

產品資料概要

宏利環球基金

亞洲小型公司基金

2022年4月

- 本概要為 閣下提供有關宏利環球基金 – 亞洲小型公司基金的重要資料。
- 本概要是香港提呈發售文件的一部分。
- 閣下不應單憑本概要就作出投資於本產品的決定。

資料便覽

管理公司 :	Manulife Investment Management (Ireland) Limited	
投資管理人 :	宏利投資管理（香港）有限公司（對內委託，香港）	
存管處 :	Citibank Europe plc, Luxembourg Branch	
交易頻率 :	每日	
全年經常性開支比率 [#] :	AA 類別	1.75% ¹
	AA 累積類別	1.75% ²
	AA (港元) 類別	1.76% ¹
	AA (澳元對沖) 類別	1.75% ²
	AA (加元對沖) 類別	1.75% ²
基礎貨幣 :	美元 (USD)	
結算貨幣 :	類別	貨幣
	AA / AA累積	美元 (USD)
	AA (澳元對沖)	澳元 (AUD)
	AA (加元對沖)	加元 (CAD)
	AA (港元)	港元 (HKD)
派息政策 :	<u>AA / AA (港元) / AA (澳元對沖) / AA (加元對沖) 類別</u>	
	每年派息（如有）一次（除非另有指明，否則股息將自動用作再投資。按子基金各賬戶計，現金派息只有在應付的款額等於或高於50美元時才適用。）	
	AA累積類別	
	將不會派發股息。	
財政年度截止日 :	6月30日	
最低投資額 :	初次投資額 – 1,000美元（或其任何其他主要貨幣等值）	
	隨後投資額 – 100美元（或其任何其他主要貨幣等值）	

[#] 經常性開支比率是於下列相應期間，以有關股份類別的開支總和佔平均資產淨值的百分比表達。此數字每年均可能有所變動。

¹ AA 類別股份每年管理費按子基金的資產淨值於 2021 年 6 月 30 日起由 1.75% 下調至 1.50%，此數字乃根據截至 2021 年 12 月 31 日止 12 個月期間經常性開支總額估計，以同期類別股份的平均資產淨值總額的百分比呈列，並因應自 2021 年 6 月 30 日起的經修訂管理費作出調整。此數字每年均可能有所變動。

² 由於在公佈本概要時，股份類別尚未首次發行本股份，此數字是根據子基金 AA 類別股份的開支作估計。

本基金是甚麼產品？

亞洲小型公司基金是宏利環球基金的子基金，後者是構成開放式投資公司的傘子基金。其註冊地為盧森堡，而其在當地的監管機構為盧森堡金融事務監察委員會（「CSSF」）。

目標及投資策略

亞洲小型公司基金旨在為打算作長線投資並準備接受其投資價值有較大波幅的投資者提供長期資本增長。

該子基金的投資組合建於多元化的基礎上，其最少70%的淨資產將會投資於亞洲及／或太平洋地區較小型公司的股票及股票相關投資。該等股票及股票相關證券包括普通股、優先股及預託證券。

儘管子基金將會在適用法規規限下遵照其投資目標及策略進行投資，惟子基金對於其淨資產投資於任何一個國家或行業的比例卻並無任何限制。因此，子基金可將其超過30%的淨資產投資於設於中國、南韓、澳洲、台灣及香港任何一地的發行機構。子基金的投資可以任何貨幣計價。

子基金可通過滬港股票市場交易互聯互通機制或深港股票市場交易互聯互通機制（統稱「**互聯互通**」）直接投資在上海證券交易所（「**上交所**」）或深圳證券交易所（「**深交所**」）上市的若干中國A股。在子基金投資中國A股的任何情況下，預計子基金持有中國A股將不會超過淨資產的30%。

子基金並不擬將其超過10%的淨資產投資於由任何信用評級低於投資級別（即低於穆迪的Baa3或標準普爾或惠譽的BBB-）的單一主權國（包括有關政府、公共或地方當局）所發行或擔保的證券。子基金亦無意訂立任何證券借貸、回購、反向回購協議或相似的場外交易。

子基金可使用金融衍生工具（「**FDIs**」）作投資、有效管理投資組合及／或對沖目的。子基金為上述目的可使用的**FDIs**主要包括（但不限於）認股證、期貨、期權、遠期及其他衍生工具或合約。

使用衍生工具

子基金的衍生工具風險承擔淨額最高可為子基金資產淨值的50%。

有哪些主要風險？

投資涉及風險。請參閱構成香港提呈發售文件一部分的售股章程以瞭解包括風險因素在內的詳情。

1. 投資風險：

子基金投資組合的價值可能因為下文任何主要投資風險而下跌，閣下對本基金的投資或會因此蒙受虧損。並不保證可獲償還本金。

2. 股票市場風險：

子基金對股本證券的投資須承受一般市場風險，其價值可因多項因素（例如投資情緒、政治及經濟狀況以及發行機構相關因素的變動）而波動不定。

3. 地域集中風險：

子基金的投資集中於和中國、南韓、澳洲、台灣或香港相關公司的股本證券，或會令子基金的波動較包含廣泛環球投資的組合劇烈。子基金的價值或會較易受到該等區域的不利事態影響。

4. 政治及監管風險：

子基金可能會投資的市場的政府政策或法例之改變會對該等市場的政治或經濟的穩定有不利影響，例如阻止或限制匯回資本或通過法院得到法律補救。在某些市場的投資還可能需要獲得大量執照、監管上的同意、證明書及批准。不能獲得特定執照、監管同意、證明書或批准會對子基金的經營有不利影響。

5. 新興市場風險：

在子基金可投資的某些新興經濟體系或市場，子基金可能承受比已發展的經濟體系或市場高的風險，尤其是由於對其服務供應商、代理人、聯絡人或代表之行為或不行為的風險。適用於子基金會投資的新興經濟體系或市場中的某些公司之會計、核數和財務報告標準、慣例和資料披露要求可能有別於金融市場發展較完備的國家。子基金之資產價值亦可能受不明朗因素影響，例如政府政策的改變、稅務法例、貨幣匯返原國之限制，以及子基金可能投資的新興經濟體系或市場的政治、法律或條例的其他發展。另外，某些新興經濟體系有高通脹、高利率及大量外債的風險，這些因素可能影響整體經濟的穩定。

6. 中國內地投資風險：

在中國內地證券市場的投資既有投資於新興市場的一般風險，亦有與中國內地市場有關的特定風險。投資中國內地有關的公司涉及一般與在較發達的經濟體系或市場投資所不相關的某些風險和特定考慮，例如，較大的政治、稅務、外匯、流動性及規管風險。

7. 中國內地稅收風險：

透過互聯互通投資A股可獲豁免就出售A股之收益繳納中國企業所得稅和增值稅。子基金的投資管理人就任何潛在中國稅務，目前並無作出任何稅務撥備。然而，投資管理人保留權利於其認為合適時作出如此撥備。中國內地的稅務法律，法規和慣例是不斷變化的，他們可能會變得具有追溯效力。在這方面，子基金可能會承受在本文件日期或當作出有關投資、估值或出售時，預期以外的額外徵稅。子基金的收入及／或有關投資的價值可能因為這些更改而減少。

8. 通過互聯互通投資：

互聯互通是一個新計劃，並不能確定有關規定將會如何應用。現有互聯互通規定可予更改，並可能具追溯效力。通過互聯互通交易的股份，可被剔出合資格上交所股份或深交所股份（視情況而定）範圍，在此情況下，股份只可賣出，並禁止子基金買入。在為上交所股份及深交所股份執行結算過程中，香港中央結算有限公司以代名人身份代表香港執行經紀持有該等股份。子基金僅實益擁有相關證券，而該實益權益之地位未經驗證。子基金也可能就中國證券登記結算有限責任公司而涉及交易對手風險。在極端市況下，互聯互通可能以有限的基礎操作，甚至完全無法操作。滬港通及深港通均受每日額度限制，即透過有關互聯互通買賣證券的每日總額度。由於該等額度並非針對子基金或投資管理人，因此，投資管理人將無法控制額度的使用或可用性。買賣上交所股份或深交所股份及進行有關子基金所持有該等股份的企業行動須受限於地方法規、規例和慣例。有關通過互聯互通投資的風險及限制，可能會影響投資管理人執行子基金投資策略的能力。此外，若子基金透過深港通而投資於深交所股份，子基金將須承擔與深交所中小企業板及／或中國創業板相關的風險。

9. 小型公司風險：

較慣常投資於規模較大、基礎較穩之公司投資，對中小型公司證券的投資會涉及更大的風險，特別是較小的公司之生產線、市場或財政資源通常都較有限，可獲得與公司有關的研究資料亦較少，而且公司可能只靠少數主要人士管理。

10. 貨幣風險：

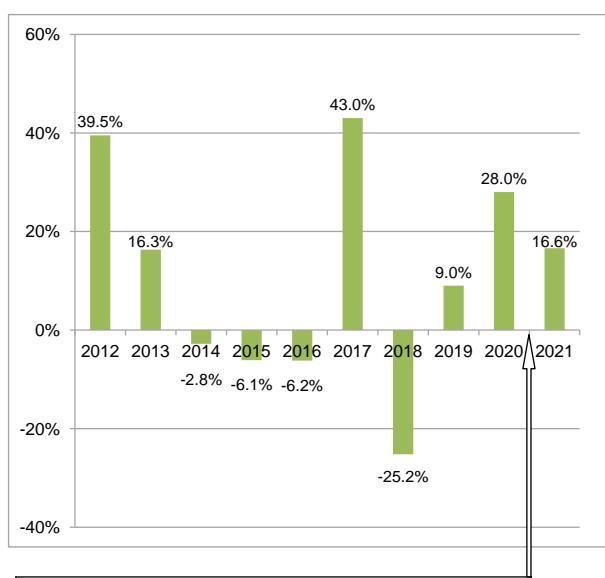
子基金的資產會主要投資於美元以外的貨幣為單位的證券，而子基金會按該等貨幣從該等投資收取收益或變現收入。其中某些貨幣兌美元可能貶值。另外，股份類別之結算貨幣可能與子基金基礎貨幣不同，若該指定結算貨幣與子基金基礎貨幣之間匯率有波動，該等股份類別的股東或會蒙受不利影響。

11. 流通性及波動風險：

子基金可能投資於基礎較不穩固、仍處於發展初期的公司。此等公司可能會經常出現顯著股價波動，以及由於其證券交投量偏低而可能缺乏流通性。特定證券在特定時期或特定市況下難以在屬意時刻出售時，亦可能出現流通性不足的情況。

12. 使用FDIs：

子基金擬使用FDIs作投資、有效管理投資組合及／或對沖目的。使用FDIs令子基金涉及額外的風險，包括：**(i)**波動風險 — FDIs或會十分波動；**(ii)**管理風險 — 效果取決於投資管理人在通行市場條件下所作投資決定是否成功；**(iii)**市場風險 — 其有因FDIs的市值改變而遭受的風險；**(iv)**信用風險 — 子基金有因交易對手未能履行其財務義務而遭受損失的風險；及**(v)**變現風險 — 有關的投資難以迅速購買或出售時存在的風險。上述任何風險的發生會對子基金的資產淨值有不利影響。在不利的情況下，子基金為投資、有效管理投資組合或對沖所使用的FDIs可能會無效，而子基金亦可能因此遭受重大損失。

本子基金過往的業績表現如何？

達致此等年度的表現的情況已不再適用，AA類別組每年的管理費於2021年6月30日起由1.75%下調至1.50%。

- 往績並非預測日後業績表現的指標。投資者未必能收回全部投資本金。
- 基金業績表現以曆年末的資產淨值作為比較基礎，股息會滾存再作投資。
- 上述數據顯示AA類別總值在有關曆年內的升跌幅度。
- 業績表現以美元計算，當中反映出本基金的經常性開支，但不包括本基金可能向投資者收取的認購費及贖回費。
- 如年內沒有顯示有關的業績表現，即代表當年沒有足夠數據用作提供業績表現之用。
- 子基金發行日：2006年11月30日
- AA類別^發行日：2006年11月30日

- ^ 就本概要而言，此股份類別被指定為該子基金的代表性股份類別，因其有最長的往績記錄。有關其他股份類別表現的進一步資料，請參閱www.manulifefunds.com.hk。該網站並未經證監會審閱。

是否有擔保？

本子基金沒有任何擔保。閣下可能不能收回閣下投資的全額。

費用和收費如何？

閣下可能應支付的收費

買賣子基金的股份時， 閣下可能要支付下列收費：

收費	閣下應支付的款額
認購費（初次收費）	不超過認購款的5%
轉換費（轉換收費）	最高為贖回款總額的1%
贖回費（贖回收費）	不適用

子基金應付的繼續營運的費用

下列費用將由本子基金支付。由於此等費用令 閣下的投資所得回報減少，所以會影響 閣下。

年費率（子基金資產淨值的百分數）

管理公司收費	不超過0.013%
管理費	1.50%*
存管費	0.003%至0.40%範圍內（不包括交易費及償還墊支）
業績表現費	不適用
執行費	不超過0.5%

* 經給予受影響的股東至少三個月的事先通知，此一收費可增至最高6%。詳情請參見售股章程第9.5節。

其他收費

閣下買賣子基金的股份時，可能須支付其他收費。

其他資料

- 閣下一般按宏利投資管理（香港）有限公司於某一交易日香港時間下午五時（即宏利環球基金的截止交易時間）或以前收到 閣下妥善的申請後按子基金下一個確定的資產淨值認購或贖回子基金的AA 類別、AA累積類別、AA（澳元對沖）類別、AA（加元對沖）類別及AA（港元）類別的股份。提交 閣下的指示（認購、轉換或贖回指示）前，請向 閣下的經銷商查詢該經銷商內部的截止交易時間（其可能與宏利環球基金的截止交易時間不同）。
- 子基金AA 類別、AA累積類別、AA（澳元對沖）類別、AA（加元對沖）類別及AA（港元）類別股份的資產淨值，將每日刊登於<http://www.manulifefunds.com.hk>，並可於宏利環球基金的註冊辦事處索閱。

重要提示

閣下如有疑問，應諮詢專業意見。

香港證監會對本概要的內容並不承擔任何責任，對其準確性或完整性亦不作出任何陳述。

PRODUCT KEY FACTS

Manulife Global Fund

Asian Small Cap Equity Fund
April 2022

- **This statement provides you with key information about Manulife Global Fund – Asian Small Cap Equity Fund.**
- **This statement is a part of the Hong Kong Offering Document.**
- **You should not invest in this product based on this statement alone.**

Quick facts

Management Company: Manulife Investment Management (Ireland) Limited

Investment Manager: Manulife Investment Management (Hong Kong) Limited
(internal delegation, Hong Kong)

Depository: Citibank Europe plc, Luxembourg Branch

Dealing frequency: Daily

Ongoing charges over a year [#] :	Class AA	1.75% ¹
	Class AA Acc	1.75% ²
	Class AA (HKD)	1.76% ¹
	Class AA (AUD Hedged)	1.75% ²
	Class AA (CAD Hedged)	1.75% ²

Base Currency: USD

	<u>Class</u>	<u>Currency</u>
	AA / AA Acc	USD
	AA (AUD Hedged)	AUD
	AA (CAD Hedged)	CAD
	AA (HKD)	HKD

Dividend policy: Classes AA / AA (HKD) / AA (AUD Hedged) / AA (CAD Hedged)
(Distribution policy) Dividends (if any) will be paid annually (Dividends will automatically be reinvested unless indicated otherwise. Cash dividend is only available if the payable amount with respect to each account of the Sub-Fund is US\$50 or more.)

Class AA Acc

No distribution will be paid.

Financial year end: 30 June

Minimum investment: Initial – US\$1,000 (or the equivalent in any other major currency)
Subsequent – US\$100 (or the equivalent in any other major currency)

[#] The ongoing charges figure is expressed as a percentage of the sum of expenses over the average net asset value of the share class for the corresponding period as described below. This figure may vary from year to year.

¹ The Management Fee applicable to Class AA Shares changed from 1.75% to 1.50% per annum of the Sub Fund's net asset value on 30 June 2021, this figure is estimated on the basis of the sum of the current ongoing charges the 12 month period ending 31 December 2021 expressed as a percentage of the sum of the average net asset values over the same period, as adjusted for the revised Management Fee as from 30 June 2021. This figure may vary from year to year.

² As the first issue of Shares of the share class has not yet occurred at the time of publication of this statement, this figure is estimated on the basis of the expenses of Class AA Shares of the Sub-Fund.

What is this product?

Asian Small Cap Equity Fund is a Sub-Fund of Manulife Global Fund, which is an umbrella fund constituted as an open-ended investment company. It is domiciled in Luxembourg. The home regulator is Commission de Surveillance du Secteur Financier (“**CSSF**”).

Objective and Investment Strategy

Asian Small Cap Equity Fund aims to provide long-term capital growth for those investors who hold a long term investment view and are prepared to accept significant fluctuations in the value of their investments.

The Sub-Fund’s investment portfolio will be made on a diversified basis, for which at least 70% of its net assets will be invested in equity and equity related investments of smaller capitalisation companies in the Asian and/or Pacific region. Such equity and equity related securities include common stocks, preferred stocks and depositary receipts.

While the Sub-Fund will invest in accordance with its investment objective and strategy, subject to applicable laws and regulations, the Sub-Fund is not otherwise subject to any limitation on the portion of its net assets that may be invested in any one country or sector. Hence, the Sub-Fund may invest more than 30% of its net assets in issuers located in any of the People’s Republic of China (“**PRC**”), South Korea, Australia, Taiwan and Hong Kong. The Sub-Fund’s investments may be denominated in any currency.

The Sub-Fund may invest directly in certain China A shares listed on the Shanghai Stock Exchange (“**SSE**”) or the Shenzhen Stock Exchange (“**SZSE**”) via the Shanghai-Hong Kong Stock Connect programme or the Shenzhen-Hong Kong Stock Connect programme respectively (collectively, “**Stock Connect**”). In any event where the Sub-Fund invests in China A shares, it is expected that the Sub-Fund will not hold more than 30% of its net assets in China A shares.

It is not the intention of the Sub-Fund to invest more than 10% of its net assets in securities issued, or guaranteed, by any single sovereign (including the relevant government, public or local authority) which has a credit rating that is below investment grade (i.e. below Baa3 by Moody’s or BBB- by Standard & Poor’s or Fitch). Neither does the Sub-Fund currently intend to enter into securities lending, repurchase, reverse repurchase, and similar over-the-counter transactions.

The Sub-Fund may use financial derivative instruments (“**FDIs**”) for investment, efficient portfolio management and/or hedging purposes. The major FDIs which may be used by the Sub-Fund for such purposes include, but are not limited to, warrants, futures, options, forwards and other derivative instruments or contracts.

Use of Derivatives

The Sub-Fund’s net derivative exposure may be up to 50% of the Sub-Fund’s net asset value.

What are the key risks?

Investment involves risks. Please refer to the Prospectus which forms part of the Hong Kong Offering Document for details including the risk factors.

- 1. Investment Risk:** The Sub-Fund's investment portfolio may fall in value due to any of the key risk factors below and therefore your investment in the Sub-Fund may suffer losses. There is no guarantee of the repayment of principal.
- 2. Equity Market Risk:** The Sub-Fund's investment in equity securities is subject to general market risks, whose value may fluctuate due to various factors, such as changes in investment sentiment, political and economic conditions and issuer-specific factors.
- 3. Geographical Concentration Risk:** The concentration of the Sub-Fund's investments in equity securities of companies related to the PRC, South Korea, Australia, Taiwan or Hong Kong may result in greater volatility than portfolios which comprise broad-based global investments. The value of the Sub-Fund may be more susceptible to adverse events in those regions.
- 4. Political and Regulatory Risk:** Changes to government policies or legislation in the markets in which the Sub-Fund may invest may adversely affect the political or economic stability of such markets, such as preventing or limiting the repatriation of foreign capital or the availability of legal redress through the courts. Investments in certain markets may also require the procurement of a substantial number of licences, regulatory consents, certificates and approvals. The inability to obtain a particular licence, regulatory consent, certificate or approval could adversely affect the operations of the Sub-Fund.
- 5. Emerging Markets Risk:** In respect of certain emerging economies or markets in which the Sub-Fund may invest, it may be exposed to higher risks than in developed economies or markets, in particular for the acts or omissions of its service providers, agents, correspondents or delegates. Accounting, auditing and financial reporting standards, practices and disclosure requirements applicable to some companies in the emerging economies or markets in which the Sub-Fund may invest may differ from countries with more developed financial markets. The value of the Sub-Fund's assets may also be affected by uncertainties such as changes in government policies, taxation legislation, currency repatriation restrictions and other developments in politics, law or regulations of the emerging economies or markets in which the Sub-Fund may invest. Further, certain emerging economies are exposed to the risks of high inflation and interest rates, large amount of external debt; and such factors may affect the overall economy stability.

6. Mainland China Investment Risk:	Investing in the securities markets in Mainland China is subject to the risks of investing in emerging markets generally as well as to specific risks relating to the Mainland China market. Investing in Mainland China-related companies involves certain risks and special considerations not typically associated with investment in more developed economies or markets, such as greater political, tax, foreign exchange, liquidity and regulatory risk.
7. Mainland China Tax Risk:	Investments in A shares through Stock Connect would be exempt from PRC corporate income tax and value-added tax on gains on disposal of the A shares. The Investment Manager of the Sub-Fund does not currently make any tax provision in respect of any potential PRC tax; however, the Investment Manager reserves the right to do so when it thinks appropriate. The tax laws, regulations and practice in Mainland China are constantly changing, and they may be changed with retrospective effect. In this connection, the Sub-Fund may be subject to additional taxation that is not anticipated as at the date hereof or when the relevant investments are made, valued or disposed of. The income from and/or the value of the relevant investments in the Sub-Fund may be reduced by any of those changes.
8. Investments via Stock Connect:	Stock Connect is a new programme and there is no certainty as to how the relevant regulations will be applied. The current Stock Connect regulations are subject to change, which may take retrospective effect. A stock may be recalled from the scope of eligible SSE shares or SZSE shares, as the case may be, for trading via Stock Connect, and in such event the stock can only be sold and is restricted from being bought by the Sub-Fund. During the settlement process for SSE shares and SZSE shares, such shares are held by Hong Kong Securities Clearing Company as nominee on behalf of the executing brokers. The Sub-Fund will have only a beneficial interest in the shares and the status of such beneficial interest is untested. The Sub-Fund would also be exposed to the counterparty risk with respect to China Securities Depository and Clearing Corporation Limited. Under extreme market conditions, Stock Connect may be available only on a limited basis, if at all. Each of Shanghai-Hong Kong Stock Connect and Shenzhen-Hong Kong Stock Connect is subject to a daily quota measuring total trading volume via the relevant Stock Connect. As these quotas are not particular to either the Sub-Fund or the Investment Manager, the Investment Manager will not be able to control the use or availability of the quota. Trading in SSE shares or SZSE shares and carrying out corporate actions in respect of such shares held by the Sub-Fund are subject to local regulations, rules and practice. The risks and restrictions associated with investments via Stock Connect may affect the Investment Manager's ability to implement the Sub-Fund's investment strategy. In addition, when the Sub-Fund invests in SZSE shares through Shenzhen-Hong Kong Stock Connect, it will be subject to the risk associated with the Small and Medium Enterprise Board and/or ChiNext Board of the SZSE.

9. Small Cap Risk:	Investments in securities of small and medium sized companies may involve greater risk than is customarily associated with investment in larger and more established companies. In particular, smaller companies often have limited product lines, markets or financial resources, with less research information available about the company, and their management may be dependent on a few key individuals.
10. Currency Risk:	The Sub-Fund's assets may be invested primarily in securities denominated in currencies other than U.S. Dollars and the Sub-Fund may receive income or realization proceeds from these investments in those currencies, some of which may fall in value against U.S. Dollars. Also, a Class of Shares may be designated in a currency other than the base currency of the Sub-Fund and Shareholders of such Classes of Shares may be affected unfavourably by fluctuations in the exchange rates between such designated currency and the base currency of the Sub-Fund.
11. Liquidity and Volatility Risks:	The Sub-Fund may invest in companies which are less well established in their early stages of development. These companies may often experience significant price volatility and potential lack of liquidity due to the low trading volume of their securities. The absence of adequate liquidity may also arise when a particular securities is difficult to sell at the desired moment during particular periods or in particular market conditions.
12. Use of FDIs:	The Sub-Fund intends to use FDIs for investment, efficient portfolio management and/or hedging purposes. The use of FDIs exposes the Sub-Fund to additional risks, including: (i) volatility risk – FDIs may be highly volatile; (ii) management risk – the results are reliant upon the success of the Investment Manager in making investment decisions in the prevailing market conditions; (iii) market risk – there is a risk from exposures to changes in market value of FDIs; (iv) credit risk – the Sub-Fund is exposed to the risk of loss resulting from a counterparty's failure to meet its financial obligations; and (v) liquidity risk – which exists when particular investments are difficult to be purchased or sold quickly. The eventuation of any of the above risks could have an adverse effect on the net asset value of the Sub-Fund. In adverse situations, the Sub-Fund's use of FDIs may become ineffective in investment, efficient portfolio management or hedging and the Sub-Fund may suffer significant losses.

How has the Sub-Fund performed?



The performance of these years were achieved under circumstances that no longer apply, as the annual management fee of Class AA has been reduced from 1.75% to 1.50% since 30 June 2021.

- Past performance information is not indicative of future performance. Investors may not get back the full amount invested.
- The computation basis of the performance is based on the calendar year end, NAV-To-NAV, with dividend reinvested.
- These figures show by how much the Class AA increased or decreased in value during the calendar year being shown.
- Performance data has been calculated in USD, including ongoing charges and excluding subscription fee and redemption fee investors might have to pay.
- Where no past performance is shown there was insufficient data available in that year to provide performance.
- Sub-Fund launch date: 30 November 2006
- Class AA[^] launch date: 30 November 2006

- [^] This share class has been designated, for the purposes of this statement, as the representative share class of the Sub-Fund as it has the longest track record among the share classes of the Sub-Fund. For further information on the performance of other share classes, please refer to www.manulifefunds.com.hk. This website has not been reviewed by the Securities and Futures Commission of Hong Kong.

Is there any guarantee?

This Sub-Fund does not have any guarantees. You may not get back the full amount of money you invest.

What are the fees and charges?

Charges which may be payable by you

You may have to pay the following fees when dealing in Shares of the Sub-Fund.

Fee	What you pay
Subscription fee (Initial charge)	Up to 5% of subscription amount
Switching Fee (Switching charge)	Up to 1% of the total redemption amount
Redemption fee (Redemption charge)	N/A

Ongoing fees payable by the Sub-Fund

The following expenses will be paid out of the Sub-Fund. They affect you because they reduce the return you get on your investments.

Annual rate (as a % of the Sub-Fund's net asset value)	
Management company fee	Up to 0.013%
Management fee	1.50%*
Depositary fee	Ranges from 0.003% to 0.40% (excluding transaction charges and disbursements)
Performance fee	N/A
Administration fee	Up to 0.5%

* This fee may be increased up to a maximum of 6%, by giving the affected shareholders not less than three months' prior notice. Please see section 9.5 of the Prospectus for details.

Other fees

You may have to pay other fees when dealing in Shares of the Sub-Fund.

Additional Information

- You generally subscribe and redeem Class AA, Class AA Acc, Class AA (AUD Hedged), Class AA (CAD Hedged) and Class AA (HKD) Shares at the Sub-Fund's next-determined net asset value after Manulife Investment Management (Hong Kong) Limited receives your request in good order on or before 5:00 p.m. (Hong Kong time) of a Dealing Day, being the dealing cut-off time of Manulife Global Fund. Before placing your orders (subscription, switching or redemption), please check with your distributor for the distributor's internal dealing cut-off time (which may be different from Manulife Global Fund's dealing cut-off time).
- The net asset value of the Class AA, Class AA Acc, Class AA (AUD Hedged), Class AA (CAD Hedged) and Class AA (HKD) Shares of this Sub-Fund is published daily at www.manulifefunds.com.hk and are also available at the registered office of Manulife Global Fund.

Important

If you are in doubt, you should seek professional advice.

The Securities and Futures Commission in Hong Kong takes no responsibility for the contents of this statement and makes no representation as to its accuracy or completeness.