

Issuer: Eastspring Investments (Luxembourg) S.A.

March 2020

- This statement provides you with key information about Eastspring Investments – Asian Low Volatility Equity Fund (the “Sub-Fund”).
- This statement is a part of the Hong Kong Summary Prospectus.
- You should not invest in the Sub-Fund based on this statement alone.

Quick facts

Management Company:	Eastspring Investments (Luxembourg) S.A.		
Investment Manager:	Eastspring Investments (Singapore) Limited (internal delegation, in Singapore)		
Depository:	The Bank of New York Mellon SA/NV Luxembourg branch		
Ongoing Charges over a year#:	Class A:	1.63%	Class A _{DM} : 1.64%
#The ongoing charges figure is based on expenses for the year ended 31 December 2019. This figure may vary from year to year.			
Dealing Frequency:	Daily (A full bank business day in Luxembourg and Hong Kong, and in the country or countries where the assets of the Sub-Fund are primarily invested)		
Base Currency:	USD		
Dividend Policy:	Class A	No dividends will be declared or paid	
	Class A _{DM}	Dividends may be declared on a monthly basis	
	Dividends, at the discretion of the board of directors of Eastspring Investments, may be sourced from gross income, net realised capital gains and partially from capital from time to time. Any distributions involving payment of dividends out of capital and/or effectively out of capital may result in an immediate reduction of the net asset value.		
Financial Year End of this Sub-Fund:	31 December		
Minimum Investment:	Share Class	Initial	Subsequent
	Class A	USD500	USD50
	Class A _{DM}	USD500	USD50

What is this product?

Eastspring Investments – Asian Low Volatility Equity Fund is a sub-fund of Eastspring Investments which is an open-ended investment company registered in Luxembourg. Its home regulator is Commission de Surveillance du Secteur Financier (“CSSF”), Luxembourg.

Objective and Investment Strategy

Objective and Strategy

The Sub-Fund aims to generate total returns in line with Asia Pacific ex Japan equity markets, via a combination of capital growth and income, but with lower volatility. The Sub-Fund will invest primarily in equities and equity-related securities of companies, which are incorporated, listed in or have their area of primary activity in the Asia Pacific ex-Japan Region. The Sub-Fund may also invest in depository receipts, including ADRs and GDRs, debt securities convertible into common shares, preference shares and warrants.

As an elaboration to the above strategy, the Sub-Fund will invest at least 66% of its net assets in listed equities and/or equity-related securities which are incorporated, listed in or have their area of primary activity in the Asia Pacific ex-Japan Region including ordinary shares, preference shares, ADRs, GDRs, debt securities convertible into common shares, rights issues and warrants.

The Investment Manager will focus on dividend paying stocks of companies in the Asia Pacific ex-Japan Region including emerging markets and will construct a portfolio targeting low volatility and drawdown, i.e. is typically less susceptible in market downturn, and employs a systematic equity strategy as below:

- (1) The Investment Manager will start with a very broad base in the Asia Pacific ex-Japan universe. This is filtered for investability by using minimum market capitalization thresholds. The Investment Manager then further focuses on stocks that meet the selection criteria including factors such as dividend yield, valuation and analysts' sentiment etc.
- (2) Portfolio construction and stock selection are largely quantitative and not specific to country or industry, aiming at constructing a low volatility portfolio (i.e. a portfolio of stocks generally with less price variability compared to the reference index/indices within the overall Asia Pacific ex-Japan markets) from an investable dividend yield focused universe. An optimization process is then applied to derive the optimal weights with a target to maximize the total returns. A number of constraints such as maximum individual stock weight, portfolio concentration, liquidity, sector, country and style exposures, etc. are applied in order to manage risk.

Subject to the above strategy and asset allocation from time to time, the Sub-Fund may invest more than 30% of its net assets in any one single country within the Asia Pacific ex-Japan Region, and for example, up to 65% of its net assets may be invested in the People's Republic of China ("PRC") by way of China A-shares and/or China B-shares, and in the case of China A-shares, directly through the Shanghai-Hong Kong Stock Connect and/or Shenzhen-Hong Kong Stock Connect or indirectly by way of access products such as ADRs, GDRs and other financial derivative instruments (e.g. participation notes, futures etc).

The Sub-Fund may use financial derivative instruments (e.g. options, futures, swaps, forward currency exchange contracts, warrants, etc.) for hedging and efficient portfolio management purposes.

The Management Company will, for the time being, not enter into repurchase and reverse repurchase transactions nor engage in securities lending transactions. Should the Management Company decide to use such techniques and instruments in the future, this can be done so at the Management Company's discretion and the Summary Prospectus will be updated accordingly thereafter, subject to regulatory approval. At least one month's prior notice will also be given to Hong Kong investors accordingly.

Use of derivatives/investment in derivatives

The Sub-Fund's net derivative exposure may be up to 50% of the Sub-Fund's Net Asset Value.

What are the key risks?

Investment involves risks. Please refer to the Hong Kong Summary Prospectus for details including the risk factors.

1. General Investment Risk

- The Sub-Fund's investment portfolio may fall in value due to any of the key risk factors below and therefore your investment in the Sub-Fund may suffer losses. You may not get back your original investment. Past performance is not a guide to future performance. The level of investment return is not fixed and will vary.

2. Risk relating to Investment Strategy

- The investment strategy adopted by the Sub-Fund may not work and/or may not achieve a reduced level of volatility, for example, the Sub-Fund may not produce lower price variability as compared to the overall market under all circumstances and market conditions. In the event a reduced level of volatility is achieved by adopting the investment strategy, the Sub-Fund may still be precluded from fully capturing the upside in rising markets. Hence, the value of the Sub-Fund may be adversely affected.
- Low volatility stocks are seen as having a lower risk profile than the overall markets. Investors should note that lower volatility does not necessarily mean low risk and may be subject to the risks of common stocks.
- The Sub-Fund employs systematic models to select investments on the basis of past statistical results. There is a risk that investments selected using these models may perform differently than expected as a result of the design of the model, inputs into the model, changes from historical trends or other factors.

3. Equity Market Risk

- The Sub-Fund's investment in equity securities is subject to general market risks, whose value may fluctuate due to various factors, such as changes in investment sentiment, political and economic conditions and issuer-specific factors.

4. Concentration Risk

- The Sub-Fund's investments may be concentrated in any one single country within the Asia Pacific ex Japan Region (for example, the PRC). The value of the Sub-Fund may be more volatile than that of a fund having a more diverse portfolio of investments.
- The value of the Sub-Fund may be more susceptible to adverse economic, political, policy, foreign exchange, liquidity, tax, legal or regulatory event affecting any one single country in the Asia Pacific ex Japan market.

5. Emerging Markets Risk

- The Sub-Fund invests in Asian equities, which may from time to time include equities in emerging markets. Investing in emerging markets involves increased risks and special considerations not typically associated with investment in more developed markets due to, among other factors, greater political, tax, economic, foreign exchange controls, liquidity, higher degree of volatility, settlement, custody and legal/regulatory risks.

6. Liquidity Risk

- The Sub-Fund may have investments which have high liquidity risks (for example, low trading volumes), and may incur substantial losses if it is unable to sell these investments at opportune times or prices.

7. Currency and Exchange Rates Risk

- The assets that the Sub-Fund invests in may be denominated in currencies different from the Sub-Fund's base currency and the currency of the Shares held by you. The NAV of the Sub-Fund may be affected unfavourably by adverse movements in foreign currency exchange rates between the currencies of the underlying assets and the base currency of the Sub-Fund and the currency of the Shares held by you, as well as by changes in exchange rate controls.

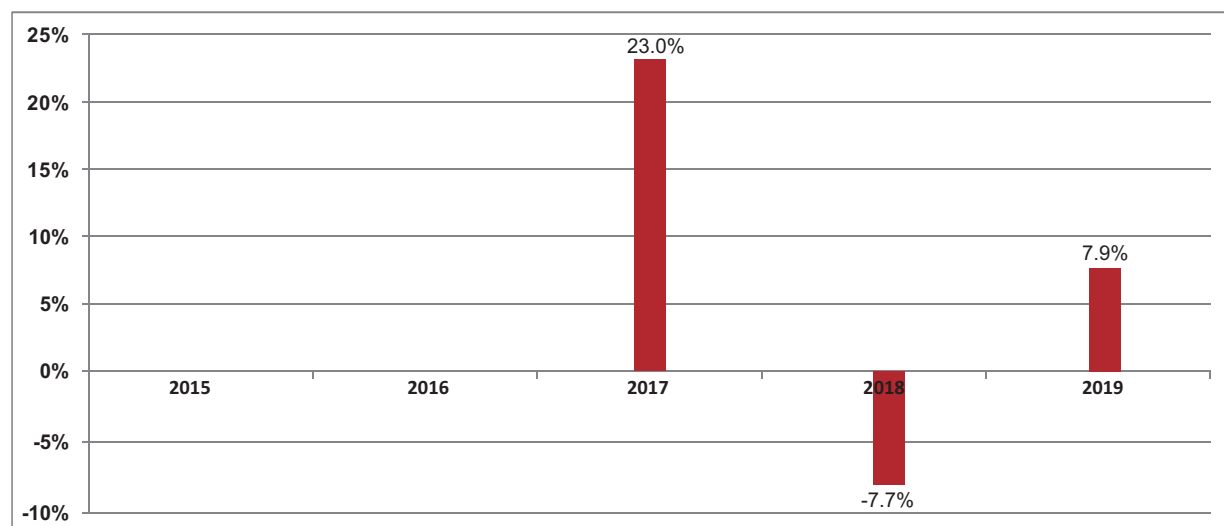
8. Derivatives Risk

- Derivatives involve risks different from, and, in some cases, greater than, the risks presented by more traditional securities investments. Some of the risks associated with derivatives are market risk, management risk, credit risk, counterparty risk, liquidity risk, volatility risk, operational risk, leverage risk, valuation risk and over-the-counter transaction risk.
- The Sub-Fund may use financial derivative instruments (FDIs) for hedging and efficient portfolio management purposes, however, the Sub-Fund's use of derivatives may become ineffective in such endeavours and the Sub-Fund may suffer significant losses.

9. Risk associated with Payment of Dividends out of/Effectively out of Capital

- Investors should note that where distributions are declared and paid out of the Sub-Fund, the board of directors of Eastspring Investments may at its discretion pay dividends out of the capital of the Sub-Fund or pay dividends out of gross income while charging/paying all or part of the Sub-Fund's fees and expenses to/out of the capital of the Sub-Fund, resulting in an increase in distributable income for the payment of dividends by the Sub-Fund and therefore, the Sub-Fund may effectively pay dividends out of capital.
- Payment of dividends out of capital amounts to a return or withdrawal of part of an investor's original investment or from any capital gains attributable to that original investment. Any distributions involving payment of dividends out of the Sub-Fund's capital or payment of dividends effectively out of the Sub-Fund's capital (as the case may be) may result in an immediate reduction of the net asset value per share.

How has the Sub-Fund performed?



Note:

- Past performance information is not indicative of future performance. Investors may not get back the full amount invested.
- The computation basis of the performance is based on the calendar year end, NAV-to-NAV, with dividend reinvested (if applicable).
- These figures show by how much Class A increased or decreased in value during the calendar year being shown.
- Performance data has been calculated in USD, including taking into account charges and excluding subscription fee and redemption fee you might have to pay.
- Where no past performance is shown, there was insufficient data available in that year to provide performance.
- Sub-Fund launch date: 2016
- Class A launch date: 2016
- The Management Company views Class A, being the retail share class offered and available for sale in Hong Kong, as the most appropriate representative share class.

Is there any guarantee?

This Sub-Fund does not have any guarantees. You may not get back the full amount of money you invest.

What are the fees and charges?

Charges which may be payable by you

You may have to pay the following fees when dealing in the shares of the Sub-Fund.

<u>Fee</u>	<u>What you pay</u>
Subscription fee	Maximum 5% of the amount you buy
Switching fee	Nil (You should note that an individual distributor may charge a switching fee, which is subject to such distributor's discretion.)
Redemption fee	Nil

Ongoing fees payable by the Sub-Fund

The following expenses will be paid out of the Sub-Fund. They affect you because they reduce the return you get on your investments.

	<u>Annual rate (as a % of the Sub-Fund's net asset value)</u>
Management fee	Maximum 1.50%
Depositary fee (related to safekeeping of assets)	Maximum 0.12%
Performance fee	N/A
Administration fee (payable to the Management Company)	Maximum 0.50%

Other fees

You may have to pay other fees when dealing in the shares of the Sub-Fund.

Additional Information

- You generally buy and redeem shares at the Sub-Fund's next-determined net asset value (NAV) after an authorised distributor receives your request in good order prior to 3:00pm (Hong Kong time) being the dealing cut-off time on each valuation day. However, before placing your subscription or redemption orders, please check with your distributor for the Sub-Fund's business day and the distributor's internal dealing cut-off time (which may be earlier than the Sub-Fund's dealing cut-off time).
- The net asset value of this Sub-Fund is calculated and the price of shares published each business day on www.eastspring.com.hk.
- The Dividend Composition Information i.e. the relative amounts paid out of (i) net distributable income and (ii) capital, is available from the Hong Kong Representative upon request, and will be published on www.eastspring.com.hk. Please note that the Dividend Composition Information will only show information on a rolling 12-month period.
- You may obtain the past performance information of other share classes offered to Hong Kong investors from www.eastspring.com.hk.
- The website (www.eastspring.com.hk) has not been reviewed by the SFC.

Important

If you are in doubt, you should seek professional advice.

The SFC takes no responsibility for the contents of this statement and makes no representation as to its accuracy or completeness.