Bank Middle East Limited, Doha         Romania       Citibank Europe plc, Romania Branch         Russia       Deutsche Bank Ltd         Saudi Arabia       HSBC Saudi Arabia Limited
Philippines       Deutsche Bank AG         Poland       Bank Polska Kasa Opieki S.A.         Portugal       Citibank Europe Plc, Sucursal em Portugal         Qatar       HSBC Bank Middle East Limited, Doha         Romania       Citibank Europe plc, Romania Branch         Russia       Deutsche Bank Ltd         Saudi Arabia       HSBC Saudi Arabia Limited
Poland       Bank Polska Kasa Opieki S.A.         Portugal       Citibank Europe Plc, Sucursal em Portugal         Qatar       HSBC Bank Middle East Limited, Doha         Romania       Citibank Europe plc, Romania Branch         Russia       Deutsche Bank Ltd         Saudi Arabia       HSBC Saudi Arabia Limited
Portugal       Citibank Europe Plc, Sucursal em Portugal         Qatar       HSBC Bank Middle East Limited, Doha         Romania       Citibank Europe plc, Romania Branch         Russia       Deutsche Bank Ltd         Saudi Arabia       HSBC Saudi Arabia Limited
Qatar     HSBC Bank Middle East Limited, Doha       Romania     Citibank Europe plc, Romania Branch       Russia     Deutsche Bank Ltd       Saudi Arabia     HSBC Saudi Arabia Limited
Romania       Citibank Europe plc, Romania Branch         Russia       Deutsche Bank Ltd         Saudi Arabia       HSBC Saudi Arabia Limited
Russia     Deutsche Bank Ltd       Saudi Arabia     HSBC Saudi Arabia Limited
Saudi Arabia HSBC Saudi Arabia Limited
Serbia UniCredit Bank Serbia JSC
Singapore DBS Bank Ltd
Slovak Republic Citibank Europe plc, pobocka zahranicnej banky
Slovenia UniCredit Banka Slovenia d.d.
South Africa The Standard Bank of South Africa Limited
South Korea Deutsche Bank AG
Spain Banco Bilbao Vizcaya Argentaria, S.A.
Spain Santander Securities Services, S.A.
Sri Lanka The Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporatio
Swaziland Standard Bank Swaziland Limited
Sweden Skandinaviska Enskilda Banken AB (Publ)
Switzerland Credit Suisse AG
Taiwan HSBC Bank (Taiwan) Limited
Tanzania Stanbic Bank Tanzania Limited
Thailand The Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporatio
Tunisia         Banque Internationale Arabe de Tunisie
Turkey Deutsche Bank A.S.
U.A.E. HSBC Bank Middle East Limited, Dubai
U.K. The Bank of New York Mellon

Country	Delegate
U.S.A.	The Bank of New York Mellon
Uganda	Stanbic Bank Uganda Limited
Ukraine	Public Joint Stock Company "Citibank"
Uruguay	Banco Itaú Uruguay S.A.
Venezuela	Citibank N.A., Sucursal Venezuela
Vietnam	HSBC Bank (Vietnam) Ltd
Zambia	Stanbic Bank Zambia Limited
Zimbabwe	Stanbic Bank Zimbabwe Limited

# Appendix G

# Appendix G - Securities Financing Transaction Disclosures

#### General

Securities Financing Transactions (SFTs) such as securities lending, repurchase transactions, total return swaps (TRS) and contracts for difference (CFDs) may be used by all the Funds (subject to their investment objective and policy) either to help meet the investment objective of a Fund and/or as part of efficient portfolio management.

TRSs involve the exchange of the right to receive the total return, coupons plus capital gains or losses, of a specified reference asset, index or basket of assets against the right to make fixed or floating payments. The Funds may enter into swaps as either the payer or receiver of payments under such swaps.

CFDs are similar to swaps and may also be used by certain Funds. A CFD is an agreement between a buyer and a seller stipulating that the seller will pay the buyer the difference between the current value of a security and its value when the contract is made. If the difference turns out to be negative, the buyer pays the seller.

SFTs are defined as:

- (a) a repurchase transaction (which means a transaction governed by an agreement by which a counterparty transfers securities, commodities, or guaranteed rights relating to title to securities or commodities where that guarantee is issued by a recognised exchange which holds the rights to the securities or commodities and the agreement does not allow a counterparty to transfer or pledge a particular security or commodity to more than one counterparty at a time, subject to a commitment to repurchase them, or substituted securities or commodities of the same description at a specified price on a future date specified, or to be specified, by the transferor, being a repurchase agreement for the counterparty selling the securities or commodities and a reverse repurchase agreement for the counterparty buying them");
- (b) securities lending and securities borrowing (which means transactions governed by an agreement by which a counterparty transfers securities, or guaranteed rights relating to title to securities where that guarantee is issued by a recognised exchange which holds the rights to the securities and the agreement does not allow a counterparty to transfer or pledge a particular security to more than one counterparty at a time, subject to a commitment to repurchase them, or substituted securities of the same description at a specified price on a future date specified, or to be specified, by the transferor, being a repurchase agreement for the counterparty selling the securities and a reverse repurchase agreement for the counterparty buying them;
- (c) a buy-sell back transaction or sell-buy back transaction (which means transactions by which a counterparty buys or sells securities, commodities, or guaranteed rights relating to title to securities or commodities, agreeing, respectively, to sell or to buy back securities, commodities or such guaranteed rights of the same description at a specified price on a future date, that transaction being a buy-sell back transaction for the counterparty buying the securities, commodities or guaranteed rights, and a sell-buy back transaction for the counterparty selling them, such buy-sell back transaction or sell-buy back transaction not being governed by a repurchase agreement or by a reverse-repurchase agreement; and
- (d) a margin lending transaction (which means a transaction in which a counterparty extends credit in connection with the purchase, sale, carrying or trading of securities, but not including other loans that are secured by collateral in the form of securities).

The Funds do not currently use SFTs described in paragraphs c) and d) above.

The types of assets that may be subject to SFTs, total return swaps and contracts for difference include equity securities, fixed income securities, collective investment schemes, money market instruments and cash. Use of such assets is subject to a Fund's investment objective and policy.

#### **Counterparty Selection & Review**

The Investment Advisers select from an extensive list of full service and execution-only brokers and counterparties. All prospective and existing counterparties require the approval of the Counterparty and Concentration Risk Group ("CCRG"), which is part of BlackRock's independent Risk & Quantitative Analysis department ("RQA").

In order for a new counterparty to be approved, a requesting portfolio manager or trader is required to submit a request to the CCRG. The CCRG will review relevant information to assess the credit-worthiness of the proposed counterparty in combination with the type and settlement and delivery mechanism of the proposed security transactions. The counterparties will be entities with legal personality typically located in OECD jurisdictions (but may also be located outside such jurisdictions), be subject to ongoing supervision by a regulatory authority and will typically have at least an investment grade credit rating from one or more globally recognised credit rating agencies. A list of approved trading counterparties is maintained by the CCRG and reviewed on an on-going basis.

Counterparty reviews take into account the fundamental creditworthiness (ownership structure, financial strength, regulatory oversight) and commercial reputation of specific legal entities in conjunction with the nature and structure of proposed trading activities. Counterparties are monitored on an ongoing basis through the receipt of audited and interim financial statements, via alert portfolios with market data service providers, and where applicable, as part of BlackRock's internal research process. Formal renewal assessments are performed on a cyclical basis.

The Investment Advisers select brokers based upon their ability to provide good execution quality (i.e. trading), whether on an agency or a principal basis; their execution capabilities in a particular market segment; and their operational quality and efficiency; and we expect them to adhere to regulatory reporting obligations.

Once a counterparty is approved by the CCRG, broker selection for an individual trade is then made by the relevant dealer at the point of trade, based upon the relative importance of the relevant execution factors. For some trades, it is appropriate to enter into a competitive tender amongst a shortlist of brokers.

The Investment Advisers perform pre-trade analysis to forecast transaction cost and to guide the formation of trading strategies including selection of techniques, division between points of liquidity, timing and selection of broker. In addition, the Investment Advisers monitor trade results on a continuous basis.

Broker selection will be based on a number of factors including, but not limited to the following:

- Ability to execute and execution quality;
- Ability to provide liquidity/capital;
- Price and quote speed;
- Operational quality and efficiency; and
- Adherence to regulatory reporting obligations.

The Securities Financing Transaction Regulation 2015 (2015/2365) ("SFTR") contains requirements in relation to the selection of counterparties and the eligibility, safekeeping and reuse of collateral. These requirements are set out in Appendix A.

#### Returns generated by SFTs

All returns generated from the use of repurchase transactions, total return swaps and contracts for difference will be paid to the relevant Fund.

In relation to securities lending only, the securities lending agent, BlackRock Advisors (UK) Limited, receives remuneration in relation to its activities. Such remuneration is paid from the returns generated and shall not exceed 37.5% of the net revenue from the activities, with all operational costs borne out of BlackRock's share. The securities lending agent is a related party to the Management Company.

#### Proportions of Fund property subject to SFTs

The table below specifies the maximum and expected proportion of the Net Asset Value of a Fund that can be subject to securities financing transactions for the purposes of the SFTR. The expected proportion is not a limit and the actual percentage may vary over time depending on factors including, but not limited to, market conditions. The maximum figure is a limit.

No.	FUND	TRS and CFDs (in aggregate*) Maximum/Expected proportion of the NAV (%)	Securities Lending** Maximum/Expected proportion of the NAV (%)	Repo Transactions Maximum/Expected proportion of the NAV (%)
1.	ASEAN Leaders Fund	40/0	75/0-10	40/0
2.	Asia Pacific Equity Income Fund	40/0	49/0-10	40/0
3.	Asian Dragon Fund	40/0	49/0-11	40/0
4.	Asian Growth Leaders Fund	40/0	75/0-7	40/0
5.	Asian High Yield Bond Fund	10/2	100/0-40	40/0
6.	Asian Multi-Asset Growth Fund	70/30	100/0-40	45/5
7.	Asian Tiger Bond Fund	10/2	100/0-40	40/0
8.	China A-Share Opportunities Fund	40/0	49/0-10	40/0
9.	China Bond Fund	10/2	100/0-40	40/0
10.	China Flexible Equity Fund	40/0	49/0-12	40/0
11.	China Fund	40/0	49/0-12	40/0
12.	Continental European Flexible Fund	40/0	49/0-11	40/0
13.	Dynamic High Income Fund	10/0	100/0-40	40/0
14.	Emerging Europe Fund	40/0	100/0-40	40/0
15.	Emerging Markets Bond Fund	10/2	100/0-40	40/0
16.	Emerging Markets Corporate Bond Fund	10/2	100/0-40	60/20
17.	Emerging Markets Equity Income Fund	40/0	49/0-10	40/0
18.	Emerging Markets Fund	40/0	75/0-15	40/0
19.	Emerging Markets Local Currency Bond Fund	10/2	100/0-40	60/20
20.	ESG Emerging Markets Blended Bond Fund	30/15	100/0-40	40/0
21.	ESG Emerging Markets Bond Fund	10/2	100/0-40	40/0
22.	ESG Emerging Markets Corporate Bond Fund	10/2	100/0-40	40/0

# Appendix G

No.	FUND	TRS and CFDs (in aggregate*) Maximum/Expected proportion of the NAV (%)	Securities Lending** Maximum/Expected proportion of the NAV (%)	Repo Transactions Maximum/Expected proportion of the NAV (%)
23.	ESG Emerging Markets Local Currency Bond Fund	10/2	100/0-40	40/0
24.	Euro Bond Fund	10/2	100/0-40	40/0
25.	Euro Corporate Bond Fund	10/2	100/0-40	40/0
26.	Euro Reserve Fund	0/0	100/0-40	40/0
27.	Euro Short Duration Bond Fund	10/2	100/0-40	40/0
28.	Euro-Markets Fund	40/0	49/0-15	40/0
29.	European Equity Income Fund	40/0	49/0-16	40/0
30.	European Focus Fund	40/0	49/0-10	40/0
31.	European Fund	40/0	49/0-11	40/0
32.	European High Yield Bond Fund	10/0	100/0-40	40/0
33.	European Special Situations Fund	40/0	49/0-15	40/0
34.	European Value Fund	40/0	49/0-12	40/0
35.	Flexible Multi-Asset Fund (Fund name will change to the ESG Multi-Asset Fund from 25 March 2019 and changes will be made as set out in the section headed "Investment Objectives and Policies")	140/100	100/0-40	40/0
36.	FinTech Fund	40/0-10	100/0-49	40/5
37.	Fixed Income Global Opportunities Fund	25/0-10	100/0-40	40/0
38.	Future Of Transport Fund	40/0-10	100/0-49	40/5
39.	Global Allocation Fund	25/15	100/0-40	50/0
40.	Global Bond Income Fund	25/0-10	100/0-40	40/0
41.	Global Conservative Income Fund	10/0	100/0-40	40/0
42.	Global Corporate Bond Fund	40/0	100/0-40	40/0
43.	Global Dynamic Equity Fund	25/15	49/0-15	45/5
44.	Global Enhanced Equity Yield Fund	40/0	49/0-16	40/0
45.	Global Equity Income Fund	40/0	49/0-14	40/0
46.	Global Government Bond Fund	10/0-2	100/0-40	40/0
47.	Global High Yield Bond Fund	10/3	100/0-40	40/0
48.	Global Inflation Linked Bond Fund	10/2	100/0-40	40/0
49.	Global Multi-Asset Income Fund	10/0	100/0-40	40/0
50.	Global Opportunities Fund (Fund name will change to "Global Long-Horizon Equity Fund" on 25 March 2019)	40/0	49/0-17	40/0
51.	Global SmallCap Fund	40/0	49/0-29	40/0
52.	India Fund	40/0	100/0-40	40/0
53.	Japan Small & MidCap Opportunities Fund	40/0	49/0-27	40/0
54.	Japan Flexible Equity Fund	40/0	49/0-35	40/0
55.	Latin American Fund	40/0	100/0-40	40/0
56.	Market Navigator Fund	140/100	100/0-40	40/0
57.	Natural Resources Growth & Income Fund	40/0	49/0-22	40/0
58.	Next Generation Technology Fund	40/0	100/0-49	40/5
59.	North American Equity Income Fund	40/0	49/0-10	40/0
60.	Pacific Equity Fund	40/0	49/0-20	40/0
61.	Strategic Global Bond Fund	25/0-10	100/0-40	40/0
62.	New Energy Fund (Fund name will change to the Sustainable Energy Fund from 25 March 2019 and changes will be made as set out in the section headed "Investment Objectives and Policies")	40/0	49/0-22	40/0
63.	Swiss Small & MidCap Opportunities Fund	40/0	49/0-20	40/0
64.	United Kingdom Fund	40/0	49/0-17	40/0

No.	FUND	TRS and CFDs (in aggregate*) Maximum/Expected proportion of the NAV (%)	Securities Lending** Maximum/Expected proportion of the NAV (%)	Repo Transactions Maximum/Expected proportion of the NAV (%)
65.	US Basic Value Fund	40/0	49/0-14	40/0
66.	US Dollar Bond Fund	10/2	100/0-40	40/0
67.	US Dollar High Yield Bond Fund	10/3	100/0-40	40/0
68.	US Dollar Reserve Fund	0/0	100/0-40	40/0
69.	US Dollar Short Duration Bond Fund	10/2	100/0-40	42/2
70.	US Flexible Equity Fund	40/0	49/0-10	40/0
71.	US Government Mortgage Fund	10/3-5	100/0-40	40/0
72.	US Growth Fund	40/0	49/0-17	40/0
73.	US Small & MidCap Opportunities Fund	40/0	49/0-23	40/0
74.	World Agriculture Fund (Fund name will change to the Nutrition Fund from 25 March 2019 and changes will be made as set out in the section headed "Investment Objectives and Policies")	40/0	49/0-24	40/0
75.	World Bond Fund	10/0-2	100/0-40	40/0
76.	World Energy Fund	40/0	49/0-25	40/0
77.	World Financials Fund	40/0	49/0-20	40/0
78.	World Gold Fund	40/0	49/0-12	40/0
79.	World Healthscience Fund	40/0	49/0-16	40/0
80.	World Mining Fund	40/0	49/0-10	40/0
81.	World Real Estate Securities Fund	40/10	100/0-40	40/0
82.	World Technology Fund	40/0	49/0-19	40/0

\*Within the total ranges noted above, the Funds' exposure to CFDs and TRS will vary. Further details of exposures to CFD or TRS can be obtained from the Company's registered office.

\*\*The maximum proportion of the Net Asset Value of the Funds that can be subject to securities lending is indicated in the table above. The demand to borrow securities is a significant driver for the amount that is actually lent from a Fund at a given time. Borrowing demand fluctuates over time and depends to a large extent on market factors that cannot be forecasted precisely. Due to fluctuations in borrowing demand in the market, future lending volumes could fall outside of this range.

# Summary of Subscription Procedure and Payment Instructions

# 1. Application Form

For initial subscriptions for Shares you must complete the application form which may be obtained from the Transfer Agent or the local Investor Servicing teams and the form must be signed by all joint applicants. Subsequent subscriptions may be made in writing or by fax and the Management Company may, at its sole discretion, accept individual dealing orders submitted via other forms of electronic communication, stating your registration details and the amount to be invested. If your application is being submitted by your professional adviser, section 5 of the application form should be completed. Completed application forms must be sent to the Transfer Agent or the local Investor Servicing teams.

# 2. Money Laundering Prevention

Please read the notes on the application form regarding the identification documents required and ensure that you provide these to the Transfer Agent or the local Investor Servicing teams together with your application form.

# 3. Payment

A copy of your telegraphic transfer instructions should be supplied with your application (see sections 4 and 5 below).

# 4. Payment by Telegraphic Transfer

Payment by SWIFT/bank transfer in the relevant currency should be made to one of the accounts opposite. The SWIFT/bank transfer instruction should contain the following information:

- (i) Bank Name
- (ii) SWIFT Code or Bank Identifier
- (iii) Account (IBAN)
- (iv) Account Number
- Account Reference "BGF Fund name subscribed into and BGF account number / contract reference number"
- (vi) By order of Shareholder name/agent name & Shareholder number/agent number

An applicant's obligation to pay for Shares is fulfilled once the amount due has been paid in cleared funds into this account.

# 5. Foreign Exchange

If you wish to make payment in a currency other than that in the Dealing Currency (or one of the Dealing Currencies) of your chosen Fund, this must be made clear at the time of application.

#### Bank Details 1

#### US Dollars:

JP Morgan Chase New York SWIFT code CHASUS33 For the account of: BlackRock (Channel Islands) Limited Account Number 001-1-460185, CHIPS UID 359991 ABA Number 021000021 Quoting Reference "Contract reference number or BGF account number or Name of Fund – Name of Applicant"

# Euros:

JP Morgan Frankfurt SWIFT code CHASDEFX For the account of: BlackRock (Channel Islands) Limited Account Number (IBAN) DE40501108006161600066 Quoting Reference "Contract reference number or BGF account number or Name of Fund – Name of Applicant"

#### <sup>1</sup> The BlackRock (Channel Islands) Limited account name is expected to change in the near future Please check with the local Investor Servicing team prior to payment.

# Sterling:

JP Morgan London SWIFT code CHASGB2L, Sort Code 60-92-42 For the account of: BlackRock (Channel Islands) Limited Account Number (IBAN) GB07CHAS60924211118940 (formerly 11118940) Quoting Reference "Contract reference number or BGF account number or Name of Fund – Name of Applicant"

### Others:

#### Australian Dollars:

Pay Australia and New Zealand Banking Group Limited SWIFT code ANZBAU3M In favour of JP Morgan Bank London SWIFT CODE CHASGB2L For the account of BlackRock (Channel Islands) Ltd Account Number (IBAN) GB56CHAS60924224466325 Quoting Reference: "Contract reference number or BGF account number or Name of Fund – Name of Applicant"

# Canadian Dollars:

ROYAL BANK OF CANADA SWIFT code ROYCCAT2 In favour of JP Morgan Bank London SWIFT CODE CHASGB2L For the account of BlackRock (Channel Islands) Ltd Account Number (IBAN) GB40CHAS60924224466322 Quoting Reference: "Contract reference number or BGF account number or Name of Fund – Name of Applicant"

# Chinese Yuan Renminbi:

Pay JP Morgan Chase Bank Hong Kong Swift Code CHASHKHH Under direct SWIFT advice to JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A., CHASGB2L For the account of JP Morgan Chase Bank, N.A. (CHASGB2L), Account number 6748000111 For further credit to Ultimate Beneficiary BlackRock (Channel Islands) Ltd Account Number (IBAN) GB52CHAS60924241001599 (formerly 41001599) Quoting Reference: "Contract reference number or BGF account number or Name of Fund – Name of Applicant"

#### Danish Krone:

Pay to NORDEA BANK DENMARK A/S,COPENHAGEN. (NDEADKKK) Under direct SWIFT advice to JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A., CHASGB2L For the account of JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A. (CHASGB2L). Account 5000404539 For further credit to BlackRock (Channel Islands) Ltd

For further credit to BlackRock (Channel Islands) Li Account number 24466326 IBAN: GB29CHAS60924224466326

# Hong Kong Dollars:

Pay JP Morgan Hong Kong SWIFT code CHASHKHH In favour of JP Morgan Bank London SWIFT CODE CHASGB2L For the account of BlackRock (Channel Islands) Ltd Account Number (IBAN) GB24CHAS60924224466319 (formerly 24466319) Quoting Reference: "Contract reference number or BGF account number or Name of Fund – Name of Applicant"

#### Hungarian Forint:

Correspondent bank: The ING Bank Rt. Budapest Swift Code INGBHUHB Beneficiary bank: JP Morgan Bank London SWIFT CODE CHASGB2L For the account of: BlackRock (Channel Islands) Ltd. Account number: GB43CHAS60924241221466

# Japanese Yen:

Pay JP Morgan Tokyo SWIFT code CHASJPJT In favour of JP Morgan Bank London SWIFT CODE CHASGB2L For the account of BlackRock (Channel Islands) Ltd Account Number (IBAN) GB69CHAS60924222813405 (formerly 22813405) Quoting Reference: "Contract reference number or BGF account number or Name of Fund – Name of Applicant"

# Polish Zloty

Pay mBANK Swift Code: BREXPLPW Beneficiary Bank: JPMorgan Chase Bank N.A. Swift Code: CHASGB2L Final Beneficiary: BlackRock (Channel Islands) Limited Account: GB02CHAS60924224466327

#### New Zealand Dollars:

Pay Westpac Banking Corporation Wellington SWIFT code WPACNZ2W In favour of JP Morgan Bank London SWIFT CODE CHASGB2L For the account of BlackRock (Channel Islands) Ltd Account Number (IBAN) GB83CHAS60924224466324 Quoting Reference: "Contract reference number or BGF account number or Name of Fund – Name of Applicant"

### Singapore Dollars:

Pay Overseas Chinese Banking Corp Ltd SWIFT code OCBCSGSG In favour of JP Morgan Bank London SWIFT CODE CHASGB2L For the account of BlackRock (Channel Islands) Ltd Account Number (IBAN) GB13CHAS60924224466323 Quoting Reference: "Contract reference number or BGF account number or Name of Fund – Name of Applicant"

#### Swedish Kroner:

Pay Svenska Handelsbanken Stockholm SWIFT code HANDSESS In favour of JP Morgan Bank London SWIFT CODE CHASGB2L For the account of BlackRock (Channel Islands) Ltd Account Number (IBAN) GB80CHAS60924222813401 (formerly 22813401) Quoting Reference: "Contract reference number or BGF account number or Name of Fund – Name of Applicant"

#### Swiss Francs:

Pay UBS Zürich SWIFT code UBSWCHZH8OA In favour of JP Morgan Bank London SWIFT CODE CHASGB2L For the account of BlackRock (Channel Islands) Ltd Account Number (IBAN) GB56CHAS60924217354770 (formerly 17354770) Quoting Reference: "Contract reference number or BGF account number or Name of Fund – Name of Applicant"

#### South African Rand:

Standard Bank of South Africa J'BURG SWIFT code SBZAZAJJ In favour of JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A. SWIFT CODE CHASGB2L For the account of BlackRock (Channel Islands) Ltd Account Number (IBAN) GB81CHAS60924241314387 Quoting Reference: "Contract reference number or BGF account number or Name of Fund – Name of Applicant"



