

PineBridge Asia Dynamic Asset Allocation Fund

Issuer: PineBridge Investments Ireland Limited

2 September 2019

This statement provides you with key information about the PineBridge Asia Dynamic Asset Allocation Fund (the "Sub-Fund").
This statement is a part of the offering document.
You should not invest in this Sub-Fund based on this statement alone.

QUICK FACTS			
Fund Manager (Manager)	PineBridge Investments Ireland Limited		
Investment Managers	PineBridge Investments Asia Limited, based in Hong Kong (internal delegation) PineBridge Investments LLC, based in New York (internal delegation) PineBridge Investments Europe Limited, based in London (internal delegation)		
Sub-Investment Manager	PineBridge Investments Japan Co., Ltd, based in Tokyo (internal delegation)		
Trustee	State Street Custodial Services (Ireland) Limited		
Dealing Frequency	Every Dealing Day which is also a Hong Kong Business Day (as defined in the offering document)		
Ongoing charges over a year:	Class A Units	2.05% ²	
	Class AD Units	2.06% ²	
	Class A4 Units	2.05% ²	
	Class A4D Units	2.06% ²	
	Class A6H Units	2.09% ²	
	Class A6HD Units	2.10% ²	
	Class Y Units	1.25% ²	
	Class L Units	1.50% ¹	
Base Currency of Sub-Fund	US Dollars		
Dividend Policy [^]	Dividends, if declared, will be paid or reinvested as elected by the unitholder [#] [^] Dividends, if any, may be paid out of the capital of the Sub-Fund. Where the Manager determines in its discretion to pay distributions in respect of the Sub-Fund, investors should note that such distributions may result in an immediate decrease in the net asset value of the Sub-Fund. [#] Different Classes of Units have different dividends (if any) declaration frequency: Class A, A4, A6H, Y and L– declared annually in June; Class AD, A4D, and A6HD – declared quarterly in February, May, August and November each year.		
Financial Year End of this Fund	31st December		
Min. Investment	Class A Units	Initial: USD 1,000	Additional: USD 250
	Class AD Units	Initial: USD 1,000	Additional: USD 250
	Class A4 Units	Initial: HKD 10,000	Additional: HKD 1,000
	Class A4D Units	Initial: HKD 10,000	Additional: HKD 1,000
	Class A6H Units	Initial: AUD 1,000	Additional: AUD 250
	Class A6HD Units	Initial: AUD 1,000	Additional: AUD 250
	Class Y Units	Initial: USD 1,000,000	Additional: Nil
	Class L Units	Initial: Nil	Additional: Nil

¹ The ongoing charges figure is an annualized figure based on the expenses for the 6 months ended 30 June 2019 and expressed as a percentage over the average net asset value of the class of unit for the corresponding period. This figure may vary from year to year.

² As the Class is not yet launched, the ongoing charges figure is an annualized figure based on the estimated expenses for the 6 months ended 30 June 2019 and expressed as a percentage over the estimated average net asset value of the class of unit for the corresponding period. This figure may vary from year to year.

WHAT IS THIS PRODUCT?

PineBridge Asia Dynamic Asset Allocation Fund is a sub-fund of the PineBridge Global Funds (the “Fund”). The Fund is constituted in the form of a unit trust. It is domiciled in Ireland and its home regulator is the Central Bank of Ireland.

OBJECTIVES AND INVESTMENT STRATEGY

Objectives

The Sub-Fund seeks long-term capital appreciation by identifying new and changing economic and investment trends and investing primarily in the Asia Pacific Region by taking a forward view of fundamental economic and market conditions across the region. The asset allocation for asset classes and markets will change in line with these forward views. The Sub-Fund adopts a fully managed investment policy, varying from time to time the combination of the markets in the Asia Pacific Region equity securities, debt and money market securities, Collective Investment Schemes and the other types of investments detailed below, both with respect to types of investments and markets, in response to changing market conditions and economic trends. The Sub-Fund has no restrictions as to the proportion of assets allocated to individual countries or geographical regions, companies of any particular market capitalisation in the Asia Pacific Region and may invest across a range of economic sectors.

"Asia Pacific Region" includes Bangladesh, Hong Kong, India, Indonesia, South Korea, Malaysia, Pakistan, The People's Republic of China, The Philippines, Singapore, Sri Lanka, Taiwan, Thailand, Vietnam, Japan, Australia and New Zealand.

Strategy

The Sub-Fund will, under normal market conditions, invest the majority of its total assets in a broad range of equity and equity-related securities of Asian companies i.e. companies whose assets, products or operations are in Asia and debt securities of Asian issuers, including commercial paper, bonds or other debt instruments issued or guaranteed by Asian corporations or entities, obligations of supra-national community, regional or world institutions or organisations issued or guaranteed by Asian government or governmental subdivisions, certificates of deposit, bankers acceptances issued or supported by the credit of Asian banks.

The Sub-Fund will invest in fixed and / or floating rate debt securities of varying maturities. The Sub-Fund may only invest up to 30% of the net asset value in below investment grade or unrated issues. Where no rating is available, the Manager, with the advice of the Investment Managers, may assign its own rating, which must be deemed to be the equivalent of the previously mentioned Standard and Poor's, Moody's or other agency rating.

The Sub-Fund may use financial derivative instruments (“FDIs”) including, but not limited to, futures, options, swaps, forwards and warrants for efficient portfolio management (including hedging) and for investment purposes. FDIs may be used to take synthetic short positions which are provided for in the investment policy of the Sub-Fund. Global exposure (as prescribed in the Central Bank UCITS Regulations) and leverage as a result of its investment in FDIs shall not exceed 35% of the Net Asset Value of the Sub-Fund on a permanent basis. The Sub-Fund will not use FDIs extensively for any purpose.

The Sub-Fund may invest less than 30% of its net asset value in certain eligible China-A Shares via the Shanghai-Hong Kong Stock Connect and Shenzhen-Hong Kong Stock Connect. The Sub-Fund may also invest not more than 10% of its net asset value in China's Interbank Bond Market via Bond Connect.

The Sub-Fund may invest up to 45% of the net asset value in regulated Collective Investment Schemes (including relevant REITs), this may include up to 25% of its net asset value in Collective Investment Schemes (including relevant REITs) which may, from time to time, have extensive exposure to FDI. The investment objectives and policies of these schemes are consistent with that of the Sub-Fund and such schemes meet the criteria set out in the Central Bank Guidance. The Sub-Fund will not invest in UCITS or other Collective Investment Schemes in respect of which the maximum level of management fee which may be charged exceeds 2% of the net asset value per annum of such UCITS or other Collective Investment Schemes. Collective Investment Schemes in which the Sub-Fund will invest may be domiciled in any jurisdiction.

Under normal market conditions, no more than 30% of the Sub-Fund's net asset value will be held in cash and/or ancillary liquid assets and in money market instruments which are rated investment grade by an international rating agency. Under extreme market conditions, up to 45% of the Sub-Fund's net asset value may be held in cash and/or ancillary liquid assets and in money market instruments which are rated investment grade by an international rating agency.

WHAT ARE THE KEY RISKS?

Investment involves risks. Please refer to the offering document for details including the risk factors.

Asset Allocation Risk

- The performance of the Sub-Fund is partially dependent on the success of the asset allocation strategy employed by the Sub-Fund. There is no assurance that the strategy employed by the Sub-Fund will be successful and therefore the

investment objective of the Sub-Fund may not be achieved. In addition, the asset allocation strategy may be periodically rebalanced and therefore incur greater transaction costs than a Sub-Fund with static allocations.

Country Concentration Risk

- A concentrated investment strategy may be subject to a greater degree of volatility and risk and may be more susceptible to adverse economic, political, policy, foreign exchange, liquidity, tax, legal or regulatory event affecting a particular region that the Sub-Fund concentrates in, than a portfolio which is diversified across different geographic regions.

Collective Investment Schemes Risk

- Underlying funds (including REITs) invested in by the Sub-Fund may have different settlement cycles than that of the Sub-Fund. Thus, there may be mismatch between the two settlement cycles causing the Sub-Fund to use borrowing on a temporary basis to meet settlement obligations. This may result in charges being incurred by the Sub-Fund.
- At various times, the markets for securities purchased or sold by the underlying funds may be “thin” or illiquid, making purchases or sales at desired prices or in desired quantities difficult or impossible. This may indirectly affect the net asset value of the Sub-Fund.
- Investment in REITs may be subject to risks associated with the cyclical nature of real estate values, general and local economic conditions, increases in interest rates and other real estate capital market influences. Investors should note that insofar as the Sub-Fund invests directly in REITs, any dividend policy or dividend payout at the Sub-Fund level may not be representative of the dividend policy or dividend payout of the relevant underlying REIT. Hong Kong investors should also note that the relevant underlying REIT may not necessarily be authorised by the SFC in Hong Kong.
- The underlying funds selected by the Investment Managers may leverage and use FDI extensively, which in turn expose the Sub-Fund indirectly to risks associated with FDI and thus, increasing the risk of loss to the Sub-Fund.
- The Sub-Fund investing in Collective Investment Schemes will be subject to the risks associated with the underlying funds. The Sub-Fund does not have control of the investments of the underlying funds and there is no assurance that the investment objective and strategy of the underlying funds will be successfully achieved which may have a negative impact to the net asset value of the Sub-Fund.
- The underlying funds may not be regulated. There may be additional costs involved when investing into these underlying funds. There is also no guarantee that the underlying funds will always have sufficient liquidity to meet the investors’ redemption requests.

Fixed Income Risk

- There is a risk that a particular issuer of fixed income security may not fulfill its payment or other obligations. These events may increase the price volatility of the issuers’ debt obligations and negatively affect liquidity making such debt obligations more difficult to sell. In the event that an issuer defaults, the Sub-Fund’s net asset value will be adversely affected and investors may suffer a substantial loss as a result.
- Fixed income securities may be subject to credit rating downgrade risk. Downgrading of a fixed income security may adversely affect the valuation of such security and the value of the Sub-Fund. There may also be a higher risk of default in interest payment and principal repayment.
- In the event of such downgrading, the Manager or its delegates will promptly analyse such securities and the financials of the issuer of such securities to determine the action to be taken (i.e. hold, reduce or buy). However, the Manager may or may not be able to dispose of such downgraded securities.
- Credit ratings assigned by rating agencies are subject to limitations and may not always be an accurate or reliable measure of the strength of an investment being made and do not guarantee the creditworthiness of the security and/or issuer at all times. Where such credit ratings prove inaccurate or unreliable, losses may be incurred in such investment.
- The net asset value of the Sub-Fund will fluctuate as interest rates fluctuate. An increase in interest rates will generally reduce the value of the fixed income securities.

Equity Risk

- The value of equity and equity-related securities will be affected by economic, political, market, and issuer-specific changes, regardless of company specific performance. Different industries, financial markets, and securities can react differently to these changes. Moreover, such fluctuations of a Sub-Fund’s value are often worsened in the short-term.

Emerging Markets Risk

- Investment in securities of companies in the Asian Region which may be considered as “emerging” or “developing” countries or markets involves a relatively higher degree of risk and may be considered speculative due to the absence of, amongst other things, developed legal structures governing private or foreign investments and private property, internationally comparable accounting, auditing and reporting standard and level of information transparency,

significant adverse economic developments including substantial depreciation in currency exchange rates or unstable currency fluctuations.

- The size and volume of trading of securities markets of “emerging” or “developing” market issuers are currently small and low or non-existent, which might result in price volatility and lack of liquidity.
- Investments in “emerging” or “developing” markets entail increased risks and special considerations not typically associated with investment in more developed markets which include the possibility of political or social instability, adverse changes in investment or exchange control regulations, expropriation and withholding of dividends at source, liquidity risks, currency risks, taxation risks, settlement risks, custody risks and the likelihood of a high degree of volatility.

Market Volatility Risk

- All markets are subject to volatility based on prevailing economic conditions. Some of the markets or exchanges on which the Sub-Fund may invest may prove to be highly volatile from time to time.

Country Selection Risk

- The Sub-Fund’s performance is often derived from its allocations to certain countries. These allocations may present greater opportunities and potential for capital appreciation, but may subject the Sub-Fund to concentration risk and higher risk of loss as compared to a portfolio which is diversified across different geographic regions.

OTC Counterparty Risk

- Investments in OTC derivative instruments are specifically arranged with a counterparty and are non-exchange traded. In case of bankruptcy or default of counterparty, trades in OTC derivative instruments could result in substantial losses to the Sub-Fund.

Liquidity Risk

- The liquidity of securities that are not listed or rated may be low. As such, the purchase and sale of these holdings may be time consuming and may be conducted at unfavorable prices.

Financial Derivative Instruments Risk

- The leverage effect embedded in derivatives may result in substantial losses including and up to the total value of the assets of the Sub-Fund and the prices of derivatives can be highly volatile. The use of FDIs may expose the Sub-Fund to various types of risk, including but not limited to, counterparty, liquidity, correlation, credit, volatility, valuation and settlement risks which can have an adverse effect on the net asset value of the Sub-Fund.

Distributions from Capital Risk

- Dividends, if any, may be paid out of the capital of the Sub-Fund. Where the Manager determines in its discretion to pay distributions in respect of the Sub-Fund, investors should note that such distributions amount to a return or withdrawal of part of an investor’s original investment or from any capital gains attributable to that original investment.
- Such distributions may result in an immediate decrease in the net asset value of the Sub-Fund.
- Where a class is hedged, the distribution amount and net asset value may be adversely affected by currency fluctuations between the reference currency of the hedged class and the base currency of the Sub-Fund, resulting in an increase in the amount of distribution that is paid out of capital and hence a greater erosion of capital than other non-hedged classes.

Investment Loss Risk

- The instruments invested by the Sub-Fund may fall in value and therefore your investment in the Sub-Fund may suffer losses.
- The value of the Sub-Fund may be adversely affected by developments in political, economical and social conditions and policies of the markets in which it invests which may result in losses to your investment.
- Investment in the Sub-Fund will not benefit from any deposit protection scheme.

Below Investment Grade Debt Securities Investment Risk

- Issuers of high yield securities or below investment grade debt securities are often highly leveraged, so that their ability to service debt obligations during an economic downturn may be impaired. The risk of loss due to default in payment of interest or principal by such issuers is significantly greater than in the case of investment grade securities because such securities frequently are subordinated to the prior payment of senior indebtedness.
- The market for below investment grade rated securities may be thinner and less active than that for higher quality securities which can adversely affect the price at which securities can be sold.

- Unrated debt securities are subject to risks similar to investments in non-investment grade debt securities. Investment in unrated debt securities means that the Sub-Fund must rely on the Investment Managers' credit assessment and where such assessment proves to be inaccurate, losses may be incurred.

Sovereign Debt Risk

- Certain developing countries and certain developed countries are especially large debtors to commercial banks and foreign governments. Investment in debt obligations ("sovereign debt") issued or guaranteed by governments or their agencies ("government entities") of such countries involves a higher degree of risk.
- A government entity's willingness or ability to repay principal and interest due in a timely manner may be affected by its cash flow situation, the extent of its foreign reserves, the availability of sufficient foreign exchange on the date a payment is due, the relative size of the debt service burden to the economy as a whole, the government entity's policy towards the International Monetary Fund and the political constraints to which a government entity may be subject etc.
- In the event that a government entity defaults on its sovereign debt, holders of sovereign debt, including a Sub-Fund, may be requested to participate in the rescheduling of such debt and to extend further loans to the relevant government entity. Such events may negatively impact the performance of a Sub-Fund.

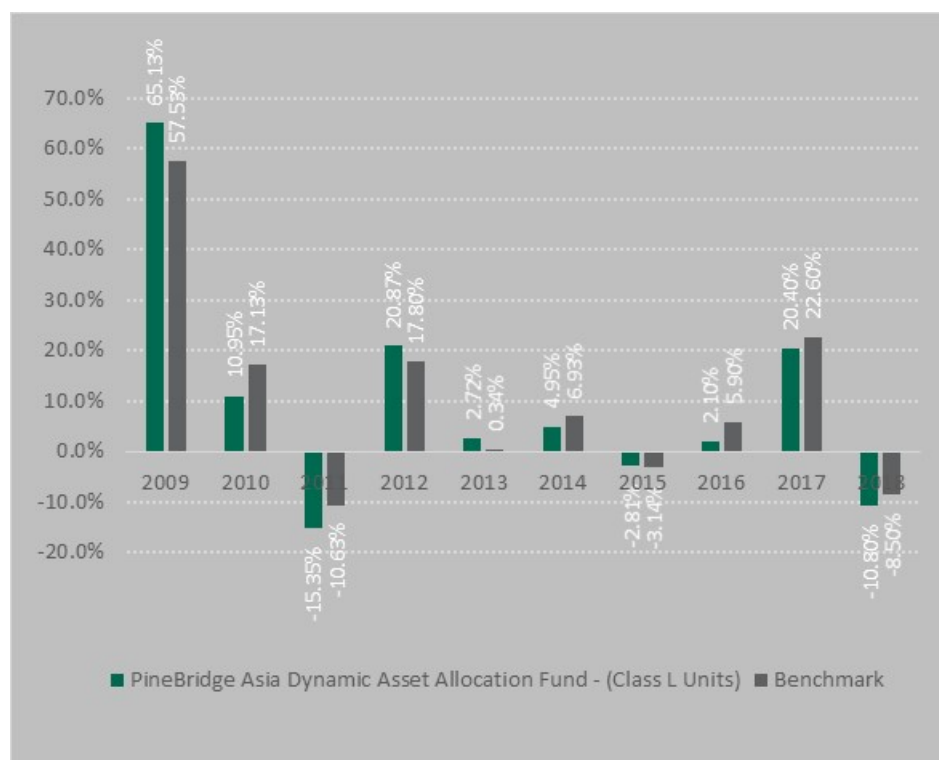
Contract for Difference Risk

- By entering into a contract for difference ("CFD"), a party undertakes to pay (or receive) in cash the difference between the valuation of the underlying asset at the time of entering into the contract and the valuation of the underlying asset at a specified moment in the future. As CFDs are traded over the counter, it is subject to FDI risk, notably counterparty risk, liquidity risk, market volatility risk because of the high leverage as well as margin risk similar to futures.

Risks associated with Shanghai-Hong Kong Stock Connect and Shenzhen-Hong Kong Stock Connect (the "Stock Connect Risks")

- The relevant rules and regulations on Shanghai-Hong Kong Stock Connect and Shenzhen-Hong Kong Stock Connect are subject to change which may have potential retrospective effect. Stock Connect Risks also include quota limitations. Where a suspension in the trading through the programme is effected, the Sub-Fund's ability to invest in China A-shares or access the PRC market through the programme will be adversely affected. In such event, the Sub-Fund's ability to achieve its investment objective could be negatively affected. When investing in eligible China A shares through the Shenzhen-Hong Kong Stock Connect, the Sub-Fund may also be subject to risks associated with the Small and Medium Enterprise Board and/or ChiNext market. Investments in the Small and Medium Enterprise Board and/or ChiNext market may result in significant losses for the Sub-Fund and their investors.

HOW HAS THE SUB-FUND PERFORMED?



- Past performance information is not indicative of future performance. Investors may not get back the full amount invested.
- The computation basis of the performance is based on the calendar year end, NAV-To-NAV, with dividend reinvested.
- These figures show by how much the unit class increased or decreased in value during the calendar year being shown. Performance data has been calculated in USD, including ongoing charges and excluding subscription fee and redemption fee you might have to pay.
- Class L is the only active unit class available for Hong Kong retail investors.
- Material change to the Sub-Fund: From 1 January 2000 to 30 June 2005, the benchmark of the Sub-Fund was a blended index: 20% Lehman Emerging Asia / 5% HSBC HK bond / 5% UOB Government bond Index. From 1 July 2005 to 31 December 2011, the benchmark of the Sub-Fund was 70% MSCI AC Asia ex Japan Daily Total Return and 30% HSBC Asian US Dollar Bond Total Return Net Index. From 1 January 2012 to 31 May 2015, the benchmark of the Sub-Fund was a blended index of 50% MSCI All Country Asia ex Japan Daily Total Return Net Index and 50% HSBC Asian US Dollar Bond Total Return Net Index. From 1 June 2015 to 24 September 2018, the benchmark of the Sub-Fund was a blended index of 50% MSCI All Country Asia ex Japan Daily Total Return Net Index and 50% JP Morgan Asia Credit Index (JACI) Composite Total Return. Such change was made because the Investment Manager of the Sub-Fund reasonably considered that such blended index was more reflective of the Sub-Fund's investment strategy than the previous benchmark. From 25 September 2018, the benchmark of the Sub-Fund has been changed to a blended index of 60% MSCI All Country Asia Pacific ex Japan Daily Total Return Net and 40% JP Morgan Asia Credit Index (JACI) Composite Total Return. Such change was made because the Investment Managers of the Sub-Fund reasonably consider that such benchmark is more reflective of the Sub-Fund's investment strategy than the previous benchmark. On 25 September 2018, there were material changes made to the investment objective and policy of the Sub-Fund hence the performance for the years from 2007 to 2017 was achieved under circumstance that no longer apply.
- The benchmark of the Sub-Fund is a blended index of 60% of the MSCI All Country Asia Pacific ex Japan Daily Total Return Net and 40% of the JP Morgan Asia Credit Index (JACI) Composite Total Return.
- Sub-Fund / Class L launch date: 2 January 1998

IS THERE ANY GUARANTEE?

This Sub-Fund does not have any guarantee. You may not get back the full amount of money you invest.

WHAT ARE THE FEES AND CHARGES?

Charges which may be payable by you

You may have to pay the following fees when dealing in the Units of the Sub-Fund.

Fee	What you pay
Subscription fee (sales charge)	Up to 5.00% of the net asset value per unit of the subscription amount may be charged (applicable to Class A, AD, A4, A4D, A6H, A6HD Units only; currently nil for Class Y and L Units)
Switching fee (switching charge)	Up to 3.00% of the net asset value per unit of the units switched may be charged (applicable to Class A, AD, A4, A4D, A6H, A6HD Units only; currently nil for Class Y and L Units)
Redemption fee (redemption charge)	Up to 3.00% of the net asset value per unit of the units redeemed may be charged (applicable to Class A, AD, A4, A4D, A6H, A6HD Units only; currently nil for Class Y and L Units)

Ongoing fees payable by the Sub-Fund

The following expenses will be paid out of the Sub-Fund. They affect you because they reduce the return you get on your investments.

Fee	Annual rate (as a % of the Sub-Fund's net asset value)	
Management fee	Class A Units	Up to 1.30% may be charged
	Class AD Units	Up to 1.30% may be charged
	Class A4 Units	Up to 1.30% may be charged
	Class A4D Units	Up to 1.30% may be charged
	Class A6H Units	Up to 1.30% may be charged

	Class A6HD Units	Up to 1.30% may be charged
	Class Y Units	Up to 1.00% may be charged
	Class L Units	Up to 1.25% may be charged
Custodian fee	Not Applicable	
Performance fee	Not Applicable	
Administration fee	Up to 0.30% may be charged	
Trustee fee	Up to 0.30% may be charged	
Unitholder servicing & maintenance fee [#]	Class A Units	0.50%
	Class AD Units	0.50%
	Class A4 Units	0.50%
	Class A4D Units	0.50%
	Class A6H Units	0.50%
	Class A6HD Units	0.50%
	Class Y Units	nil
	Class L Units	nil
Hong Kong Representative fee	Up to 0.05% per annum of the value of the Sub-Fund attributable to Hong Kong investors introduced into the Sub-Fund by the Hong Kong Representative (PineBridge Investments Asia Limited) may be charged.	

Other fees

You may have to pay other fees when dealing in the units of the Sub-Fund.

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

- The daily dealing cut-off time is 12:00 noon (Irish time) for subscription, redemption and switching orders to be received by the Administrative Agent. The Sub-Fund's next-determined net asset value per unit will be applied to each order. Please check with your distributor who may have a different internal dealing cut-off time.
- The net asset values per unit of this Sub-Fund are calculated and published on each day which is a bank business day in Ireland and also in Hong Kong, excluding the business day preceding two or more consecutive week days which are not bank business days in Hong Kong. Net asset values per unit (for launched classes of units currently available in Hong Kong) are also published at the website address of www.pinebridge.com.hk^{*}.
- The past performance information of other unit classes offered to Hong Kong investors are available on the Fund's website www.pinebridge.com.hk^{*}.
- The compositions of the distributions (i.e. the relative amounts paid from (i) net distributable income and (ii) capital) (if any) for the last 12 months are available from the Manager or the Hong Kong Representative on request and also on the Fund's website www.pinebridge.com.hk^{*}.

IMPORTANT

If you are in doubt, you should seek professional advice. The SFC takes no responsibility for the contents of this statement and makes no representation as to its accuracy or completeness.

[#] The current annual rates may be increased up to a specified permitted maximum level as set out in the Prospectus of the Fund by giving not less than one month's prior notice to Unitholders.

^{*} This website has not been reviewed by the SFC.